

**CS30800**

**Introduction to Computer Graphics**

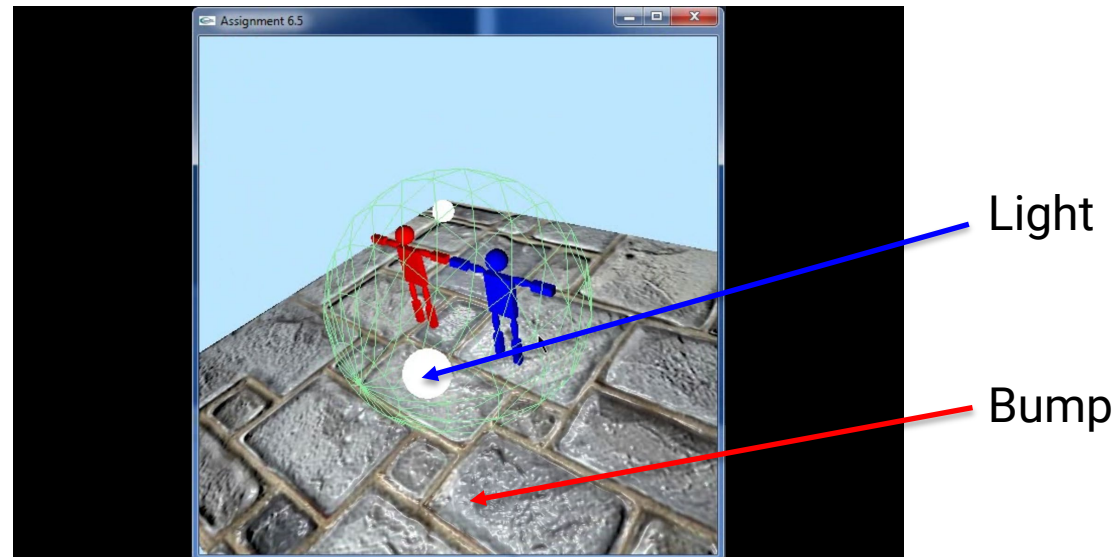
**Lab 7 – Material & Bump Mapping**

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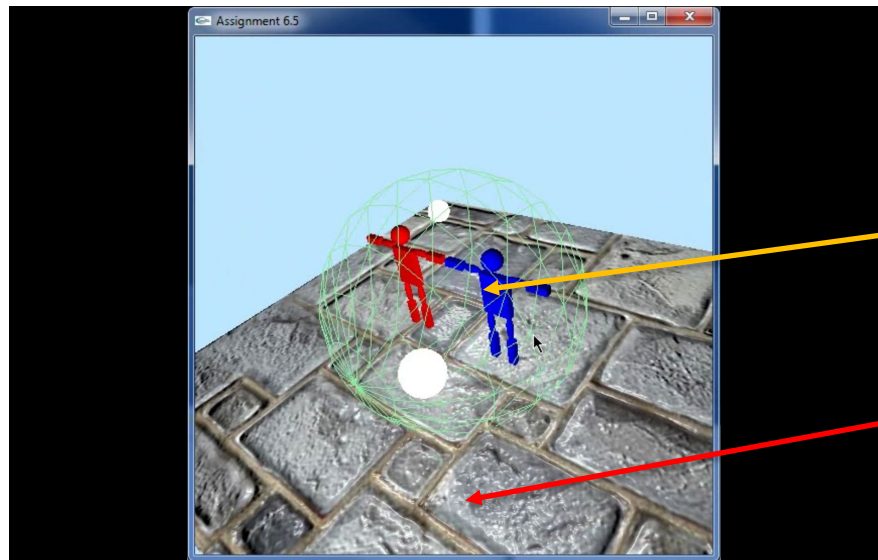
- Material Infrastructure
  - Multiple shaders per one frame
- Bump mapping
  - Normal map



# Multiple Shaders



- Each shader has own ***uniform*** variables
- Different GLSL shaders do not know about the values of each other's uniform variables



Diffuse material

Bump material

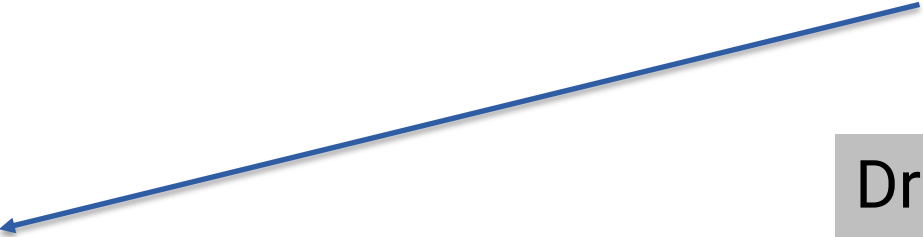


## *Uniform.h*

- Uniform: dictionary mapping from name to value

*Uniforms.put( the name of the variable in the shader, **the actual value** )*

Types: float, int, matrix4, shared\_ptr <Texture>, ...



Drawer  
Picker  
SgShapeN  
ode



## *Uniform.h*

```
// Suppose uniforms is of type Uniforms, and m is of type Matrix4  
uniforms.put("uProjection", m);
```

```
// Suppose light is of type Cvec3  
uniforms.put("uLight", light);
```

```
// Set uColor variable to red  
uniforms.put("uColor", Cvec3(1, 0, 0));
```

```
// You can even chain the put, since put returns the object itself  
uniforms.put("a", 1)  
    .put("b", 10)  
    .put("c", Cvec2(1, 2));
```



- *RenderStates*: A subset of OpenGL state
  - State does not immediately take effect in OpenGL
  - The state will be applied when you call the member function: ***apply()***
  - Useful for multi-shader case
- ```
E.g.)
RenderStates r1;
r1.enable(GL_BLEND);
r1.apply();
```



```
RenderStates r1, r2;
```

```
// set r1 to be used for wireframe rendering  
r1.polygonMode(GL_FRONT_AND_BACK, GL_LINE);
```

```
// set r2 to be used for transparent objects  
r2.enable(GL_BLEND);
```

```
r1.apply();  
// draw stuff in wire frame
```

```
r2.apply();  
// draw transparent stuff
```



- Complex types of geometry and texture to interact with illumination
- Geometry
  - GeometryPN: position and normal
  - GeometryPNTBX: position, normal, tangent, binormal, and texture coordinate
- Texture
  - ImageTexutre





- ***Material*** contains three parts
  - Shared pointer
    - GLSL shader program used
  - Uniforms
    - accessible through *getUniforms()*
  - RenderStates
    - accessible through *getRenderStates ()*
- Member function
  - *.draw(geometry, extraUniforms)*  
E.g.)  
sendModelViewNormalMatrix(uniforms, MVM, normalMatrix(MVM));  
g\_arcballMat->draw(\*g\_sphere, uniforms);

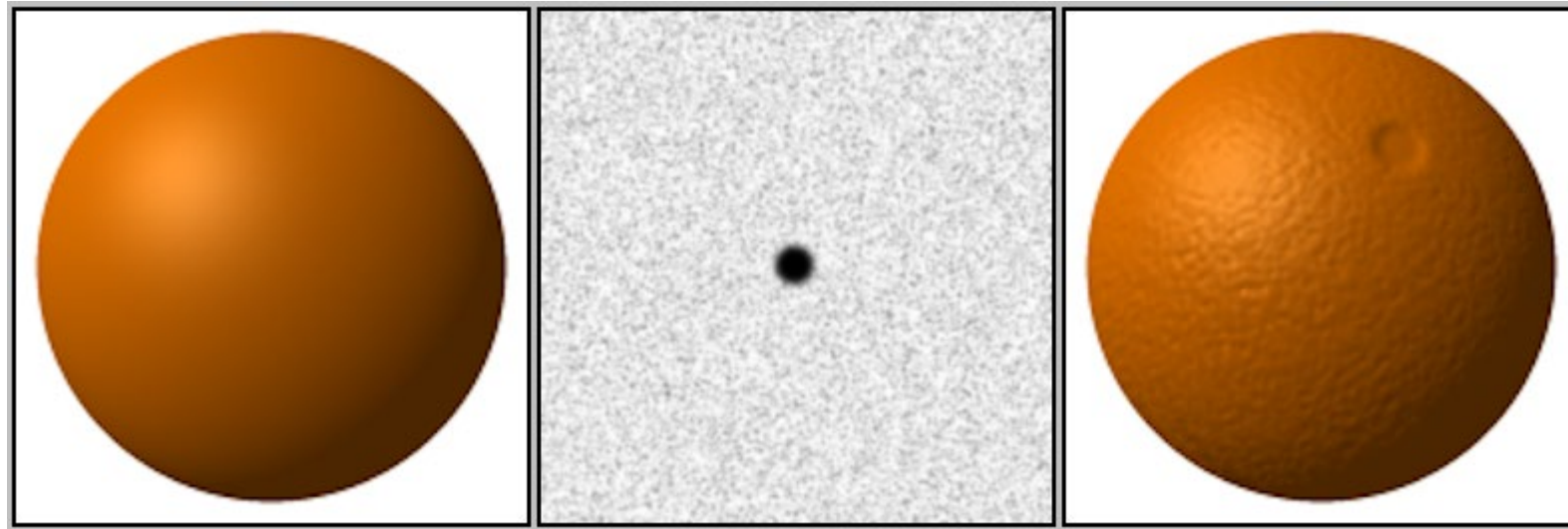


- Each *SgGeometryShapeNode* has own “Material”
- The robots: diffuse color
- The arcball: wireframe and solid color
- The ground: texture

# Bump Mapping

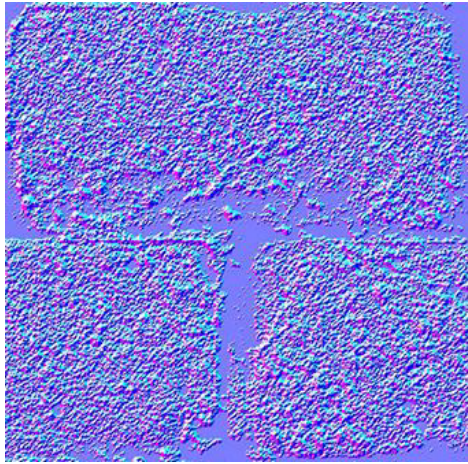


- Simulating the bumps on the surface



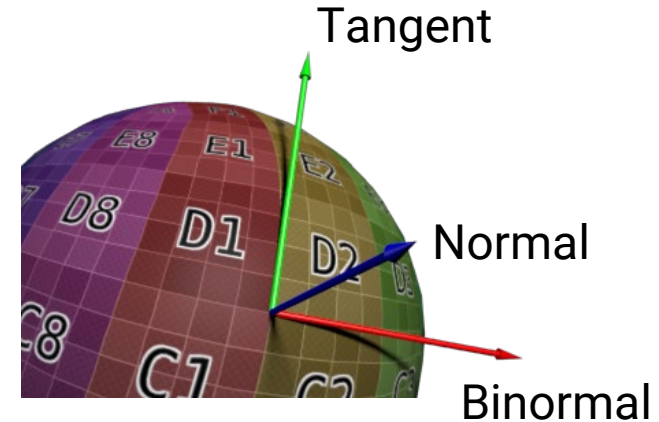
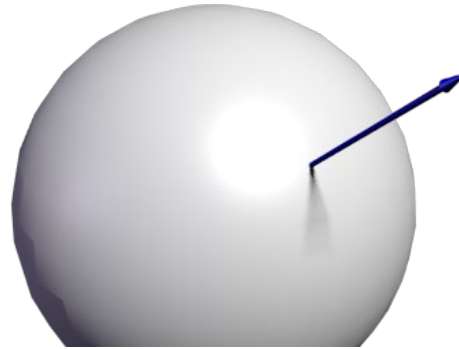
- Instead of changing the geometry itself,
- Modify the surface normal to simulate bumps

# Bump Mapping



Normal map

$$\mathbf{n} = [n_r, n_g, n_b, 0]^t$$



- Normal map defined w.r.t. the tangent frame
- Object frame:  $\vec{b}^t = \vec{e}^t M$
- Tangent frame:  $T(1:3, 1:3) = [\text{tangent}, \text{binormal}, \text{normal}] \quad \vec{t}^t = \vec{b}^t T$
- New normal:  $M^{-t} T \mathbf{n}$



- Task 1 : Read the pdf file and understand the material infrastructure.
  - Then, migrate the code.
- Task 2: Bump Mapping.
  - Make the lights. (two lights which pickable and movable)
  - Write some GLSL code.

**Question?**