#### AMA2222 Exercise 2

- 1. State whether the following are *true* or *false*. If the answer is *false*, explain why.
  - a) The expression (x > y & & a < b) is true if either the expression x > y is true or the expression a < b is true.
  - b) An expression containing the | | operator is true if either or both of its operands are true.
  - c) The two expressions ((p && q) || r) and (p && (q || r)) are equivalent, they always give the same result despite of the values of the boolean variables p, q, r.
  - d) The two expressions (! (a == b)) and (a < b | | a > b) are equivalent, they always give the same result despite of the values of the integer variables a, b.
- 2. Evaluate the output of the follwoing.

```
int a, b, c;
a = 5;
b += a;
c = ++a;
cout << "a is " << a << endl;
cout << "b is " << b << endl;
cout << "c is " << c << endl;</pre>
```

- 3. Evaluate the boolean value of the following, if it can be determined.
- a) (3 > 1) && !(2 < 2)
- b)  $(4 == 5) \mid \mid (3 > 6) \mid \mid 0$
- c)  $(x > 3) \mid | (x <= 3)$
- d) (a < b) && (b < c) && (c < a)
- 4. Write a C++ statement to accomplish the following instructions:
- a) If x is less than 3, increase x by 10.
- b) If both x and y are positive, output their product, otherwise output -1.
- c) If x is greater than y, output x-y, otherwise output y-x.

5. Write a C++ program that reads a number and returns its absolute value. Refer to the following samples:

# Sample 1:

Enter a number: 
$$-5$$
 $|-5| = 5$ 

### Sample 2:

Enter a number: 
$$3$$

6. Write a C++ program that checks if a set of three integers form a Pythagorean triple, i.e. they satisfys  $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$ . Refer to the following samples:

# Sample 1:

```
Enter three integers: 1 2 3
This is not a Pythagorean triple.
```

# Sample 2:

```
Enter three integers: 3 4 5

This is a Pythagorean triple.
```