# **Program Description for Developers**

## **Software Development:**

- Written in C++
- Compiled in FEH Qt Creator
- Makes use of provided FEHLCD.h, FEHIO.h, FEHUtility.h, and LCDColors.h libraries

### **Assumptions:**

- Players will not tap in a column if it is already full
- Players will not double tap/tap too quickly
- Players know how to read English and can follow instructions

#### Variables and Uses:

- Int board[5][5]
  - Integer Array to represent what tokens are in each space of the board display
  - Empty slots are represented by 0
  - Blue and red token filled slots are represented by 1 and 2, respectively
  - Used to find when a player wins

#### • Int n

- Stores the winner of a game
- $\circ$  If n = 1, Blue wins
- $\circ$  If n = 2, Red wins
- $\circ$  If n = 3, it's a tie game
- Set by WinState()

## • Float tapx

- stores the x-coordinate on the screen of where the player taps
- Altered by the Check\_Touch() function

## • Float tapy

- o stores the y-coordinate on the screen of where the player taps
- Altered by the Check Touch() function

## • Int menu choice

- Stores which icon the player taps on for use in a switch case to decide what screen to go to
- Start button = 1, Instructions button = 2

### • Int column index

- Stores which column the player taps on to determine which column to check for open slots in the function Find Slot()
- Used in Fill\_Slot() to determine the x value of the center of the token to be drawn

## • Int row index

- Stores the lowest open slot in the column chosen by the user
- Set by the function Find\_Slot()
- Used in Fill Slot() to determine the x value of the center of the token to be drawn

### • Int x slot center[5]

- Stores the x coordinates of the centers of each column
- Set by Slot Centers()
- Used by Fill Slot() for the x-coordinate of the center of the drawn circle

## • Int y slot center[5]

- Stores the x coordinates of the centers of each row
- Set by Slot Centers()
- Used by Fill Slot() for the y-coordinate of the center of the drawn circle

# • Int red win\_count

- Counts number of wins for the red user
- Set by WinStates()
- Used in DisplayStats(), prints how many red wins to screen

### • Int blue win count

- o Counts number of wins for the blue user
- Set by WinStates()
- Used in DisplayStats(), prints how many blue wins to screen

### • Int token type

- Stores the color of the token to be drawn for each player
- $\circ$  1 = blue, 2 = red
- Set by PlayerBlue(), PlayerRed()

#### **Functions:**

#### • Connect4()

 Constructor function, initializes variables found in the class for the object, no specific type, no calling parameters. Declare by typing Connect4::Connect4() {arguments}

#### BlankBoard()

• Resets graphical board to initial blank tokenless state, type void, no calling parameters. Use by typing objectname.BlankBoard();

### • PlayerBlue()

• Registers blue player touch input and converts to blue token placement, type void, no calling parameters. Use by typing objectname.PlayerBlue();

### • PlayerRed()

• Registers red player touch input and converts to red token placement, type void, no calling parameters. Use by typing objectname.PlayerRed();

#### • WinState()

 Analyzes board[5][5] array after each player turn to check if the game has resulted in a blue win, a red win, or a tie; additionally displays winner to screen via colored text. Type void, no calling parameters. Use by typing objectname. Winstate();

#### GameLoop()

Loops for one iteration of the game; contains a loop that includes PlayerBlue(),
PlayerRed(), and WinState() that loops until it registers an end of game. Type void, no calling parameters. Use by typing objectname.GameLoop();

#### Menu Function()

 Displays the title menu, and gives touch option for start or instructions pages. Type void, no calling parameters. Use by typing objectname.Menu\_Function();

# • Display\_Menu()

Displays the graphical component of the title menu. Type void, no calling parameters.
Use by typing objectname. Display\_Menu();

#### • Check Touch()

 Checks if screen has been touched and stores pixel coordinates of tap. Type void, no calling parameters. Use by typing objectname.Check\_Touch();

#### • Menu Button Check()

• Checks if pixel coordinates of tap are on start button or are on instructions button. Type void, no calling parameters. Use by typing objectname. Menu Button Check();

# • Display\_Instructions()

 Displays written instructions graphically to screen. Type void, no calling parameters. Use by typing objectname. Display\_Instructions();

#### • Column Check()

 Checks what pixel coordinates the column tap of the user were in and stores column as an array index. Type void, no calling parameters. Use by typing objectname.Column\_Check();

## • Instructions\_Button()

• Runs what should happen if user presses the instructions button on the title menu. Type void, no calling parameters. Use by typing objectname.Instructions Button();

#### • Slot Centers()

 Calculates the pixel coordinates of the center of each graphical slot on the game board and stores values in an array. Type void, no calling parameters. Use by typing objectname.Slot Centers();

### Find\_Slot()

• Finds the lowest row with an open slot in the user chosen column. Type void, no calling parameters. Use by typing objectname.Find\_Slot();

#### • Fill Slot()

• Fills the graphical board of the found slot with a circle of the corresponding player's color; changes the board[5][5] array index of the location to mirror graphical board. Type void, no calling parameters. Use by typing objectname.Fill\_Slot();

### BoardClear()

Clears the board[5][5] array to reset it for a future game. Type void, no calling parameters. Use by typing objectname.BoardClear();

### • CreditDisplay()

O isplays thank you message and credits to screen after end of game is detected. Type void, no calling parameters. Use by typing objectname.CreditDisplay();

## • DisplayStats()

O Displays win count for each player to screen, if user taps again they go back to title menu. Type void, no calling parameters. Use by typing objectname.DisplayStats();

## **Program Performance and Limitations:**

- When a player taps twice by accident, it places a token in the column tapped in, thus stealing the other player's turn
- When a player taps in a full column, the top token is overwritten to whatever the player's color is
- Statistics reset after turning off the Proteus
- Players have to wait through the credits screen after playing before they can go back to the menu