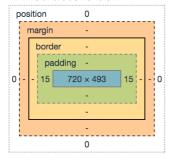
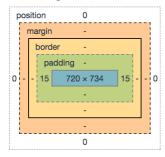


Not finished because creating lines are very waste of time.

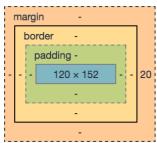
2. Instructors box



Teaching Assistances box

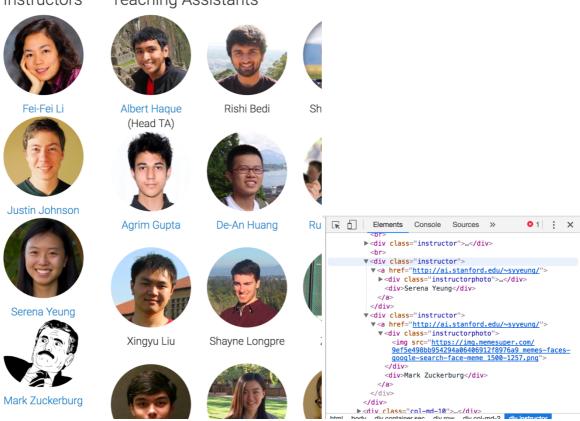


Each employee box



- 1. Open dev tools.
- 2. Find html element that matches with Instructors box.
- 3. Right click on the element (div.col-md-2) and choose Edit as HTML.
- 4. Copy one of the instructor's div.
- 5. Paste it under Serena Yueng div.
- 6. Go inside that div, inside a, inside div, you will find img tag.
- 7. Change the src attribute of the tag to the img you want.

Instructors Teaching Assistants



4. with the dev tools opened, we can see which elements are changing. Inside id=teaser div, the div with id=convnetvis is changing. So I opened the page source to find which js code is manipulating these changes. I used ctrl-f to find for the word 'convnetvis' because somehow the js will get the element using its id. I can't find one in this page, so I look for other <script> tag that linked to external js files. And then I found one match for the id in http://cs231n.stanford.edu/convnet_demo/convnet_demo.js and it is actually getting the convnetvis element by id. I found it in the function name draw_network_state. responsible JS code:

```
var draw network state = function(preds) {
 var ww = $(window).width();
 var parent div = document.getElementById('convnetvis');
 parent_div.innerHTML =
  // draw convnet activations
 var N = net.layers.length;
  for(var i=0;i<N;i++) {
    var L = net.layers[i];
   if(L.layer_type == 'softmax') { continue; }
    if(ww < 950) {
      \ensuremath{//} we have to collapse. skip conv layers
      if(L.layer_type === 'conv') { continue; }
    if(ww < 660) {
      \ensuremath{//} we have to collapse even more. skip pool layers
     if(L.layer_type === 'pool') { continue; }
    if(ww < 522)  {
     if(L.layer_type === 'softmax') { continue; }
    if(ww < 450) {
     if(!(i === 0 || i === 4 || i === 9 || i === 14)) {
       continue;
    if(!(L.layer_type === 'input' || L.layer_type == 'relu' || L.layer_type == 'softmax' ||
L.layer_type)) {
     continue; // leave out
    var div = document.createElement('div');
    div.className = 'laver';
    if(i === 0) {
     // data layer
      draw activations COLOR(div, L.out act, 2); // draw Vol into canv
     div.setAttribute("id", "inputlayer");
    } else {
      var sx = L.out act.sx;
      if(sx === 32) \bar{s} = 1;
      if(sx === 16) s = 2;
      if(sx === 8) s = 4;
      if(sx === 4) s = 8;
      if(sx === 1) s = 32;
      draw_activations(div, L.out_act, s);
    parent_div.appendChild(div);
  // append predictions
 var probsdiv = document.createElement('div');
 div.setAttribute("id", "probsdiv");
probsdiv.className = 'layer';
  for(var k=0; k<5; k++) {
    var r = document.createElement('div');
   r.className = 'pp';
r.innerHTML = classes_txt[preds[k].k];
   $(r).animate({'width': Math.floor(preds[k].p/num_test_samples*150)}, 200);
   probsdiv.appendChild(r);
 parent_div.appendChild(probsdiv);
```

}

5. search for 'actmap' because the canvas tag has 'actmap' as class name. then search for 'canvas' then I found this function that loads img from convnet_demo/cifar10_batch_50_small.png

```
var load_data_batch = function() {
  var data img elt = new Image();
  data img elt.onload = function() {
    var data_canvas = document.createElement('canvas');
    data_canvas.width = data_img_elt.width;
    data canvas.height = data img elt.height;
    var data ctx = data canvas.getContext("2d");
    data_ctx.drawImage(data_img_elt, 0, 0); // copy it over... bit wasteful :(
    img data = data ctx.getImageData(0, 0, data canvas.width, data canvas.height);
    resources have += 1;
    if(resources have >= resources need) { init done(); }
  data_img_elt.src = "convnet_demo/cifar10_batch_50_small.png";
responsible js code:
var draw_activations = function(elt, A, scale, grads) {
  var s = scale || 2; // scale
var draw_grads = false;
  if(typeof(grads) !== 'undefined') draw_grads = grads;
  // get max and min activation to scale the maps automatically var w = draw_grads ? A.dw : A.w;
  var mm = maxmin(w);
  // create the canvas elements, draw and add to DOM
  for(var d=0;d<A.depth;d++) {</pre>
    var canv = document.createElement('canvas');
    canv.className = 'actmap';
    var W = A.sx * s;
    var H = A.sy * s;
    canv.width = W;
    canv.height = H;
    var ctx = canv.getContext('2d');
    var g = ctx.createImageData(W, H);
    for (var x=0; x<A.sx; x++) {
      for(var y=0;y<A.sy;y++) {</pre>
        if(draw grads) {
          var dval = Math.floor((A.get grad(x,y,d)-mm.minv)/mm.dv*255);
          var dval = Math.floor((A.get(x,y,d)-mm.minv)/mm.dv*255);
        for (var dx=0; dx < s; dx++) {
          for (var dy=0;dy<s;dy++) {
            var pp = ((W * (y*s+dy)) + (dx + x*s)) * 4;
for(var i=0;i<3;i++) { g.data[pp + i] = dval; } // rgb
g.data[pp+3] = 255; // alpha channel
        }
    ctx.putImageData(g, 0, 0);
    elt.appendChild(canv);
```

6. Go to source tab in dev tools. Open the file style.css and find .pp class. Edit the background-color attribute to rgb(0,0,255)

