Maximum Drawdown of a Brownian Motion

R Project for Statistical Computing

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Abstract

if $\hat{X}(t)$ is a random process on [0,T], the maximum drawdown in defined as the largest drop from a peak to a bottom. This paper investigates the behavior of this statistic for a Brownian motion with drift. In particular, it gives an ∞ series representation of its distribution, and consider its expected value. When the drift is zero, it gives an analytic expression for the expected value, and for non-zero drift, it gives an ∞ series representation. For all cases, we compute the limiting T tends to ∞ behavior, which can be logarithmic (μ greater than 0), square root (μ equal to 0), or linear (μ less than 0).

1 Background

The maximum drawdown is a commonly used in finance as a measure of risk for a stock that follows a particular random process. Here we consider the maximum drawdown of a Brownian motion.

2 Usage

In this example we use edhec database, to compute true Hedge Fund Returns.

- > library(PerformanceAnalytics)
- > data(edhec)
- > table.EMaxDDGBM(edhec)

	${\tt Convertible}$	Arbitrage	CTA	Global	${\tt Distressed}$	Securities
Annual Returns in %		7.7020		7.6711		9.7510
Std Devetions in %		2.0047		2.5131		1.8348
Expected Drawdown in %		1.7083		2.5086		1.2412

Emerging Markets Equity Market Neutral Event Driven

Annual Returns in %	9.3612	7.3936	9.3190
Std Devetions in %	3.8571	0.9006	1.8350
Expected Drawdown in %	4.4855	0.4418	1.2828
	Fixed Income Arbitrage	Global Macro Long/Sho	ort Equity
Annual Returns in $\%$	5.0675	9.4208	9.4015
Std Devetions in $\%$	1.4171	1.7020	2.2174
Expected Drawdown in %	1.2693	1.1179	1.7631
	Merger Arbitrage Relat:	ive Value Short Sellin	ng
Annual Returns in $\%$	8.3721	8.2317 3.265	54
Std Devetions in $\%$	1.1168	1.3195 5.509	99
Expected Drawdown in %	0.5866	0.7941 14.067	75
	Funds of Funds		
Annual Returns in $\%$	7.1270		
Std Devetions in $\%$	1.8212		
Expected Drawdown in $\%$	1.5320		