

Contents

Chapter 1

Introduction

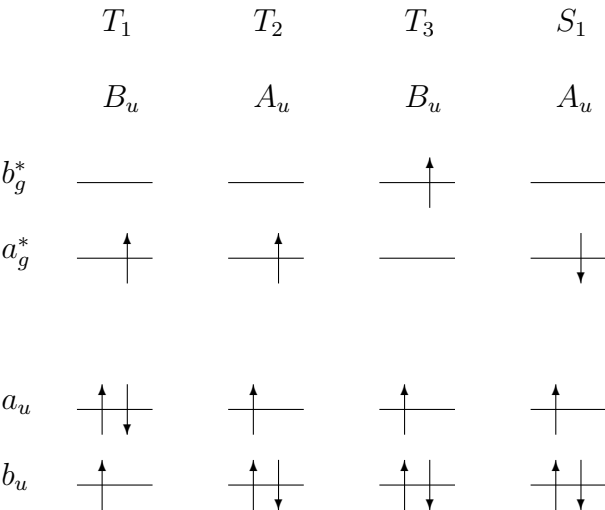
1.1 The importance of studying triplet states and intersystem crossing

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1.2 The low-lying triplet electronic states of acetylene: molecular orbital theory and *ab initio* calculations

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Figure 1-1: Principal molecular orbital configurations for the valence excited states of *trans*-bent acetylene. The four lowest-lying electronic states are listed in energy order above the diagram. An electronic transition from S_1 to T_3 involves a change in one antibonding spin orbital, from $a_g^*(\downarrow)$ to $b_g^*(\uparrow)$.







1.3 A heirichy of electronic coupling in acetylene:
evidence from Zeeman anticrossing experi-
ments



$$E = g N_s \mu_B (B - B_0), \quad (1.1)$$







BO







$$\Delta B = \frac{4V}{g\mu_B} \tag{1.2}$$

1.3.1 Paper 1: *Anomalous behavior of the anticrossing den-*

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1.3.2 Paper 2: Characterization of a large singlet-triplet coupling













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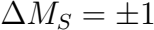
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13.3 Paper 3: Quantitative studies















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$I_1 \sim I_2$ $I_1 \sim I_2$ $I_1 \sim I_2$ $I_1 \sim I_2$ $I_1 \sim I_2$





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1.3.4 Paper 4: Study by Fourier transfer

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1.4 Doorway-mediated intersystem crossing in acetylene: evidence from laser-induced fluorescence and quantum beats

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$$S_1 \sim T \gg S_0 \sim T \gg S_1 \sim S_0 \quad (1.3)$$

1.5 Detection of laser-excited metastables by surface electron ejection

1.6 Summary

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