

## Math Review

1. The market for bike locks is described by the demand curve  $P = 120 - 6Q_d$  and the supply curve  $Q_s = 0.25P - 5$ . Answer the following questions:
  - (a) When the price of bike locks is \$30 how many bike locks will be demanded? How many bike locks will be produced?
  - (b) When the quantity demanded of bike locks is 12 what is the price consumers are willing to pay?
  - (c) What is the market equilibrium values of price and quantity in the market of bike locks?
  
2. Solve the following system of equations:
  - (a)  $m + 9t = 16$ ,  $4m - 2t = 5$
  - (b)  $x + y = 13$ ,  $4x - 3y = 24$

**Helpful Derivative Formulae:****Common Functions:**

$$\frac{d}{dx}c = 0$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}ax^n = n * ax^{n-1}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}e^x = e^x$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}\ln(x) = \frac{1}{x}$$

**Rules:**

$$\frac{d}{dx}cf(x) = cf'(x)$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}[f(x) \pm g(x)] = f'(x) + g'(x)$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}[f(x)g(x)] = f'(x)g(x) + f(x)g'(x)$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}[f(g(x))] = f'(g(x))g'(x)$$

3. Find the first derivative of  $F(x)$  with respect to  $x$ :

(a)  $F(x) = 2x$

(e)  $F(x) = x^{1/2}$

(b)  $F(x) = 3x^2$

(f)  $F(x) = x^{2/3} + 4$

(c)  $F(x) = 0.5x^4 + 5x + 39$

(g)  $F(x) = \sqrt{x} * x^1$

(d)  $F(x) = x(x - 2)$

(h)  $F(x) = 3x + 4k$ , with  $k$  a scalar

4. Find the partial derivatives of the following

(a)  $F(x, y) = 3x + 4y$

(d)  $U(x, y) = x^\alpha y^\beta$

(b)  $g(r, w) = rw^3 + r^2w^2$

(e)  $U(x, y) = x^{1/3}y^{2/3}$

(c)  $Q(L, K) = L^{1/2}K^{1/2}$

(f)  $Q(L, K) = 3L + 4K$

5. Consider the function  $g(x) = -x^2 + 10$ .

(a) Does this function have a minimum or a maximum? How do you know?

(b) What is the minimum/maximum of this function? (Hint: use  $\frac{\partial g}{\partial x} = 0$ .)