

cheg304 homework4 question3

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The pdf for our exponential random variable is

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\beta} \exp\left(\frac{-x}{\beta}\right)$$

so the statement that there's a 60% chance that there are more than 30 days between tornado warnings looks like this in math

$$\int_{30}^{\infty} f(x) \, dx = 0.60$$

and this integral may be used to get our value of β

$$\begin{aligned} \int_{30}^{\infty} f(x) \, dx &= \int_{30}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\beta} \exp\left(\frac{-x}{\beta}\right) \, dx \\ &= \left[-\exp\left(\frac{-x}{\beta}\right) \right]_{30}^{\infty} \\ &= \left[\exp\left(\frac{-x}{\beta}\right) \right]_{\infty}^{30} \\ &= \exp\left(\frac{-30}{\beta}\right) \end{aligned}$$

$$0.60 = \exp\left(\frac{-30}{\beta}\right)$$

$$\ln(0.60) = \frac{-30}{\beta}$$

$$\beta = \frac{-30}{\ln(0.60)}$$

as per our textbook, β is the expected value of this distribution.

```
import numpy as np
beta = -30 / np.log(.60)
print(f'beta: {beta:.2f}')
```

beta: 58.73

now since β is our expected number of days between events, if we just convert β into years and evaluate $\frac{1}{\beta}$ our result will have the units of events per year

```
beta /= 365
inv_beta = 1/beta
print(f'expected events per year: {inv_beta:.2f}')
```

expected events per year: 6.22