



Discussion 3: Project 2 Exercises

Kyle Hackett

Some Updates

Office Hours on Monday + Wednesday are hybrid (trying this out. May revert or just be zoom if it becomes too hard to manage)

Be prepared with specific questions, going to try to dedicate 5-10 min per person and then cycle through

On Monday / Wednesday if you are attending via zoom, email me as you join as I may not notice if you join the room if the office is busy

In Zoom, if there is someone already speaking I will put you in the waiting room

DO NOT LEAVE THE WAITING ROOM (unless you need to leave leave)

This is so that students can share their screen without their code becoming compromised

Start practicing tonight!! Do the exercises, read the project. Don't wait to start until next week!

Not enough questions

Don't Save your project questions for next week

Ask about material covered in class!

Piazza is a resource for you!

Post Anon if youd like

Asking questions is the best way to understand problems!

This week study up on the concepts used in the exercises AND on what you see in the project PDF - START EARLY!!

Next week come with questions on concept, java, the problem, etc

If you are still having issues with java and OOP

- https://www.w3schools.com/java/java_oop.asp
- https://www.w3schools.com/java/java_constructors.asp
- https://www.w3schools.com/java/java_polymorphism.asp
- <https://www.javatpoint.com/array-in-java#:~:text=Java%20array%20is%20an%20object,in%20a%20contiguous%20memory%20location.&text=Java%20array%20inherits%20the%20Object,in%20an%20array%20in%20Java>
- <https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/queue-data-structure/>
- <https://bradfieldcs.com/algos/deques/introduction/>
- <https://www.learnjavaonline.org> JAVA SYNTAX
- <https://www.w3schools.com/java/default.asp>
- <https://www.sololearn.com/learning/1068>
-

The Reports need work...



Good chunk of your grade so dedicate time to it!

Think of it as the Procedure section of a lab report for a hard science like physics

No bullets

Complete sentences

No saying “I followed the hints from the project pdf and had no issues”

Give the graders a walk through of what you thought!

(Doesnt need to be more than a paragraph for each response, unless you deem it necessary)



Something to look at

<https://github.com/kylehackett99/kylehackett99.github.io/blob/master/cs210/sample-report.txt>



Iterable Binary String
Iterable Primes
Min Max
Text Editor Buffer
Josephus Problem

Exercise 1. (*Iterable Binary Strings*) Implement an immutable, iterable data type called `BinaryStrings` to systematically iterate over binary strings of length n . The data type must support the following API:

☰ `BinaryStrings`

<code>BinaryStrings(int n)</code>	constructs an iterable <code>BinaryStrings</code> object given the length of binary strings needed
<code>Iterator<String> iterator()</code>	returns an iterator to iterate over binary strings of length n

```
$ java BinaryStrings 3
```

```
000
```

```
001
```

```
010
```

```
011
```

```
100
```

```
101
```

```
110
```

```
111
```


Exercise 2. (*Iterable Primes*) Implement an immutable, iterable data type called `Primes` to systematically iterate over the first n primes. The data type must support the following API:

Primes	
<code>Primes(int n)</code>	constructs a <code>Primes</code> object given the number of primes needed
<code>Iterator<Integer> iterator()</code>	returns an iterator to iterate over the first n primes

```
$ java Primes 10
2
3
5
7
11
13
17
19
23
29
```

Exercise 3. (*Min Max*) Implement a library called `MinMax` with static methods `min()` and `max()` that accept a reference `first` to the first node in a linked list of integer-valued items and return the minimum and the maximum values respectively.

```
>_ ~/workspace/project2
```

```
$ java MinMax  
min(first) == StdStats.min(items)? true  
max(first) == StdStats.max(items)? true
```

```
>_ ~/workspace/project2
```

```
$ java MinMax  
min(first) == StdStats.min(items)? true  
max(first) == StdStats.max(items)? true
```

Exercise 4. (*Text Editor Buffer*) Implement a data type called `Buffer` to represent a buffer in a text editor. The data type must support the following API:

Buffer	
<code>Buffer()</code>	creates an empty buffer
<code>void insert(char c)</code>	inserts <code>c</code> at the cursor position
<code>char delete()</code>	deletes and returns the character immediately ahead of the cursor
<code>void left(int k)</code>	moves the cursor <code>k</code> positions to the left
<code>void right(int k)</code>	moves the cursor <code>k</code> positions to the right
<code>int size()</code>	returns the number of characters in this buffer
<code>String toString()</code>	returns a string representation of this buffer with the " " character (not part of the buffer) at the cursor position

```
>_ ~/workspace/project2

$ java Buffer
|There is grandeur in this view of life, with its several powers, having been originally breathed by the
Creator into a few forms or into one; and that, whilst this planet has gone cycling on according to the
fixed law of gravity, from so simple a beginning endless forms most beautiful and most wonderful have
been, and are being, evolved. -- Charles Darwin, The Origin of Species
```

Hint: Use two stacks `left` and `right` to store the characters to the left and right of the cursor, with the characters on top of the stacks being the ones immediately to its left and right.

Exercise 5. (*Josephus Problem*) In the Josephus problem from antiquity, n people are in dire straits and agree to the following strategy to reduce the population. They arrange themselves in a circle (at positions numbered from 1 to n) and proceed around the circle, eliminating every m th person until only one person is left. Legend has it that Josephus figured out where to sit to avoid being eliminated. Implement a program `Josephus.java` that accepts n (int) and m (int) as command-line arguments, and writes to standard output the order in which people are eliminated (and thus would show Josephus where to sit in the circle).

```
$ java Josephus 7 2
2
4
6
1
5
3
7
```