## CSE 151: Programming Assignment #1

Due on Monday, April 11, 2016

 $Mangione\text{-}Tran, Carmine\ 9AM$ 

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## Graphs and Diagrams

0.00

20000

Number of iterations vs. Standardized Mean & SD

0.08

0.08

0.06

0.04

0.04

0.02

Figure 1: N-iterations vs. Normalized Mean & SD

Figure 2: Log-Plot of N-iterations vs. Normalized Mean & SD

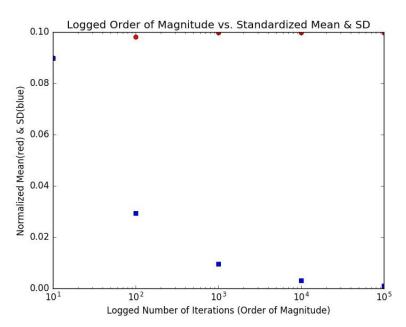
Number of Iterations

60000

40000

80000

100000



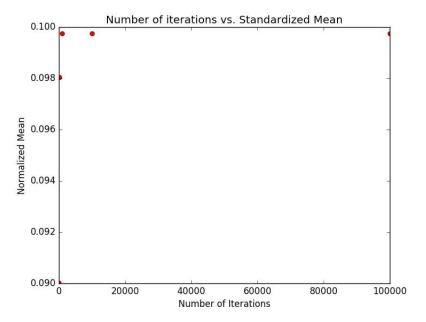
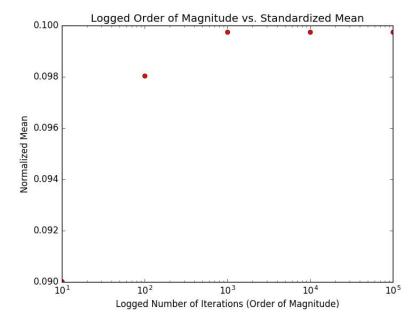


Figure 3: N-iterations vs. Normalized Mean





By the **Law of Large Numbers**, we expect the mean to converge to the true mean as well as the standard deviation to approach 0.

## Homework Code (Python)

```
import random
   import csv
   import math
   from decimal import *
   import numpy as np
   import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
   #read the csv file
   inputFile = open('abalone.data')
   inputReader = csv.reader(inputFile)
   inputData = list(inputReader) #inputData = list of our data (which is in lists)
   #our set hit-rate
   testSize = 0.1
   #data size
   size = len(inputData)
   #set a random seed
   random.seed(123451)
  #initialize arrays
   counter = [] #stores hit rates on index
   meanA = [] #stores average means of trials
   SDA = [] #stores standard deviation of trials
   #method for generating hits
   #@param:x => our data
          :testSize => hit rate
          :genList => list of # of hits per index
   #@return:genList => updated list with hits per index
   def count (x, testSize, genList):
       size = len(x)
       expectedDraws = int(round(size*testSize))
       x1 = Decimal(expectedDraws)/Decimal(size)
       j = 0
       for i in range(0, size):
           x2 = random.uniform(0,1)
           if x2 < x1:
               genList[i] = genList[i] + 1
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           x1 = Decimal(expectedDraws-j)/Decimal(size-i)
       return genList
   #initialize counter array
   for x in range(size):
       counter.append(0)
   #Trial of 10 iterations
   for i in range (1,10):
       counter = count(inputData, testSize, counter)
```

```
#store mean & standard deviation data 10
mean10 = np.average(counter)/10
sd10 = np.std(counter)/10
meanA.append(mean10)
SDA.append(sd10)
#Trial for 100 iterations
for i in range(11,100):
    counter = count(inputData,testSize, counter)
#store mean & standard deviation data 100
mean100 = np.average(counter)/100
sd100 = np.std(counter)/100
meanA.append(mean100)
SDA.append(sd100)
#Trial for 1,000 iterations
for i in range(101, 1000):
    counter = count(inputData, testSize, counter)
#store mean & standard deviation data for 1,000
mean1000 = np.average(counter)/1000
sd1000 = np.std(counter)/1000
meanA.append(mean1000)
SDA.append(sd1000)
#Trial for 10,000 iterations
for i in range(1001,10000):
    counter = count(inputData, testSize, counter)
#store mean & standard deviatoin data for 10,000
mean10000 = np.average(counter)/10000
sd10000 = np.std(counter)/10000
meanA.append(mean10000)
SDA.append(sd10000)
#Trial for 100,000 iterations
for i in range(10001, 100000):
    counter = count(inputData, testSize, counter)
#store mean & standard deviation data for 100,000
mean100000 = np.average(counter)/100000
sd100000 = np.std(counter)/100000
meanA.append(mean100000)
SDA.append(sd100000)
#plot mean & standard deviations
plt.figure(0)
plt.plot([10,100,1000,10000,100000], meanA,'ro')
plt.plot([10,100,1000,10000,100000], SDA,'bs')
plt.title('Number of iterations vs. Standardized Mean & SD')
plt.xlabel('Number of Iterations')
plt.ylabel('Normalized Mean(red) & SD(blue)')
plt.show()
#plot mean & standard deviations w/ logged iteration values
plt.figure(1)
```

```
plt.plot([10,100,1000,10000,100000], meanA,'ro')
   plt.plot([10,100,1000,10000,100000], SDA,'bs')
   plt.xscale('log')
   plt.xlabel('Logged Number of Iterations (Order of Magnitude)')
   plt.ylabel('Normalized Mean(red) & SD(blue)')
   plt.title('Logged Order of Magnitude vs. Standardized Mean & SD')
   plt.show()
   #plot mean only
   plt.figure(2)
plt.plot([10,100,1000,10000,100000], meanA,'ro')
   plt.title('Number of iterations vs. Standardized Mean')
   plt.xlabel('Number of Iterations')
   plt.ylabel('Normalized Mean')
   plt.show()
   #plot mean only with logged iteration values
   plt.figure(3)
   plt.plot([10,100,1000,10000,100000], meanA,'ro')
   plt.xscale('log')
  plt.xlabel('Logged Number of Iterations (Order of Magnitude)')
   plt.ylabel('Normalized Mean')
   plt.title('Logged Order of Magnitude vs. Standardized Mean')
   plt.show()
```