

Wind Effects on Butterfly Abundance - GAMM Analysis

```
library(tidyverse)
```

```
-- Attaching core tidyverse packages ----- tidyverse 2.0.0 --
v dplyr      1.1.4      v readr      2.1.5
v forcats    1.0.0      v stringr    1.5.1
v ggplot2    3.5.2      v tibble     3.2.1
v lubridate  1.9.3      v tidyr      1.3.1
v purrr      1.0.2
-- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
x dplyr::lag()     masks stats::lag()
i Use the conflicted package (<http://conflicted.r-lib.org/>) to force all conflicts to become
```

```
library(broom)
library(gratia)
```

Attaching package: 'gratia'

The following object is masked from 'package:stringr':

boundary

```
library(performance)
library(DHARMA)
```

This is DHARMA 0.4.7. For overview type '?DHARMA'. For recent changes, type `news(package = 'DHARMA')`.

```
library(ggeffects)
library(here)
```

here() starts at /Users/kylenessen/Documents/Code/masters-analysis

```
library(mgcv) # Load mgcv last to avoid conflicts
```

Loading required package: nlme

Attaching package: 'nlme'

The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':

collapse

This is mgcv 1.9-3. For overview type 'help("mgcv-package")'.

```
theme_set(theme_minimal())
```

```
# Load the prepared data
# Assuming df is already loaded with the structure described
# If not, load it here:
df <- read_csv(here("data", "analysis_dataset_final.csv"))
```

Rows: 2098 Columns: 16

```
-- Column specification -----
Delimiter: ","
chr   (4): deployment_id, image_filename, day_id, Observer
dbl   (10): total_butterflies, butterflies_direct_sun, temperature, view_id, ...
lgl   (1): AR_start
dtm   (1): timestamp
```

i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.

i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.

```
# Check data structure
glimpse(df)
```

```

Rows: 2,098
Columns: 16
$ deployment_id      <chr> "SC1", "SC1", "SC1", "SC1", "SC1", "SC1", "SC1"~
$ image_filename     <chr> "SC1_20231118063002.JPG", "SC1_20231118070001.J~
$ total_butterflies  <dbl> 56, 33, 44, 55, 51, 42, 48, 46, 46, 56, 40, 47,~
$ butterflies_direct_sun <dbl> 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,~
$ timestamp          <dtm> 2023-11-18 06:30:02, 2023-11-18 07:00:01, 2023~
$ day_id             <chr> "SC1-20231118", "SC1-20231118", "SC1-20231118",~
$ AR_start           <lgl> TRUE, FALSE, FALSE, FALSE, FALSE, FALSE, FALSE,~
$ temperature        <dbl> 16, 17, 16, 17, 16, 17, 17, 17, 17, 18, 18, 17,~
$ Observer           <chr> "Skyler", "Skyler", "Skyler", "Skyler", "Skyler~
$ view_id            <dbl> 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,~
$ wind_mean          <dbl> 2.34333333, 2.34333333, 2.61333333, 2.44666667,~
$ wind_max_gust       <dbl> 4.7, 4.7, 5.1, 4.7, 4.1, 4.1, 4.3, 4.3, 4.3, 4.~
$ wind_sd            <dbl> 0.3738738, 0.3738738, 0.3093189, 0.3919301, 0.3~
$ gust_differential_mean <dbl> 0.95000000, 0.95000000, 0.96000000, 0.90333333,~
$ cumulative_wind     <dbl> 70.3, 70.3, 78.4, 73.4, 66.3, 61.3, 63.8, 74.7,~
$ time_above_threshold <dbl> 24, 24, 29, 26, 20, 14, 18, 26, 19, 28, 23, 25,~

```

```

# Check for missing values
summary(df)

```

deployment_id	image_filename	total_butterflies	butterflies_direct_sun
Length:2098	Length:2098	Min. : 0.0	Min. : 0.000
Class :character	Class :character	1st Qu.: 5.0	1st Qu.: 0.000
Mode :character	Mode :character	Median : 26.0	Median : 0.000
		Mean : 72.5	Mean : 4.662
		3rd Qu.:105.8	3rd Qu.: 1.000
		Max. :770.0	Max. :295.000
timestamp	day_id	AR_start	
Min. :2023-11-18 06:30:01.00	Length:2098	Mode :logical	
1st Qu.:2023-12-21 16:57:31.75	Class :character	FALSE:1999	
Median :2024-01-03 15:05:01.00	Mode :character	TRUE :99	
Mean :2024-01-02 22:23:31.49			
3rd Qu.:2024-01-16 15:59:01.75			
Max. :2024-02-03 17:30:01.00			
temperature	Observer	view_id	wind_mean
Min. : 3.00	Length:2098	Min. :1.000	Min. :0.00000
1st Qu.:12.00	Class :character	1st Qu.:2.000	1st Qu.:0.05333
Median :14.00	Mode :character	Median :2.000	Median :0.64333
Mean :14.62		Mean :2.967	Mean :0.74296
3rd Qu.:17.00		3rd Qu.:4.000	3rd Qu.:1.09583

```

Max.      :30.00
wind_max_gust      wind_sd      gust_differential_mean      cumulative_wind
Min.      : 0.000      Min.      :0.00000      Min.      :0.00000      Min.      : 0.00
1st Qu.: 0.700      1st Qu.:0.05986      1st Qu.:0.04333      1st Qu.: 1.60
Median : 1.300      Median :0.17162      Median :0.23667      Median : 19.25
Mean      : 1.635      Mean      :0.19289      Mean      :0.29865      Mean      : 22.26
3rd Qu.: 2.200      3rd Qu.:0.28679      3rd Qu.:0.40000      3rd Qu.: 32.88
Max.      :12.800      Max.      :1.37730      Max.      :3.42667      Max.      :148.50
time_above_threshold
Min.      : 0.000
1st Qu.: 0.000
Median : 0.000
Mean      : 2.131
3rd Qu.: 0.000
Max.      :30.000

```

```

# Check correlations among predictors
cor_matrix <- df %>%
  select(temperature, wind_mean, time_above_threshold, butterflies_direct_sun) %>%
  cor(use = "complete.obs")
print(cor_matrix)

```

```

              temperature      wind_mean      time_above_threshold
temperature      1.000000000 -0.182469624      -0.13910348
wind_mean        -0.18246962  1.000000000      0.77545421
time_above_threshold -0.13910348  0.775454211      1.00000000
butterflies_direct_sun 0.04631443 -0.001783819      0.02046628
              butterflies_direct_sun
temperature      0.046314432
wind_mean        -0.001783819
time_above_threshold 0.020466285
butterflies_direct_sun 1.000000000

```

```

# Load the data
df_full <- df

# Prepare data for modeling
# Select variables, ensure correct types, create AR.start, and handle missing values
df_model <- df_full %>%
  select(total_butterflies, temperature, wind_mean, butterflies_direct_sun, time_above_thres)
  mutate(
    day_id = as.factor(day_id),

```

```

    Observer = as.factor(Observer)
  ) %>%
  group_by(day_id) %>%
  mutate(AR_start = row_number() == 1) %>%
  ungroup() %>%
  na.omit()

# Define the models
k_val <- 25

# Note: After changing AR_start to factor, all models need to be rerun
# to avoid errors with ggpredict()

# Model 1: Null Model
m_null <- bam(total_butterflies ~ s(day_id, bs = "re") + s(Observer, bs = "re"),
              data = df_model,
              family = tw(),
              method = "fREML",
              AR.start = df_model$AR_start)

# Model 2: Single Predictor Models
m_temp <- bam(total_butterflies ~ s(temperature, k = k_val) + s(day_id, bs = "re") + s(Observer, bs = "re"),
              data = df_model,
              family = tw(),
              method = "fREML",
              discrete = TRUE,
              AR.start = df_model$AR_start)

m_wind <- bam(total_butterflies ~ s(wind_mean, k = k_val) + s(day_id, bs = "re") + s(Observer, bs = "re"),
              data = df_model,
              family = tw(),
              method = "fREML",
              discrete = TRUE,
              AR.start = df_model$AR_start)

m_sun <- bam(total_butterflies ~ s(butterflies_direct_sun, k = k_val) + s(day_id, bs = "re"),
             data = df_model,
             family = tw(),
             method = "fREML",
             discrete = TRUE,
             AR.start = df_model$AR_start)

```

```

m_time <- bam(total_butterflies ~ s(time_above_threshold, k = k_val) + s(day_id, bs = "re") +
  data = df_model,
  family = tw(),
  method = "fREML",
  discrete = TRUE,
  AR.start = df_model$AR_start)

# Model 3: Additive Model
m_additive <- bam(total_butterflies ~ s(temperature, k = k_val) +
  s(wind_mean, k = k_val) +
  s(butterflies_direct_sun, k = k_val) +
  s(time_above_threshold, k = k_val) +
  s(day_id, bs = "re") +
  s(Observer, bs = "re"),
  data = df_model,
  family = tw(),
  method = "fREML",
  discrete = TRUE,
  AR.start = df_model$AR_start)

# Model 4: Additive + Interaction Models
m_int_temp_wind <- bam(total_butterflies ~ s(temperature, k = k_val) +
  s(wind_mean, k = k_val) +
  s(butterflies_direct_sun, k = k_val) +
  s(time_above_threshold, k = k_val) +
  ti(temperature, wind_mean, k = 10) +
  s(day_id, bs = "re") +
  s(Observer, bs = "re"),
  data = df_model,
  family = tw(),
  method = "fREML",
  discrete = TRUE,
  AR.start = df_model$AR_start)

# We can now inspect these models.

# Model Diagnostics

# 1. Check for concurvity in the more complex models
# Concurvity is the GAM equivalent of multicollinearity.
# High values (close to 1) can be problematic.
concurvity(m_additive, full = FALSE)

```

\$worst

	para	s(temperature)	s(wind_mean)
para	1.0000000	0.8451781	0.2916079
s(temperature)	0.8451781	1.0000000	0.2837381
s(wind_mean)	0.2916079	0.2837381	1.0000000
s(butterflies_direct_sun)	0.9195307	0.7709800	0.2765283
s(time_above_threshold)	0.9247267	0.7735880	0.9703350
s(day_id)	1.0000000	0.8967660	0.7501991
s(Observer)	1.0000000	0.8513145	0.3950173

	s(butterflies_direct_sun)	s(time_above_threshold)
para	0.9195307	0.9247267
s(temperature)	0.7709800	0.7735880
s(wind_mean)	0.2765283	0.9703350
s(butterflies_direct_sun)	1.0000000	0.8527999
s(time_above_threshold)	0.8527999	1.0000000
s(day_id)	0.9404885	0.9631800
s(Observer)	0.9235708	0.9267385

	s(day_id)	s(Observer)
para	1.0000000	1.0000000
s(temperature)	0.8967660	0.8513145
s(wind_mean)	0.7501991	0.3950173
s(butterflies_direct_sun)	0.9404885	0.9235708
s(time_above_threshold)	0.9631800	0.9267385
s(day_id)	1.0000000	1.0000000
s(Observer)	1.0000000	1.0000000

\$observed

	para	s(temperature)	s(wind_mean)
para	1.0000000	0.6625146	0.1608988
s(temperature)	0.8451781	1.0000000	0.1825379
s(wind_mean)	0.2916079	0.1620679	1.0000000
s(butterflies_direct_sun)	0.9195307	0.6258758	0.1622306
s(time_above_threshold)	0.9247267	0.5999957	0.6076298
s(day_id)	1.0000000	0.8170810	0.7057903
s(Observer)	1.0000000	0.7037214	0.2914298

	s(butterflies_direct_sun)	s(time_above_threshold)
para	0.08741979	0.8649132
s(temperature)	0.08236921	0.7254332
s(wind_mean)	0.02778797	0.5432099
s(butterflies_direct_sun)	1.00000000	0.7984062
s(time_above_threshold)	0.08154680	1.0000000
s(day_id)	0.18204362	0.9471478
s(Observer)	0.09128754	0.8701670

	s(day_id)	s(Observer)
para	2.798795e-05	0.01392749
s(temperature)	3.846065e-02	0.12301282
s(wind_mean)	4.132660e-02	0.12002814
s(butterflies_direct_sun)	1.214323e-02	0.02969339
s(time_above_threshold)	1.485889e-02	0.04370982
s(day_id)	1.000000e+00	1.00000000
s(Observer)	2.162940e-02	1.00000000

\$estimate

	para	s(temperature)	s(wind_mean)
para	1.0000000	0.22268132	0.09352529
s(temperature)	0.8451781	1.00000000	0.12099482
s(wind_mean)	0.2916079	0.07442152	1.00000000
s(butterflies_direct_sun)	0.9195307	0.24326589	0.09794363
s(time_above_threshold)	0.9247267	0.21651457	0.54964051
s(day_id)	1.0000000	0.45860714	0.54351471
s(Observer)	1.0000000	0.27784180	0.18053080

	s(butterflies_direct_sun)	s(time_above_threshold)
para	0.8599215	0.7840271
s(temperature)	0.7204348	0.6628564
s(wind_mean)	0.2487714	0.6156513
s(butterflies_direct_sun)	1.0000000	0.7292559
s(time_above_threshold)	0.7963064	1.0000000
s(day_id)	0.8873320	0.9032166
s(Observer)	0.8651186	0.7914298

	s(day_id)	s(Observer)
para	0.01011404	0.2564329
s(temperature)	0.03204806	0.2659519
s(wind_mean)	0.03436996	0.1509167
s(butterflies_direct_sun)	0.02368181	0.2589513
s(time_above_threshold)	0.02668857	0.2548050
s(day_id)	1.00000000	1.0000000
s(Observer)	0.04055501	1.0000000

```
concurvity(m_int_temp_wind, full = FALSE)
```

\$worst

	para	s(temperature)	s(wind_mean)
para	1.0000000	0.8451781	0.2916079
s(temperature)	0.8451781	1.0000000	0.2837381
s(wind_mean)	0.2916079	0.2837381	1.0000000


```

s(butterflies_direct_sun) 0.9195307      0.7709800      0.2765283
s(time_above_threshold)   0.9247267      0.7735880      0.9703350
ti(temperature,wind_mean) 0.4868951      0.9999986      1.0000000
s(day_id)                  1.0000000      0.8967660      0.7501991
s(Observer)                1.0000000      0.8513145      0.3950173
                                s(butterflies_direct_sun) s(time_above_threshold)
para                                0.9195307      0.9247267
s(temperature)                0.7709800      0.7735880
s(wind_mean)                   0.2765283      0.9703350
s(butterflies_direct_sun)      1.0000000      0.8527999
s(time_above_threshold)        0.8527999      1.0000000
ti(temperature,wind_mean)      0.4644367      0.9118858
s(day_id)                     0.9404885      0.9631800
s(Observer)                   0.9235708      0.9267385
                                ti(temperature,wind_mean) s(day_id) s(Observer)
para                                0.4868951 1.0000000 1.0000000
s(temperature)                0.9999986 0.8967660 0.8513145
s(wind_mean)                   1.0000000 0.7501991 0.3950173
s(butterflies_direct_sun)      0.4644367 0.9404885 0.9235708
s(time_above_threshold)        0.9118858 0.9631800 0.9267385
ti(temperature,wind_mean)      1.0000000 0.7537288 0.5476079
s(day_id)                     0.7537288 1.0000000 1.0000000
s(Observer)                   0.5476079 1.0000000 1.0000000

$observed
                                para s(temperature) s(wind_mean)
para                                1.0000000      0.6831604      0.1609006
s(temperature)                0.8451781      1.0000000      0.1825403
s(wind_mean)                   0.2916079      0.1704362      1.0000000
s(butterflies_direct_sun)      0.9195307      0.6420576      0.1622323
s(time_above_threshold)        0.9247267      0.6194861      0.6075949
ti(temperature,wind_mean)      0.4868951      0.4431387      0.9743921
s(day_id)                     1.0000000      0.8269818      0.7058021
s(Observer)                   1.0000000      0.7201849      0.2914433
                                s(butterflies_direct_sun) s(time_above_threshold)
para                                0.02419883      0.8698967
s(temperature)                0.03000484      0.7291871
s(wind_mean)                   0.01166099      0.5363753
s(butterflies_direct_sun)      1.00000000      0.8025345
s(time_above_threshold)        0.02492866      1.0000000
ti(temperature,wind_mean)      0.03900198      0.6336190
s(day_id)                     0.13043146      0.9489516
s(Observer)                   0.02942697      0.8749344

```

	ti(temperature,wind_mean)	s(day_id)	s(Observer)
para	0.006781943	2.808914e-05	0.01418196
s(temperature)	0.203115104	4.000917e-02	0.12263097
s(wind_mean)	0.402237745	4.148478e-02	0.11835026
s(butterflies_direct_sun)	0.032004435	1.227514e-02	0.03013886
s(time_above_threshold)	0.275812747	1.513723e-02	0.04393100
ti(temperature,wind_mean)	1.000000000	8.832540e-02	0.22388916
s(day_id)	0.359894238	1.000000e+00	1.00000000
s(Observer)	0.014382665	2.228416e-02	1.00000000

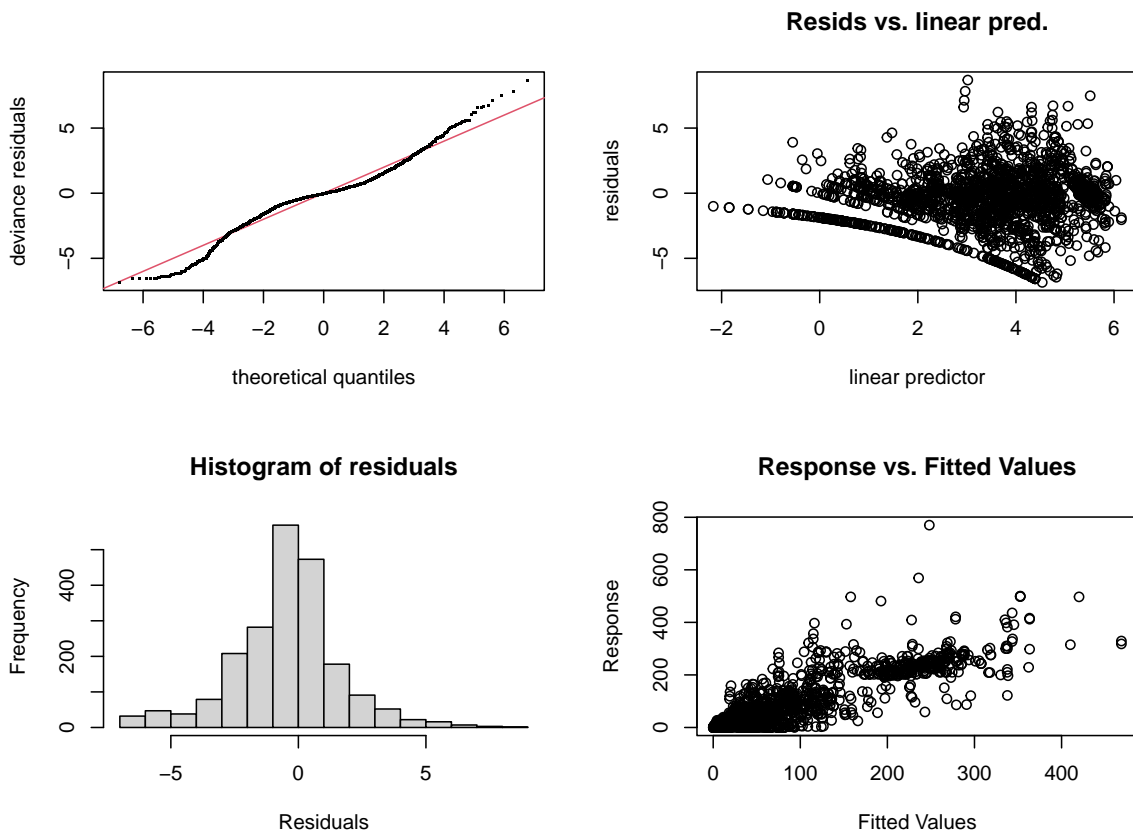
\$estimate

	para	s(temperature)	s(wind_mean)
para	1.0000000	0.22268132	0.09352529
s(temperature)	0.8451781	1.00000000	0.12099482
s(wind_mean)	0.2916079	0.07442152	1.00000000
s(butterflies_direct_sun)	0.9195307	0.24326589	0.09794363
s(time_above_threshold)	0.9247267	0.21651457	0.54964051
ti(temperature,wind_mean)	0.4868951	0.55367547	0.96868862
s(day_id)	1.0000000	0.45860714	0.54351471
s(Observer)	1.0000000	0.27784180	0.18053080

	s(butterflies_direct_sun)	s(time_above_threshold)
para	0.8599215	0.7840271
s(temperature)	0.7204348	0.6628564
s(wind_mean)	0.2487714	0.6156513
s(butterflies_direct_sun)	1.0000000	0.7292559
s(time_above_threshold)	0.7963064	1.0000000
ti(temperature,wind_mean)	0.4239859	0.6898828
s(day_id)	0.8873320	0.9032166
s(Observer)	0.8651186	0.7914298

	ti(temperature,wind_mean)	s(day_id)	s(Observer)
para	0.009631861	0.01011404	0.2564329
s(temperature)	0.098035495	0.03204806	0.2659519
s(wind_mean)	0.191446443	0.03436996	0.1509167
s(butterflies_direct_sun)	0.022811273	0.02368181	0.2589513
s(time_above_threshold)	0.059548869	0.02668857	0.2548050
ti(temperature,wind_mean)	1.000000000	0.09493085	0.2503535
s(day_id)	0.165360791	1.00000000	1.0000000
s(Observer)	0.020540210	0.04055501	1.0000000

```
# 2. Use gam.check() for standard diagnostics - Additive Model
# This provides k-checks (are basis dimensions adequate?) and residual plots.
gam.check(m_additive)
```



Method: fREML Optimizer: perf chol

\$grad

```
[1] -2.203159e-07 -1.194440e-05 -5.990452e-08 -1.250850e-08 3.399407e-07
[6] 3.575220e-09
```

\$hess

	[,1]	[,2]	[,3]	[,4]	[,5]
[1,]	1.409644e+00	-1.254825e-06	-3.264924e-02	-1.341775e-02	7.719297e-02
[2,]	-1.254825e-06	1.194438e-05	-1.393144e-07	-1.814586e-06	1.365336e-06
[3,]	-3.264924e-02	-1.393144e-07	1.316937e-01	-4.605060e-03	-4.015984e-02
[4,]	-1.341775e-02	-1.814586e-06	-4.605060e-03	4.476653e-01	6.971215e-02
[5,]	7.719297e-02	1.365336e-06	-4.015984e-02	6.971215e-02	4.417628e+01
[6,]	5.439477e-03	1.378624e-07	-2.822755e-04	-9.333281e-04	2.574958e-01

	[,6]
[1,]	5.439477e-03
[2,]	1.378624e-07

```
[3,] -2.822755e-04
[4,] -9.333281e-04
[5,]  2.574958e-01
[6,]  1.368696e-01
```

```
Model rank = 200 / 200
```

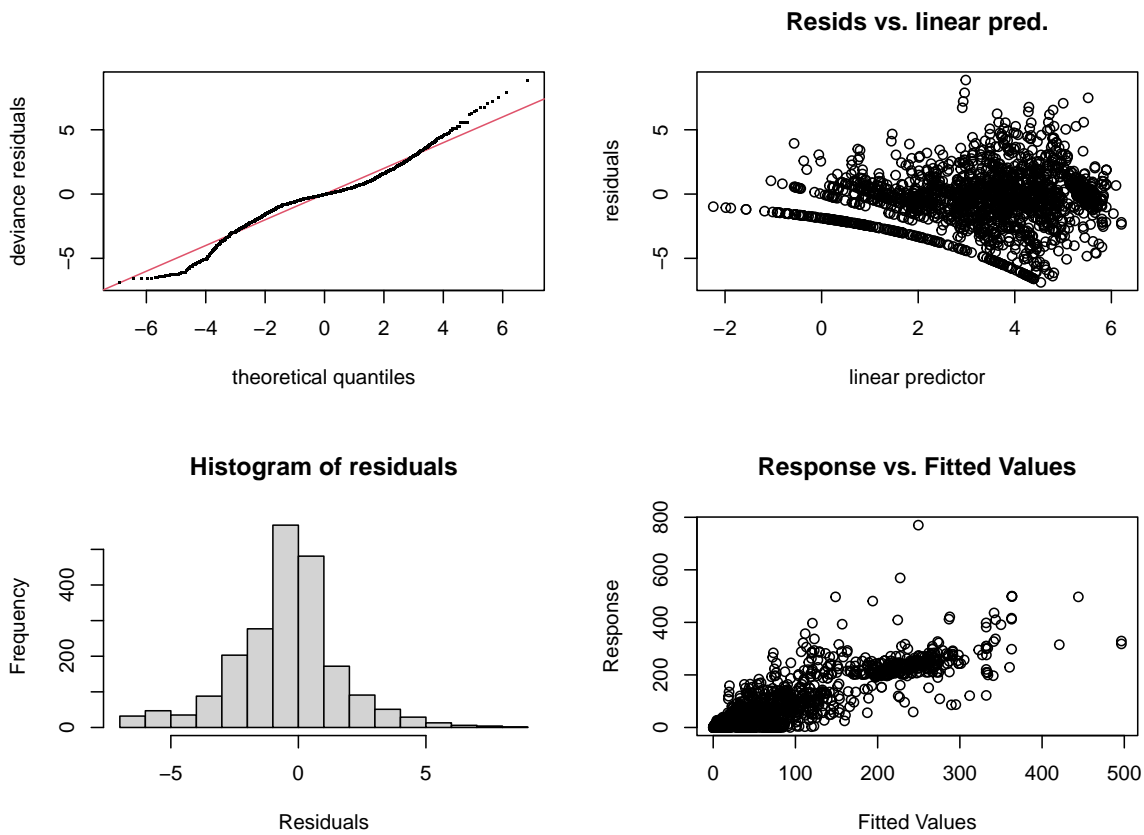
Basis dimension (k) checking results. Low p-value (k-index<1) may indicate that k is too low, especially if edf is close to k'.

	k'	edf	k-index	p-value
s(temperature)	24.000	11.644	0.75	<2e-16 ***
s(wind_mean)	24.000	1.000	0.77	<2e-16 ***
s(butterflies_direct_sun)	24.000	1.819	0.40	<2e-16 ***
s(time_above_threshold)	24.000	2.327	0.28	<2e-16 ***
s(day_id)	99.000	95.244	NA	NA
s(Observer)	4.000	0.883	NA	NA

```
---
```

```
Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
# gam.check() for interaction model
gam.check(m_int_temp_wind)
```



Method: fREML Optimizer: perf chol

\$grad

```
[1] -3.073437e-08 -1.418299e-05  1.264180e-08 -6.558273e-09 -6.572156e-09
[6] -3.030263e-09 -6.605788e-07 -5.819831e-09
```

\$hess

	[,1]	[,2]	[,3]	[,4]	[,5]
[1,]	1.402411e+00	-2.180554e-07	-3.355815e-02	-1.459239e-02	6.322646e-02
[2,]	-2.180554e-07	1.418276e-05	-1.669192e-09	-7.459535e-07	-1.152722e-08
[3,]	-3.355815e-02	-1.669192e-09	1.406051e-01	-4.129179e-03	-1.701181e-03
[4,]	-1.459239e-02	-7.459535e-07	-4.129179e-03	4.554739e-01	5.964487e-03
[5,]	6.322646e-02	-1.152722e-08	-1.701181e-03	5.964487e-03	1.975294e-01
[6,]	2.225232e-02	-1.479048e-06	-6.636009e-04	1.216904e-02	2.976199e-02
[7,]	7.010139e-02	4.395933e-07	-4.399687e-02	7.191106e-02	2.644437e-02
[8,]	5.101200e-03	3.197216e-08	-2.057891e-04	-1.095167e-03	2.546720e-03
	[,6]	[,7]	[,8]		

```
[1,] 2.225232e-02 7.010139e-02 5.101200e-03
[2,] -1.479048e-06 4.395933e-07 3.197216e-08
[3,] -6.636009e-04 -4.399687e-02 -2.057891e-04
[4,] 1.216904e-02 7.191106e-02 -1.095167e-03
[5,] 2.976199e-02 2.644437e-02 2.546720e-03
[6,] 8.507487e-02 1.638532e-02 2.405023e-04
[7,] 1.638532e-02 4.421931e+01 2.489754e-01
[8,] 2.405023e-04 2.489754e-01 1.183717e-01
```

```
Model rank = 281 / 281
```

Basis dimension (k) checking results. Low p-value (k-index<1) may indicate that k is too low, especially if edf is close to k'.

	k'	edf	k-index	p-value
s(temperature)	24.000	11.833	0.76	<2e-16 ***
s(wind_mean)	24.000	1.000	0.77	<2e-16 ***
s(butterflies_direct_sun)	24.000	1.968	0.40	<2e-16 ***
s(time_above_threshold)	24.000	2.262	0.28	<2e-16 ***
ti(temperature,wind_mean)	81.000	3.218	0.90	<2e-16 ***
s(day_id)	99.000	95.306	NA	NA
s(Observer)	4.000	0.822	NA	NA

```
---
```

```
Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

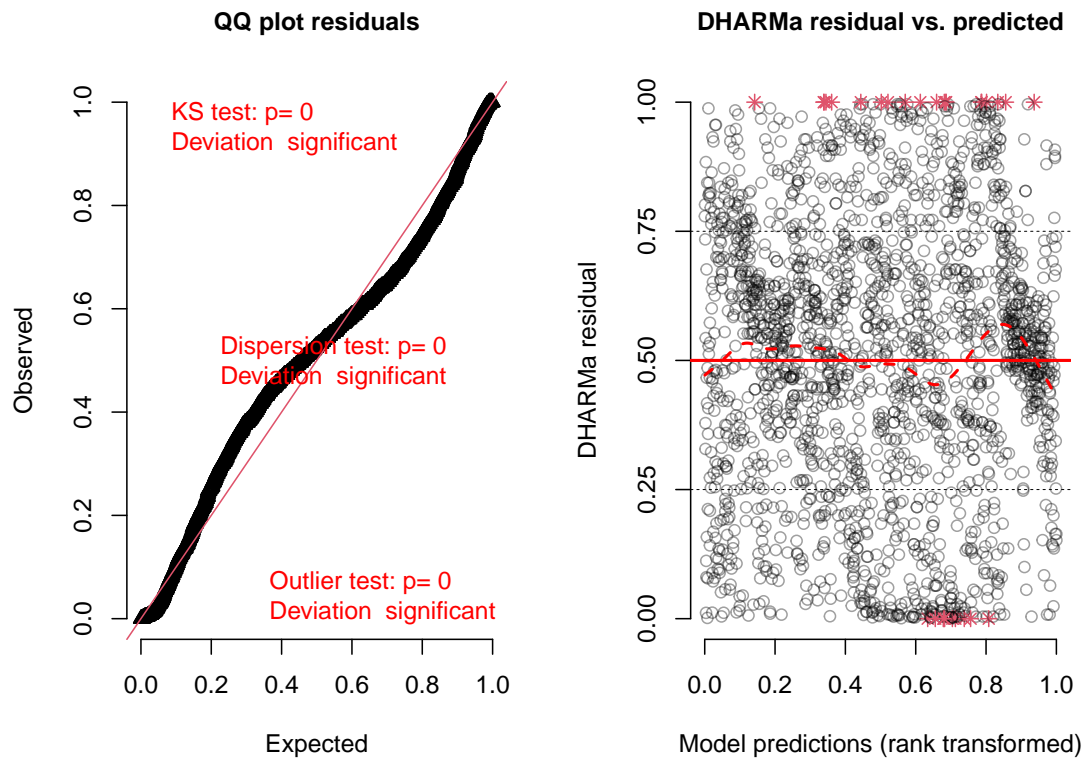
```
# 3. Use DHARMA for more advanced residual diagnostics - Additive Model
# This simulates residuals from the fitted model and compares them to the observed residuals
sim_res_additive <- simulateResiduals(fittedModel = m_additive, n = 250)
```

```
Registered S3 methods overwritten by 'mgcViz':
```

```
method      from
+.gg         ggplot2
simulate.gam gratia
```

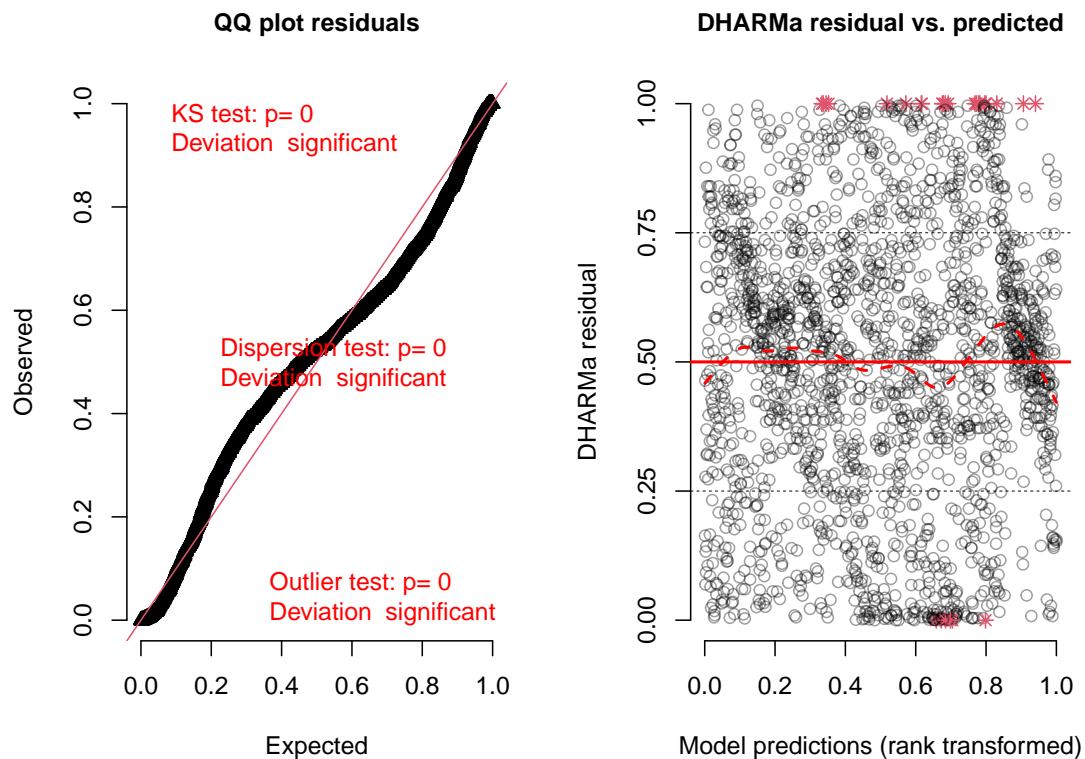
```
plot(sim_res_additive)
```

DHARMA residual



```
# DHARMA diagnostics for interaction model
sim_res_int <- simulateResiduals(fittedModel = m_int_temp_wind, n = 250)
plot(sim_res_int)
```

DHARMA residual



```
# 4. Check for temporal autocorrelation using ACF plots
# This is crucial for time series data to ensure residuals are not autocorrelated
```

```
library(gridExtra)
```

Attaching package: 'gridExtra'

The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':

combine

```
library(grid)
```

```
# Create ACF plots using base R but arrange with grid
# ACF for additive model
```

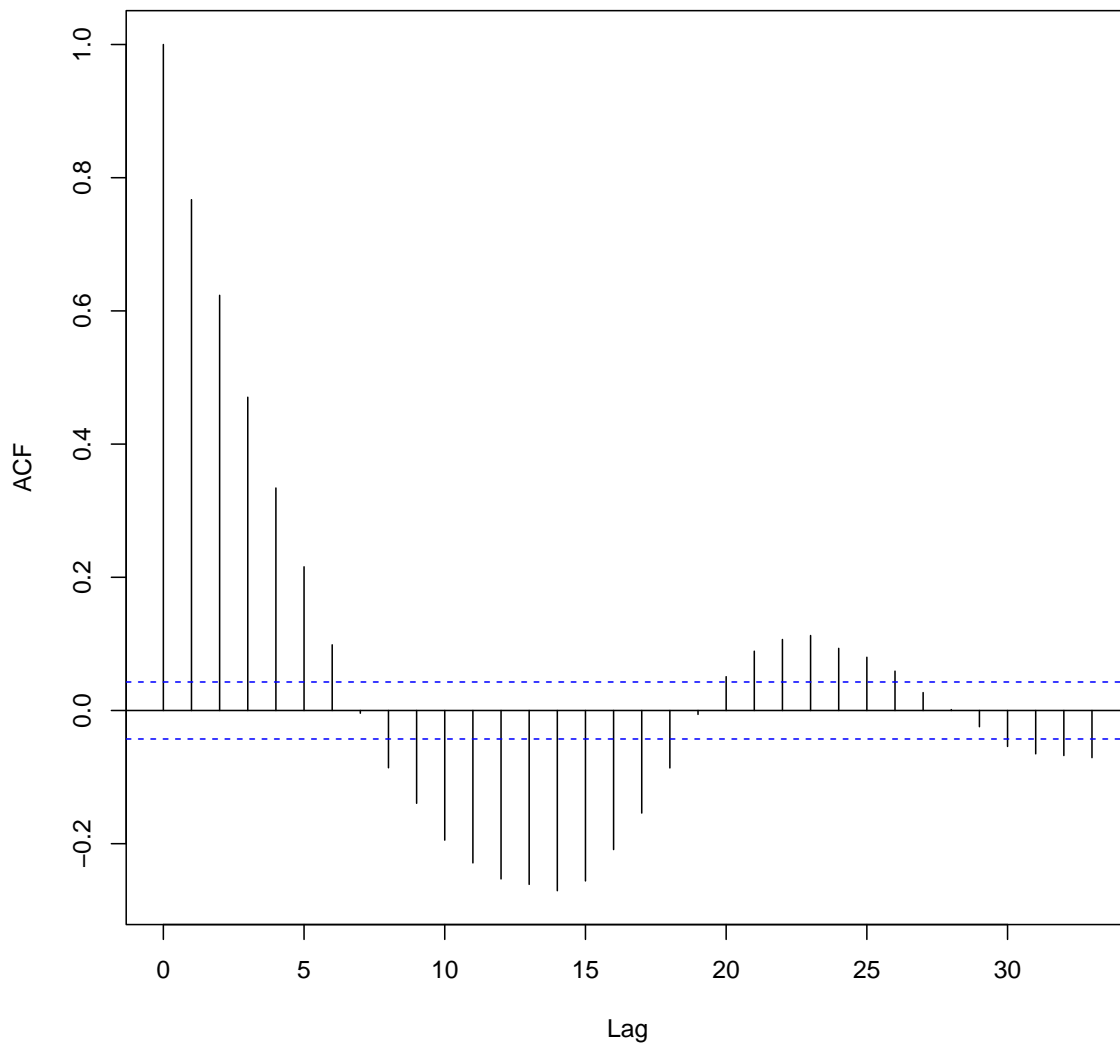


```
acf_add <- acf(residuals(m_additive), plot = FALSE, main = "ACF - Additive Model")
pacf_add <- pacf(residuals(m_additive), plot = FALSE, main = "PACF - Additive Model")

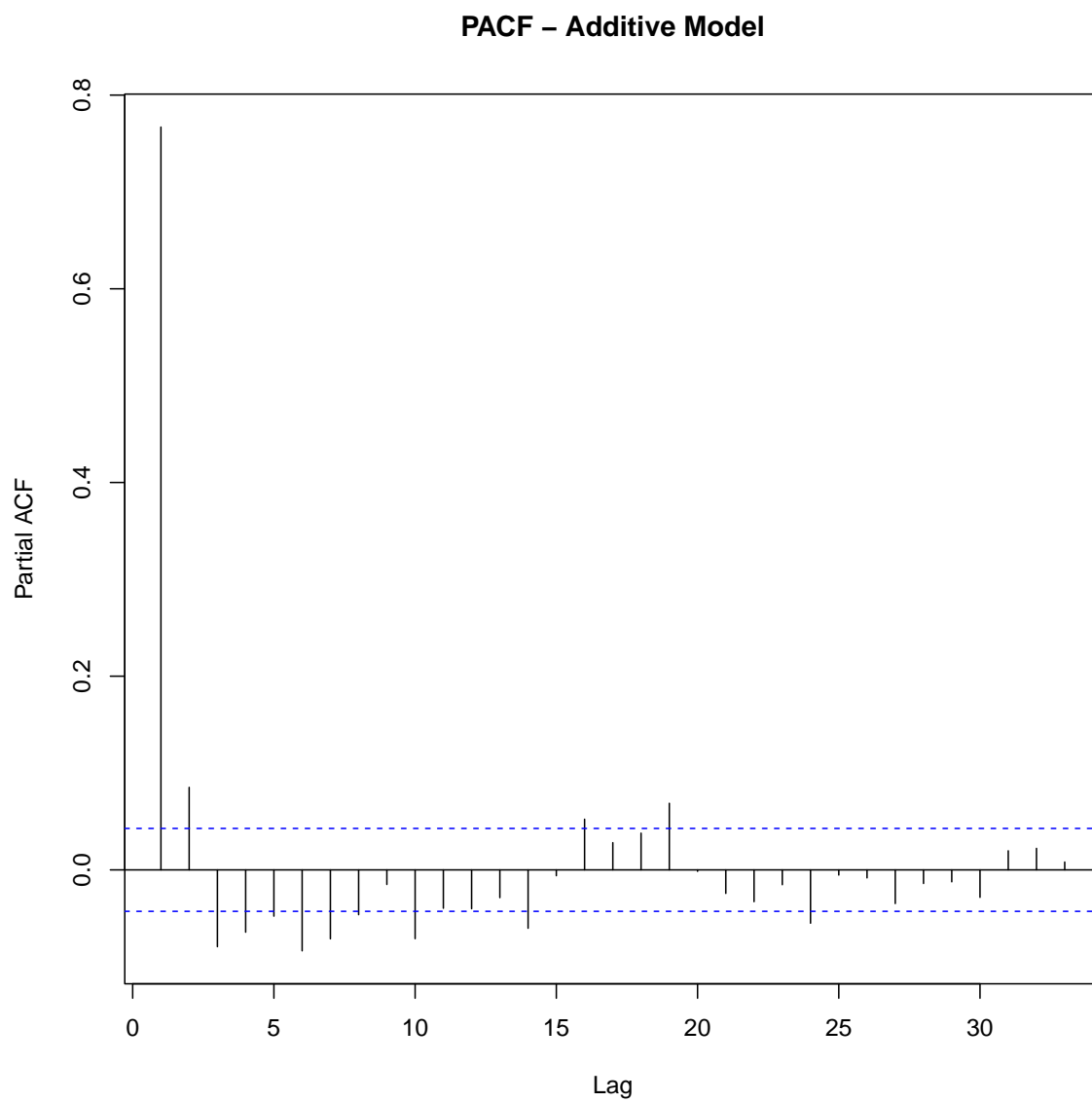
# ACF for interaction model
acf_int <- acf(residuals(m_int_temp_wind), plot = FALSE, main = "ACF - Interaction Model")
pacf_int <- pacf(residuals(m_int_temp_wind), plot = FALSE, main = "PACF - Interaction Model")

# Plot ACF results
plot(acf_add, main = "ACF - Additive Model")
```

ACF – Additive Model

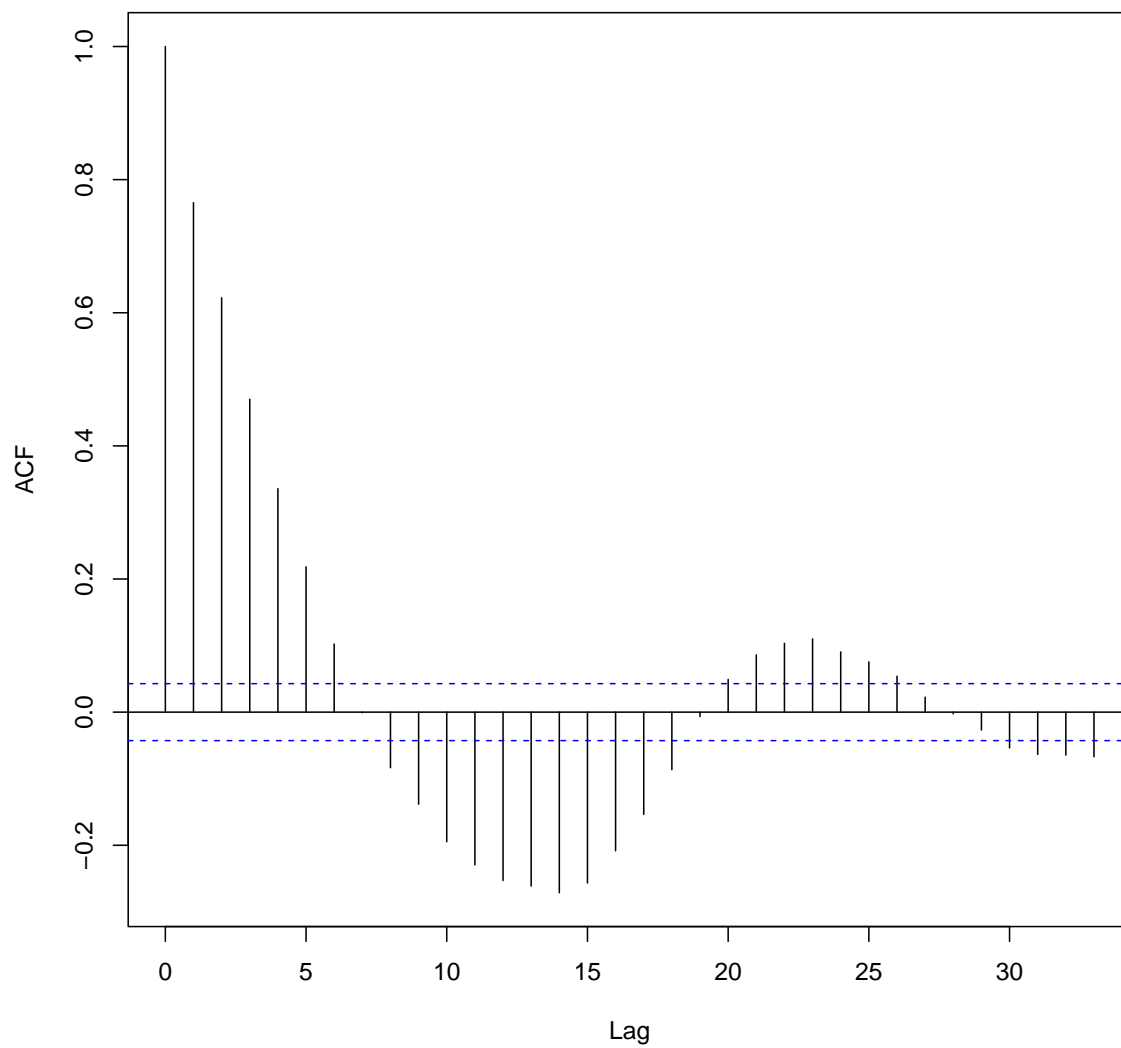


```
plot(pacf_add, main = "PACF - Additive Model")
```



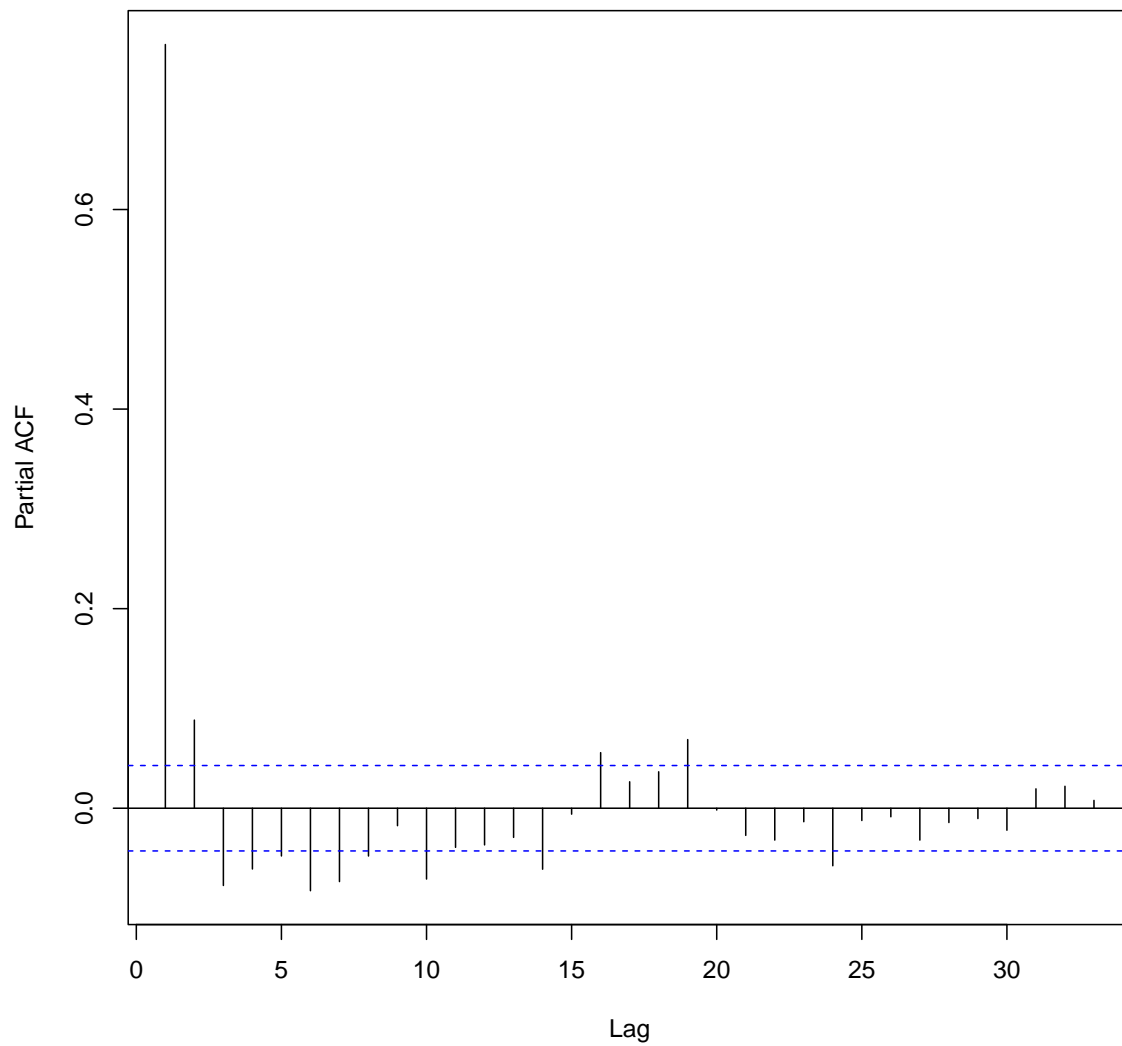
```
plot(acf_int, main = "ACF - Interaction Model")
```

ACF – Interaction Model



```
plot(pacf_int, main = "PACF - Interaction Model")
```

PACF – Interaction Model



```
# 5. Compare models using AIC
# Create a list of models
model_list <- list(
  null = m_null,
  temp = m_temp,
  wind = m_wind,
  sun = m_sun,
  time = m_time,
  additive = m_additive,
```

```

    interaction = m_int_temp_wind
  )

# Get AIC for each model
aic_values <- sapply(model_list, AIC)

# Create a summary table
aic_table <- tibble(
  model = names(aic_values),
  AIC = aic_values
) %>%
  arrange(AIC)

print(aic_table)

```

```

# A tibble: 7 x 2
  model      AIC
  <chr>    <dbl>
1 interaction 18090.
2 additive   18092.
3 temp       18107.
4 sun        18378.
5 time       18431.
6 wind       18438.
7 null       18438.

```

```

# --- Plotting the Best Model ---

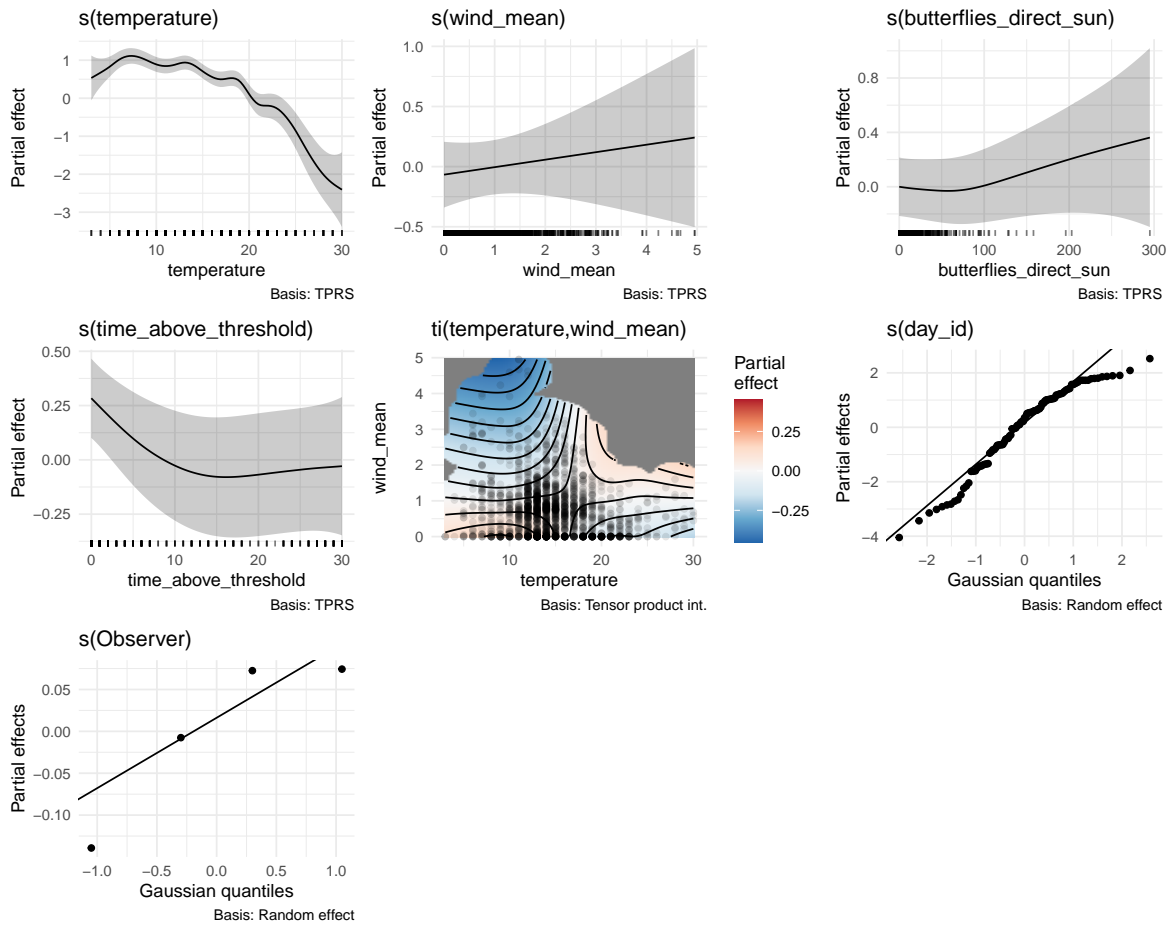
```

```

# The model with the lowest AIC is `m_int_temp_wind`.
# Let's visualize the effects from this model.

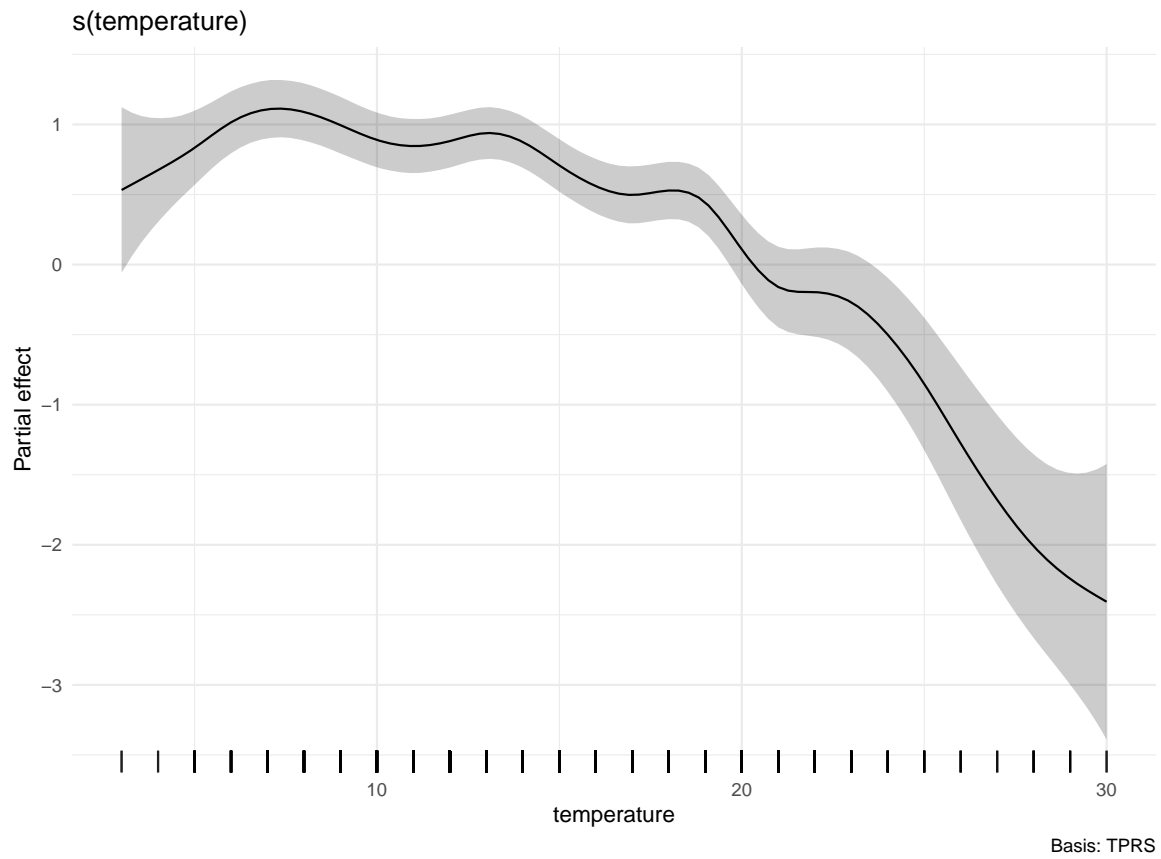
# 1. Plot all smooth terms (main effects and interactions) together
# `gratia::draw()` is excellent for this. `scales = "free"` allows each plot
# to have its own y-axis scale.
draw(m_int_temp_wind, scales = "free")

```

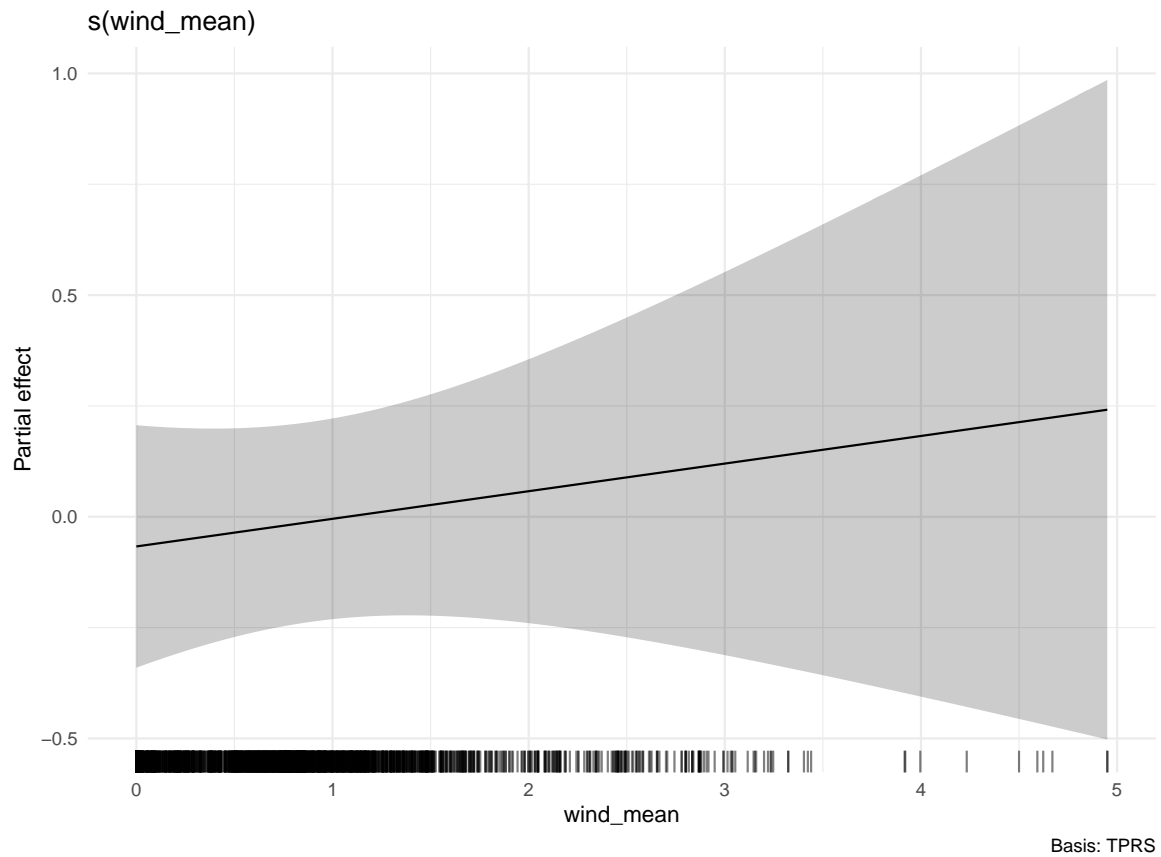


```
# 2. Plot individual effects for more detail

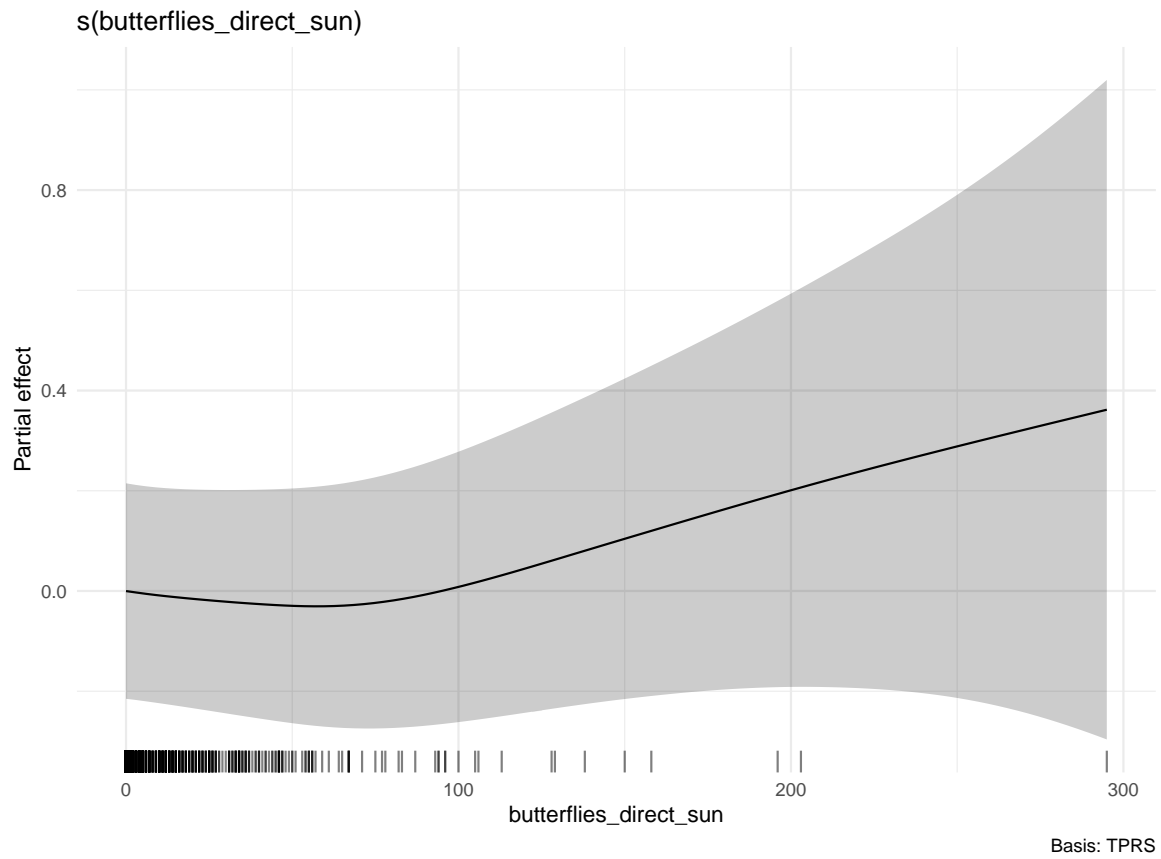
# Main effect of Temperature
draw(m_int_temp_wind, select = "s(temperature)")
```



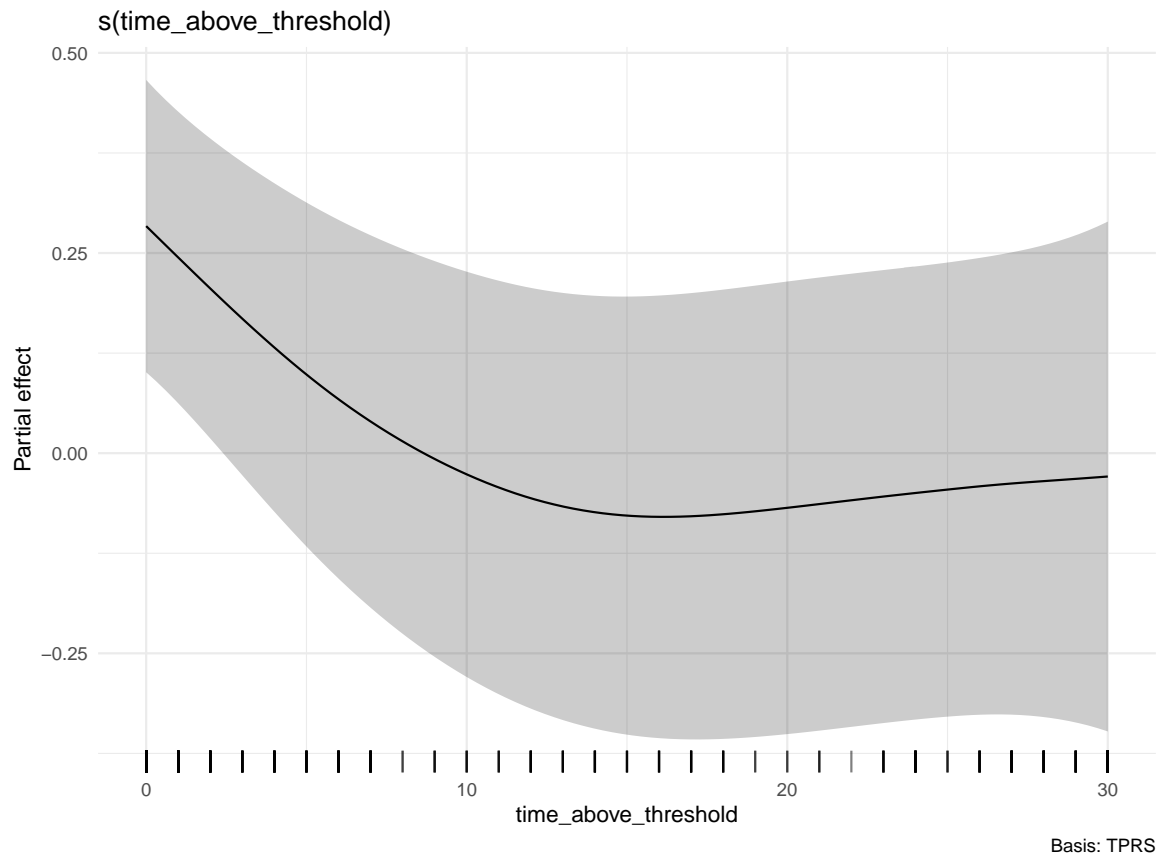
```
# Main effect of Wind  
draw(m_int_temp_wind, select = "s(wind_mean)")
```

```
# Main effect of Sun  
draw(m_int_temp_wind, select = "s(butterflies_direct_sun)")
```

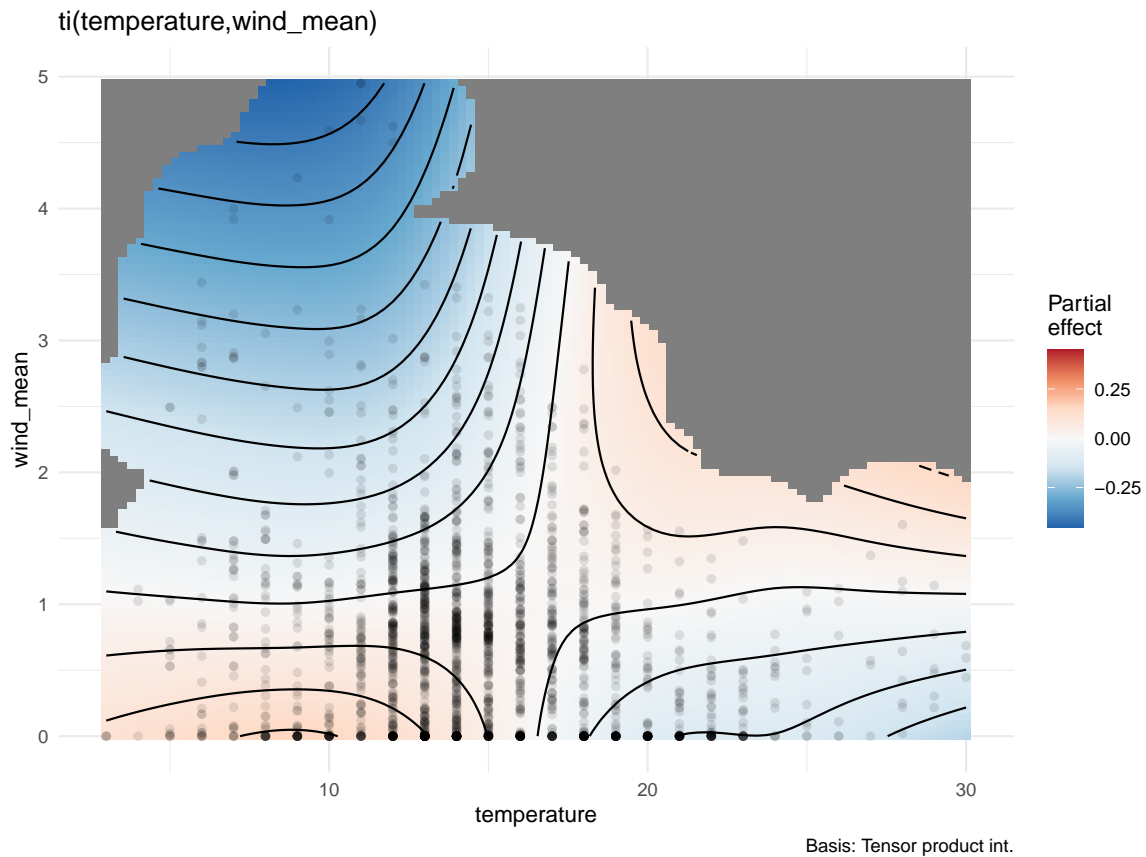


```
# Main effect of Time Above Threshold  
draw(m_int_temp_wind, select = "s(time_above_threshold)")
```



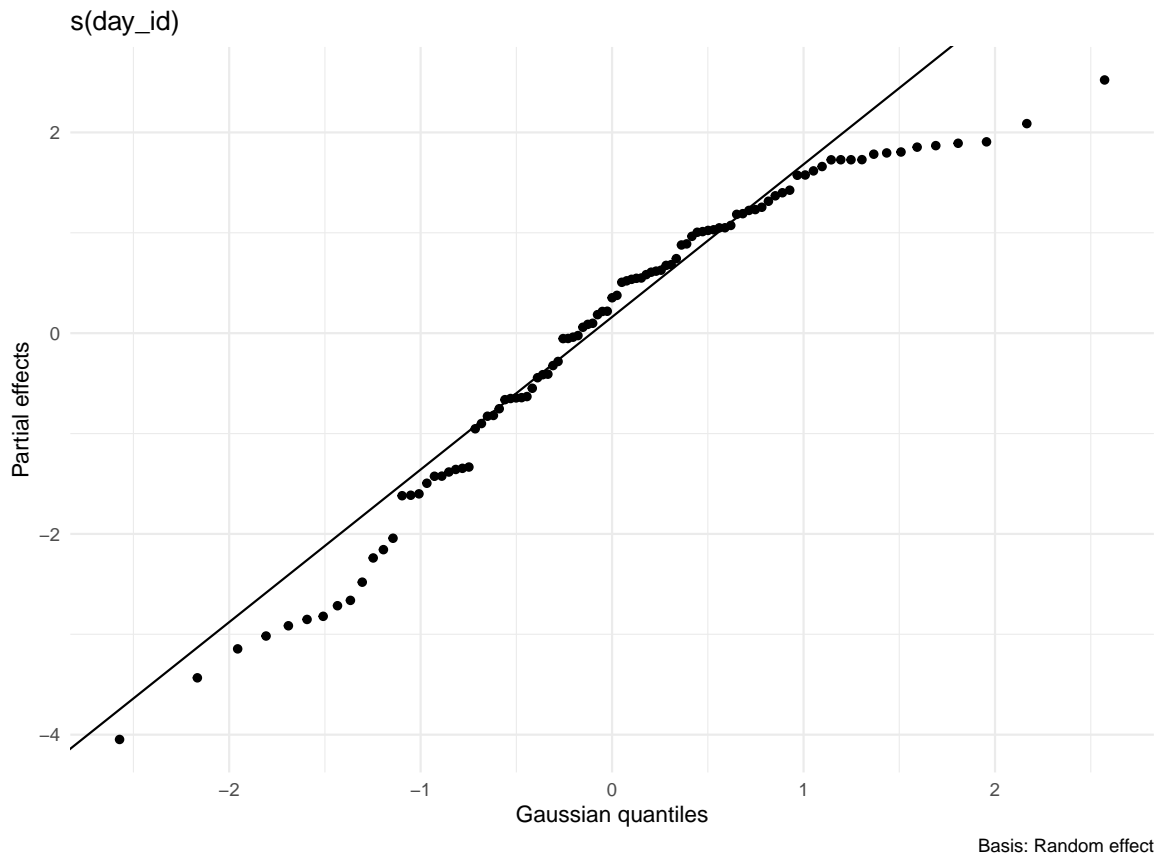
```
# 3. Visualize the interaction between Temperature and Wind

# Option A: A 2D heatmap of the interaction surface using gratia
draw(m_int_temp_wind, select = "ti(temperature,wind_mean)")
```



```
# Option B: Usingggeffects to plot conditional effects.
# This shows the effect of temperature at different levels of wind speed.
# It can sometimes be easier to interpret.
library(ggeffects)
# Note: ggpredict has issues with logical AR_start, so we use typical values
#ggpredict(m_int_temp_wind, terms = c("temperature", "wind_mean"),
#          typical = "mean") %>% plot()
```

```
# 4. Visualize the random effects
# This can help understand the variation among days and observers.
draw(m_int_temp_wind, select = "s(day_id)")
```



```
draw(m_int_temp_wind, select = "s(Observer)")
```

