Homework assignment 3:

Suggested due date: Friday, February 26 2016 at 03:30pm

- 1- Suppose a machine on average takes 10^{-8} seconds to execute a single algorithm step. What is the largest input size for which the machine will execute the algorithm in 2 seconds assuming the number of steps of the algorithm is T(n) =
 - a. log n
 - b. \sqrt{n}
 - c. n
 - d. n²
 - e. n³
 - f. 2ⁿ
- 2- For the machine in the previous example, how long will it take to run the algorithm for an input of size 1,000, assuming the time complexities from the same example?
- 3- An algorithm takes 0.5 seconds to run on an input of size 100. How long will it take to run on an input of size 1000 if the algorithm has a running time that is *linear? quadratic? log-linear? cubic?*
- 4- An algorithm is to be implemented and run on a processor that can execute a single instruction in an average of 10^{-9} seconds. What is the largest problem size that can be solved in *one hour* by the algorithm on this processor if the number of steps needed to execute the algorithm is n, n^2 , n^3 , $\log n$? Assume n is the input size.
- 5- Determine the asymptotic running time for the following piece of code, assuming that n represents the input size.
 - a. sum = 0; for(i=0; i < n; i++) sum++;
 - b. sum = 0;
 for(i=0; i < n; i++)
 for(j=0; j < n; j++)
 sum++;</pre>
 - c. sum=0; for(i=0;i<n;i++) for(j=0; j< n*n;j++) sum++;

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d.
        sum=0;
            for(i=0;i<n;i++)
                    for(j=0; j< i;j++)
                            sum++;
        sum = 0;
e.
            for(i=0; i < n; i++)
                    for(j=0; j < i*i; j++)
                            for(k=0; k < j; k++)
                                    sum++;
f.
        sum = 0;
            for(i=0; i < n/2; i++)
                    for(j=0; j < (i*i)/2; j++)
                            sum++;
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- 6- Sort the below numbers using: (Show the work)
 - a. Counting Sort
 - b. Radix Sort
 - c. Insertion Sort
 - d. Bubble Sort
 - e. Selection Sort
 - f. Merge Sort
 - g. Quicksort
 - 1, 2, 0, -3, 5, -7, 10
 - 0, 2, 3, 8, 9, 16
- 7- Sort the below numbers using: (Show the work)
 - a. Merge Sort
 - b. Quicksort
 - 8, 0, 2, -1, -2, 2, 3, 7, -6, -9
 - 19, 7, 6, 3, 2, -1, -7, -18
- 8- Perform the partitioning algorithm on the below array using the median-of-three heuristic.
 - 1, 2, 6, -3, 20, -61, 7, 8, 19, 100
 - 0, 7, -6, 23, 12, 30, -71, 19
- 9- What is the *largest* value of n such that an algorithm whose running time is $10n^2$ runs faster than an algorithm whose running time is 50n on the same machine?
- 10- What is the running time of Insertion Sort if all elements are equal? Explain.