Unix commands for data science

Manipulating input (Bash)

1 1 - 0	1 (
ctrl+f	cursor forward one character
ctrl+b	cursor backward one character
alt+f	cursor forward one word
alt+b	cursor b ackward one word
ctrl+a	cursor to beginning of line
ctrl+e	cursor to end of line
ctrl+p	p revious input
ctrl+n	next input
ctrl+r	reverse search previous commands
ctrl+c	close running program
ctrl+d	close shell
ctrl+u	cut from cursor to beginning of line
ctrl+k	cut from cursor to end of line (kill)
ctrl+y	paste $(yank)$
TAB	autocomplete
!!	run previous command
alias l="ls -ltrh"	rename common commands

Unix Basics

${\bf Getting} \ {\bf help}$

ls -help prints command help
man rm opens manual for command

Navigation

ls	list directory
pwd	print working directory
mkdir child	make directory named "child"
cd child	change directory to "child"
cd	change directory to parent
cd	change directory to home $(\tilde{\ })$.
cp file newfile	\mathbf{cop} y file
rm file	remove (delete) "file"
rmdir child	remove empty directory "child"
find ~ -name "*.csv"	search for files ending with "*.csv"

Remote

ssh user@example.com remote login (secure shell)
rsync user@example.com:file local/dir/ copy remote file
wget http://example.com/data.csv copy file from web
curl -O http://example.com/data.csv copy file from web

Managing Processes

parallel wc -w :::	*.csv	process files in parallel
top		display processes
ps -u		display user processes
kill 1234		kill process 1234
crontab -e	edit cron jobs (run	a script daily/weekly/etc.)
sleep 100 &	append	"&" to run in background
ctrl+z		stop foreground process
bg	resume stopp	ped process in b ack g round
jobs		list running processes
fg 1		bring job 1 to foreground

piping (<, |, >, >>)

<<<	pass string as input to command
<	use file as input to command
1	pass output as input
>	pass output to file
>>	append output to file

globbing

ls *.csv	list files ending with ".csv"
ls d*.csv	list files starting with "d" and ending with ".csv"
ls data????	list files starting with "data." followed by any 4
	characters
rm [a-z]*[0-9]	remove files starting with a letter and ending
	in a digit

Data Manipulation

(assumes data are in comma separated fields)

Taking Subsets

cat data.csv	returns contents of "data.csv"
head data.csv	first ten lines
tail -15 data.csv	last 15 lines
tail -n +2 data.csv	everything but first line (remove header)
cut -d, -f2 data.csv	second column
<pre>awk -F, '{print \$2}' data.</pre>	csv second column
cut -d, -f2,4 data.csv	second and fourth column
cut -d, -f2complement d	ata.csv everything except second column
grep "NaN" data.csv	all lines with a "NaN"
grep -v "NaN" data.csv	all lines without a "NaN"
sort data.csv uniq	only uniq ue lines
sort data.csv uniq -d	only \mathbf{d} uplicate lines
shuf data.csv	shuffle lines
shuf data.csv head -1	random line

Transforming Data

minimal text editor
sort lines alphabetically
sort lines numerically by column 2
replace string "," with a space
convert letters to lowercase
divide column 1 by 100
multiply columns 1 and 2
flatten data to row
flatten data to column
combines the lines of two files
performs a join of two files

Summarizing Data

sed 's/,/ /g' data.csv wc -w	\mathbf{w} ord \mathbf{c} ount
wc -1 data.csv	number of lines in "data.csv"
grep -c "NaN" data.csv	number of lines with a "NaN"
grep -o "NaN" data.csv wc -l	total number of "NaN"
awk -F, '{sum += \$1} END {print s	um}' data.csv sum of column 1
awk -F, '{sum += \$3} END {print s	um / NR}' data.csv average of
	column 3
	6

Generating Data

echo \$((123 * 456)) integer calculator
bc <<< "12.3 * 456" calculator
seq 3 11 sequence of numbers, inclusive
shuf -r -i 0-100 -n 10 10 random numbers between 0 and 100 with
replacement
shuf -i 0-100 -n 10 10 random numbers between 0 and 100 without
replacement

Rapid Visualization with feedgnuplot

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 ${\tt source: https://github.com/kylerbrown/unix-commands-for-data-science} \ further \ reading \\ {\tt info coreutils}$

http://datascienceatthecommandline.com/

in a digit http://www.drbunsen.org/explorations-in-unix/ http://www.gregreda.com/2013/07/15/unix-commands-for-data-science/