## Homework #2: Machine Learning

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February 1, 2018

#### Problem #1

From LFD...

### Problem #2

Recall the objective function for linear regression can be expressed as

$$E(w) = \frac{1}{N} ||Xw - y||^2 \tag{1}$$

as in Equation (3.3) of LFD. Minimizing this function with respect to w leads to the optimal w as  $(XTX)^{-1}X^Ty$ . This solution holds only when  $X^TX$  is nonsingular. To overcome this problem, the following objective function is commonly minimized instead:

$$E_2(w) = ||Xw - y||^2 + \lambda ||w||^2$$
(2)

where  $\lambda > 0$  is a user-specified parameter. Please do the following:

- (a) Derive the optimal w that minimize  $E_2(w)$ .
- (b) Explain how this new objective function can overcome the singularity problem of  $X^TX$ .

#### Problem #3

In logistic regression, the objective function can be written as:

$$E(w) = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=1}^{N} \ln(1 + e^{-y_n w^T x_n})$$
 (3)

- (a) (10 points) Compute the first-order derivative  $\nabla E(w)$ . You will need to provide the intermediate steps of derivation.
- (b) (10 points) Once the optimal w is obtained, it will be used to make predictions as follows:

Predicted class of 
$$\mathbf{x} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } \theta(w^T x) \ge 0.5 \\ -1 & \text{if } \theta(w^T x) < 0.5 \end{cases}$$
 (4)

where the function  $\theta(z) = \frac{1}{1+e^{-z}}$  looks like

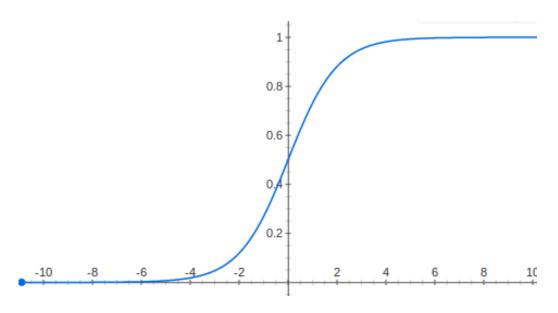


Figure 1: A basic sigmoid curve

Explain why the decision boundary of logistic regression is still linear, though the linear signal  $w^T x$  is passed through a nonlinear function  $\theta$  to compute the outcome of prediction. Is the decision boundary still linear if the prediction rule is changed to the following? Justify briefly.

Predicted class of 
$$\mathbf{x} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } \theta(w^T x) \ge 0.9 \\ -1 & \text{if } \theta(w^T x) < 0.9 \end{cases}$$
 (5)

In light of your answers to the above two questions, what is the essential property of logistic regression that results in the linear decision boundary?

# Problem #4

As your final deliverable to a customer, would you use the linear model with or without the 3rd order polynomial transform? Briefly explain your reasoning.