Task 1, Team: Comparing US against 5 similarly sized countries

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
df deaths = pd.read csv('data/cumulative-deaths-per-100k.csv')
df deaths.info()
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 428419 entries, 0 to 428418
Data columns (total 7 columns):
    Column
Non-Null Count
                Dtype
-----
   Entity
428419 non-null object
    Code
1
402784 non-null object
2
    Day
428419 non-null object
    Cumulative excess deaths per 100,000 people (central estimate)
55458 non-null
                float64
    Cumulative excess deaths per 100,000 people (95% CI, lower bound)
55458 non-null
                float64
    Cumulative excess deaths per 100,000 people (95% CI, upper bound)
55458 non-null
                float64
    Total confirmed deaths due to COVID-19 per 100,000 people
427250 non-null float64
dtypes: float64(4), object(3)
memory usage: 22.9+ MB
```

Here we observe the dataset and have found column 0 (Entity/Country), 1 (Day/Date), and 6 (Total confirmed deaths) are of our interest

```
def country deaths(country):
    return df deaths.loc[(df deaths['Entity']==country,
df deaths.columns[:])].loc[(df deaths['Day']>'2020-05-31') &
(df deaths['Day']<'2021-01-04')].sort values(by='Day')
country_deaths('Bangladesh')
           Entity Code
                               Day \
32509
       Bangladesh
                   BGD
                        2020-06-01
32848
       Bangladesh
                   BGD
                       2020-06-02
       Bangladesh
32849
                   BGD
                        2020-06-03
32850
       Bangladesh
                   BGD
                        2020-06-04
32851
       Bangladesh
                   BGD
                       2020-06-05
```

33029 33030 33031 33032 33033	Bangladesh Bangladesh Bangladesh Bangladesh Bangladesh	BGD 2 BGD 2 BGD 2	2020 - 12 2020 - 12 2021 - 01 2021 - 01 2021 - 01	-31 -01 -02				
\ 32509	Cumulative	excess	deaths	per	100,000		(central 81056	estimate)
32848						11.0	NaN	
32849							NaN	
32850							NaN	
							NaN	
32851								
33029							NaN	
33030							NaN	
33031							NaN	
33032							NaN	
33033							NaN	
bound) 32509	Cumulative \	excess	deaths	per	100,000		(95% CI, 01433	lower
32848							NaN	
32849							NaN	
32850							NaN	
32851							NaN	
33029							NaN	
33030							NaN	
33031							NaN	

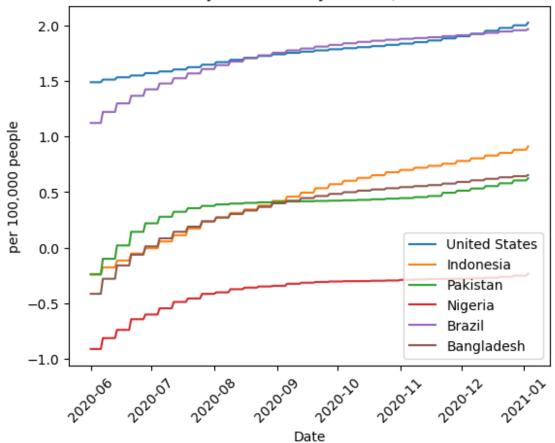
33032	NaN
33033	NaN
bound) 32509	Cumulative excess deaths per 100,000 people (95% CI, upper
	18.71303
32848	NaN
32849	NaN
32850	NaN
32851	NaN
33029	NaN
33030	NaN
33031	NaN
33032	NaN
33033	NaN
32509 32848 32849 32850 32851	Total confirmed deaths due to COVID-19 per 100,000 people 0.383741 0.383741 0.383741 0.383741 0.383741
33029 33030 33031 33032 33033	4.399448 4.399448 4.399448 4.399448 4.502173
[217 r	ows x 7 columns]

Implemented a function to reduce repeated code, with these goals:

- Select the country of interest by name
- Trim off date outside our scope
- Sort the dataframe by date

```
def draw normalized(*countries):
    for country in countries:
        df = country_deaths(country)
        x = df.loc[:,'Day'].values
        x = np.asarray(x, dtype='datetime64[s]')
        y = np.log10(df.loc[:,df.columns[6]].values)
        plt.plot(x, y, label = country)
    plt.title("Total confirmed deaths due to COVID-19 per 100,000
people\n between Jun 2020 and Jan 2021, normalized")
    plt.xlabel("Date")
    plt.xticks(rotation=45)
    plt.ylabel("per 100,000 people")
    plt.legend()
    plt.show()
draw normalized('United
States', 'Indonesia', 'Pakistan', 'Nigeria', 'Brazil', 'Bangladesh')
```





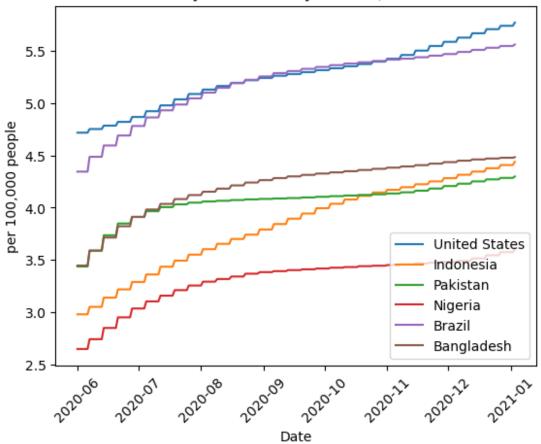
Implemented a function to call the previous dataframe trimming function, normalize the data and then plot them on the graph.

```
df confirmed = pd.read csv('data/total-confirmed-cases-per-lm.csv')
df confirmed.info()
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 427250 entries, 0 to 427249
Data columns (total 4 columns):
#
    Column
                                                           Non-Null
Count
       Dtype
                                                           427250 non-
0 Entity
null object
    Code
                                                           401615 non-
1
null object
2
                                                           427250 non-
    Day
null object
    Total confirmed cases of COVID-19 per million people 427250 non-
null float64
dtypes: float64(1), object(3)
memory usage: 13.0+ MB
```

Observing the dataset for confirmed cases per 1 million, found column 0, 1, 3 are of our interest

```
def country confirmed(country):
    return df confirmed.loc[(df confirmed['Entity']==country,
df confirmed.columns[:])].loc[(df confirmed['Day']>'2020-05-31') &
(df confirmed['Day']<'2021-01-04')].sort values(by='Day')</pre>
def draw normalized(*countries):
    for country in countries:
        df = country confirmed(country)
        x = df.loc[:, 'Day'].values
        x = np.asarray(x, dtype='datetime64[s]')
        y = np.log10(df.loc[:, df.columns[3]].values * 10)
        plt.plot(x, y, label=country)
    plt.title("Total confirmed cases due to COVID-19 per 100,000
people\n between Jun 2020 and Jan 2021, normalized")
    plt.xlabel("Date")
    plt.xticks(rotation=45)
    plt.ylabel("per 100,000 people")
    plt.legend()
    plt.show()
draw_normalized('United States', 'Indonesia', 'Pakistan', 'Nigeria',
'Brazil', 'Bangladesh')
```

Total confirmed cases due to COVID-19 per 100,000 people between Jun 2020 and Jan 2021, normalized



Took the same approach from plotting confirmed death to plot total confirmed cases. Note that the data was for "per 1 million people" so we x10 the data to get the desired "per 100k people" result