### 참여자

Server: CEX 서비스 제공자(중앙 거래소), 총자산을 증명하려는 주체

Smart Contract: 거래소의 총자산과 커밋이 저장되어 있어 누구나 확인 할 수 있다.

Users: CEX 서비스 사용자

#### **Notation**

AccountList(AL): list of cc-SNARK proofs that contain Pedersen commitment of value  $(\pi_{cc_0}, \dots, \pi_{cc_n})$ . Size of list can be incremental. All users of CEX can view account Llst

cmInfo: private database of Pedersen Commitment opening keys  $\{(r_0, v_0)\cdots, (r_n, v_n)\}$ 

 $\pi_{cc}$  . d : cc-SNARK proof d term contain pedersen commitment of account value where  $\pi_{cc}$  .  $d=g^vh_r$ 

 $C_{cex}$ : total value commitment. Using Pedersen Commitment's homomorphic property, server can product total account commitment to get the total value commitment.  $C_{cex} = g^v h^{r_{cex}}$ 

#### cc-SNARK:

setup(R) returns {pk, vk, pp(G,p,g,h)} prove(pk,  $\vec{x}$ ,  $\vec{w}$ ) returns { $\pi$ ,  $c_w$ , r} :  $c_w$ 는  $\vec{w}$ 의 vector pedersen commitment로 proof의 D term ( $c_w = \prod g_i^{w_i} \cdot h^r$ ) Verify(vk,  $\pi$ ,  $\vec{x}$ ) returns 1/0

$$\begin{split} & \underbrace{\mathsf{LinSetup}(R_{\mathcal{Q}}) \to (\sigma_1, \sigma_2)}_{\alpha, \beta, \gamma, \delta, \eta, \tau \leftarrow \$\mathbb{F}^*} \\ & \sigma_1 \coloneqq \left(1, \alpha, \beta, \delta, \{\tau^i\}_{i=1}^{d-1}, \underbrace{\left\{\frac{\beta a_i(\tau) + \alpha b_i(\tau) + c_i(\tau)}{\gamma}\right\}_{i=1}^n, \frac{\eta}{\gamma}}_{\gamma} \right\{ \underbrace{\frac{\beta a_i(\tau) + \alpha b_i(\tau) + c_i(\tau)}{\delta}}_{\delta} \right\}_{i=n+1}^m, \left\{\frac{1}{\delta}\tau^i t(\tau)\right\}_{i=0}^{d-2}, \frac{\eta}{\delta} \right\} \\ & \sigma_2 \coloneqq \left(1, \beta, \gamma, \delta, \{\tau^i\}_{i=0}^{d-1}\right) \\ & \mathsf{ProofMatrix}(R_{\mathcal{Q}}, \boldsymbol{w}) \to (H_1, H_2) \\ & \mathsf{Let} \ \boldsymbol{w} \coloneqq (\boldsymbol{u}, \boldsymbol{\omega}). \ \mathsf{Compute} \ h(Z) \ \mathsf{as in} \ (9) \ ; \ r, s, v \leftarrow \$\mathbb{F} \\ & \mathsf{Let} \ H_1 \in \mathbb{F}^{3 \times (m+2d+6)}, H_2 \in \mathbb{F}^{1 \times (d+4)} \ \mathsf{s.t.} \ (A, C, D)^\top = H_1 \cdot \boldsymbol{\sigma}_1, B = H_2 \cdot \boldsymbol{\sigma}_2 \ \mathsf{and} \\ & A \coloneqq \alpha + \sum_{k=0}^m w_k \cdot a_k(\tau) + r\delta \ ; \ B \coloneqq \beta + \sum_{k=0}^m w_k \cdot b_k(\tau) + s\delta \ ; \ D \coloneqq \sum_{k=0}^n w_k \cdot \frac{1}{\gamma} (\beta a_k(\tau) + \alpha b_k(\tau) + c_k(\tau)) + v \frac{\eta}{\gamma} \\ & C \coloneqq \sum_{k=n+1}^m w_k \cdot \frac{\beta a_k(\tau) + \alpha b_k(\tau) + c_k(\tau)}{\delta} - v \frac{\eta}{\delta} + \sum_{i=0}^{d-2} h_i \frac{\tau^i t(\tau)}{\delta} + As + Br - rs\delta \\ & \mathsf{Test}(R_{\mathcal{Q}}) \to T \end{split}$$

Figure 22: Our NILP for an augmented QAP relation  $R_{\mathcal{Q}}(\boldsymbol{u},\boldsymbol{\omega})$ , to be used to obtain ccGro16.

Define  $T \in \mathbb{F}^{(m+2d+9)\times(d+5)}$  encoding the following quadratic test:  $A \cdot B = \alpha \cdot \beta + C \cdot \delta + D \cdot \gamma$ 

$$\mathsf{VerCommit}(\mathsf{ck}, [D_1], \boldsymbol{u}, o) := [D]_1 \stackrel{?}{=} \sum_{k=0}^n u_k \cdot \left[ \frac{1}{\gamma} (\beta a_k(\tau) + \alpha b_k(\tau) + c_k(\tau)) \right]_1 + o \cdot \left[ \frac{\eta}{\gamma} \right]_1$$

- 계좌 잔고의 value가 양수임을 증명하는데 cc-SNARK 사용
- Proof안에 witness의 commitment가 포함되어있음. Circuit 내부에서 commitment 체크할 필요가 없어진다. Account value range proof cc-SNARK Circuit Relation(;v):

Check 
$$0 \le v < 2^{64}$$

- 스마트컨트랙트에 업데이트하기 위해서  $C_{cex}$ 를 잘 만들었는지 확인
- 업데이트를 잘했는지도 필요할까? 밑에 두개 중 하나 선택
- 1. CEX total value update SNARK Circuit Relation( $C_{cex}$ ,  $v_{cex}$ ,  $C_{cex}$ ,  $v_{cex}$ ,  $v_{cex}$ ;  $r_{cex}$ ,  $r_{c$

$$c_{cex} = g^{v_{cex}} h^{r_{cex}}$$

$$c_{cex}' = g^{v_{cex}'} h^{r_{cex}'}$$

$$c_{cex}' = c_{cex} \cdot c_i^{-1} \cdot c_i'$$

2. CEX total value update SNARK Circuit Relation( $C_{cex}$ ,  $v_{cex}$ ;  $r_{cex}$ ):

$$c_{cex} = g^{v_{cex}} h^{r_{cex}}$$

# Server Algorithm: setup, newAccount, updateAccount

AccountList(AL) :  $\{\pi_{cc_0}, \cdots, \pi_{cc_N}\}$  list of cc-snark proof

cmInfo : {  $(r_0, v_0), \dots, (r_n, v_n)$  } list of opening key of cm

### $setup(R_{cc}, R)$ :

$$pk_{cc}, vk_{cc}, pp_{ped} \leftarrow \Pi_{cc} . Setup(R_{cc})$$
  
 $pk, vk \leftarrow \Pi . setup(R)$   
 $C_{cer} \leftarrow 1$ 

Returns  $(pk, vk, pk_{cc}, vk_{cc}, c_{cex})$ 

### $\underline{\text{newAccount}}(pk_{cc}, pk \text{ i : index of newAccount})$ :

$$\pi_{cc_i}, c_i, r_i \leftarrow \Pi_{cc} . Prove(pk_{cc}, \; ; 0)$$

$$C_{cex} \leftarrow C_{cex} \times c_i$$
 where  $C_{cex} = pp_{ped} \cdot g^v pp_{ped} \cdot h^r$ 

$$r_{cex} \leftarrow r_{cex} + r_i$$

$$\pi_{cex} \leftarrow \Pi.Prove(pk, C_{cex}, v_{cex}; r_{cex})$$

AL.append( $\pi_{cc_i}$ )

cmInfo.append( $(0, r_i)$ )

Return  $Tx_{update} = (\pi_{cex}, C_{cex}, v_{cex}), r_i$ 

# updateAccount( $pk_{cc}$ , pk, i: index of newAccount, $v_i'$ ):

$$\pi_{cc_i}', c_i', r_i' \leftarrow \Pi_{cc}.Prove(pk_{cc}, v_i')$$

Get  $c_i$  from AL and  $(v_i, r_j)$  from cmInfo

$$C_{cex} \leftarrow C_{cex}c_i'c_i^{-1}$$

$$r_{cex} \leftarrow r_{cex} + r_i' - r_i$$

$$v_{cex} \leftarrow v_{cex} + v_i' - v_i$$

$$\pi_{cex} \leftarrow \Pi \cdot Prove(pk, C_{cex}, v_{cex}; r_{cex})$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{AL[i]} \leftarrow \pi_{cc_i} \\ & \text{cmInfo[i]} \leftarrow (r_i', v_i') \end{aligned}$$

Return  $Tx_{update} = (\pi_{cex}, C_{cex}, v_{cex}), r_i'$ 

**SmartContract** all users can view  $C_{cex}$ ,  $v_{cex}$  to check CEX server has an asset more than  $v_{cex}$  and to make sure  $C_{cex}$  is well made.

### setup(vk):

Store zk-snark verification key vk

# update( $\pi_{cex}$ , , $C_{cex}$ , $v_{cex}$ ):

Assert msg.sender == contract Owner

Assert  $\Pi$  .  $Verify(vk, \pi_{cex}, C_{cex}, v_{cex})$ 

Store  $C_{cex}$ ,  $v_{cex}$  as public

# $\underline{\text{newAccount}(pk_{ec},pk \text{ i : index of newAccount}):}$

$$\pi_{cc_i}, c_i, r_i \leftarrow \Pi_{cc}.Prove(pk_{cc}, ; 0)$$

$$C_{cex} \leftarrow C_{cex} \times c_i$$
 where  $C_{cex} = pp_{ped} \cdot g^v pp_{ped} \cdot h^r$ 

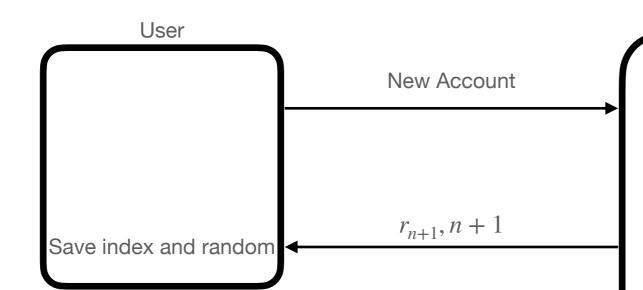
$$r_{cex} \leftarrow r_{cex} + r_i$$

$$\pi_{cex} \leftarrow \Pi.Prove(pk, C_{cex}, v_{cex}; r_{cex})$$

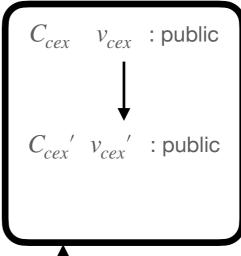
AL.append( $\pi_{cc_i}$ )

cmInfo.append((0,  $r_i$ ))

Return  $Tx_{update} = (\pi_{cex}, C_{cex}, v_{cex}), r_i$ 



#### **Smart Contract**



 $Tx_{update}$ 

**CEX** server

 $Tx_{update}, r_{n+1} \leftarrow newAccount(pk_{cc}, pk, n+1)$ 

Account List: Public

 $\pi_{cc_0}$ 

: Public Cm Info: Private  $(r_0, v_0)$ 

 $(r_n, v_n)$ 

 $(r_{n+1},0)$ 

 $\pi_{cc_{n+}}$ 

