

AI-Driven SDLC Guidelines With Hands-On

Goal

Learn how to adopt and leverage AI tools to optimize every step in the SDLC process. This guideline provides detailed step by step hands on approach with tool-specific examples, prompts, and best practices. You will learn by applying these steps to build a complete **Todo** service end-to-end using a single **.NET 8 WebAPI** app serving **Razor Views** and **vanilla JavaScript**. The choice of technology is optional, feel free to change the prompts to implement this in whatever technology that fits your target or working environment.

This isn't an exhaustive list or comprehensive guideline, but it does map out most of the SDLC phases and illustrates how AI can be applied at each stage. The specific tools, prompts, integrations, and configurations may vary, yet the overall approach remains consistent. The key is to unleash your imagination and creativity, and partner with AI at every step to expand your knowledge, sharpen your skills, and amplify your impact.

Phase 0: Request for proposal

The trigger of any SDLC task in a project, is receiving a request from a stakeholder to create a new project or a new feature, or change an existing logic, or a reported bug by a client or QA etc...

For the context of this guideline or project, the following is the initial requirements. (Can be found attached under docs/initial_requirements.md)

```
# Todo App Initial Requirements (MVP)

## Summary
- Build a simple Todo app for individuals/small teams.

## MVP Scope
- Tasks: create, read, update, soft delete; toggle completed.
- Fields: title (required), description (optional), due date (optional), priority (low/med/high), tags (0..n).
- List: search (`q`), filter (priority/tag), basic sort; pagination.
- Single UI page (list + create + filters), minimal interactions.
```

Phase 1: Requirements & Planning

Overview

Given initial requirements, the next step in the SDLC process is requirement understanding and expansion to make sure all questions are answered and the scope is clear. Under this context we need to generate initial questions about the details and scope of the requirements, update them, and generate user stories using standard formats.

Step 1: Clarifying Requirements

The following is an example prompt to be fed to an AI tool like ChatGPT, Gemini, Codex or Github Copilot to help clarify the scope, give you ideas of unclear areas and build set of questions that you can share with the stakeholder to help you build a more solid understanding of the requirements.

Now prompt your AI agent and feed it the requirements and ask it to extend it with suggested questions to clarify all aspects of it.

Example Prompt:

I have a set of initial high-level requirements for a new software project. As a business analyst/engineer, I want to ensure the scope is clear, risks are identified, and missing details are uncovered.

Your Task: Analyze the requirements I provide and generate:

Clarifying Questions: What details should be asked from stakeholders to refine the scope (functional, non-functional, edge cases, constraints, integrations, dependencies)?

Output Format:

Clarifying Questions (list)

The following are the requirements:

<requirements>

On ChatGPT or Gemini which are external tools you can either attach the requirements file and reference it in the requirements section in the prompt, and if you are using Codex or Github Copilot which are IDE Extensions, you just need to reference the initial_requirements.md file in your IDE Extension chat box. Agent Mode or Ask/chat mode both works in this case, but if you want to generate a file from the response, then use the Agent mode.

Pass the prompt to the AI agent, and you should get something like the below.

Expected Output:

Clarifying Questions

- * Soft delete: Should deleted tasks be restorable in MVP, or only permanently purged later?
- * Tags: Free text per task or chosen from a predefined list? Any tag management UI?
- * Search: Should q search title only or title+description+tags? Case/diacritics sensitivity?
- * Sorting: What is the default sort (createdAt, dueDate, priority)? Any secondary sort for stability?
- * Pagination: Default page size, maximum page size, and exact parameter names?
- * PATCH: Only toggle completed, or allow partial updates for other fields? Which

- fields are patchable?
- * Due date: Date-only or date-time with timezone? Which timezone rules for display/storage?
 - * Validation: Title max length, allowed characters; tag count and length limits?
 - * Filters: Can priority, tag, and q be combined? How to present empty results?
 - * List vs detail: Should list responses include description or a compact subset?
 - * IDs: Server-generated GUIDs or client-provided? Any idempotency keys for create?
 - * Bulk ops: Need bulk delete/complete/update endpoints?
 - * Browsers/UX: Target browsers; mobile/responsive requirements; keyboard accessibility specifics?
 - * Performance: Page-load budget, P95 API latency targets, expected data sizes?
 - * Environments: Required envs (dev/test/prod); DB choice per env (SQLite in dev, what in prod)?
 - * Logging/Errors: Structured JSON logs? Correlation/trace IDs? Standardize on RFC7807 fields?
 - * Data: Retention policy, backup/restore needs, export (CSV/JSON) in MVP?
 - * Hosting/Security: Hosting constraints (Windows/Linux/container), CORS, TLS, security headers?

These suggested questions can be reviewed by the human resource, edited, and then shared with the stakeholder to confirm and clarify the scope. This can be an iterative process until both parties agree on the scope.

Once agreed and finalized with the stakeholders, now you need to merge all the results in the final requirements scope. Pass the initial requirements with the questions and the answers you got from the stakeholders to the AI agent to consolidate and then store back into a file call it "final_requirements.md" under the "docs" directory. (Again this directory structure is used for this project to be shared with others, in your case you might use other document repositories like Notion, Confluence etc..., and you might use **MCP servers** to connect to them directly from your IDE AI agent)

Example prompt to consolidate:

Make sure to replace context with the generated questions and answers from stakeholder.

```
Consolidate the @initial_requirements.md and the generated questions and answers  
into a new file called final_requirements.md  
Here are the generated questions and answers:  
<context>
```

Expected Output:

The expected output can be found in the attached "docs/final_requirements.md" file.

Step 2: Planning

Now after having a set of clear requirements, let's leverage AI agent to help create all the "INVEST" stories, with "Gherkin" acceptance criteria, and some initial estimation (With and Without AI) to get an idea of the size

of the effort and help us plan.

Having the full requirements, feed a prompt to your AI Agent to create the stories. Feel free to change the prompt to fit your working environment and tools. You can as well use MCP Server, for example Azure MCP Server to have the AI Agent automatically create the sprints and the tickets on Azure DevOps.

Example Prompt:

Your context is a final requirements file @final_requirements.md.

****Your Task:**** Based on these requirements, generate the following deliverables:

1. ****INVEST Stories:**** Convert requirements into user stories using the INVEST model (As a , I want , so that). This should be based on end user UI/UX.
2. ****Gherkin Acceptance Criteria:**** For each story, write at least one scenario in Given/When/Then format. This should be based on end user UI/UX.
3. ****Backlog:**** Organize the stories into ****Epics**** (e.g., CRUD, Filtering, Usability). Provide a table with:
 - * Story ID
 - * Story Description
 - * Epic
 - * Priority (High/Medium/Low)
 - * Estimate (Story Points or T-shirt size)
 - * Dependencies (if any)
4. ****Sprint Plan:**** Create a 2-sprint plan (2 weeks each) with dependencies respected (e.g., backend CRUD before UI). Present as Markdown lists.
5. ****Risks & Assumptions:**** List key assumptions made and potential risks/unknowns.

****Output Format:****

- * ****Stories & Gherkin:**** Markdown list with story text + Gherkin block.
- * ****Backlog Table:**** Markdown table with columns \[ID | Story | Epic | Priority | Estimate | Dependencies\].
- * ****Sprint Plan:**** Sprint 1 and Sprint 2 items.
- * ****Risks/Assumptions:**** Bullet points.

****Constraints:****

- * Ensure every story is ****Independent, Negotiable, Valuable, Estimable, Small, Testable (INVEST)****.
- * Gherkin criteria must be specific and testable. Make sure the text is elaborate, clear and valid.
- * Keep the backlog practical (10-20 stories is fine).
- * Provide 2 estimates, with and without AI tools help. This would give a bit the expectations of the significance of using AI tools for each task.
- * Present everything in Markdown so it can be copied into Jira or Azure DevOps.

Store the results in a new file call it `plan.md` □

Example Output:

Find attached plan.md as an example output. This saves a lot time to generate this backlog and plan for it, you can either add them manually to your task management system or even go further to add relevant MCP server to your IDE extensions and enable your AI agent to automatically create the backlog using the MCP Server. You can lookup about Azure DevOps MCP Server, or Notion MCP server etc...

Phase 2: Design & Architecture

Overview

Now we have a complete and agreed on requirements, we also have an initial plan with detailed backlog and priorities and estimates.

The next phase in the SDLC process is to start researching and deciding on the tech stack, architecture and design that best fit the requirements and plan.

This section demonstrates how to leverage AI tools or agents to help sketch, research and agree on the most fit architecture and design decisions.

Again, others might jump directly into implementation with AI, however it is recommended to research with AI first and agree on the technical direction and structure so that both the AI agent and the Human Engineer are aligned before the implementation to avoid divergence and boilerplate code. This will make it easier for the Human engineer to review and understand the background of the decisions made by the AI.

Example Prompt:

Attached under prompts/tech_desing_prompt.md you can find an example prompt that you can generate yourself, or even have AI help you generate it. The objective of the prompt is to explicitly point to the AI tool to refer to the final requirements file, and the plan file, and use them to come up with a high level technical and architectural suggestions, expressed with textual and visual components, like Mermaid (diagramming language).

Once you have that long prompt in a file now instruct your AI agent to use it to build the tech document and save it to a new file docs/tech_design_res.md

Get all the detailed instructions from @tech_design_prompt.md apply it and save your results to file docs/tech_design_res.md

Expected Output:

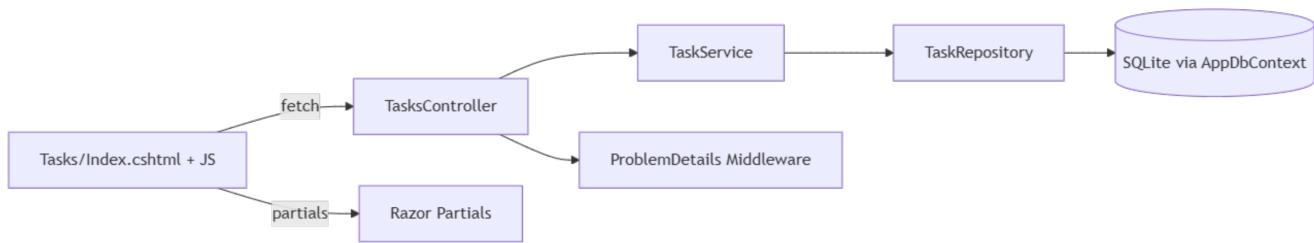
Attached docs/tech_design_res.md is an example of what output you would get. You might get a different output, make sure to thoroughly read and audit the results, and you might need to do more interactions with the AI tool to fix any issues you find.

The following is part of the results you will find in the generated doc.

Components

```
```mermaid
graph TD
 UI[UI[Tasks/Index.cshtml + JS]] -- fetch --> API[API[TasksController]]
 API --> SVC[SVC[TaskService]]
 SVC --> REPO[REPO[TaskRepository]]
 REPO --> DB[DB[(SQLite via AppDbContext)]]
 API --> ERR[ERR[ProblemDetails Middleware]]
 UI -- partials --> VIEW[VIEW[Razor Partials]]
```

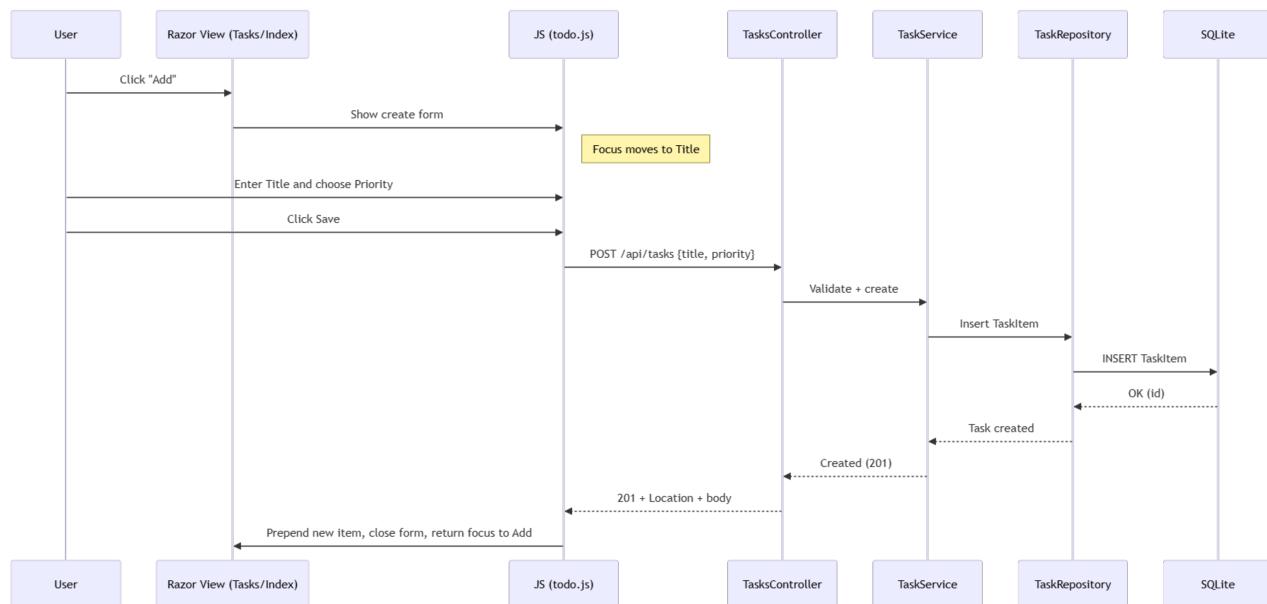
```



T01 Create Flow (Add → Form → Save)

```
```mermaid
sequenceDiagram
 participant U as User
 participant V as Razor View (Tasks/Index)
 participant JS as JS (todo.js)
 participant API as TasksController
 participant S as TaskService
 participant R as TaskRepository
 participant DB as SQLite
 U->>V: Click "Add"
 V->>JS: Show create form
 Note right of JS: Focus moves to Title
 U->>JS: Enter Title and choose Priority
 U->>JS: Click Save
 JS->>API: POST /api/tasks {title, priority}
 API->>S: Validate + create
 S->>R: Insert TaskItem
 R->>DB: INSERT TaskItem
 DB-->R: OK (id)
 R-->>S: Task created
 S-->>API: Created (201)
 API-->>JS: 201 + Location + body
 JS->>V: Prepend new item, close form, return focus to Add
```

```



The above diagrams are generated by the AI agent using "Mermaid" code.

A Mermaid diagram is a diagram generated from text-based code using a Markdown-inspired syntax. It enables users write a simple text definition for a diagram, and then it can be automatically rendered into the visual representation, making it easier to integrate into documentation and workflows. Common diagrams include flowcharts, UML diagrams, Gantt charts, pie charts, Git graphs, and more.

Above you see the first diagram which depicts the main components flow chart(Controller, Service, Middleware, Repository, DB).

The second diagram is a sequence diagram that depicts the flow of a certain process, in this case the "Create Task" process.

Phase 3: Development & Coding

Overview

So far we have full requirements, plan, technical design and architectural decisions. These went through iterations with AI agent, and then agreed on the final versions. Now we can benefit from this study to trigger the development cycles. The plan clearly states the tasks that needs to be done, accordingly it is recommended that we trigger one task at a time to the AI agent, in order to be able to review based on a specific scope, and align on the final results before committing to it.

This as well can be part of the DevOps process of the team, i.e. on every task that is done, create a PR for review. This can be as well automated based on the AI Agent that is available for the team. Some can be directly connected to your repo, and can directly create a PR when the task is done.

As per the recommendations lets ask the AI Agent to start with the first task "P1" as per the plan, which is to set the foundations of the project.

Example Prompt:

Your task is to implement the Platform Foundations (P1) task for the todo app.

Follow the architecture and specification document in `@tech_design_res.md` to create the foundations as per the plan laid out in `@plan.md`.

Make sure to implement only P1, not the other tasks.

Example Output: The AI Agent is expected to setup all dependencies, generate all the backend foundations, Models, Repository, Service, controller, middlewares, DBcontext, db migration and seeds. The UI is just a plain page/view so far as per the scope of P1.

You can iterate task after the other to finish the project.

Attached is an example output under the `src/` directory, should look like this.

```
src/
├── TodoApp.Api/
│   ├── Controllers/
│   │   ├── HealthController.cs
│   │   └── TasksController.cs
│   ├── Middleware/
│   │   ├── CorrelationIdMiddleware.cs
│   │   └── ProblemDetailsMiddleware.cs
│   ├── Models/
│   │   ├── CreateTaskDto.cs
│   │   ├── TaskDto.cs
│   │   └── UpdateTaskDto.cs
│   ├── Properties/
│   │   └── launchSettings.json
│   ├── Views/
│   │   ├── Shared/
│   │   │   ├── _Layout.cshtml
│   │   │   └── _ValidationScriptsPartial.cshtml
│   │   └── Tasks/
│   │       ├── Index.cshtml
│   │       ├── _CreateTaskForm.cshtml
│   │       └── _TaskList.cshtml
│   └── wwwroot/
│       ├── css/
│       │   └── site.css
│       └── js/
│           └── todo.js
├── appsettings.Development.json
└── appsettings.json
```

```
Program.cs
TodoApp.Api.csproj
```

```
TodoApp.Application/
├── Interfaces/
│   ├── ITaskRepository.cs
│   └── ITaskService.cs
```

```

    └── Services/
        └── TaskService.cs
    └── Validators/
        ├── CreateTaskValidator.cs
        └── UpdateTaskValidator.cs
    └── TodoApp.Application.csproj

└── TodoApp.Infrastructure/
    ├── Data/
        └── ApplicationDbContext.cs
    ├── Migrations/
    └── Repositories/
        └── TaskRepository.cs
    ├── Entities/
        └── TaskItem.cs
    └── TodoApp.Infrastructure.csproj

```

Similarly you can ask the AI agent to go and implement every other task in the plan, then make sure to review it, and then move to the next. This should lead you to the completed scope.

Example Prompt: This can be used for every of the next tasks.

Follow the architecture and specification document in `@tech_design_res.md` and `@plan.md` and the current project setup and features and implement the next task T01 that is mentioned in the plan.

The following is an example of the final output.

Paginated Tasks List with search queries, priority and tags filters, and sorting columns.

| Tasks | | Search tasks... | | Priority | Tags | Created | Desc | Actions |
|--------------------------|--|-----------------|----------------|------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------|---|
| Title | | Priority | Tags | Due Date | Days to Due | Completed | Updated At | Actions |
| Take a nap | | Med | home, planning | 2025-09-22 | 0 | <input type="checkbox"/> | 9/22/2025, 1:04:24 PM | <button>Edit</button> <button>Delete</button> |
| Pay Power Bill | | High | home | 2025-09-21 | -1 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 9/22/2025, 9:41:49 AM | <button>Edit</button> <button>Delete</button> |
| Learning LLMs | | Med | learning | 2025-09-30 | 8 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 9/22/2025, 9:52:50 AM | <button>Edit</button> <button>Delete</button> |
| Finish SDLC guideline | | High | work | 2025-10-08 | 16 | <input type="checkbox"/> | 9/22/2025, 10:06:03 AM | <button>Edit</button> <button>Delete</button> |
| Book dentist appointment | | Med | health | 2025-10-06 | 14 | <input type="checkbox"/> | 9/22/2025, 9:39:09 AM | <button>Edit</button> <button>Delete</button> |

Prev Page 1 of 2 Next

Click on the "Add" button to add a new task.

Privacy

Add Task X

Title

Description (optional)

Add more details...

Due Date

mm/dd/yyyy □

Priority

Med ▼

Tags (optional, comma-separated)

home, work

Up to 10 tags.

Save Cancel

Search t ▼ Desc

dated At

2/2025, 1:04:24

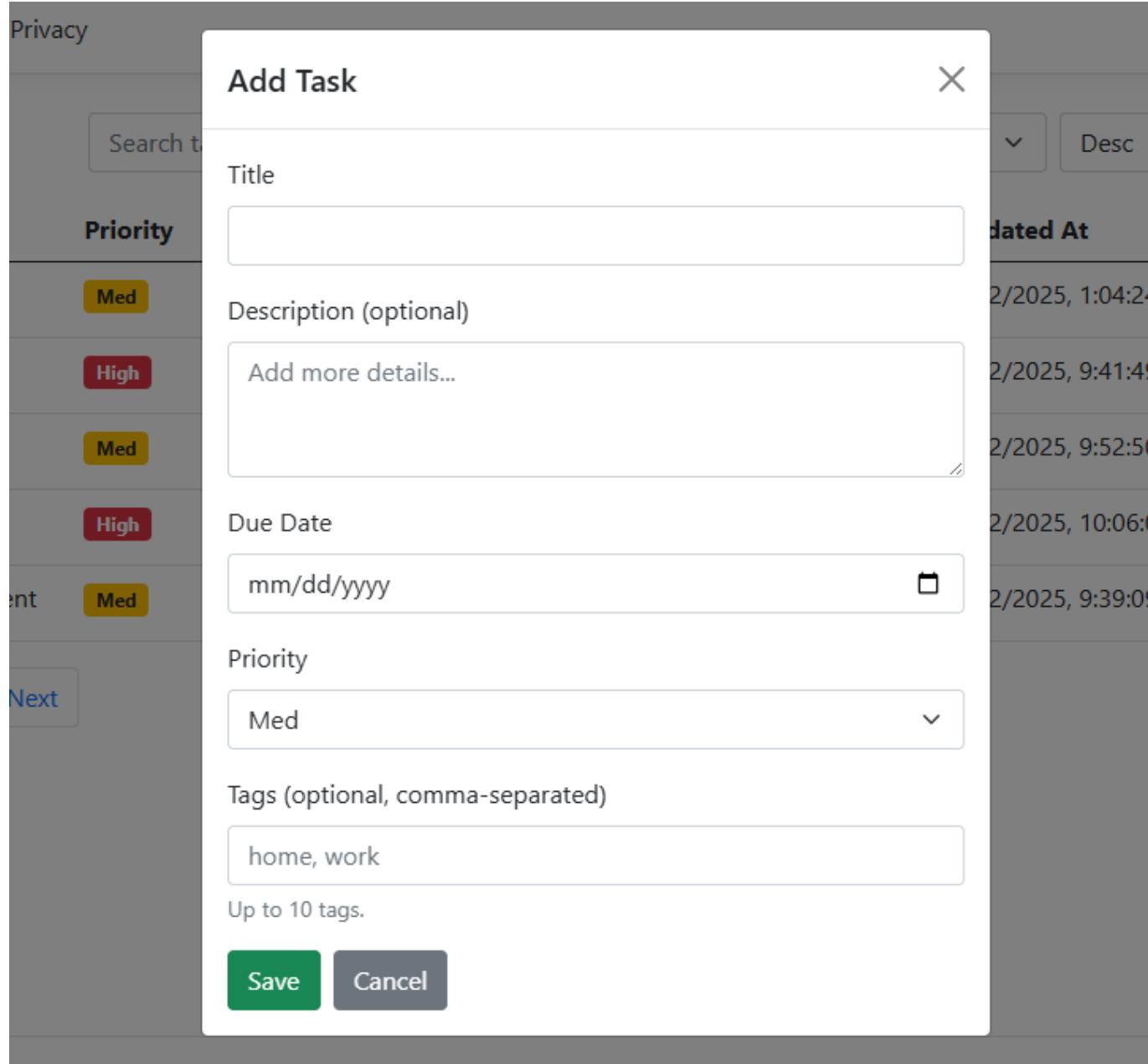
2/2025, 9:41:49

2/2025, 9:52:50

2/2025, 10:06:01

2/2025, 9:39:05

Next



Click on "Edit" button on any row to view the edit dialog.

acy

Edit Task

Title

Finish SDLC guideline

Description (optional)

Add more details...

Due Date

10/08/2025

Priority

High

Tags (optional, comma-separated)

work

Up to 10 tags.

Save **Cancel**

This is a screenshot of a task editing interface. The main title of the modal is "Edit Task". Inside, there's a "Title" field containing "Finish SDLC guideline". Below it is a "Description (optional)" field with the placeholder "Add more details...". A "Due Date" field shows "10/08/2025" with a calendar icon. The "Priority" dropdown is set to "High". Under "Tags (optional, comma-separated)", there is one tag listed: "work". At the bottom are two buttons: a green "Save" button and a grey "Cancel" button.

Click on "Delete" button and confirm to soft delete a task.

y

Delete Task

Are you sure you want to delete "Take a nap"?

Cancel **Delete**

2025-09-21 -1

9/22/2025, 9:41:49 AM

This is a screenshot of a delete confirmation dialog. The title of the dialog is "Delete Task". The main message asks, "Are you sure you want to delete 'Take a nap'?". At the bottom are two buttons: "Cancel" (grey) and "Delete" (red). The background shows a list of tasks with columns for title, priority, date, and status. One task in the list is partially visible with the title "Take a nap", priority "Med", date "2025-09-21 -1", and status "9/22/2025, 9:41:49 AM".

Overview

This phase can go hand in hand with Phase 3, i.e. it can be done either before (TDD Test Driven Design) or after the ticket is implemented. It all depends on the team methodology. So you don't need to wait for the full set of tickets or tasks to be done to go through this phase. It is better to do it per implementation task.

The objective of this phase is to leverage AI and the context we have to help us enforce the automated testing. Usually teams rely more on manual testing in which its effort grows linearly or even exponentially when the project grows. Accordingly Unit and Automated testing are a crucial practice in the SDLC process for Quality Assurance.

Now given the implementation done, lets trigger AI to create unit tests project to cover most of the business logic we generated so far, endpoints, services, data access etc..

Example Prompt:

Create a comprehensive suite of unit tests in a separate project or module for the Todo app in the workspace.

- 1- Analyze the codebase focusing on the application, api, and infrastructure layers to identify key business logic, services and validators that require testing.
- 2- Generate unit tests for each identified use case and component
- 3- Use the most appropriate testing stack that fits the project tech stack. examples (xUnit, NUnit, FluentAssertions, Moq, etc...)

Ensure your tests cover all endpoints, services, happy paths, edge cases, and error conditions. Follow the arrange-act-assert pattern and use descriptive test names.

Example Output:

The AI agent generated the tests in a separate project under tests/TodoApp.Tests. As mentioned in every step, the output should be reviewed, analyzed, reiterated with the AI to get the desired result.

```
tests/
└── TodoApp.Tests/
    ├── Api/
    │   └── TasksControllerTests.cs
    ├── Application/
    │   └── TaskServiceTests.cs
    ├── Infrastructure/
    │   └── TaskRepositoryTests.cs
    └── TodoApp.Tests.csproj
```

Now lets run the tests.

You can run the tests using the technology standard tools. In this case, we can run the tests using the command:

```
dotnet test --logger "console;verbosity=detailed"
```

The following are the results of the 23 test cases generated:

```
Starting test execution, please wait...
A total of 1 test files matched the specified pattern.
C:\Users\KamalYoussef\OneDrive -
C:\ME\Desktop\AI_SDLC_Guidelines\tests\TodoApp.Tests\bin\Debug\net8.0\TodoApp.Tests.dll
[xUnit.net 00:00:00.00] xUnit.net VSTest Adapter v2.5.3.1+6b60a9e56a (64-bit .NET 8.0.7)
[xUnit.net 00:00:00.09] Discovering: TodoApp.Tests
[xUnit.net 00:00:00.14] Discovered: TodoApp.Tests
[xUnit.net 00:00:00.14] Starting: TodoApp.Tests
 Passed TodoApp.Tests.Api.TasksControllerTests.Get_Found_ReturnsOk [71 ms]
 Passed TodoApp.Tests.Api.TasksControllerTests.Get_NotFound_Returns404 [3 ms]
 Passed
TodoApp.Tests.Application.TaskServiceTests.CreateAsync_ValidRequest_ReturnsCreatedWithLocation [80 ms]
 Passed
TodoApp.Tests.Api.TasksControllerTests.Create_ReturnsCreatedWithLocation [3 ms]
 Passed
TodoApp.Tests.Api.TasksControllerTests.Delete_NoContent_WhenServiceReturnsTrue [2 ms]
 Passed TodoApp.Tests.Api.TasksControllerTests.List_ReturnsOkWithPayload [3 ms]
 Passed TodoApp.Tests.Api.TasksControllerTests.Replace_NotFound_Returns404 [2 ms]
 Passed TodoApp.Tests.Api.TasksControllerTests.Patch_NotFound_Returns404 [2 ms]
 Passed TodoApp.Tests.Api.TasksControllerTests.Replace_Ok_Returns200 [1 ms]
 Passed
TodoApp.Tests.Application.TaskServiceTests.PatchAsync_DescriptionTooLong_Throws [13 ms]
 Passed
TodoApp.Tests.Api.TasksControllerTests.Delete_NotFound_WhenServiceReturnsFalse [1 ms]
 Passed
TodoApp.Tests.Application.TaskServiceTests.CreateAsync_InvalidTitle_Throws(title: "") [1 ms]
 Passed
TodoApp.Tests.Application.TaskServiceTests.CreateAsync_InvalidTitle_Throws(title: "") [< 1 ms]
 Passed
TodoApp.Tests.Application.TaskServiceTests.CreateAsync_InvalidTitle_Throws(title: null) [< 1 ms]
 Passed
TodoApp.Tests.Application.TaskServiceTests.UpdateAsync_TitleTooLong_Throws [1 ms]
[xUnit.net 00:00:01.16] Finished: TodoApp.Tests
 Passed
```

```

TodoApp.Tests.Application.TaskServiceTests.CreateAsync_MissingDueDate_Throws [< 1 ms]
  ✓ Passed TodoApp.Tests.Api.TasksControllerTests.List_MapsQueryAndClampsValues [7 ms]
    ✓ Passed TodoApp.Tests.Api.TasksControllerTests.Patch_Ok_Returns200 [1 ms]
    ✓ Passed
TodoApp.Tests.Infrastructure.TaskRepositoryTests.ListAsync_FilterByPriority_IncludesOnlySelected [408 ms]
  ✓ Passed
TodoApp.Tests.Infrastructure.TaskRepositoryTests.ListAsync_FilterByTags_UsesInMemoryORLogic [7 ms]
  ✓ Passed
TodoApp.Tests.Infrastructure.TaskRepositoryTests.ListAsync_Search_Q.FiltersByTitleOrDescription [16 ms]
  ✓ Passed
TodoApp.Tests.Infrastructure.TaskRepositoryTests.ListAsync_Defaults_ReturnsSortedByCreatedDesc_WithPaging [5 ms]
  ✓ Passed
TodoApp.Tests.Infrastructure.TaskRepositoryTests.CreateUpdatePatchDelete_Workflow_Works [18 ms]

Test Run Successful.
Total tests: 23
  ✓ Passed: 23
Total time: 1.6919 Seconds

```

Or you can ask the AI to run them and give you the report, you can benefit here from AI to return a more personalized result compared to the standard tool. I introduced here a fake bug to trigger a more interesting results.

Example Prompt:

Run the tests generated and return the results in the following format:
Output Format:
- Only show the test that failed and explain what the test case is and the reason of failure.
- Mention at the end the total test cases conducted and the total failed and the total passed.
- Present it in a pretty markdown code format.

Example Output:

```

# 📝 Test Results Report

## ✗ 1 Failed Test Found

**Failed:** `List_MapsQueryAndClampsValues` (TasksControllerTests.cs:149)
- **Issue:** Expected tags `{"work", "home"}` but only found `{"work"}`
- **Cause:** Multiple tag query parameter parsing failure

```

📈 Summary

- **Total:** 23 tests
- **Passed:** 22 (95.7%)
- **Failed:** 1 (4.3%)
- **Time:** 1.81s

🔐 Action Required

Fix tag parsing logic in API controller for multiple tag values.

You can also check your test coverage and accordingly decide what you need to tackle next.

Example Prompt:

```
Run test coverage and return results in a markdown code format.
```

Example Output:

📈 Test Coverage Report

🌐 Overall Coverage Summary

| Metric | Coverage | Details |
|--------------------------|-----------|------------------------------|
| **Line Coverage** | **43.3%** | 269/620 lines covered |
| **Branch Coverage** | **41.6%** | 65/156 branches covered |
| **Method Coverage** | **61.6%** | 77/125 methods covered |
| **Full Method Coverage** | **55.2%** | 69/125 methods fully covered |

🔎 Coverage by Project Layer

🌐 TodoApp.Api - **19.2%** Coverage

- **TasksController**: 100% (API endpoints fully tested)
- **HomeController**: 0% (Web controllers untested)
- **Middleware**: 0% (Security/CORS not covered)
- **Views & Program**: 0% (Startup & UI not tested)

💡 TodoApp.Application - **71.8%** Coverage ★

- **TaskService**: 69.2% (Business logic well covered)
- **DTOs**: 66-100% (Data models tested)
- **Requests**: 100% (Validation covered)

🏠 TodoApp.Infrastructure - **46%** Coverage

- **TaskRepository**: 92.3% (Excellent data access)
- **Entities & DbContext**: 100% (Core data layer)
- **Migrations & Seeder**: 0% (DB setup not tested)

📈 Quality Assessment

| Layer | Coverage | Status |
|----------------|----------|------------------|
| Application | 71.8% | 🟡 **Excellent** |
| Infrastructure | 46.0% | 🟡 **Good** |
| API | 19.2% | 🔴 **Needs Work** |

⚙ Action Items

1. **High Priority**: Test API middleware & web controllers
2. **Medium Priority**: Cover startup configuration & seeding
3. **Low Priority**: Add view rendering tests (if needed)

Result: Strong business logic coverage, API layer requires attention.

Since the coverage tells us that the least covered layer is the API, which includes the UI views, then we shall create some UI tests. Lets trigger the AI agent to create UI tests using "Playwright".

Example Prompt:

```
Add to the existing TodoApi.Tests project test cases to cover UI tests using Playwright
```

Example Output:

The AI agent generates couple of UI test cases with the full setup of the relevant frameworks and configuration of Playwright. Playwright can run UI tests using "Headless" chromium based browsers, i.e. it can run in a CI/CD pipeline.

```
tests/
└── TodoApp.Tests/
    ├── Api/
    │   └── TasksControllerTests.cs
    ├── Application/
    │   └── TaskServiceTests.cs
    ├── Infrastructure/
    │   └── TaskRepositoryTests.cs
    └── Ui/
        ├── TodoAppUiFactory.cs
        └── TodoAppUiTests.cs
    └── TodoApp.Tests.csproj
```

It adds a "UI" directory under the "TodoApp.Tests" project, that includes the UI tests setup and the test cases file.

Run the test cases using the same technology standard tool command, or using AI agent prompts as well, and you should get same result formats as depicted earlier.

Phase 5: DevOps Operations

Overview

Best Practices & Advanced Techniques