

Week 10 Final Project Submission

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Week 10 Updated Topic Choice

What is the question that you are going to answer? (Answer: One sentence that ends with a question mark that could act like the title of your data story)

What should you order next at McDonalds? (Depending on Nutritional Value and Price)

Why is this an important question? (Answer: 3 sentences, each of which has some evidence, e.g., “According to the United Nations...” to justify why the question you have chosen is important)

This question is important because McDonald's is one of the most popular fast food restaurants in the world, and many people are looking for ways to make healthier choices when eating there. Additionally, many people are on a budget, and want to get the most value for their money.

<https://edition.cnn.com/2018/10/03/health/fast-food-consumption-cdc-study/index.html>

A study by The Journal of Preventive Medicine and Hygiene (JPMH) found that people who eat fast food more than twice a week are more likely to be overweight or obese. Additionally, fast food is often high in unhealthy fats, sugar, and sodium.

<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC6196377/>

Lastly, cost is a crucial factor for many consumers, especially those on tight budgets. Understanding the trade-off between nutrition and price at a popular fast-food restaurant like McDonald's can help individuals and families make more informed decisions when dining out, contributing to financial well-being. Addressing this question can ultimately promote healthier eating habits while keeping affordability in mind. <https://egrove.olemiss.edu/cgi/viewcontent.cgi?article=1593&context=etd>

Data

Which rows and columns of the dataset will be used to answer this question? (Answer: Actual names of the variables in the dataset that you plan to use).

Big Mac (Ala Carte) in APAC (Row), Territory (Column) - <https://github.com/schmwong/APAC-McDelivery-Menu-Logger>

Category, Item, Calories, Total Fat, Saturated Fat, Trans Fat - <https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/mcdonalds/nutrition-facts>

Country, Number of Restaurants, Number of Restaurants per Million Population - <https://openaxis.com/data/3740>

Challenges: The sheer volume of data sets can be overwhelming. It becomes difficult to manage and analyze them comprehensively, especially if they are diverse in terms of format, structure, or content. With numerous data sets, I often find myself losing sight of the main narrative or research question. This can lead to a lack of clarity and direction in my analysis, making it challenging to derive meaningful insights. Furthermore, they might not naturally intersect or provide a clear link to build a cohesive narrative. Finding the connections between these sets can be time-consuming and demanding.

Old Topic Choice

What is the question that you are going to answer? (Answer: One sentence that ends with a question mark that could act like the title of your data story)

Can our world sustain the paradox of abundance and scarcity – where some are overweight, and food is wasted, while others suffer from hunger and environmental pollution?

Why is this an important question? (Answer: 3 sentences, each of which has some evidence, e.g., “According to the United Nations...” to justify why the question you have chosen is important)

Each year, the Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO) calculates that approximately **one-third of the food produced for human consumption globally is lost or wasted**, not only squandering the chance to enhance global food security but also to reduce the environmental footprint and resource utilization within food chains. (Link: <https://www.fao.org/3/i3347e/i3347e.pdf>) The UN reports that global hunger crisis worsened in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic, where the percentage of undernourished people increased to approximately 9.9% in 2020, up from 8.4% the previous year. Considering the statistical margin of error, it is estimated that between 720 and 811 million individuals worldwide experienced hunger in 2020. (Link: <https://www.un.org/sustainabledevelopment/hunger/>) According to IPCC research, despite there being over 800 million people experiencing undernourishment — 151 million children under the age of five are stunted, 613 million women and girls between the ages of 15 to 49 are afflicted by iron deficiency — there is a staggering 2 billion adults are grappling with issues related to being overweight or obese. (Link: <https://www.ipcc.ch/srccl/chapter/chapter-5/>)

Data

Which rows and columns of the dataset will be used to answer this question? (Answer: Actual names of the variables in the dataset that you plan to use).

Per capita kilocalorie supply from all foods per day

This measures the quantity that is available for consumption at the end of the supply chain. It does not account for consumer waste, so the quantity that is actually consumed may be lower than this value. Columns: Country, Year, Population, Food supply (kcal per capita per day) Rows: Continent Rows (Africa, Asia), United States, China, World <https://ourworldindata.org/explorers/global-food?time=earliest&facet=none&pickerSort=asc&Food=Total&Metric=Production&Per+Capita=false>

Food Loss Index

The Food Loss Index measures the percentage of food lost from the farm level up until retail. It is compared to percentage losses in 2015. Values greater than 100 show increased waste since 2015; lower values indicate a decrease. Columns Entity Code Year 12.3.1 - Global food loss index - AG_FLS_INDEX Rows: Continent Rows (Africa, Asia), United States, China, World <https://ourworldindata.org/grapher/global-food-loss-index>

Share of the population that is undernourished

Share of individuals that have a daily food intake that is insufficient to provide the amount of dietary energy required to maintain a normal, active, and healthy life. Columns: Entity, Code, Year, Prevalence of undernourishment (% of population) Rows: Continent Rows (Africa, Asia), United States, China, World <https://ourworldindata.org/hunger-and-undernourishment>

Global Hunger Index

The Global Hunger Index tries to capture the multidimensional nature of hunger by calculating an index score from four key hunger indicators. It is measured on a 100-point scale where 0 is the best score (no hunger) and 100 is the worst. Columns: Entity, Code, Year, Global Hunger Index Rows: Continent Rows (Africa, Asia), United States, China, World <https://ourworldindata.org/grapher/global-hunger-index>

Challenges: Combining all the data set into 1 might be rather tough, and also for the first data set, I want to be able to include the codes for the countries also so that is another challenge I have. Combining the data based on their country codes is what I wanted to do as well but I have yet to figure out a way to do it so I will be doing more research into that. Furthermore, trying to incorporate the Shiny applicaion to this has been rather challenging.

Week 9 Updated Topic Choice

What Is The Topic That You Have Finalized?

The topic I have finalized for my project is an in-depth analysis of McDonald's meals, with a specific focus on their nutritional content, pricing, and the geographical distribution of McDonald's stores. This research aims to examine the nutritional value of popular menu items, such as Big Macs, and how their prices vary across different locations, providing insights into the relationship between menu offerings, nutrition, and cost-effectiveness.

What Are The Data Sources That You Have Curated So Far?

Nutrition Facts for McDonald's Menu

<https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/mcdonalds/nutrition-facts>

Big Mac Prices

<https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/vittoriogiatti/bigmacprice/data>

APAC-McDelivery-Menu-Logger

<https://github.com/schmwong/APAC-McDelivery-Menu-Logger>

Data-mcdonalds-nutrition

<https://github.com/tsterbak/data-mcdonalds-nutritionfacts/blob/master/workbooks/pffy-data-mcdonalds-nutrition-facts.xlsx>

Old Topic Choice

What Is The Topic That You Have Finalized? The topic that I have decided on is the Global Food Paradox. In a world where vast feasts and debilitating famines coexist, the global food paradox challenges us. We're awash in food production yet mired in hunger. The paradox highlights the stark contrast between regions and communities with an overabundance of food, often leading to issues like over consumption and food waste, while other areas suffer from chronic hunger and malnutrition. As I do not want the data to be too infinitely large, I am thinking of utilising continental data. I am also not too sure how much I can include, so I may do away with the environmental impact and animal welfare part if there is too much. Also, I will definitely reduce the data size as I go along the project because I foresee that I would be trying to pick and choose the more relevant ones.

What Are The Data Sources That You Have Curated So Far?

So far, I have managed to get the following data sources which I think are quite interesting to look at. Of course I do not think I will be using everything for the final project but the story I hope to tell would be along the lines of

Food Production

Per capita kilocalorie supply from all foods per day, 1961

<https://ourworldindata.org/explorers/global-food?time=earliest&facet=none&pickerSort=asc&Food=Total&Metric=Production&Per+Capita=false>

Environmental Impact

Global emissions from food by life-cycle stage, Total GHGs

<https://ourworldindata.org/grapher/food-emissions-life-cycle>

Freshwater withdrawals per kilogram of food product

<https://ourworldindata.org/grapher/water-withdrawals-per-kg-poore>

Carbon opportunity costs per kilogram of food

<https://ourworldindata.org/grapher/carbon-opportunity-costs-per-kilogram-of-food>

Land use per kilogram of food product

<https://ourworldindata.org/grapher/land-use-per-kg-poore>

Greenhouse gas emissions per kilogram of food product

<https://ourworldindata.org/grapher/ghg-per-kg-poore>

Scarcity-weighted water use per kilogram of food product

<https://ourworldindata.org/grapher/scarcity-water-per-kg-poore>

Animal Welfare

Number of land animals slaughtered for meat per year, 1961 to 2021

[https://ourworldindata.org/explorers/animal-welfare?facet=none&country=OWID_WRL~USA~CHN~IND~BRA~GBR&Metric=Animals+slaughtered&Animal=All+land+animals+\(total\)&Per+person=false](https://ourworldindata.org/explorers/animal-welfare?facet=none&country=OWID_WRL~USA~CHN~IND~BRA~GBR&Metric=Animals+slaughtered&Animal=All+land+animals+(total)&Per+person=false)

Projected habitat loss for all species in 2050: Business-as-usual

<https://ourworldindata.org/explorers/habitat-loss>

World Hunger

Share of population that cannot afford a healthy diet, 2021

<https://ourworldindata.org/food-prices>

Number of people that cannot afford a nutrient adequate diet, 2017

<https://ourworldindata.org/grapher/number-nutritional-diet-unaffordable>

Number of people that cannot afford a calorie sufficient diet, 2017

<https://ourworldindata.org/grapher/number-calorie-diet-unaffordable>