# MATH 7752 Homework 7

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# Problem 1

- (a): Consider the field  $K = \mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{3})$ . Prove that  $[K : \mathbb{Q}] = 4$ .
- (b): Let  $L = \mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3})$ . Show that L = K.

#### Problem 2

Let  $S = \{n_1, \ldots, n_r\}$  be a finite set of positive integers with  $n_i \geq 2$ . For each  $j \in \{1, \ldots, r\}$  let  $\mathbb{Q}_j = \mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{n_1}, \ldots, \sqrt{n_j})$ . Moreover, set  $\mathbb{Q}_0 = \mathbb{Q}$ .

(a): Prove that  $[\mathbb{Q}_r : \mathbb{Q}] = 2^m$  for some integer  $0 \le m \le r$ . Moreover, show that the following set spans  $\mathbb{Q}_r$  over  $\mathbb{Q}$ ,

 $P(S) = \{1\} \cup \{\sqrt{n} : n \text{ is a product of distinct elements from } S\}.$ 

(b): Prove that  $[\mathbb{Q}_r : \mathbb{Q}] < 2^r$  if and only if  $n_1$  is a complete square, or there exists  $2 \leq j \leq r$  such that  $\sqrt{n_j} = \alpha + \beta \sqrt{n_{j-1}}$ , for some  $\alpha, \beta \in \mathbb{Q}_{j-2}$ .

(c): Suppose that the integers  $n_1, \ldots, n_r$  are square-free and pairwise relatively prime. Prove that  $[\mathbb{Q}_r : \mathbb{Q}] = 2^r$ . Conclude that the extension  $L = \mathbb{Q}(T)$ , where  $T = \{\sqrt{n} : n \in \mathbb{N}, n \text{ square free}\}$  is an infinite algebraic extension of  $\mathbb{Q}$ .

### Problem 3

Let F be a field and  $\alpha$  an algebraic element of odd degree over F (i.e. the degree  $[F(\alpha):F]$  is odd). Show that  $F(\alpha^2) = F(\alpha)$ .

### Problem 4

Let K/F be an algebraic extension.

(a): Let  $F \subset R \subset K$  where R is a subring of K. Prove that R must be a subfield.

(b): Show that (a) would be false if we dropped the assumption that K/F is algebraic.

#### Problem 5

Let K/F be a finite field extension, n = [K : F], and fix some basis  $\Omega = \{\alpha_1, \ldots, \alpha_n\}$  of K over F. For any  $\alpha \in K$  define  $T_\alpha : K \to K$  by  $\beta \mapsto \alpha\beta$ . Note that  $T_\alpha \in \operatorname{End}_F(K)$ . Let  $A_\alpha = [T_\alpha]_\Omega \in M_n(F)$  be the matrix of  $T_\alpha$  with respect to  $\Omega$ .

- (a): Prove that the map  $K \xrightarrow{\rho} M_n(F)$  given by  $\alpha \mapsto A_\alpha$  is an injective ring homomorphism.
- (b): Prove that the minimal polynomial of  $\alpha$  over F and the minimal polynomial of  $A_{\alpha}$  coincide.

# Problem 6

Let K/F be an extension of fields and let  $F \subseteq K_1 \subseteq K$  and  $F \subseteq K_2 \subseteq K$  be two subextensions of K/F. The *compositum* of  $K_1$  and  $K_2$  is the smallest subfield of K that contains both  $K_1$  and  $K_2$ . **Notation:** We denote the compositum by  $K_1K_2$ .

- (a): Consider the F-algebra  $K_1 \otimes_F K_2$ . Show that there exists a unique F-algebra homomorphism  $\Phi: K_1 \otimes_F K_2 \to K_1 K_2$  such that  $\Phi(a \otimes b) = ab$ . Conclude that  $[K_1 K_2 : F] \leq [K_1 : F][K_2 : F]$ .
- (b): Show that  $K_1 \otimes_F K_2$  is a field if and only if the above  $\leq$  becomes an equality.
- (c): Suppose that  $K_1 \cap K_2 \neq F$ . Prove that  $K_1 \otimes_F K_2$  is not a field.