

HW1 001021120 Zehua Wang

perspective projection      orthographic projection

1. a)  $\begin{cases} x' = \frac{f'x}{z} = f' \frac{x_0 + ta}{z_0 + tc} & \textcircled{1} \\ y' = \frac{f'y}{z} = f' \frac{y_0 + tb}{z_0 + tc} & \textcircled{2} \end{cases}$        $\begin{cases} x' = x = x_0 + ta & \textcircled{3} \\ y' = y = y_0 + tb & \textcircled{4} \end{cases}$

b) Yes  $\frac{\textcircled{1}}{\textcircled{2}} \Rightarrow \frac{x'}{y'} = \frac{x_0 + ta}{y_0 + tb} \Rightarrow t = \frac{x_0 y' - y_0 x'}{bx' - ay'}$   
 $\Rightarrow x' = f' \frac{x_0 + \frac{x_0 y' - y_0 x'}{bx' - ay'} a}{z_0 + \frac{x_0 y' - y_0 x'}{bx' - ay'} c} \Rightarrow y' = \frac{1}{cx_0 - az_0} [(y_0(-z_0)x' + (bx_0 - ay_0)f']$   
 $\therefore$  is a line

c) Yes  $\textcircled{3} - \textcircled{4} \Rightarrow x' - y' = x_0 - y_0 + t(a - b) \Rightarrow t = \frac{x' - y'}{x_0 - y_0} \therefore x' = x_0 + ta = x_0 + \frac{x' - y'}{x_0 - y_0}$   
 $\therefore y' + (x_0 - y_0 - 1)x' - x_0^2 + x_0 y_0 = 0$   
 $\therefore$  is a line

d) shown in zipped file

e)  $x' = \frac{a}{c}f' + f' \frac{x_0 - \frac{a}{c}z_0}{z_0 + tc} \quad t \rightarrow \infty \quad x' \rightarrow \frac{a}{c}f' = 0$  becomes a constant.  
 $y' = \frac{b}{c}f' + f' \frac{y_0 - \frac{b}{c}z_0}{z_0 + tc} \quad t \rightarrow \infty \quad y' \rightarrow \frac{b}{c}f' = -1$

2. a) perspective projection      orthographic projection

$\begin{cases} x' = f' \frac{x}{z} = f' \frac{(x_1 + ta)}{z_0} \\ y' = f' \frac{y}{z} = f' \frac{(y_1 + tb)}{z_0} \\ \hat{x}' = f' \frac{\hat{x}}{\hat{z}} = f' \frac{(x_1 + ta)}{\hat{z}_0} \\ \hat{y}' = f' \frac{\hat{y}}{\hat{z}} = f' \frac{(y_1 + tb)}{\hat{z}_0} \end{cases}$        $\begin{cases} x' = x = x_1 + ta \\ y' = y = y_1 + tb \\ \hat{x}' = \hat{x} = x_1 + ta \\ \hat{y}' = \hat{y} = y_1 + tb \end{cases}$

b) shown in files

PP:

c)

eliminate  $t$ :

$$y' = \frac{f'b}{a}x' + \frac{f'}{z_0}y_1 - \frac{f'^2b}{az_0}x_1$$

$$\hat{y}' = \frac{f'b}{a}x' + \frac{f'}{z_0}y_2 - \frac{f'^2b}{az_0}x_2$$

$$k_1 = k_2 = \frac{f'b}{a}$$

$\therefore$  parallel

(d) Yes

(e) Yes. Because both perspective and orthographic projections are parallel.

(f) The perspective projection will be a reversal version of orthographic projection

perspective

3.

$$a) \begin{cases} x' = \frac{f'x_1}{z_0+t_1} \\ y' = \frac{f'(y_1+t_1)}{z_0+t_1} \end{cases}$$

orthographic

$$\begin{cases} x' = x_1 \\ y' = y_1 + t_1 \end{cases}$$

orthographic

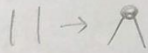
$$\begin{cases} \hat{x}' = \frac{f'x_1}{z_0+t_1} \\ \hat{y}' = \frac{f'(y_1+t_1)}{z_0+t_1} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} \hat{x}' = x_1 \\ \hat{y}' = y_1 + t_1 \end{cases}$$

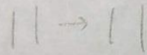
b) shown in files

$$m = \frac{f'}{z}$$

1) for perspective, when  $z \rightarrow \infty$ ,  $m \rightarrow 0$ , the distance between two will be small



for orthographic,  $m \neq 0$  so the projections will be parallel



d) Yes

e) No. when  $t$  changes from  $-\infty$  to  $+\infty$ ,  $\Delta z$  will be very large.  
and orthographic projection is parallel while perspective is not parallel projection

$$f) \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} x' = \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \frac{f' x_1}{z_0 + tc} = 0$$

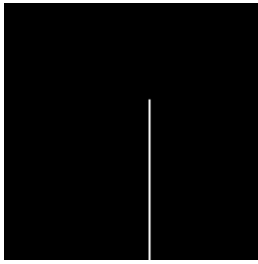
$$\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} y' = \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \frac{b}{c} f' + f' \frac{y_0}{z_0 + tc} = \frac{b}{c} f' = \begin{matrix} \therefore (0, 0) \\ (0, 1) \\ (0, -1) \end{matrix}$$

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \hat{x}' = \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \frac{f' x_2}{z_0 + tc} = 0$$

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \hat{y}' = \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \frac{b}{c} f' + f' \frac{y_0}{z_0 + tc} = \frac{b}{c} f' = \begin{matrix} \therefore (0, 0) \\ (0, 1) \\ (0, -1) \end{matrix}$$

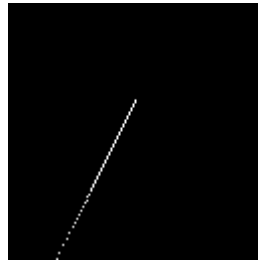
(images are shown below)

1.



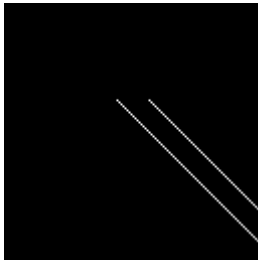
d)

orthographic

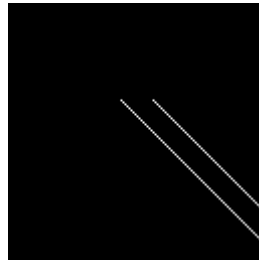
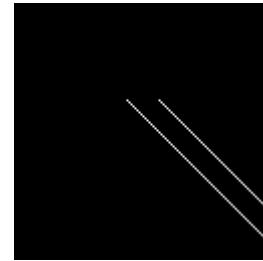
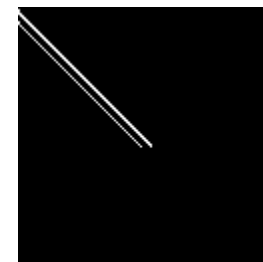


perspective

2.

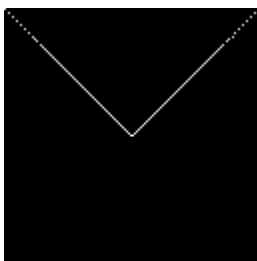
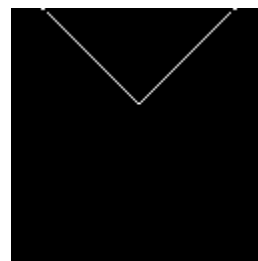


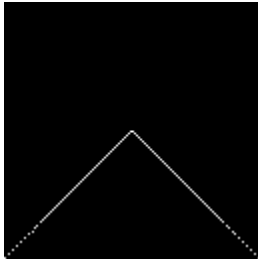
b)

orthographic  $z_0 = -1$ orthographic  $z_0 = -2$ orthographic  $z_0 = -3$ perspective  $z_0 = -1$ perspective  $z_0 = -2$ perspective  $z_0 = -3$ 

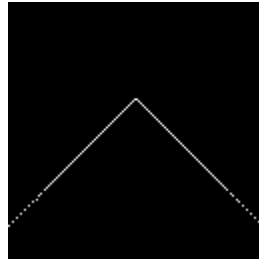
3.

b) perspective

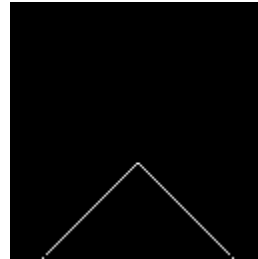
 $b=0$   $c=1$  $b=1$   $c=1$  $b=-1$   $c=1$



$b=0 \ c=-1$

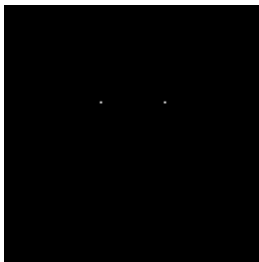


$b=1 \ c=-1$

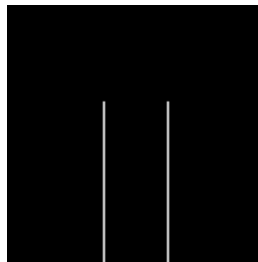


$b=-1 \ c=-1$

orthographic



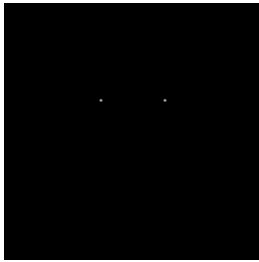
$b=0 \ c=1$



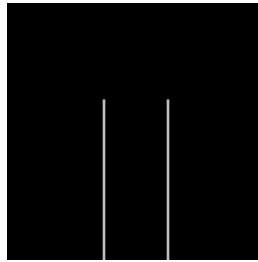
$b=1 \ c=1$



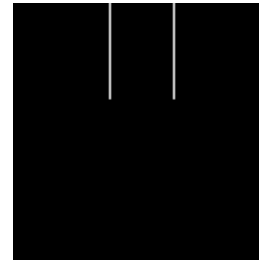
$b=-1 \ c=1$



$b=0 \ c=-1$



$b=1 \ c=-1$



$b=-1 \ c=-1$