# CNN Applied to EEG Data

## Preparation and Loading Data

```
from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/drive')
```

```
Drive already mounted at /content/drive; to attempt to forcibly remount, call drive.mour
```

```
%pwd
```

```
'/content/drive/My Drive/ECE C147/project'
```

```
% cd 'drive/My Drive/ECE C147'
% cd 'project'
% ls
```

```
[Errno 2] No such file or directory: 'drive/My Drive/ECE C147'
/content/drive/My Drive/ECE C147/project
[Errno 2] No such file or directory: 'project'
/content/drive/My Drive/ECE C147/project
EEG_loading.ipynb  person_train_valid.npy  X_train_valid.npy  y_train_valid.npy
person_test.npy    X_test.npy              y_test.npy
```

```
def count_parameters(model):
  """Function for count model's parameters"""
  return sum(p.numel() for p in model.parameters() if p.requires_grad)
```

```
import numpy as np
import torch
import torch.nn as nn
from torch.utils.data import Dataset, DataLoader, TensorDataset, random_split
from torchvision import transforms, utils
import time

# specific package for visualization
!pip install livelossplot --quiet
from livelossplot import PlotLosses

# get the device type of machine
device = torch.device('cuda' if torch.cuda.is_available() else 'cpu')
# device = 'cpu'
```

```
print(device)
```

```
cuda
```

```
X_test = np.load("X_test.npy")
y_test = np.load("y_test.npy")
person_train_valid = np.load("person_train_valid.npy")
X_train_valid = np.load("X_train_valid.npy")
y_train_valid = np.load("y_train_valid.npy")
person_test = np.load("person_test.npy")

# adjust labels
y_train_valid -= 769
y_test -= 769


print('y_train_valid', y_train_valid[:10])

# copy numpy data to tensor
X_train_valid_tensor = torch.from_numpy(X_train_valid).float().to(device)
y_train_valid_tensor = torch.from_numpy(y_train_valid).float().long().to(device) # do not for
X_test_tensor = torch.from_numpy(X_test).float().to(device)
y_test_tensor = torch.from_numpy(y_test).float().long().to(device)


# # convert int labels to one hot labels
# y_train_valid_tensor = nn.functional.one_hot(y_train_valid_tensor)
# print('y_train_valid_onehot', y_train_valid_tensor[:10])
```

```
y_train_valid [2 3 0 0 0 0 2 1 3 3]
```

```
print ('Training/Valid data shape: {}'.format(X_train_valid.shape))
print ('Test data shape: {}'.format(X_test.shape))
print ('Training/Valid target shape: {}'.format(y_train_valid.shape))
print ('Test target shape: {}'.format(y_test.shape))
print ('Person train/valid shape: {}'.format(person_train_valid.shape))
print ('Person test shape: {}'.format(person_test.shape))
```

```
Training/Valid data shape: (2115, 22, 1000)
Test data shape: (443, 22, 1000)
Training/Valid target shape: (2115,)
Test target shape: (443,)
Person train/valid shape: (2115, 1)
Person test shape: (443, 1)
```

```
class EEGDataset(Dataset):
    """EEG dataset."""
    def __init__(self, subset, transform=None):
        self.subset = subset
        self.transform = transform
```

```
    def __getitem__(self, index):
        x, y = self.subset[index]
        if self.transform:
          pass
            # x = self.transform(x)
            # y = self.transform(y)
        return x, y

    def __len__(self):
        return len(self.subset)

init_dataset = TensorDataset(X_train_valid_tensor, y_train_valid_tensor)
test_dataset = TensorDataset(X_test_tensor,y_test_tensor)
# split train and val
lengths = [int(len(init_dataset)*0.8), int(len(init_dataset)*0.2)]
subset_train, subset_val = random_split(init_dataset, lengths)

train_data = EEGDataset(
    subset_train, transform=None)

val_data = EEGDataset(
    subset_val, transform=None)

test_data=EEGDataset(test_dataset,transform=None)

dataloaders = {
    'train': torch.utils.data.DataLoader(train_data, batch_size=32, shuffle=True, num_workers
    'val': torch.utils.data.DataLoader(val_data, batch_size=32, shuffle=True, num_workers=0),
    'test':torch.utils.data.DataLoader(test_data, batch_size=64, shuffle=False, num_workers=0
}
```

# Model

```
class DeepConv(nn.Module):
  def __init__(self, in_channels, classes):
    super(DeepConv, self).__init__()

    self.conv1 = nn.Conv2d(in_channels, 25, (1, 10), stride=1)
    self.relu1=nn.ELU()
    self.bn1=nn.BatchNorm2d(num_features=25)
    self.conv2 = nn.Conv2d(25,25,(22,1),stride=1)
    self.relu2=nn.ELU()
    self.bn2=nn.BatchNorm1d(num_features=25)
    self.maxpool1 = nn.MaxPool1d(3, stride=3)

    self.conv3=nn.Conv1d(25,50,10,1)
    self.relu3=nn.ELU()
    self.bn3=nn.BatchNorm1d(num_features=50)
    self.maxpool2=nn.MaxPool1d(3,stride=3)
```

```
        self.maxpool2=nn.MaxPool1d(3,stride=3)

        self.conv4 = nn.Conv1d(50,100,10,1)
        self.relu4=nn.ELU()
        self.bn4=nn.BatchNorm1d(num_features=100)
        self.maxpool3=nn.MaxPool1d(3,stride=3)

        self.conv5=nn.Conv1d(100,200,10,1)
        self.relu5=nn.ELU()
        self.bn5=nn.BatchNorm1d(num_features=200)
        self.maxpool4=nn.MaxPool1d(3,stride=3)

        self.fc = nn.Linear(1400, classes)


    def forward(self, x):
        x = x.view(-1, 1, 22, 1000) # reshape x: (B, 22, 1000) -> (B, 1, 22, 1000), B,C,H,W
        x = self.conv1(x) # (B, 25, 22, 976)
        x=self.relu1(x)
        x=self.bn1(x)
        #print(x.shape)
        x=self.conv2(x) # B,25,1,976
        x = self.relu2(x)
        #print(x.shape)
        x=x.reshape(-1,25,991)
        x=self.bn2(x)
        x=self.maxpool1(x)  #B,25,325

        x=self.conv3(x) #B,50,316
        x=self.relu3(x)
        x=self.bn3(x)
        x=self.maxpool2(x) # B,50,105

        x=self.conv4(x)#B,100,96
        x=self.relu4(x)
        x=self.bn4(x)
        x=self.maxpool3(x) #B,100,32

        x=self.conv5(x) #B,200,23
        x=self.relu5(x)
        x=self.bn5(x)
        x=self.maxpool4(x) #B,200,7

        x=x.reshape(-1,1400)
        x=self.fc(x)

        return x



    def train_model(model, optimizer, num_epochs):
        # for each epoch...
```

```
liveloss = PlotLosses()

for epoch in range(num_epochs):
  print('Epoch {}/{}'.format(epoch, num_epochs - 1))
  print('-' * 10)
  logs = {}

  # let every epoch go through one training cycle and one validation cycle
  # TRAINING AND THEN VALIDATION LOOP...
  for phase in ['train', 'val']:
    train_loss = 0
    correct = 0
    total = 0
    batch_idx = 0

    start_time = time.time()
    # first loop is training, second loop through is validation
    # this conditional section picks out either a train mode or validation mode
    # depending on where we are in the overall training process
    # SELECT PROPER MODE- train or val
    if phase == 'train':
      for param_group in optimizer.param_groups:
        print("LR", param_group['lr']) # print out the learning rate
      model.train()  # Set model to training mode
    else:
      model.eval()   # Set model to evaluate mode

    for inputs, labels in dataloaders[phase]:
      inputs = inputs.to(device)
      labels = labels.to(device)
      batch_idx += 1

      optimizer.zero_grad()

      with torch.set_grad_enabled(phase == 'train'):
      #    the above line says to disable gradient tracking for validation
      #    which makes sense since the model is in evluation mode and we
      #    don't want to track gradients for validation)
        outputs = model(inputs)
        # compute loss where the loss function will be defined later

        loss = loss_fn(outputs, labels)
        # backward + optimize only if in training phase
        if phase == 'train':
          loss.backward()
          optimizer.step()
        train_loss += loss
        _, predicted = outputs.max(1)

        total += labels.size(0)
        correct += predicted.eq(labels).sum().item()
```

```
            # if phase == 'train':
            #   if  epoch%5 == 0:
            #   # prints for training and then validation (since the network will be in either tr
            #     print(" Training Epoch %d, Total loss %0.6f, iteration time %0.6f" % (epoch, tr

            # if phase == 'val' and epoch%5 == 0:
            #   print(" Validation Epoch %d, Total loss %0.6f, iteration time %0.6f" % (epoch, tr


            prefix = ''
            if phase == 'val':
                prefix = 'val_'

            logs[prefix + 'loss'] = train_loss.item()/(batch_idx)
            logs[prefix + 'acc'] = correct/total*100.

          liveloss.update(logs)
          liveloss.send()

        # end of single epoch iteration... repeat of n epochs
        return model


    def test(model):
        dataloader = dataloaders['test']
        size = len(dataloader.dataset)
        model.eval()
        test_loss, correct = 0, 0
        with torch.no_grad():
            for X, y in dataloader:
                X, y = X.to(device), y.to(device)
                pred = model(X)
                test_loss += loss_fn(pred, y).item()
                correct += (pred.argmax(1) == y).type(torch.float).sum().item()
        test_loss /= size
        correct /= size
        print(f"Test Error: \n Accuracy: {(100*correct):>0.1f}%, Avg loss: {test_loss:>8f} \n")
```

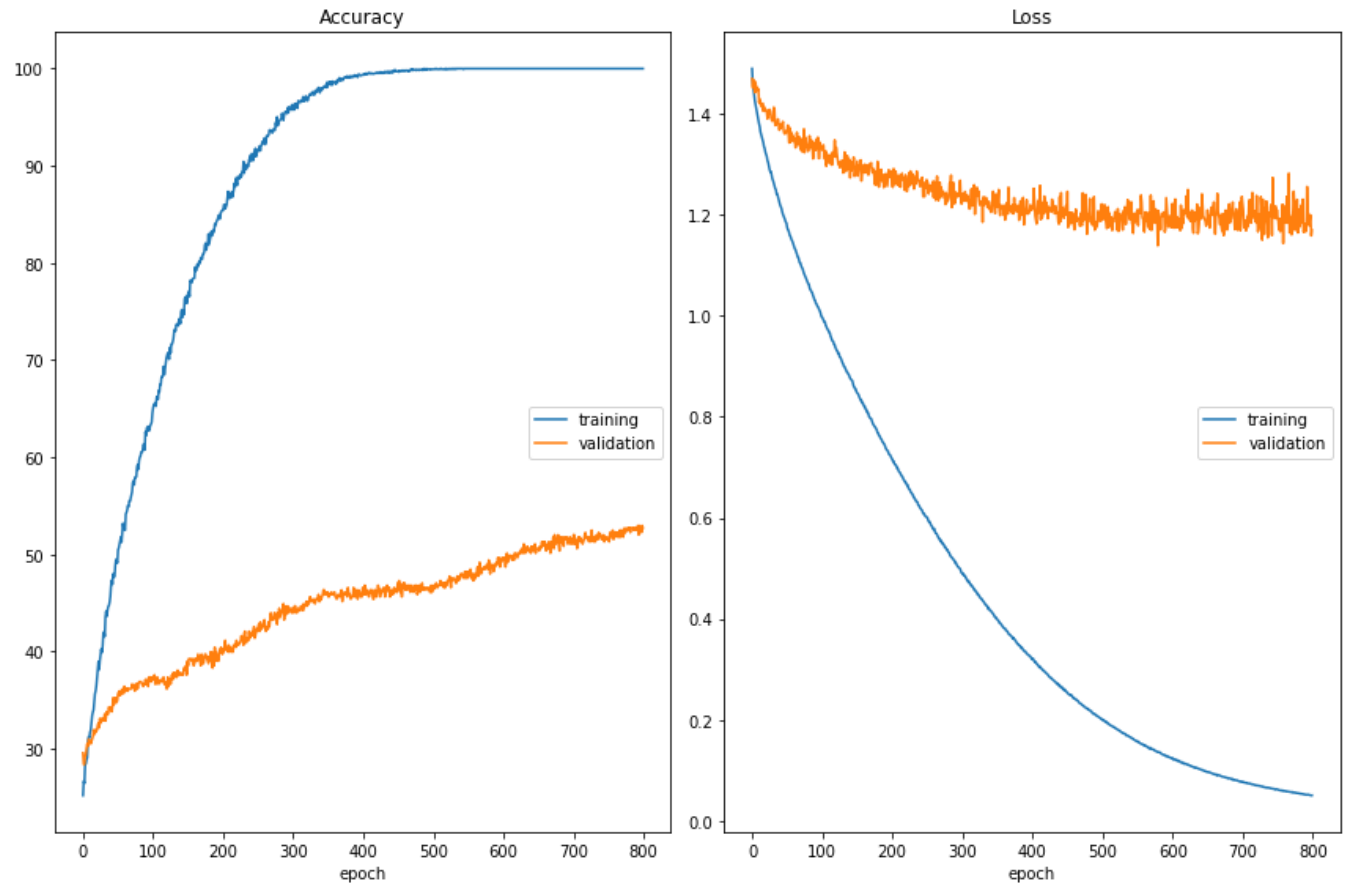
## Train the Model

```
# define the hyperparamters
weight_decay = 0.15  # weight decay to alleviate overfiting

model = DeepConv(in_channels=1, classes=4).to(device)

count = count_parameters(model)
print ('model parameters amount {}'.format(count))

loss_fn = nn.CrossEntropyLoss()
```

```
optimizer = torch.optim.RMSprop(model.parameters(), lr = 1e-6, weight_decay=weight_decay)
```

```
    model parameters amount 283304
```

```
model=train_model(model, optimizer, num_epochs=800)
```




```
Accuracy
        training                 (min:   25.177, max:  100.000, cur:  100.000)
        validation               (min:   28.369, max:   52.955, cur:   52.719)
Loss
        training                 (min:    0.051, max:    1.488, cur:    0.051)
        validation               (min:    1.138, max:    1.468, cur:    1.169)
```

```
test(model)
```

```
Test Error:
 Accuracy: 49.2%, Avg loss: 0.019476
```

+ Code + Text