

Ward 8 - Eglinton-Lawrence

City of Toronto Ward Profiles

2016 Census

Population Highlights

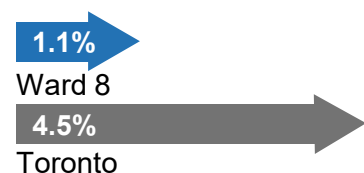
2018 25-Wards

Ward Population **114,395**

Population Growth
(2011–2016) **1.1%**

Median Age **40**

Population Growth (2011–2016)



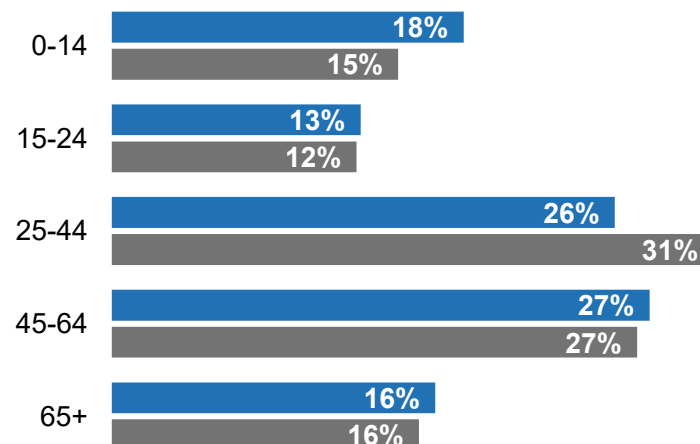
Population Growth (2006–2016)



Density

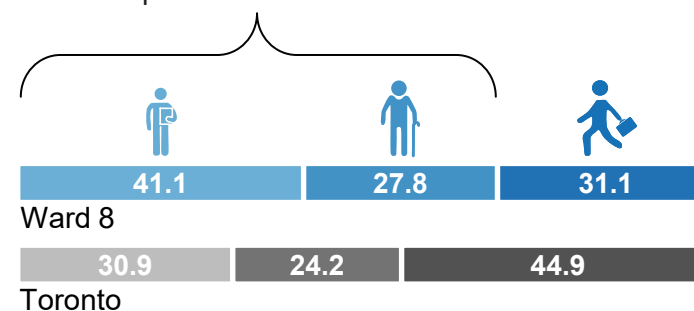


Population by Age Group



Dependency Ratio

68.9 senior and youth dependents
for every 100 working age
persons



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Dwellings Highlights

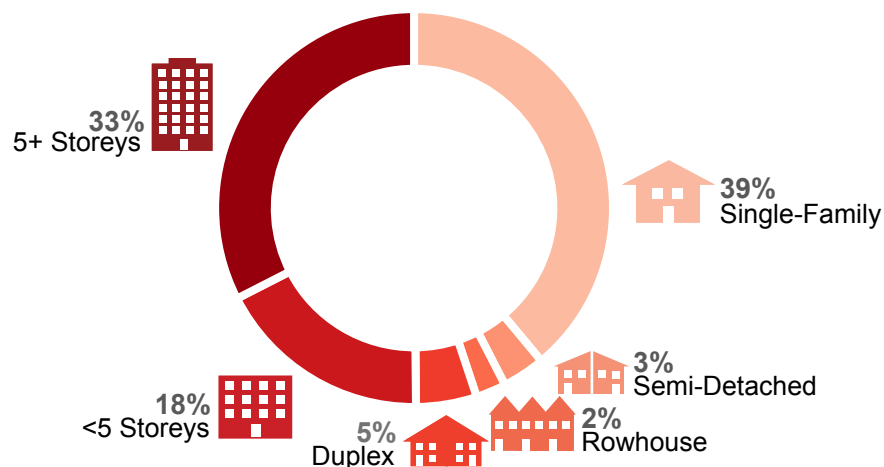
2018 25-Wards

Number of Households **44,220**

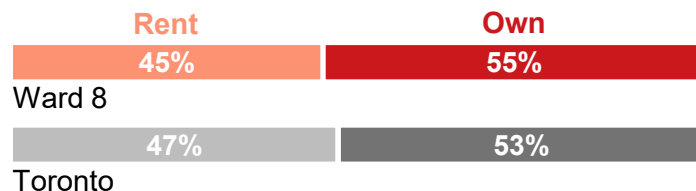
Change in Households (2011–2016)



Occupied Private Dwellings by Structure Type

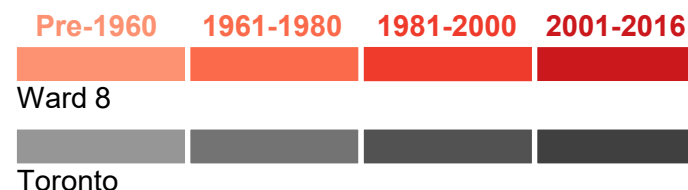


Tenure

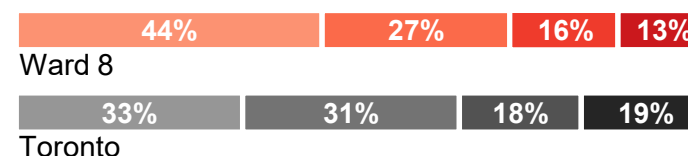


Net New Households (2011–2016) **275**

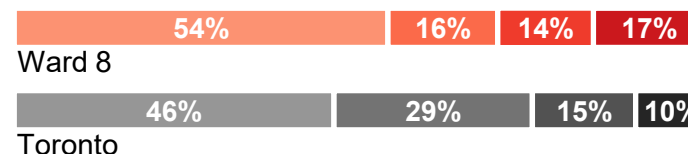
Period of Construction Legend



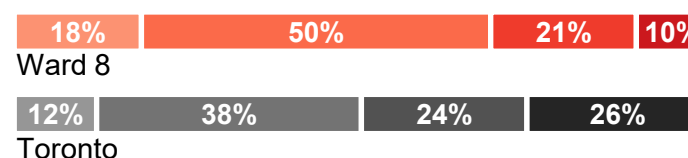
Dwellings by Period of Construction



Ground Related Dwellings by Period of Construction



Apartments in Buildings 5+ Storeys by Period of Construction



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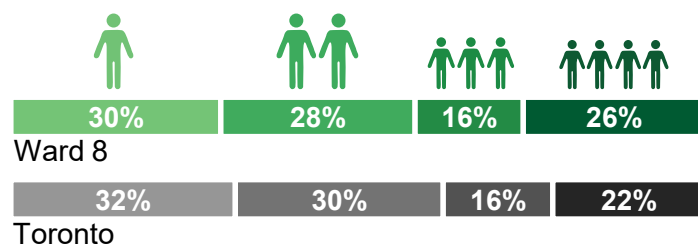
2016 Census

Households & Family Highlights

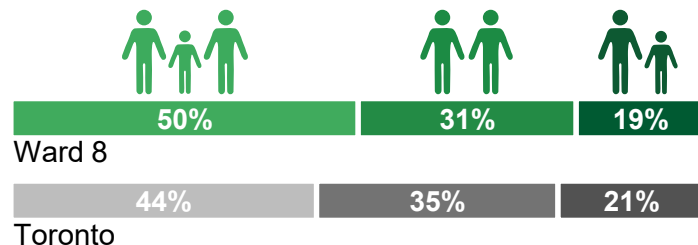
2018 25-Wards

Average Number of People per Household **2.55**

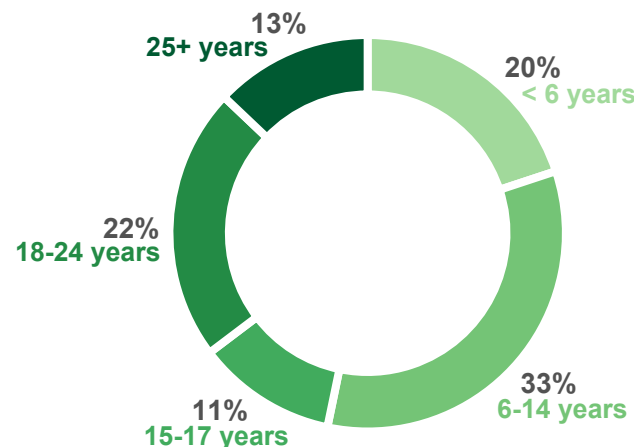
Households by Size



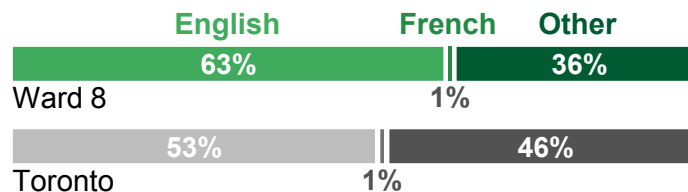
Family Composition by Type



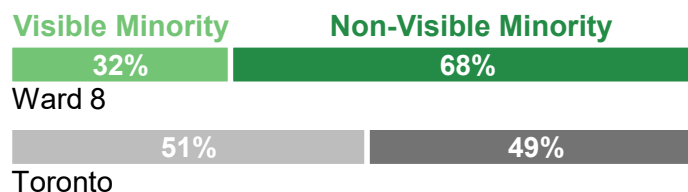
Children Living at Home



Languages by Mother Tongue



Visible Minorities



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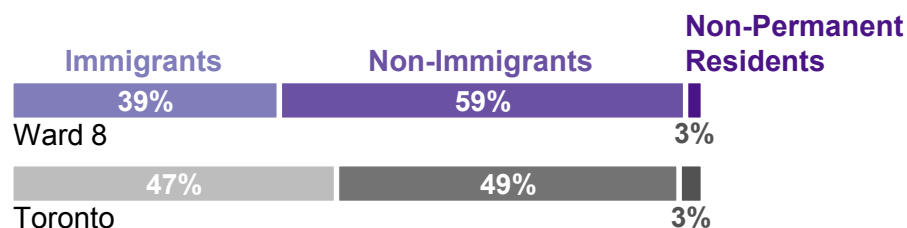
2016 Census

Immigration & Mobility Highlights

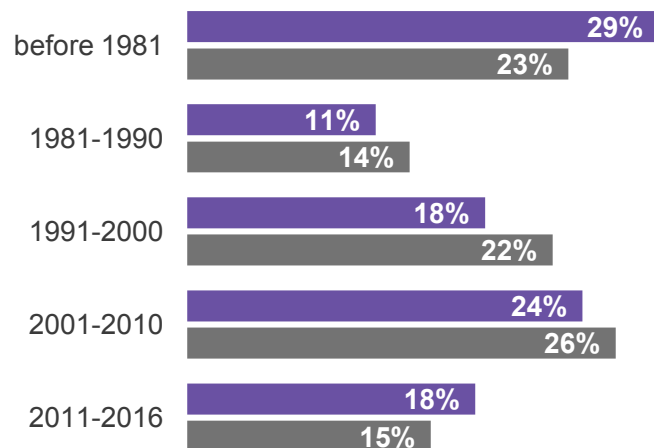
2018 25-Wards

Immigrant Population **43,790**

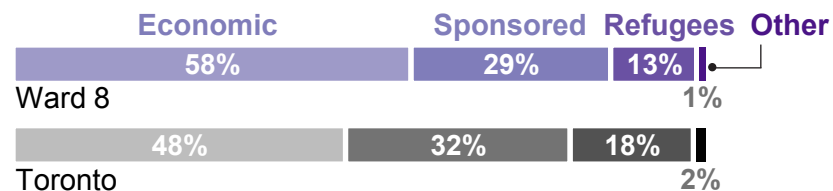
Population by Immigration Status



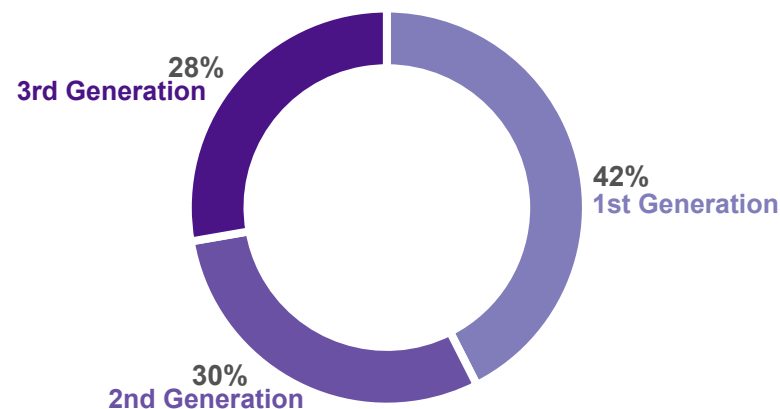
Period of Immigration



Immigration by Admission Category



Immigration by Generation



Mobility Status, 5 Year



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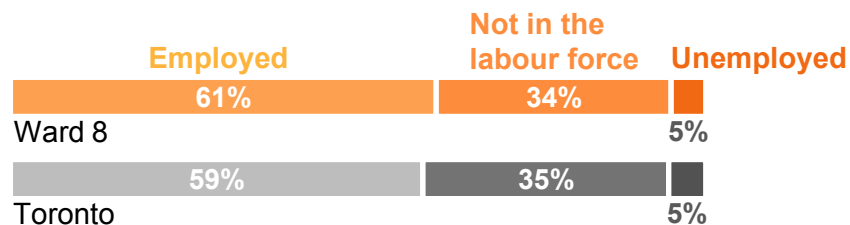
2016 Census

Socioeconomic Highlights

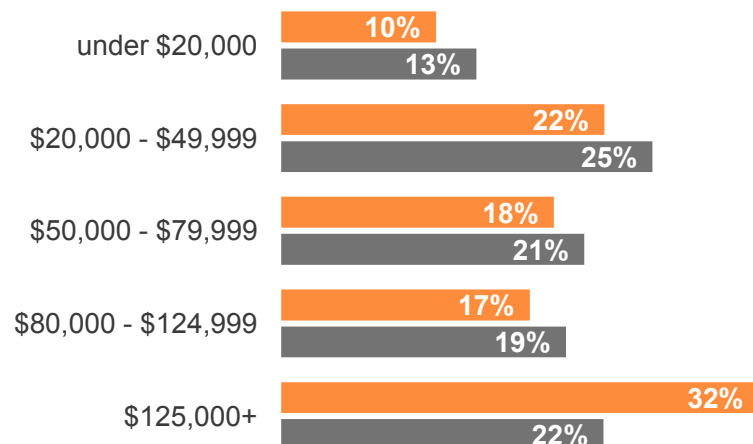
2018 25-Wards

Unemployment Rate **7.5%**

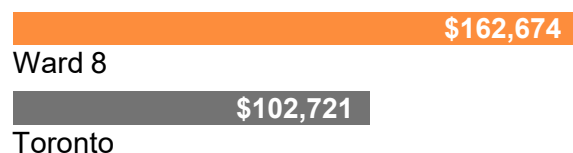
Labour Force



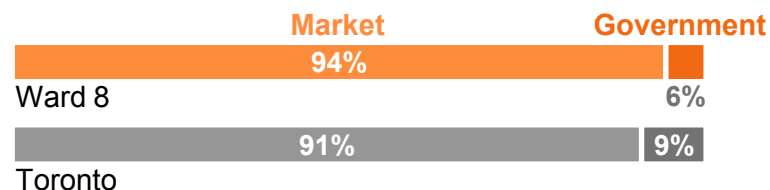
Household Income



Average Household Income



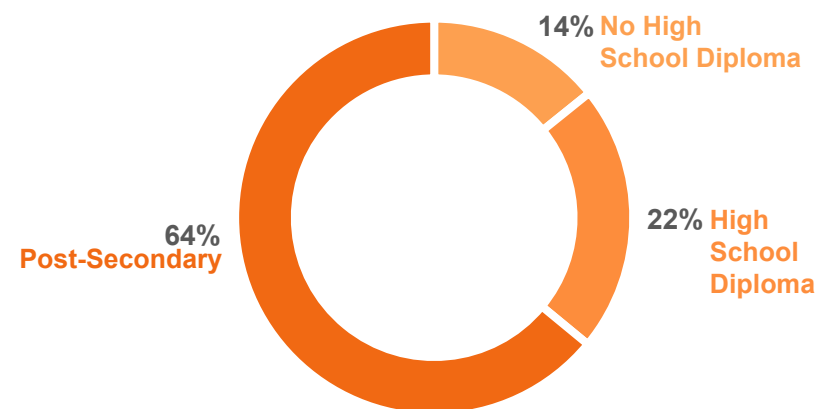
Composition of Income



Average Rent **\$1,245**

% of Tenant Households spending >30% of income on shelter costs **43.1%**

Education



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2016 Census

2018 25-Wards

Population

[Population Glossary](#) ⓘ

Population Change by Age Group

Ward 8							5 Year Change		10 Year Change	
Age Group	2016	%	2011	%	2006	%	11-16 Change	11-16 % Change	06-16 Change	06-16 % Change
0-4	6,300	5.5%	6,925	6.1%	6,740	6.1%	-625	-9.0%	-440	-6.5%
5-9	7,025	6.1%	6,960	6.2%	6,785	6.2%	65	0.9%	240	3.5%
10-14	7,155	6.3%	6,950	6.1%	6,920	6.3%	205	2.9%	235	3.4%
15-19	7,340	6.4%	7,200	6.4%	6,650	6.0%	140	1.9%	690	10.4%
20-24	7,155	6.3%	6,615	5.8%	6,395	5.8%	540	8.2%	760	11.9%
25-29	6,650	5.8%	6,640	5.9%	6,950	6.3%	10	0.2%	-300	-4.3%
30-34	7,035	6.1%	7,350	6.5%	7,510	6.8%	-315	-4.3%	-475	-6.3%
35-39	7,760	6.8%	7,955	7.0%	8,605	7.8%	-195	-2.5%	-845	-9.8%
40-44	7,840	6.9%	8,620	7.6%	9,095	8.3%	-780	-9.0%	-1,255	-13.8%
45-49	8,515	7.4%	8,775	7.8%	8,505	7.7%	-260	-3.0%	10	0.1%
50-54	8,460	7.4%	8,315	7.3%	7,420	6.7%	145	1.7%	1,040	14.0%
55-59	7,750	6.8%	7,100	6.3%	6,480	5.9%	650	9.2%	1,270	19.6%
60-64	6,580	5.8%	6,155	5.4%	4,590	4.2%	425	6.9%	1,990	43.4%
65-69	5,665	5.0%	4,230	3.7%	3,840	3.5%	1,435	33.9%	1,825	47.5%
70-74	3,985	3.5%	3,525	3.1%	3,590	3.3%	460	13.0%	395	11.0%
75-79	3,095	2.7%	3,225	2.9%	3,630	3.3%	-130	-4.0%	-535	-14.7%
80-84	2,575	2.3%	3,020	2.7%	3,185	2.9%	-445	-14.7%	-610	-19.2%
85 plus	3,515	3.1%	3,585	3.2%	3,180	2.9%	-70	-2.0%	335	10.5%
Total	114,395	100.0%	113,150	100.0%	110,065	100.0%	1,255	1.1%	4,330	3.9%

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2016 Census

2018 25-Wards

Population Change in Toronto by Age Group

Toronto							5 Year Change		10 Year Change	
Age Group	2016	%	2011	%	2006	%	11-16 Change	11-16 % Change	06-16 Change	06-16 % Change
0-4	136,000	5.0%	140,510	5.4%	134,980	5.4%	-4,510	-3.2%	1,020	0.8%
5-9	135,025	4.9%	128,065	4.9%	133,595	5.3%	6,960	5.4%	1,430	1.1%
10-14	127,110	4.7%	132,290	5.1%	141,045	5.6%	-5,180	-3.9%	-13,935	-9.9%
15-19	145,525	5.3%	150,040	5.7%	146,200	5.8%	-4,515	-3.0%	-675	-0.5%
20-24	194,750	7.1%	183,470	7.0%	172,450	6.9%	11,280	6.1%	22,300	12.9%
25-29	232,945	8.5%	211,850	8.1%	190,255	7.6%	21,095	10.0%	42,690	22.4%
30-34	224,575	8.2%	201,165	7.7%	195,670	7.8%	23,410	11.6%	28,905	14.8%
35-39	196,310	7.2%	190,405	7.3%	203,025	8.1%	5,905	3.1%	-6,715	-3.3%
40-44	182,395	6.7%	197,400	7.5%	212,600	8.5%	-15,005	-7.6%	-30,205	-14.2%
45-49	190,925	7.0%	207,625	7.9%	193,980	7.7%	-16,700	-8.0%	-3,055	-1.6%
50-54	202,405	7.4%	191,295	7.3%	168,445	6.7%	11,110	5.8%	33,960	20.2%
55-59	182,805	6.7%	162,535	6.2%	148,125	5.9%	20,270	12.5%	34,680	23.4%
60-64	153,865	5.6%	140,965	5.4%	109,460	4.4%	12,900	9.2%	44,405	40.6%
65-69	130,540	4.8%	102,450	3.9%	93,835	3.7%	28,090	27.4%	36,705	39.1%
70-74	93,605	3.4%	86,185	3.3%	85,160	3.4%	7,420	8.6%	8,445	9.9%
75-79	76,160	2.8%	74,210	2.8%	74,900	3.0%	1,950	2.6%	1,260	1.7%
80-84	60,635	2.2%	59,630	2.3%	56,455	2.3%	1,005	1.7%	4,180	7.4%
85 plus	66,000	2.4%	54,965	2.1%	43,105	1.7%	11,035	20.1%	22,895	53.1%
Total	2,731,575	100.0%	2,615,055	100.0%	2,503,285	100.0%	116,520	4.5%	228,290	9.1%

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City of Toronto Ward Profiles

2016 Census

2018 25-Wards

Median Age

Ward 8				Toronto		
Median Age	2016	2011	5 Year Change	2016	2011	5 Year Change
Median Age of Population	40.0	40.0	0.0	38.9	39.2	-0.3

Dependency Ratio

Ward 8				Toronto		
Age Groups	2016	2011	5 Year Change	2016	2011	5 Year Change
Dependents	46,655	45,620	1,035	970,600	928,345	42,255
Youths (0-19 years)	27,820	28,035	-215	543,660	550,905	-7,245
Seniors (65 years and over)	18,835	17,585	1,250	426,940	377,440	49,500
Working Age (20-64 years)	67,745	67,525	220	1,760,975	1,686,710	74,265
Dependents for every 100 workers	68.9	67.6	1.3	55.1	55.0	0.1

Note: The number of dependents is the combined youth population (0 to 19 years) and senior population (65 or older), divided by the working-age population (20 to 64 years). The result is multiplied by 100 and expressed as the number of dependents for every 100 working age persons.

Ward 8 - Eglinton-Lawrence

City of Toronto Ward Profiles

2016 Census

2018 25-Wards

Dwellings

[Dwellings Glossary](#) 

Occupied Private Dwellings by Structural Type

Ward 8						
Structure Type	2016	%	2011	%	5 Year Change	% 5 Year Change
Single-detached house	17,175	38.8%	17,425	39.7%	-250	-1.4%
Semi-detached house	1,540	3.5%	1,535	3.5%	5	0.3%
Row house	1,085	2.5%	965	2.2%	120	12.4%
Apartment, detached duplex	2,180	4.9%	2,250	5.1%	-70	-3.1%
Apartment building that has less than 5 storeys	7,775	17.6%	7,755	17.6%	20	0.3%
Apartment building that has 5 or more storeys	14,340	32.4%	13,880	31.6%	460	3.3%
Other single-attached house	125	0.3%	130	0.3%	-5	-3.8%
Movable dwelling	0	0.0%	5	0.0%	-5	-100.0%
Total Dwellings	44,220	100.0%	43,945	100.0%	275	0.6%

Toronto						
Structure Type	2016	%	2011	%	5 Year Change	% 5 Year Change
Single-detached house	269,660	24.2%	275,010	26.2%	-5,350	-1.9%
Semi-detached house	72,080	6.5%	72,400	6.9%	-320	-0.4%
Row house	61,875	5.6%	60,295	5.8%	1,580	2.6%
Apartment, detached duplex	47,580	4.3%	44,740	4.3%	2,840	6.3%
Apartment building that has less than 5 storeys	165,645	14.9%	163,895	15.6%	1,750	1.1%
Apartment building that has 5 or more storeys	493,140	44.3%	429,225	41.0%	63,915	14.9%
Other single-attached house	2,845	0.3%	2,200	0.2%	645	29.3%
Movable dwelling	100	0.0%	115	0.0%	-15	-13.0%
Total Dwellings	1,112,925	100.0%	1,047,880	100.0%	65,045	6.2%

Note: Statistics Canada applies a "random rounding" procedure, wherein each of the numbers is randomly rounded up or down by 5 or 10. This can result in unexpected % 5 Year Change results for very small differences in actual dwelling numbers.

Ward 8 - Eglinton-Lawrence

City of Toronto Ward Profiles

2016 Census

2018 25-Wards

Private Dwellings by Tenure & Condominium Status

Ward 8						
Tenure	2016	%	2011	%	5 Year Change	% 5 Year Change
Owned	24,285	54.9%	23,915	54.4%	370	1.5%
Condominium	4,990	11.3%	4,690	10.7%	300	6.4%
Not condominium	19,295	43.6%	19,225	43.7%	70	0.4%
Rented	19,930	45.1%	20,030	45.6%	-100	-0.5%
Condominium	1,595	3.6%	1,415	3.2%	180	12.7%
Not condominium	18,335	41.5%	18,615	42.4%	-280	-1.5%
Total Dwellings	44,215	100.0%	43,945	100.0%	270	0.6%

Toronto						
Tenure	2016	%	2011	%	5 Year Change	% 5 Year Change
Owned	587,080	52.8%	571,785	54.6%	15,295	2.7%
Condominium	195,300	17.5%	174,735	16.7%	20,565	11.8%
Not condominium	391,785	35.2%	397,050	37.9%	-5,265	-1.3%
Rented	525,825	47.2%	476,085	45.4%	49,740	10.4%
Condominium	96,965	8.7%	60,230	5.7%	36,735	61.0%
Not condominium	428,855	38.5%	415,855	39.7%	13,000	3.1%
Total Dwellings	1,112,905	100.0%	1,047,870	100.0%	52,030	6.2%

Private Dwellings by Period of Construction

Ward 8			Toronto	
Period of Construction	2016	%	2016	%
1960 or before	19,500	44.1%	363,125	32.6%
1961 to 1980	11,970	27.1%	347,615	31.2%
1981 to 1990	3,400	7.7%	109,900	9.9%
1991 to 2000	3,490	7.9%	85,645	7.7%
2001 to 2005	2,405	5.4%	58,305	5.2%
2006 to 2010	1,480	3.3%	67,530	6.1%
2011 to 2016	1,990	4.5%	80,805	7.3%
Total Dwellings	44,235	100.0%	1,112,925	100.0%

Ward 8 - Eglinton-Lawrence

City of Toronto Ward Profiles

2016 Census

2018 25-Wards

Household Maintainers

[Household Maintainer Glossary](#) ⓘ

Households by Number of Maintainers and Age Group of Maintainer

Ward 8						
Number of Maintainers	2016	%	2011	%	5 Year Change	% 5 Year Change
1 household maintainer	27,240	61.6%	28,255	64.3%	-1,015	-3.6%
2 household maintainers	15,755	35.6%	14,660	33.4%	1,095	7.5%
3 or more household maintainers	1,230	2.8%	1,035	2.4%	195	18.8%
Total Households	44,225	100.0%	43,950	100.0%	275	0.6%

Age Group of Maintainer	2016	%	2011	%	5 Year Change	% 5 Year Change
Under 25 years	745	1.7%	980	2.2%	-235	-24.0%
25 to 34 years	5,330	12.1%	5,695	13.0%	-365	-6.4%
35 to 44 years	8,175	18.5%	8,500	19.3%	-325	-3.8%
45 to 54 years	9,625	21.8%	9,730	22.1%	-105	-1.1%
55 to 64 years	8,725	19.7%	8,110	18.5%	615	7.6%
65 to 74 years	5,895	13.3%	4,755	10.8%	1,140	24.0%
75 years and over	5,735	13.0%	6,180	14.1%	-445	-7.2%
Total Households	44,230	100.0%	43,950	100.0%	280	0.6%

Toronto						
2016	%	2011	%	5 Year Change	% 5 Year Change	
693,405	62.3%	665,050	63.5%	28,355	4.3%	
374,460	33.6%	345,090	32.9%	29,370	8.5%	
45,060	4.0%	37,740	3.6%	7,320	19.4%	
1,112,925	100.0%	1,047,880	100.0%	65,045	6.2%	

2016	%	2011	%	5 Year Change	% 5 Year Change	
38,565	3.5%	36,590	3.5%	1,975	5.4%	
193,895	17.4%	173,845	16.6%	20,050	11.5%	
200,745	18.0%	204,985	19.6%	-4,240	-2.1%	
225,775	20.3%	225,945	21.6%	-170	-0.1%	
198,425	17.8%	178,025	17.0%	20,400	11.5%	
134,370	12.1%	113,435	10.8%	20,935	18.5%	
121,155	10.9%	115,050	11.0%	6,105	5.3%	
1,112,930	100.0%	1,047,875	100.0%	65,055	6.2%	

Ward 8 - Eglinton-Lawrence

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2018 25-Wards

Population in Dwellings

[Population in Dwellings Glossary](#) 

Population in Private Occupied Dwellings by Period of Construction and Structure Type, 2016

Ward 8	Single-detached house	Semi-detached house	Row house	Apartment or flat in a duplex	Apartment building <5 storeys	Apartment building 5+ storeys	Other single-attached house	Total
1960 or before	31,825	3,340	755	3,135	6,930	5,035	30	51,050
1961 to 1970	3,540	195	405	820	3,285	6,810	25	15,080
1971 to 1980	1,895	225	355	325	2,375	7,015	70	12,260
1981 to 1990	2,385	160	120	445	1,630	3,205	55	8,000
1991 to 2000	4,745	230	195	595	1,100	2,560	125	9,550
2001 to 2005	2,925	70	780	270	935	1,215	0	6,195
2006 to 2011	3,795	90	220	375	255	340	0	5,075
2011 to 2016	3,295	95	350	335	330	1,285	0	5,690
Total Population	54,405	4,405	3,180	6,300	16,840	27,465	305	112,900

Toronto	Single-detached house	Semi-detached house	Row house	Apartment or flat in a duplex	Apartment building <5 storeys	Apartment building 5+ storeys	Other single-attached house	Total
1960 or before	401,755	113,935	31,955	63,205	170,005	117,245	4,505	902,605
1961 to 1970	131,035	32,755	24,595	21,110	56,545	174,730	830	441,600
1971 to 1980	78,035	30,175	46,370	15,915	48,730	201,950	1,115	422,290
1981 to 1990	75,110	12,140	21,285	14,065	26,145	129,275	725	278,745
1991 to 2000	45,415	8,180	20,145	9,475	20,425	106,260	515	210,415
2001 to 2005	32,780	8,535	19,495	3,945	9,830	62,040	125	136,750
2006 to 2011	27,185	4,020	16,135	2,860	8,330	84,585	115	143,230
2011 to 2016	22,930	3,190	9,505	2,280	6,470	111,120	165	155,660
Total Population	814,245	212,930	189,485	132,855	346,480	987,205	8,095	2,691,295

Adapted from Statistics Canada, Census 2016, 2011 & 2006.

For definition of variables, refer to Glossary.

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Ward 8 - Eglinton-Lawrence

City of Toronto Ward Profiles

2016 Census

2018 25-Wards

Distribution of Population in Private Occupied Dwellings by Period of Construction and Structure Type, 2016

Ward 8	Single-detached house	Semi-detached house	Row house	Apartment or flat in a duplex	Apartment building <5 storeys	Apartment building 5+ storeys	Other single-attached house	Total
1960 or before	58.5%	75.8%	23.7%	49.8%	41.2%	18.3%	9.8%	45.2%
1961 to 1970	6.5%	4.4%	12.7%	13.0%	19.5%	24.8%	8.2%	13.4%
1971 to 1980	3.5%	5.1%	11.2%	5.2%	14.1%	25.5%	23.0%	10.9%
1981 to 1990	4.4%	3.6%	3.8%	7.1%	9.7%	11.7%	18.0%	7.1%
1991 to 2000	8.7%	5.2%	6.1%	9.4%	6.5%	9.3%	41.0%	8.5%
2001 to 2005	5.4%	1.6%	24.5%	4.3%	5.6%	4.4%	0.0%	5.5%
2006 to 2011	7.0%	2.0%	6.9%	6.0%	1.5%	1.2%	0.0%	4.5%
2011 to 2016	6.1%	2.2%	11.0%	5.3%	2.0%	4.7%	0.0%	5.0%
Total Population	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Toronto	Single-detached house	Semi-detached house	Row house	Apartment or flat in a duplex	Apartment building <5 storeys	Apartment building 5+ storeys	Other single-attached house	Total
1960 or before	49.3%	53.5%	16.9%	47.6%	49.1%	11.9%	55.7%	33.5%
1961 to 1970	16.1%	15.4%	13.0%	15.9%	16.3%	17.7%	10.3%	16.4%
1971 to 1980	9.6%	14.2%	24.5%	12.0%	14.1%	20.5%	13.8%	15.7%
1981 to 1990	9.2%	5.7%	11.2%	10.6%	7.5%	13.1%	9.0%	10.4%
1991 to 2000	5.6%	3.8%	10.6%	7.1%	5.9%	10.8%	6.4%	7.8%
2001 to 2005	4.0%	4.0%	10.3%	3.0%	2.8%	6.3%	1.5%	5.1%
2006 to 2011	3.3%	1.9%	8.5%	2.2%	2.4%	8.6%	1.4%	5.3%
2011 to 2016	2.8%	1.5%	5.0%	1.7%	1.9%	11.3%	2.0%	5.8%
Total Population	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Adapted from Statistics Canada, Census 2016, 2011 & 2006.

For definition of variables, refer to Glossary.

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Ward 8 - Eglinton-Lawrence

City of Toronto Ward Profiles

2016 Census

2018 25-Wards

Population in Private Occupied Dwellings by Tenure and Structure Type, 2016

Ward 8	Single-detached house	Semi-detached house	Row house	Apartment or flat in a duplex	Apartment building <5 storeys	Apartment building 5+ storeys	Other single-attached house	Total
Owned	50,035	3,885	1,580	4,570	2,235	7,410	0	69,715
Condominium	80	10	900	35	1,000	7,415	0	9,440
Not a condominium	49,955	3,875	675	4,535	1,235	0	0	60,275
Rented	4,370	515	1,610	1,730	14,605	20,055	305	43,190
Condominium	75	15	305	25	545	2,230	10	3,205
Not a condominium	4,290	500	1,310	1,710	14,060	17,820	295	39,985
Total Population	54,405	4,400	3,190	6,300	16,840	27,465	305	112,905

Toronto	Single-detached house	Semi-detached house	Row house	Apartment or flat in a duplex	Apartment building <5 storeys	Apartment building 5+ storeys	Other single-attached house	Total
Owned	753,945	190,220	125,285	90,690	109,535	290,550	5,745	1,565,970
Condominium	6,320	2,700	62,225	2,265	26,740	290,550	140	390,940
Not a condominium	747,625	187,520	63,065	88,420	82,795	0	5,610	1,175,035
Rented	60,310	22,710	64,195	42,170	236,945	696,670	2,350	1,125,350
Condominium	1,065	500	8,560	875	10,265	163,325	60	184,650
Not a condominium	59,250	22,210	55,635	41,295	226,675	533,350	2,285	940,700
Total Population	814,255	212,930	189,480	132,860	346,480	987,220	8,095	2,691,320

Adapted from Statistics Canada, Census 2016, 2011 & 2006.

For definition of variables, refer to Glossary.

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Ward 8 - Eglinton-Lawrence

City of Toronto Ward Profiles

2016 Census

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Average Number of Persons per Household, by Structure Type, by Period of Construction

Ward 8	Single-detached house	Semi-detached house	Row house	Apartment or flat in a duplex	Apartment building <5 storeys	Apartment building 5+ storeys	Other single-attached house	Total
All Periods of Construction								
Population	54,400	4,400	3,185	6,300	16,840	27,460	305	112,890
Households	17,170	1,540	1,090	2,185	7,775	14,340	125	44,225
Persons per household	3.17	2.86	2.92	2.88	2.17	1.91	2.44	2.55

Period of Construction 2011 to 2016								
Population	3,295	95	350	335	330	1,285	0	5,690
Households	845	25	185	80	170	680	0	1,985
Persons per household	3.90	3.80	1.89	4.19	1.94	1.89	0.00	2.87

Toronto	Single-detached house	Semi-detached house	Row house	Apartment or flat in a duplex	Apartment building <5 storeys	Apartment building 5+ storeys	Other single-attached house	Total
All Periods of Construction								
Population	814,255	212,930	189,480	132,865	346,480	987,220	8,095	2,691,320
Households	269,650	72,075	61,870	47,575	165,645	493,135	2,845	1,112,805
Persons per household	3.02	2.95	3.06	2.79	2.09	2.00	2.85	2.42

Period of Construction 2011 to 2016								
Population	22,930	3,190	9,505	2,280	6,470	111,120	165	155,670
Households	6,255	895	3,200	775	3,180	66,450	45	80,810
Persons per household	3.67	3.56	2.97	2.94	2.03	1.67	3.67	1.93

Note: Where there is a population of less than 100 persons and/ or a household total of less than 40 households, the resulting average number of persons per household may not be representative of the actual occupancy rates. Statistics Canada rules for data suppression and random rounding can produce unexpected results for very small populations and number of households.

Adapted from Statistics Canada, Census 2016, 2011 & 2006.

For definition of variables, refer to Glossary.

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Ward 8 - Eglinton-Lawrence

City of Toronto Ward Profiles

2016 Census

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Families

[Families Glossary](#) 

Family by Type

Ward 8						
All Families	2016	%	2011	%	5 Year Change	% 5 Year Change
Couples with Children	14,955	50.1%	14,350	49.4%	605	4.2%
Couples without Children	9,385	31.4%	9,225	31.8%	160	1.7%
Lone-Parent	5,535	18.5%	5,470	18.8%	65	1.2%
Total	29,875	100.0%	29,045	100.0%	830	2.9%
Couples						
1 Child	5,335	35.7%	5,050	35.2%	285	5.6%
2 Children	6,420	42.9%	6,120	42.6%	300	4.9%
3 or more Children	3,205	21.4%	3,185	22.2%	20	0.6%
Total	14,960	100.0%	14,355	100.0%	605	4.2%
Lone Parent						
1 Child	3,370	61.0%	3,290	60.1%	80	2.4%
2 Children	1,510	27.3%	1,505	27.5%	5	0.3%
3 or more Children	645	11.7%	680	12.4%	-35	-5.1%
Total	5,525	100.0%	5,475	100.0%	50	0.9%
Number of Children at Home by Age						
Under 6 years of age	7,625	19.9%	8,285	22.2%	-660	-8.0%
6 to 14 years	12,750	33.3%	12,475	33.5%	275	2.2%
15 to 17 years	4,375	11.4%	4,305	11.6%	70	1.6%
18 to 24 years	8,565	22.4%	7,615	20.4%	950	12.5%
25 years and more	4,940	12.9%	4,590	12.3%	350	7.6%
Total	38,255	100.0%	37,270	100.0%	985	2.6%

Toronto						
2016	%	2011	%	5 Year Change	% 5 Year Change	
316,560	44.1%	311,760	45.2%	4,800	1.5%	
250,085	34.8%	231,590	33.5%	18,495	8.0%	
151,960	21.1%	146,990	21.3%	4,970	3.4%	
718,605	100.0%	690,340	100.0%	28,265	4.1%	
133,885	42.3%	129,850	41.7%	4,035	3.1%	
130,960	41.4%	129,445	41.5%	1,515	1.2%	
51,715	16.3%	52,465	16.8%	-750	-1.4%	
316,560	100.0%	311,760	100.0%	4,800	1.5%	
93,260	61.4%	89,595	61.0%	3,665	4.1%	
41,250	27.1%	40,315	27.4%	935	2.3%	
17,450	11.5%	17,070	11.6%	380	2.2%	
151,960	100.0%	146,980	100.0%	4,980	3.4%	
161,675	20.1%	165,825	20.9%	-4,150	-2.5%	
233,165	29.0%	231,955	29.3%	1,210	0.5%	
77,845	9.7%	84,820	10.7%	-6,975	-8.2%	
174,815	21.7%	168,280	21.2%	6,535	3.9%	
156,375	19.5%	141,885	17.9%	14,490	10.2%	
803,875	100.0%	792,765	100.0%	11,110	1.4%	

Adapted from Statistics Canada, Census 2016, 2011 & 2006.

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Ward 8 - Eglinton-Lawrence

City of Toronto Ward Profiles

2016 Census

2018 25-Wards

Private Households by Size and Type

Ward 8						
Private Households by Type	2016	%	2011	%	5 Year Change	% 5 Year Change
One-family households	28,220	63.8%	27,560	62.7%	660	2.4%
Multiple-family households	805	1.8%	730	1.7%	75	10.3%
Non-family households	15,190	34.4%	15,660	35.6%	-470	-3.0%
Total Households	44,215	100.0%	43,950	100.0%	265	0.6%

Private Households by Size						
1 person	13,380	30.3%	13,695	31.2%	-315	-2.3%
2 persons	12,380	28.0%	12,360	28.1%	20	0.2%
3 persons	6,895	15.6%	6,585	15.0%	310	4.7%
4 persons	6,975	15.8%	6,665	15.2%	310	4.7%
5 persons or more	4,590	10.4%	4,635	10.5%	-45	-1.0%
Total Households	44,220	100.0%	43,940	100.0%	280	0.6%

Population living in private households	112,925		111,045		1,880	1.7%
Average number of persons per household	2.55		2.53		0.03	1.0%

Toronto						
Private Households by Type	2016	%	2011	%	5 Year Change	% 5 Year Change
One-family households	652,730	58.6%	625,820	59.7%	26,910	4.3%
Multiple-family households	31,835	2.9%	31,140	3.0%	695	2.2%
Non-family households	428,365	38.5%	390,920	37.3%	37,445	9.6%
Total Households	1,112,930	100.0%	1,047,875	100.0%	65,055	6.2%

Private Households by Size						
1 person	359,985	32.3%	331,180	31.6%	28,805	8.7%
2 persons	333,450	30.0%	307,845	29.4%	25,605	8.3%
3 persons	175,825	15.8%	168,750	16.1%	7,075	4.2%
4 persons	146,555	13.2%	142,760	13.6%	3,795	2.7%
5 persons or more	97,115	8.7%	97,345	9.3%	-230	-0.2%
Total Households	1,112,930	100.0%	1,047,880	100.0%	65,050	6.2%

Population living in private households	2,691,665		2,576,030		115,635	4.5%
Average number of persons per household	2.42		2.46		-0.04	-1.6%

Ward 8 - Eglinton-Lawrence

City of Toronto Ward Profiles

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Migration, Mobility & Languages

[Migration, Mobility & Languages Glossary](#) ⓘ

Population by Generation Status and Period of Immigration

Ward 8		
Generation Status	2016	%
1st generation	48,015	42.5%
2nd generation	33,600	29.8%
3rd generation and over	31,310	27.7%
Total Population	112,925	100.0%

Period of Immigration	2016	%
Before 1981	12,575	28.7%
1981 to 1990	5,030	11.5%
1991 to 2000	7,950	18.2%
2001 to 2010	10,550	24.1%
2001 to 2005	4,615	10.5%
2006 to 2010	5,930	13.5%
2011 to 2016	7,685	17.5%
Total Immigrant Population	43,790	100.0%

Toronto		
2016	%	
1,377,465	51.2%	
740,180	27.5%	
574,025	21.3%	
2,691,670	100.0%	

2016	%	
294,065	23.2%	
171,565	13.6%	
281,875	22.3%	
330,555	26.1%	
162,775	12.9%	
167,780	13.3%	
187,950	14.8%	
1,266,010	100.0%	

Admission Category and Applicant Type for Immigration Period, 1980 to 2016

Ward 8		
Admission Category	2016	%
Economic immigrants	18,320	57.5%
Principal applicants	8,735	27.4%
Secondary applicants	9,590	30.1%
Immigrants sponsored by family	9,185	28.9%
Refugees	4,020	12.6%
Other Immigrants	310	1.0%
Immigrant Population, 1980 to 2016	31,835	100.0%

Toronto		
2016	%	
475,155	48.1%	
201,860	20.4%	
273,290	27.7%	
320,945	32.5%	
176,125	17.8%	
16,105	1.6%	
988,330	100.0%	

Ward 8 - Eglinton-Lawrence

City of Toronto Ward Profiles

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Population by Immigrant Status and Top Ten Places of Birth

Ward 8	2016	%	Toronto	2016	%
Philippines	9,570	8.5%	China	131,480	4.9%
Italy	3,115	2.8%	Philippines	118,775	4.4%
United States	2,105	1.9%	India	79,225	2.9%
Portugal	1,920	1.7%	Sri Lanka	52,900	2.0%
United Kingdom	1,615	1.4%	Italy	45,515	1.7%
China	1,490	1.3%	Jamaica	45,075	1.7%
Jamaica	1,145	1.0%	United Kingdom	40,300	1.5%
Russian Federation	1,020	0.9%	Hong Kong	38,820	1.4%
Iran	990	0.9%	Portugal	38,570	1.4%
Viet Nam	855	0.8%	Iran	36,440	1.4%
All Others	19,965	17.7%	All Others	638,905	23.7%
Total Immigrants	43,790	38.8%	Total Immigrants	1,266,005	47.0%
Non-immigrants	66,250	58.7%	Non-immigrants	1,332,085	49.5%
Non-permanent residents	2,885	2.6%	Non-permanent residents	93,580	3.5%
Total Population	112,925	100.0%	Total Population	2,691,670	100.0%

Note: Places of Birth are Countries as defined by Statistics Canada.

The category "All Others" includes "Other places of birth" in each continent.

Top Ten Recent Immigrants by Place of Birth

Ward 8	2016	%	Toronto	2016	%
Philippines	4,005	52.1%	Philippines	31,730	16.9%
China	315	4.1%	China	23,200	12.3%
United States	275	3.6%	India	20,100	10.7%
Iran	255	3.3%	Iran	10,930	5.8%
India	195	2.5%	Pakistan	6,725	3.6%
Turkey	160	2.1%	Bangladesh	5,790	3.1%
Russian Federation	140	1.8%	Sri Lanka	4,350	2.3%
Brazil	135	1.8%	United States	4,015	2.1%
United Kingdom	110	1.4%	Iraq	3,715	2.0%
Colombia	105	1.4%	Jamaica	3,525	1.9%
All Others	1,990	25.9%	All Others	73,870	39.3%
Total Recent Immigrants	7,685	100.0%	Total Recent Immigrants	187,950	100.0%

Note: Places of Birth are Countries as defined by Statistics Canada.

The category "All Others" includes "Other places of birth" in each continent.

Ward 8 - Eglinton-Lawrence

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Population by Mobility Status

Ward 8			Toronto	
Mobility Status (1 Year)	2016	%	2016	%
Non-movers	99,200	88.8%	2,284,060	85.8%
Movers	12,525	11.2%	379,490	14.2%
Non-migrants	8,620	7.7%	253,780	9.5%
Migrants	3,905	3.5%	125,715	4.7%
Internal migrants	1,725	1.5%	65,770	2.5%
Intraprovincial migrants	1,250	1.1%	49,990	1.9%
Interprovincial migrants	475	0.4%	15,780	0.6%
External migrants	2,185	2.0%	59,945	2.3%
Total population 1 year ago	111,725	100.0%	2,663,550	100.0%

Mobility Status (5 Years)	2016	%	2016	%
Non-movers	68,325	64.1%	1,516,105	59.3%
Movers	38,345	35.9%	1,040,015	40.7%
Non-migrants	25,895	23.2%	639,060	24.0%
Migrants	12,450	11.1%	400,950	15.1%
Internal migrants	4,825	4.3%	184,115	6.9%
Intraprovincial migrants	3,615	3.2%	141,130	5.3%
Interprovincial migrants	1,215	1.1%	42,985	1.6%
External migrants	7,620	6.8%	216,835	8.1%
Total population 5 years ago	106,670	100.0%	2,556,120	100.0%

Mother Tongue Languages

Ward 8	2016	%	Toronto	2016	%
English	68,615	62.8%	English	1,370,490	52.9%
French	1,210	1.1%	French	33,965	1.3%
Aboriginal languages	10	0.0%	Aboriginal languages	290	0.0%
Other	39,360	36.0%	Other	1,183,730	45.7%
Total Single Responses	109,195	100.0%	Total Single Responses	2,588,475	100.0%
No Knowledge of English or French	2,655	2.4%	No Knowledge of English or French	131,885	4.9%

Ward 8 - Eglinton-Lawrence

City of Toronto Ward Profiles

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Top Ten Mother Tongue Languages

Ward 8	2016	%
Single Response	109,195	96.7%
English	68,615	60.8%
Tagalog (Pilipino, Filipino)	6,630	5.9%
Italian	4,380	3.9%
Spanish	3,280	2.9%
Portuguese	3,010	2.7%
Russian	2,150	1.9%
Cantonese	1,550	1.4%
Mandarin	1,320	1.2%
French	1,210	1.1%
Albanian	1,110	1.0%
Others	15,940	14.1%
Multiple Responses	3,730	3.3%
Total	112,925	100.0%

Toronto	2016	%
Single Response	2,588,475	96.2%
English	1,370,490	50.9%
Cantonese	115,240	4.3%
Mandarin	110,640	4.1%
Tagalog (Pilipino, Filipino)	84,440	3.1%
Spanish	72,050	2.7%
Italian	62,710	2.3%
Portuguese	59,370	2.2%
Tamil	56,715	2.1%
Persian (Farsi)	49,250	1.8%
Urdu	36,950	1.4%
Others	570,620	21.2%
Multiple Responses	103,190	3.8%
Total	2,691,665	100.0%

Top Ten Home Languages

Ward 8	2016	%
Single Response	103,980	92.1%
English	83,605	74.0%
Tagalog (Pilipino, Filipino)	3,925	3.5%
Italian	2,010	1.8%
Spanish	1,815	1.6%
Portuguese	1,670	1.5%
Russian	1,290	1.1%
Mandarin	880	0.8%
Cantonese	760	0.7%
Persian (Farsi)	610	0.5%
Albanian	585	0.5%
Others	6,830	6.0%
Multiple Responses	8,945	7.9%
Total	112,925	100.0%

Toronto	2016	%
Single Response	2,448,745	91.0%
English	1,732,595	64.4%
Mandarin	87,505	3.3%
Cantonese	83,915	3.1%
Tagalog (Pilipino, Filipino)	44,075	1.6%
Spanish	41,395	1.5%
Tamil	40,850	1.5%
Portuguese	33,715	1.3%
Persian (Farsi)	33,670	1.3%
Italian	26,715	1.0%
Korean	23,570	0.9%
Others	300,740	11.2%
Multiple Responses	242,920	9.0%
Total	2,691,665	100.0%

Ward 8 - Eglinton-Lawrence

City of Toronto Ward Profiles

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Education

[Education Glossary](#) ⓘ

Population 15 years and over by Highest Certificate, Diploma or Degree

Ward 8			Toronto	
Education Level	2016	%	2016	%
No certificate, diploma or degree	13,145	14.2%	377,340	16.4%
Certificate, diploma or degree	79,325	85.8%	1,917,445	83.6%
High school diploma or equivalent	20,115	21.8%	561,090	24.5%
Postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree	59,210	64.0%	1,356,355	59.1%
Apprenticeship or trades certificate or diploma	3,605	3.9%	94,005	4.1%
College, CEGEP or other non-university certificate or diploma	12,430	13.4%	362,080	15.8%
University certificate or diploma below bachelor level	2,910	3.1%	65,015	2.8%
University certificate, diploma or degree at bachelor level or above	40,265	43.5%	835,255	36.4%
Bachelor's degree	24,170	26.1%	534,610	23.3%
University certificate, diploma or degree above bachelor level	16,095	17.4%	300,645	13.1%
Total population 15 years and over	92,470	100.0%	2,294,785	100.0%

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Ethnocultural

[Ethnocultural Glossary](#) ⓘ

Top Ten Ethnic Origin Groups

Ward 8	2016	%
Canadian	16,595	8.6%
English	14,215	7.4%
Polish	13,500	7.0%
Filipino	12,460	6.4%
Scottish	11,005	5.7%
Italian	10,725	5.5%
Irish	10,335	5.3%
Russian	9,450	4.9%
German	6,945	3.6%
Chinese	6,065	3.1%
Other Ethnic Origins	82,100	42.5%
Total Ethnic Origins Reported	193,395	100.0%

Toronto	2016	%
Chinese	332,825	7.9%
English	331,890	7.9%
Canadian	323,175	7.7%
Irish	262,965	6.2%
Scottish	256,250	6.1%
East Indian	202,675	4.8%
Italian	182,495	4.3%
Filipino	162,600	3.9%
German	130,895	3.1%
French	122,610	2.9%
Other Ethnic Origins	1,914,395	45.3%
Total Ethnic Origins Reported	4,222,775	100.0%

Note: Multiple responses are counted individually.

Total Visible Minority Population

Ward 8	2016	%
Total Visible Minorities	35,925	31.8%
Filipino	12,045	10.7%
Black	6,205	5.5%
Chinese	4,765	4.2%
Latin American	3,285	2.9%
South Asian	3,010	2.7%
West Asian	1,215	1.1%
Southeast Asian	1,170	1.0%
Korean	1,055	0.9%
Arab	470	0.4%
Japanese	460	0.4%
Visible minority, n.i.e.	740	0.7%
Multiple visible minorities	1,510	1.3%
All Others	77,000	68.2%
Total	112,925	100.0%

Toronto	2016	%
Total Visible Minorities	1,385,855	51.5%
South Asian	338,965	12.6%
Chinese	299,465	11.1%
Black	239,850	8.9%
Filipino	152,715	5.7%
Latin American	77,165	2.9%
West Asian	60,325	2.2%
Southeast Asian	41,645	1.5%
Korean	41,640	1.5%
Arab	36,030	1.3%
Japanese	13,415	0.5%
Visible minority, n.i.e.	36,975	1.4%
Multiple visible minorities	47,670	1.8%
All Others	1,305,810	48.5%
Total	2,691,665	100.0%

Note: n.i.e. refers to "not included elsewhere".

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City of Toronto Ward Profiles

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Labour Force

[Labour Force Glossary](#) 

Labour Force 15 years and over

Ward 8			Toronto	
Labour Force Status	2016	%	2016	%
Population 15+ years	92,465	100.0%	2,294,785	100.0%
In the labour force	61,225	66.2%	1,483,680	64.7%
Employed	56,615	61.2%	1,361,375	59.3%
Unemployed	4,605	5.0%	122,305	5.3%
Not in the labour force	31,240	33.8%	811,110	35.3%
Unemployment rate (Unemployed as a % of Labour Force)		7.5%		8.2%
Participation rate - Male		70.7%		69.4%
Participation rate - Female		62.5%		62.5%

Labour Force 15 years and over by Occupation

Ward 8			Toronto	
Occupation	2016	%	2016	%
Management	7,675	12.8%	163,965	11.4%
Business, finance and administration	11,200	18.7%	258,875	18.0%
Natural and applied sciences	3,595	6.0%	117,635	8.2%
Health	4,570	7.6%	84,360	5.9%
Education, law and social, community and government	10,800	18.1%	186,800	13.0%
Art, culture, recreation and sport	3,080	5.2%	80,195	5.6%
Sales and service	12,765	21.4%	345,140	24.0%
Trades, transport and equipment operators	4,060	6.8%	131,115	9.1%
Natural resources, agriculture and related production	260	0.4%	7,560	0.5%
Manufacturing and utilities	1,740	2.9%	61,900	4.3%
Total	59,745	100.0%	1,437,545	100.0%

Ward 8 - Eglinton-Lawrence

City of Toronto Ward Profiles

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Labour Force 15 years and over by Industry

Ward 8			Toronto	
Industry	2016	%	2016	%
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	95	0.2%	2,090	0.1%
Mining and oil and gas extraction	105	0.2%	2,045	0.1%
Utilities	160	0.3%	5,915	0.4%
Construction	2,900	4.9%	76,475	5.3%
Manufacturing	3,180	5.3%	105,285	7.3%
Wholesale trade	2,095	3.5%	50,120	3.5%
Retail trade	5,195	8.7%	141,540	9.8%
Transportation and warehousing	1,570	2.6%	57,910	4.0%
Information and cultural industries	1,905	3.2%	61,350	4.3%
Finance and insurance	5,440	9.1%	120,005	8.3%
Real estate and rental and leasing	2,425	4.1%	39,935	2.8%
Professional, scientific & technical services	8,330	13.9%	175,685	12.2%
Management of companies and enterprises	185	0.3%	4,085	0.3%
Admin. & support, waste mgmt. & remediation	3,035	5.1%	78,885	5.5%
Educational services	5,310	8.9%	110,280	7.7%
Health care and social assistance	7,370	12.3%	143,250	10.0%
Arts, entertainment and recreation	1,420	2.4%	34,995	2.4%
Accommodation and food services	3,460	5.8%	106,910	7.4%
Other services (except public administration)	3,850	6.4%	67,390	4.7%
Public administration	1,725	2.9%	53,390	3.7%
Total	59,750	100.0%	1,437,540	100.0%

Employed Labour Force 15 years and over by Place of Work Status

Ward 8			Toronto	
Place of Work Status	2016	%	2016	%
Worked at usual place	45,365	80.1%	1,094,805	80.4%
Worked at home	5,455	9.6%	101,280	7.4%
No fixed workplace address	5,505	9.7%	156,250	11.5%
Worked outside Canada	290	0.5%	9,040	0.7%
Total labour force	56,615	100.0%	1,361,375	100.0%

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Income and Shelter Costs

[Income and Shelter Costs Glossary](#) ⓘ

Household Income – 2015

Ward 8			Toronto	
Household Income	2015	%	2015	%
Under \$5,000	880	2.0%	33,170	3.0%
\$5,000 to \$9,999	675	1.5%	22,905	2.1%
\$10,000 to \$14,999	1,115	2.5%	36,660	3.3%
\$15,000 to \$19,999	1,965	4.4%	54,290	4.9%
\$20,000 to \$29,999	3,205	7.2%	95,150	8.5%
\$30,000 to \$39,999	3,390	7.7%	94,000	8.4%
\$40,000 to \$49,999	3,085	7.0%	90,710	8.2%
\$50,000 to \$59,999	3,005	6.8%	83,580	7.5%
\$60,000 to \$79,999	5,165	11.7%	144,925	13.0%
\$80,000 to \$99,999	3,960	9.0%	114,350	10.3%
\$100,000 to \$124,999	3,485	7.9%	100,330	9.0%
\$125,000 to \$149,999	2,485	5.6%	67,475	6.1%
\$150,000 and over	11,820	26.7%	175,380	15.8%
Total number of private households	44,225	100.0%	1,112,925	100.0%
All Households				
Average household income	\$162,674		\$102,721	
Median household income	\$78,626		\$65,808	
1-Person Households				
Average household income	\$59,196		\$55,409	
Median household income	\$38,484		\$38,196	

Shelter Costs

Ward 8			Toronto	
Renter Households	2016	%	2016	%
Average rent	\$1,245		\$1,242	
Households spending >30% of household income (2015)	8,588	43.1%	246,086	46.8%
Owner Households				
Average major payments	\$2,068		\$1,682	
Households spending >30% of household income (2015)	5,101	21.0%	160,860	27.4%

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Low Income – 2015

Ward 8			Toronto	
Low Income	2015	%	2015	%
Population in private households	112,925		2,691,665	
Low Income and % incidence of low income	15,685	13.9%	543,365	20.2%

Note: Low Income in 2015 is based on after-tax low-income measure (LIM-AT).

Individual Income (15 years and over) – 2015

Ward 8			Toronto	
Individual Income	2015	%	2015	%
Under \$10,000 (including loss)	13,180	15.0%	388,570	17.8%
\$10,000 to \$19,999	13,510	15.4%	411,160	18.8%
\$20,000 to \$29,999	11,120	12.6%	290,580	13.3%
\$30,000 to \$39,999	8,665	9.8%	221,505	10.1%
\$40,000 to \$49,999	7,225	8.2%	188,475	8.6%
\$50,000 to \$59,999	5,415	6.2%	144,180	6.6%
\$60,000 to \$69,999	4,405	5.0%	114,915	5.3%
\$70,000 to \$79,999	3,445	3.9%	89,780	4.1%
\$80,000 to \$89,999	2,780	3.2%	69,855	3.2%
\$90,000 to \$99,999	2,375	2.7%	58,180	2.7%
\$100,000 to \$149,999	6,540	7.4%	119,810	5.5%
\$150,000 and over	9,305	10.6%	90,220	4.1%
Total	87,970	100.0%	2,187,230	100%

All Persons			
Average income	\$81,773		\$52,268
Median income	\$36,997		\$30,122
Males			
Average income	\$107,355		\$62,667
Median income	\$42,725		\$33,526
Females			
Average income	\$60,731		\$42,807
Median income	\$33,105		\$27,551

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Composition of Income (15 years and over) – 2015

Ward 8				Toronto		
Composition of Income	Total %	Male %	Female %	Total %	Male %	Female %
Market Income	94.2%	96.5%	90.9%	90.7%	93.8%	86.7%
Employment income	72.8%	77.5%	65.9%	74.6%	77.8%	70.3%
Wages, salaries and commissions	62.4%	65.2%	58.4%	68.4%	70.8%	65.2%
Net self-employment income	10.3%	12.3%	7.5%	6.2%	7.0%	5.1%
Investment income	14.3%	13.0%	16.2%	8.7%	9.3%	7.9%
Private retirement income	4.3%	3.6%	5.3%	5.0%	4.5%	5.7%
Market income n.i.e.	2.9%	2.4%	3.6%	2.4%	2.2%	2.7%
Government transfer payments	5.8%	3.5%	9.1%	9.3%	6.2%	13.3%
Old Age Security & GIS	1.5%	0.9%	2.4%	2.5%	1.8%	3.5%
Canada/Quebec Pension Plan	2.0%	1.5%	2.6%	2.6%	2.2%	3.1%
EI benefits	0.5%	0.2%	0.8%	0.8%	0.5%	1.2%
Child benefits	0.8%	0.0%	1.9%	1.3%	0.1%	3.0%
Other government transfers	1.0%	0.7%	1.4%	2.0%	1.7%	2.5%
Total 2015 income	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Note: n.i.e. refers to "not included elsewhere".

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Notes & Glossary

Notes

Data Source

The information in this Ward Profile is adapted from Statistics Canada, 2016 Census, 2011 Census, 2011 National Household Survey and 2006 Census. This does not constitute an endorsement by Statistics Canada of this product.

Comparing 2016 and 2011 Census Data

Each year, the Census comprises of two questionnaires; a short-form questionnaire that is distributed to all households; and a long-form questionnaire that is distributed to a sample number of households and includes more detailed questions.

In 2011, there were changes in the way information was collected for the long-form portion of the 2011 Census. The information previously collected by the long-form Census was collected in 2011 as part of the new voluntary National Household Survey (NHS) by Statistics Canada. In 2016, Statistics Canada restored the mandatory long-form Census.

These changes make it difficult to compare 2011 and 2016 Census year data. In general, the 2011 NHS data is less comparable to that of all Censuses prior to 2011, and the 2016 Census. This is due to non-response bias that is inherent in voluntary surveys. Non-response bias can occur when people do not respond to a survey "because non-respondents tend to have different characteristics from respondents. As a result, there is a risk that the results will not be representative of the actual population", notes the 2011 National Household Survey User Guide. In regards to the 2011 NHS Profile information, Statistics Canada states: "For the 2011 National Household Survey (NHS) estimates, the global non-response rate (GNR) is used as an indicator of data quality. This indicator combines complete non-response (household) and partial non-response (question) into a single rate. The value of the GNR is presented to users. A smaller GNR indicates a lower risk of non-response bias and as a result, lower risk of inaccuracy. The threshold used for estimates' suppression is a GNR of 50% or more."

The risk of non-comparable data for population groups grows when two variables are cross-tabulated or tabulated for small geographic areas, such as variables relating to minority populations, income and shelter costs. Seventy-four percent of the Census Tracts in the City of Toronto reported by the 2011 NHS have a Global Non-Response Rate above 25%, the threshold for data suppression employed by Statistics Canada for the 2011 Census. Comparisons may be more suitable where the Global Non-Response Rates of the geographies are similar and the Coefficients of Variation of the variables are low.

The changes mean that results of the voluntary 2011 National Household Survey can not be easily compared to the mandatory 2016 Census results. Statistics Canada's Guide to the Census of Population, 2016 notes that "users must be careful when comparing estimates from two surveys, as

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they can differ significantly in methodology, quality and target population. The estimates from the 2016 Census long-form questionnaire were derived from a mandatory survey that had a high response rate, while the estimates from the 2011 National Household Survey (NHS) were derived from a voluntary survey. The response rate for the 2016 Census long-form questionnaire was 96.9%, while the 2011 NHS had a response rate of 68.6%. The definition of the target population of the 2016 Census long-form questionnaire and that of the 2011 NHS were exactly the same." Use of the results of the voluntary 2011 NHS requires a careful understanding of the significant differences and higher non-response inherent in the NHS by comparison to the long-form Census of 2016 and previous years.

Custom Tabulations

The Ward Profiles are based on a series of custom tabulations from the 2016 Census, 2011 Census and 2011 National Household Survey, and 2006 Census of Statistics Canada. The 2016 custom tabulations are based on the long-form Census questionnaire. The custom tabulations used in the 2011 Ward Profiles are different.

In 2011, the Census methodology changed to include a mandatory short-form questionnaire and a voluntary long-form questionnaire for the National Household Survey). As a result, the 2011 Ward and Community Council Profiles included data from both the Census short form and the NHS long-form questionnaire for that year. The data are not easily compared because of the distinct samples. To distinguish between the two datasets, City Planning published two sets of Profile documents for each Ward for the 2011 Census year; the 2011 Census Profile (the short-form questionnaire) and the 2011 National Household Survey Profile (the long-form questionnaire) which are available on the City of Toronto's website.

Comparing 2016 and 2011 Ward Profile Topics

The 2016 Census Profiles contain 2016 Census data and select 2011 Census and National Household Survey data for the 25-Ward model. The 25-Ward would apply to the 2018-2022 term of City Council. The 25-Ward model would replace the 44-Ward model, in effect since 2014.

The 2016 Ward Profiles include both 2016 Census data and select 2011 Census and National Household Survey data. The 2011 to 2016 comparison topics include Population, Dwellings and Families. Including profile information from 2011, from before the 25-Ward model existed, enables a better understanding of recent growth trends and key demographic indicators for each Ward in the 25-Ward model.

In order to compare 2011 and 2016 data, it is important to be aware of changes to Census data collection methods that have occurred in the last decade. The replacement of the voluntary 2011 National Household Survey by the restoration of the long-form Census in 2016 allows for accurate comparison between 2016 and 2006 Census information, and for Censuses prior to 2006. The mandatory 2016 Census results can not be easily compared to the results of the voluntary 2011 National Household Survey due to the differing sample and lower response rates of the voluntary survey. When comparing Ward Profile data for years 2011 to 2016, users should be aware that the results of the 2016 Long-Form Census are considered to be more reliable than those the 2011

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National Household Survey. For example, the results of the 2011 National Household Survey were found to significantly undercount employment in the City.

When comparing Ward Profile data between these years, readers should be aware of which Census questionnaires were used in each year for each topic. Comparing the same topics, but with different questionnaires and samples will impact comparability. In particular, users and readers of the Ward Profiles should be aware of the different population and household samples used by Statistics Canada in 2011 and 2016 to produce the Ward data for [Population](#), [Dwellings](#), [Population in Dwellings](#) and [Families](#). The following table provides a summary by Ward Topic of the Census questionnaires used in 2011 and 2016 by Statistics Canada, the results of which were assembled by Statistics Canada to prepare the custom tabulations used in the City of Toronto Ward Profiles.

Ward Profile Topic	2016 Data	2011 Data
Population	Short Form Census	Short Form Census
Dwellings	Long Form Census	Short Form Census
Families	Long Form Census	Short Form Census
Population in Dwellings	Long Form Census	National Household Survey

2016 Ward Profiles - Toronto Totals

The city of Toronto totals refer to the municipal boundary of the City of Toronto. The City of Toronto municipal boundary corresponds to the Census geography referred to as the [Toronto Census Division](#) (Toronto CD, 3520) and the [Toronto Census Subdivision](#) (Toronto CSD, 3520005).

The 2016 Ward Profile custom tabulations are based on the long form questionnaire i.e. the 25% sample of the population in private households who received the long-form questionnaire. The custom tabulations provide data for the Wards and Toronto. The Toronto totals included in the Ward Profiles are based on the custom tabulations.

As a result, it is possible that Toronto totals referenced in other documents may have slight variances in reported totals when compared to what is reported in the Ward Profiles. This is because the Ward Profiles are based on the Census short-form questionnaire. Other documents may report City of Toronto totals that are based on the long-form Census questionnaire and reflect a different sampling and survey approach. These variances are most likely to occur for the questions and variables that feature on the short-form Census, including the "Households & Dwellings", "Families" and Language Groups" topics in this Ward Profile.

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Table Totals and Random Rounding

The figures shown in the tables have been subjected to a confidentiality procedure known as "random rounding" by Statistics Canada, wherein each of the numbers is randomly rounded up or down by 5 or 10. This is intended to prevent the possibility of associating these data with any identifiable individual. The totals of each table are the sum of the individual population characteristics in that table as provided by Statistics Canada, each of which may have been randomly rounded. As a result, due to random rounding, the totals for any one table may vary from the total population count for that area as reported by Statistics Canada. The total population or households reported in the Ward profile tables may also vary from table to table, as each total is a sum of the individual population or household characteristics of that particular table.

Administrative Sources

For the first time, the 2016 Census gathered income data solely from administrative sources, rather than asking Census participants to self-report their income levels. The reference period for income data is the calendar year 2015.

The 2016 Census provided data on the category of admission and applicant type for immigrants with permanent resident status as a result of a record linkage to Immigration, Refugees and Citizenship Canada's (IRCC) administrative immigration records for immigrants admitted to Canada between 1980 and 2016.

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Population Glossary

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Population

The population universe (target population) of the 2016 Census includes the following groups:

- Canadian citizens (by birth or by naturalization) and landed immigrants (permanent residents) with a usual place of residence in Canada.
- Canadian citizens (by birth or by naturalization) and landed immigrants (permanent residents) who are abroad either on a military base or attached to a diplomatic mission.
- Canadian citizens (by birth or by naturalization) and landed immigrants (permanent residents) at sea or in port aboard merchant vessels under Canadian registry or Canadian government vessels.
- Persons with a usual place of residence in Canada who are claiming refugee status and family members living with them.
- Persons with a usual place of residence in Canada who hold study permits and family members living with them.
- Persons with a usual place of residence in Canada who hold work permits and family members living with them.

For Census purposes, these last three groups of people are referred to as 'non-permanent residents.' They have been included since 1991. Foreign residents are excluded from the population universe. Foreign residents are persons who belong to the following groups:

- Government representatives of another country attached to the embassy, high commission or other diplomatic body of that country in Canada, and members of their families living with them.
- Members of the Armed Forces of another country who are stationed in Canada, and family members living with them.
- Residents of another country visiting Canada temporarily (for example, a foreign visitor on vacation or on business, with or without a visitor's permit).

Institutional Population

Person who live in an institutional collective dwelling, such as a hospital, a nursing home or a prison. This includes residents under care or custody (e.g., patients or inmates) or employee residents and family members living with them, if any.

Population in Private Households

Other than the Total Population by Age, population in private households is the applicable population for all 2016 Ward Profile topics based on the 2016 Census long-form questionnaire.

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Age Group

Refers to the age at last birthday before the reference date, that is, before May 10, 2016. This variable is derived from date of birth.

Median Age

The median age is an age 'x', such that exactly one half of the population is older than 'x' and the other half is younger than 'x'.

Dependency Ratio

The total demographic dependency ratio is the ratio of the combined youth population (0 to 19 years) and senior population (65 or older) to the working-age population (20 to 64 years). It is expressed as the number of "dependents" for every 100 "worker". The demographic dependency ratio is based on age rather than employment status. It does not account for young people or seniors who are working, nor for working-age people who are unemployed or not in the labour force. It merely reflects population age structure and is not meant to diminish the contributions made by people classified as "dependents."

Dwellings Glossary

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Household size

Number of persons occupying a private dwelling.

Household type

Category to which a person living alone or a group of persons occupying the same dwelling belong. There are two categories: non-family households and family households.

- A non-family household consists of either one person living alone or of two or more persons who share a dwelling, but do not constitute a family.
- Family households are divided into two subcategories: one-family households and multiple-family households.

Structural type of dwelling

Characteristics that define a dwelling's structure, for example, the characteristics of a single-detached house, a semi-detached house, a row house, or an apartment or flat in a duplex.

- **Single-detached house** – A single dwelling not attached to any other dwelling or structure (except its own garage or shed). A single-detached house has open space on all sides, and has no dwellings either above it or below it.
- **Semi-detached house** – One of the two dwellings attached side by side (or back to front) to each other, but not to any other dwelling or structure (except its own garage or shed). A semi-detached dwelling has no dwellings either above it or below it, and the two units together have open space on all sides.

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- **Row house** – One of three or more dwellings joined side by side (or occasionally side to back), such as a town house or garden home, but not having any other dwellings either above or below.
- **Apartment or flat in a duplex** – One of two dwellings, located one above the other, may or may not be attached to other dwellings or buildings.
- **Apartment in a building that has five or more storeys** – A dwelling unit in a high-rise apartment building which has five or more storeys.
- **Apartment in a building that has fewer than five storeys** – A dwelling unit attached to other dwellings units, or other non-residential space in a building that has fewer than five storeys.
- **Other single-attached house** – A single dwelling that is attached to another building and that does not fall into any of the other categories, such as a single dwelling attached to a non-residential structure (e.g., a store or a church) or occasionally to another residential structure (e.g., an apartment building).
- **Mobile home** – A single dwelling, designed and constructed to be transported on its own chassis and capable of being moved to a new location on short notice. It may be placed temporarily on a foundation, such as blocks, posts or a prepared pad (which may be covered by a skirt).
- **Other movable dwelling** – A single dwelling, other than a mobile home, used as a place of residence, but capable of being moved on short notice, such as a tent, recreational vehicle, travel trailer or houseboat.

Grouped Dwelling Types by Period of Construction

For comparative purposes the Census dwelling structure data types were re-grouped two dwelling structure types in the graphic highlight pages:

- **Ground Related Dwellings by Period of Construction** includes single and semi-detached houses, row/townhouses; apartment units in buildings with less than 5 storeys and apartments or flats in duplexes and other dwellings such as mobile homes.
- **Apartments in Buildings 5+ Storeys by Period of Construction** include apartments in a building that has five or more storeys.

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City of Toronto Ward Profiles

2016 Census

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Families Glossary

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Census family structure (families by type)

Refers to the classification of Census families into **married couples** (with or without children of either and/or both spouses), **common-law couples** (with or without children of either and/or both partners), and **lone-parent families** by sex of parent. A couple may be of opposite or same sex. A couple with children may be further classified as either an intact family or stepfamily, and stepfamilies may, in turn, be classified as simple or complex. Children in a Census family include grandchildren living with their grandparent(s) but with no parents present.

Census family composition (families by number of children)

Refers to the classification of Census families (that is, married or common-law couples, with or without children, and lone parents with at least one child) by the number and/or age group of children living at home. A couple may be of opposite or same sex.

A couple with children may be further classified as either an intact family or stepfamily, and stepfamilies may, in turn, be classified as simple or complex. Children in a Census family include grandchildren living with their grandparent(s) but with no parents present.

Population in Dwellings Glossary

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Period of Construction

Refers to the period in time during which the building or dwelling was originally constructed. This refers to the period in which the building was originally built, not the time of any later remodelling, additions or conversions.

Private Dwellings

The private dwellings occupied by usual residents universe is composed of variables which pertain to characteristics of dwellings in Canada. Dwellings are distinct from households. Dwelling characteristics refer to the physical attributes of a set of living quarters, whereas household characteristics pertain to the person or the group of persons (other than foreign residents) who occupy a private dwelling and do not have a usual place of residence elsewhere in Canada.

Tenure

Refers to whether the household owns or rents their private dwelling, or whether the dwelling is band housing (on an Indian reserve or settlement).

Condominium Status

Refers to whether the private dwelling is part of a condominium development. A condominium is a residential complex in which dwellings are owned individually while land and common elements are held in joint ownership with others.

Household Maintainer Glossary

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Primary Household Maintainer (PHM)

Refers to whether or not a person residing in the household is responsible for paying the rent, or the mortgage, or the taxes, or the electricity or other services or utilities. Where a number of people may contribute to the payments, more than one person in the household may be identified as a household maintainer. If no person in the household is identified as making such payments, the reference person is identified by default. An occupied private dwelling will have at least one Primary Household Maintainers (PHM). As a result, the number of PHMs can also serve as a proxy for the number of households within each occupied dwelling.

Age Group of Primary Household Maintainer

Refers to the age at last birthday before the reference date, that is, before May 10, 2016.

Private Households

The private households universe is composed of sub-universes and variables which pertain to the person or the group of persons (other than foreign residents) who occupy a private dwelling and do not have a usual place of residence elsewhere in Canada. Household variables are distinct from dwelling variables, in that the latter ones pertain to dwelling characteristics, not to persons occupying the dwelling.

Migration, Mobility & Languages Glossary

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Generation Status

Generation status refers to whether or not the person or the person's parents were born in Canada. It identifies persons as being first generation, second generation or third generation or more. Generation status is derived from responses to questions concerning the person's place of birth and the place of birth of his or her parents. Within the generation status variable, the three main categories are defined as follows:

- **'First generation'** includes persons who were born outside Canada. For the most part, these are people who are now, or have ever been, immigrants to Canada.
- **'Second generation'** includes persons who were born in Canada and had at least one parent born outside Canada. For the most part, these are the children of immigrants.
- **'Third generation or more'** includes persons who were born in Canada with both parents born in Canada.

Immigrant Status

Immigrant status refers to whether the respondent is a non-immigrant, an immigrant or a non-permanent resident.

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- **Non-immigrant** refers to a person who is a Canadian citizen by birth.
- **Immigrant** refers to a person who is or has ever been a landed immigrant/permanent resident. This person has been granted the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities. Some immigrants have resided in Canada for a number of years, while others have arrived recently. Some immigrants are Canadian citizens, while others are not. Most immigrants are born outside Canada, but a small number are born in Canada. In the 2016 'Immigrants' includes immigrants who landed in Canada prior to May 10, 2016.

Non-permanent resident refers to a person from another country who has a work or study permit or who is a refugee claimant, and any non-Canadian-born family member living in Canada with them.

Recent Immigrant

Refers to an immigrant who first obtained his or her landed immigrant or permanent resident status between January 1, 2011 and May 10, 2016.

Admission Category

Refers to the name of the immigration program or group of programs under which an immigrant has been granted for the first time the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities. Data on admission category are available for immigrants who landed in Canada between January 1, 1980 and May 10, 2016.

- **'Economic immigrants'** includes immigrants who have been selected for their ability to contribute to Canada's economy through their ability to meet labour market needs, to own and manage or to build a business, to make a substantial investment, to create their own employment or to meet specific provincial or territorial labour market needs.
- **'Immigrants sponsored by family'** includes immigrants who were sponsored by a Canadian citizen or permanent resident and were granted permanent resident status on the basis of their relationship either as the spouse, partner, parent, grand-parent, child or other relative of this sponsor. The terms 'family class' or 'family reunification' are sometimes used to refer to this category.
- **'Refugees'** includes immigrants who were granted permanent resident status on the basis of a well-founded fear of returning to their home country. This category includes persons who had a well-founded fear of persecution for reasons of race, religion, nationality, membership in particular social group or for political opinion (Geneva Convention refugees) as well as persons who had been seriously and personally affected by civil war or armed conflict, or have suffered a massive violation of human rights. Some refugees were in Canada when they applied for refugee protection for themselves and their family members (either with them in Canada or abroad). Others were abroad and were referred for resettlement to Canada by the United Nations Refugee Agency, another designated referral organization or private sponsors.

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- **'Other immigrants'** includes immigrants who were granted permanent resident status under a program that does not fall under the economic immigrants, the immigrants sponsored by family or the refugee categories.

Applicant Type

Refers to whether an immigrant was identified as the principal applicant, the spouse or the dependant on the application for permanent residence.

Mobility Status – Place of residence 1 year ago

Information indicating whether the person lived in the same residence on the reference day, May 10, 2016, as he or she did one year before, May 10, 2015. This means that we have 'movers' and 'non-movers.' There are different types of 'movers': people who moved within the same city or town (non-migrants), people who moved to a different city or town (internal migrants) and people who came from another country to live in Canada (external migrants).

Mobility Status – Place of residence 5 years ago

Information indicating whether the person lived in the same residence on the reference day, May 10, 2016, as he or she did five years before, May 10, 2011. This means that we have 'movers' and 'non-movers.' There are different types of 'movers': people who moved within the same city or town (non-migrants), people who moved to a different city or town (internal migrants) and people who came from another country to live in Canada (external migrants).

Period of Immigration

Period of immigration refers to the period in which the immigrant first obtained his or her landed immigrant/permanent resident status.

A landed immigrant/permanent resident is a person who has been granted the right to live permanently in Canada by immigration authorities. Some immigrants have resided in Canada for a number of years, while others have arrived recently. Some immigrants are Canadian citizens, while others are not. Most immigrants are born outside Canada, but a small number are born in Canada. In the 2016 Census, 'Immigrants' includes immigrants who landed in Canada prior to May 10, 2016.

Place of Birth

Place of birth refers to the name of the province, territory or country in which the person was born. It may refer to a province or territory if the person was born in Canada. It refers to a country if the person was born outside Canada. The geographic location is specified according to boundaries current at the time the data are collected, not the boundaries at the time of birth.

Mother Tongue

Refers to the first language learned at home in childhood and still understood by the individual at the time of the Census.

Home Language

Refers to the language spoken most often or on a regular basis at home by the individual at the time of the Census.

Education Glossary

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Highest Certificate, Diploma or Degree

Information indicating the person's most advanced certificate, diploma or degree. This is a derived variable obtained from the educational qualifications questions, which asked for all certificates, diplomas and degrees to be reported. The general hierarchy used in deriving this variable (high school graduation, trades, college, university) is loosely tied to the 'in-class' duration of the various types of education.

At the detailed level, someone who has completed one type of certificate, diploma or degree will not necessarily have completed the credentials listed below it in the hierarchy. For example, a registered apprenticeship graduate may not have completed a high school certificate or diploma, nor does an individual with a master's degree necessarily have a 'certificate or diploma above the bachelor's level.' Although the hierarchy may not fit all programs perfectly, it gives a general measure of educational attainment. The following qualifications are to be noted:

- For this variable, the category 'High school diploma or equivalent' includes persons who have completed the requirements for graduation from a secondary school or the equivalent, but no postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree. Examples of secondary (high) school equivalency certificates are General Educational Development (GED) and Adult Basic Education (ABE). A secondary (high) school diploma or graduation certificate or equivalent is sometimes classified as junior or senior matriculation, general or technical-commercial.
- The 'Registered Apprenticeship certificate' category includes Journeyperson's designation. A journeyman's or journeyperson's certificate in the trades is obtained through successful completion of the examinations for a Certificate of Qualification (COQ). Candidates for the exam must have several years of work experience in the trade or have received their registered apprenticeship certificate through a combination of on-the-job training and in-school training.
- Other trades certificates or diplomas such as pre-employment or vocational certificates and diplomas are brief trade programs completed at community colleges, institutes of technology, vocational centres, and similar institutions.
- College, CEGEP and other non-university certificates or diplomas are obtained from: a community college; a CEGEP (both general and technical); an institute of technology; a school of nursing; a private business school; a private or public trade school; or a vocational school. Included in this category are teaching and nursing certificates awarded by provincial departments of education, with the exception of teachers' or nurses qualifications obtained at university-affiliated faculties of education or nursing. College certificates or diplomas of two years or more usually have a minimum entrance requirement of a secondary (high) school diploma or its equivalent.
- University certificates or diplomas (below or above bachelor level) are awarded for non-degree programs of study completed through a university. They are often connected with professional associations in fields such as accounting, banking, insurance or public administration. If the

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university certificate or diploma program does not require a bachelor degree to enrol, then it is classified as below the bachelor level. If a university certificate or diploma program normally requires a bachelor's degree as a prerequisite, then it is classified as above the bachelor level.

- University degrees are obtained through universities and other degree-granting institutions.
- Examples of postsecondary institutions include community colleges, institutes of technology, CEGEPs, schools of nursing, private or public trade schools, private business colleges, and universities.

Ethnocultural Glossary

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Ethnic Origin

Ethnic origin refers to the ethnic or cultural origins of the respondent's ancestors.

Visible Minority

Visible minority refers to whether a person belongs to a visible minority group as defined by the Employment Equity Act and, if so, the visible minority group to which the person belongs. The Employment Equity Act defines visible minorities as 'persons, other than Aboriginal peoples, who are non-Caucasian in race or non-white in colour.' The visible minority population consists mainly of the following groups: South Asian, Chinese, Black, Filipino, Latin American, Arab, Southeast Asian, West Asian, Korean and Japanese.

Labour Force Glossary

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Employed

Persons who, during the week of Sunday, May 1 to Saturday, May 7, 2016:

- Did any work at all at a job or business, that is, paid work in the context of an employer-employee relationship, or self-employment. It also includes persons who did unpaid family work, which is defined as unpaid work contributing directly to the operation of a farm, business or professional practice owned and operated by a related member of the same household;
- Had a job but were not at work due to factors such as their own illness or disability, personal or family responsibilities, vacation or a labour dispute. This category excludes persons not at work because they were on layoff or between casual jobs, and those who did not then have a job (even if they had a job to start at a future date).

Labour Force

Refers to whether a person was employed, unemployed or not in the labour force during the week of Sunday, May 1 to Saturday, May 7, 2016. The number of Employed persons and the Unemployed persons added together to equate to the Labour force.

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Not in the Labour Force

Refers to persons who, during the week Sunday, May 1 to Saturday, May 7, 2016, were neither employed nor unemployed.

Occupation (based on the National Occupational Classification [NOC-S 2016])

Refers to the kind of work performed by persons during the week of Sunday, May 1 to Saturday, May 7, 2016, as determined by their kind of work and the description of the main activities in their job. The 2016 Census occupation data are produced according to the NOC 2016. The 2011 National Household Survey occupation data was produced according to the NOC 2011.

The National Occupational Classification (NOC) 2016 is composed of four levels of aggregation. There are 10 broad occupational categories containing 40 major groups that are further subdivided into 140 minor groups. At the most detailed level, there are 500 occupation unit groups. Occupation unit groups are formed on the basis of the education, training, or skill level required to enter the job, as well as the kind of work performed, as determined by the tasks, duties and responsibilities of the occupation.

Industry (based on the North American Industry Classification System [NAICS] 2012)

Refers to the general nature of the business carried out in the establishment where the person worked. The 2016 Census industry data are produced according to the NAICS 2012. The 2011 National Household Survey was coded to the NAICS 2007. Statistics Canada have provided a concordance [table](#) that shows the relationship between NAICS Canada 2012 and NAICS Canada 2007 only for those areas of the classification which have changed in terms of structure and content.

The NAICS provides enhanced industry comparability among the three North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA) trading partners (Canada, United States and Mexico). This classification consists of a systematic and comprehensive arrangement of industries structured into 20 sectors, 102 subsectors and 324 industry groups. The criteria used to create these categories are similarity of input structures, labour skills or production processes used by the establishment.

Participation Rate

Refers to the labour force in the week of Sunday, May 1 to Saturday, May 7, 2016, expressed as a percentage of the population aged 15 years and over. The participation rate for a particular group (age, sex, marital status, geographic area, etc.) is the total labour force in that group, expressed as a percentage of the total population in that group.

Place of Work Status

Classification of respondents according to whether they worked at home, worked outside Canada, had no fixed workplace address, or worked at a specific address (usual place of work).

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Unemployed

Refers to persons who, during the week of Sunday, May 1 to Saturday, May 7, 2016, were without paid work or without self-employment work and were available for work and either:

- had actively looked for paid work in the past four weeks; or
- were on temporary lay-off and expected to return to their job; or
- had definite arrangements to start a new job in four weeks or less.

Unemployment Rate

Refers to the unemployed expressed as a percentage of the labour force in the week of Sunday, May 1 to Saturday, May 7, 2016.

Income and Shelter Costs Glossary

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Household Income

The total income of a household is the sum of the total incomes of all members of that household.

Average Household Income

Average income of households refers to the sum of total incomes in 2015 of households divided by the total number of households. Average incomes of households are calculated for all units, whether or not they had income.

Average Individual Income

Average income of individuals refers to the dollar amount obtained by adding up the total income of all individuals aged 15 years and over who reported income for 2015 and dividing this sum by the number of individuals with income.

Median Income

The median income of a specified group is the amount that divides the income distribution of that group into two halves, i.e., the incomes of half of the units in that group are below the median, while those of the other half are above the median. Median incomes of individuals are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).

Composition of Income

The composition of the total income of a population group or a geographic area refers to the relative share of each income source or group of sources, expressed as a percentage of the aggregate total income of that group or area.

Low-Income and Low Income Measure After Tax (LIM-AT)

Low income refers to whether an individual, family, or households has an income below a specific low-income line. Low Income in 2015 is based on after-tax low-income measure (LIM-AT). The Low-

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income measure after tax (LIM-AT) is a fixed percentage (50%) of median adjusted after-tax income of households observed at the person level, where 'adjusted' indicates that a household's needs are taken into account. Adjustment for household sizes reflects the fact that a household's needs increase as the number of members increase, although not necessarily by the same proportion per additional member. The threshold of income varies based on the size of a household. For 2015, the LIM-AT threshold is \$22,133 for a one person household, \$31,301 for a two person household, and \$44,266 for a four person household.

Shelter Cost

Shelter-cost-to-income ratio is calculated for private households living in owned or rented dwellings who reported a total household income greater than zero. Shelter-cost-to-income ratio refers to the proportion of average total income of household which is spent on shelter costs. Shelter cost refers to the average monthly total of all shelter expenses paid by households that own or rent their dwelling.

- **Shelter costs for owner households** include, where applicable, mortgage payments, property taxes and condominium fees, along with the costs of electricity, heat, water and other municipal services.
- **Shelter costs for renter households**, include, where applicable, the rent and the costs of electricity, heat, water and other municipal services.

The relatively high shelter costs to household income ratios for some households may have resulted from the difference in the reference period for shelter costs and household total income data. The reference period for shelter cost data is 2016, while household total income is reported for the year 2015. As well, for some households, the 2015 household total income may represent income for only part of a year.

Total Income

Total of income from all sources, including employment income, income from government programs, pension income, investment income and any other money income. Total income refers to monetary receipts from certain sources, before income taxes and deductions, during a calendar year 2015.

It includes employment income from wages, salaries, tips, commissions and net income from self-employment (for both unincorporated farm and non-farm activities); income from government sources, such as social assistance, child benefits, employment insurance, Old Age Security pension, Canada or Quebec pension plan benefits and disability income; income from employer and personal pension sources, such as private pensions and payments from annuities and RRIFs; income from investment sources, such as dividends and interest on bonds, accounts, GICs and mutual funds; and other regular cash income, such as child support payments received, spousal support payments (alimony) received and scholarships. The monetary receipts included are those that tend to be of a regular and recurring nature.

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It excludes one-time receipts, such as: lottery winnings, gambling winnings, cash inheritances, lump sum insurance settlements, capital gains, TFSA and RRSP withdrawals. Capital gains are excluded because they are not by their nature regular and recurring. It is further assumed that they are less likely to be fully spent in the period in which they are received, unlike income that is regular and recurring. Also excluded are employer's contributions to registered pension plans, Canada and Quebec pension plans, and employment insurance. Finally, voluntary inter-household transfers, imputed rent, goods and services produced for barter, and goods produced for own consumption are excluded from this total income definition.

Statistics Canada - Census Dictionary & Guide

For more information, see:

[Statistics Canada Catalogue No. 99-301-X Dictionary Census of Population, 2016](#)

[Statistics Canada Catalogue No. 98-304-X2016001 Guide to the Census of Population, 2016](#)

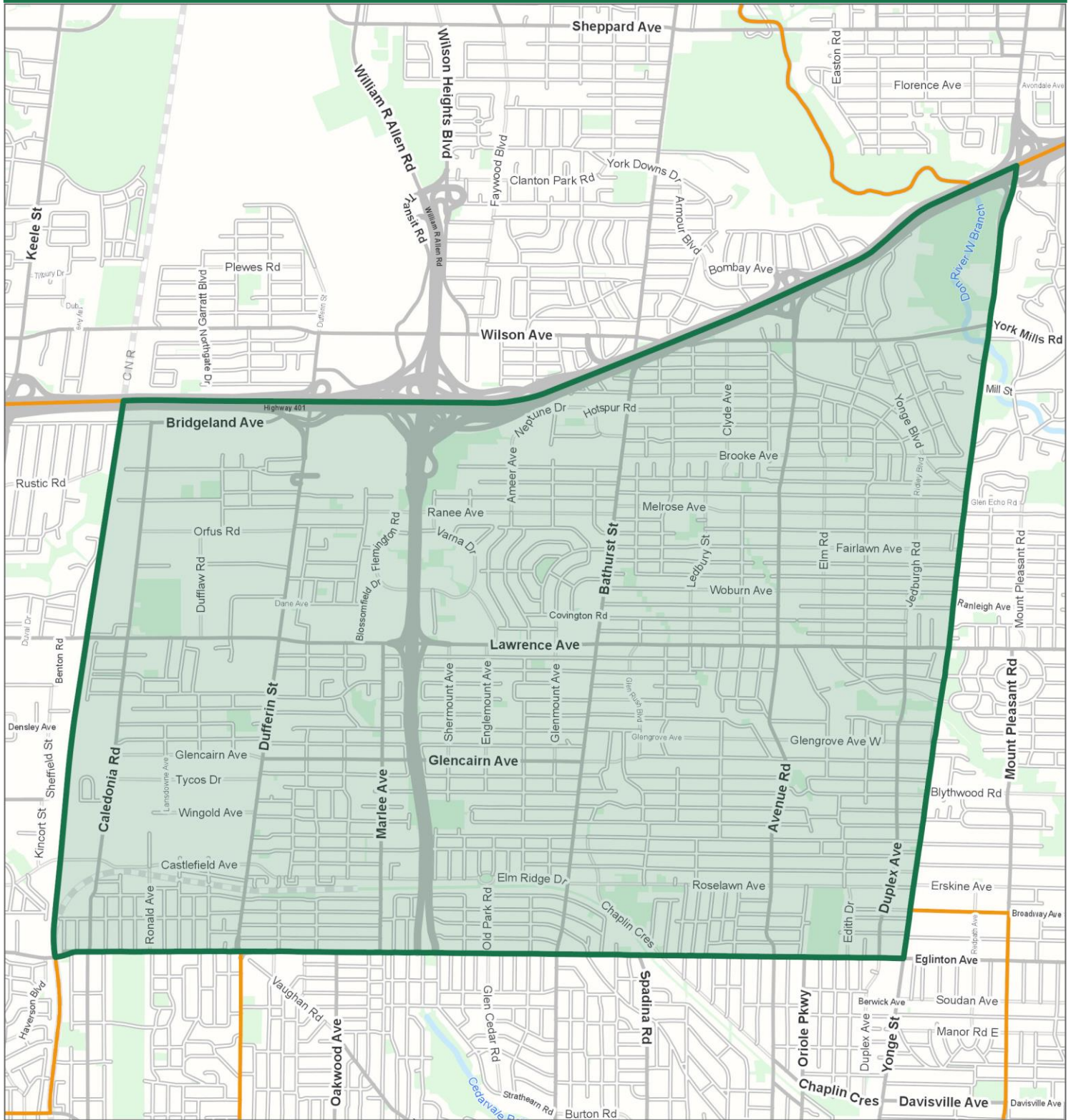
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