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 *1/12/22
 *This takes input and sorts it using differnt methods.
package sort;
import java.io.File;
import java.io.FileNotFoundException;
import java.io.FileWriter;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.io.PrintWriter;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class sort {
      Scanner consoleInput = new Scanner(System.in);
      String input;
      Scanner fileInput;
      int[] inputArray;
      long startTime;
      public sort() {
            System.out.println("Enter a number for the input file.");
            System.out.println("1: input.txt
                                                2: input2.txt 3: input3.txt
      4: input4.txt");
            input = consoleInput.nextLine();
            if (input.length() != 1 && input.charAt(0) != '1' && input.charAt(0) !=
121
                              && input.charAt(0) != '3' && input.charAt(0) != '4')
{
                  System.out.println("Enter 1, 2, 3, or 4.");
                  while (input.length() != 1 \&\& input.charAt(0) != '1' \&\&
input.charAt(0) != '2'
                              && input.charAt(0) != '3' && input.charAt(0) != '4')
{
                        input = consoleInput.nextLine();
                  }
            try {
                  fileInput = new Scanner(new File("input" + input.charAt(0) +
".txt"));
            } catch (FileNotFoundException ex) {
                  ex.printStackTrace();
                  System.exit(0);
            String infile = fileInput.nextLine();
            String[] inputStringArray = infile.split(",");
            inputArray = new int[inputStringArray.length];
            for (int i = 0; i < inputStringArray.length; i++) {</pre>
                  inputArray[i] = Integer.parseInt(inputStringArray[i]);
                  System.out.println(inputArray[i]);
            System.out.println("Enter a number for the sort you want to use.");
            System.out.println("1: Bubble 2: Selection
                                                           3: Table
                                                                        4: Quick");
            input = consoleInput.nextLine();
            if (input.length() != 1 \& input.charAt(0) != '1' \& input.charAt(0) !=
121
                              && input.charAt(0) != '3') {
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System.out.println("Enter 1, 2, 3, or 4.");
                  while (input.length() != 1 && input.charAt(0) != '1' &&
input.charAt(0) != '2'
                              && input.charAt(0) != '3' && input.charAt(0) != '4')
{
                        input = consoleInput.nextLine();
                  }
            startTime = System.currentTimeMillis();
            if (input.equals("1")) {
                  inputArray = bubbleSort(inputArray);
            if (input.equals("2")) {
                  inputArray = selectionSort(inputArray);
            if (input.equals("3")) {
                  inputArray = tableSort(inputArray);
            if (input.equals("4")) {
                  inputArray = quickSort(inputArray, 0, (inputArray.length)-1);
            long totalTime = System.currentTimeMillis() - startTime;
            PrintWriter pw;
            try {
                  pw = new PrintWriter(new FileWriter(new File("output.txt")));
                  String output = "";
                  for (int i = 0; i < inputArray.length; i++) {</pre>
                        output += inputArray[i] + ",";
                  output += "\nTotal Time:" + totalTime;
                  pw.write(output);
                  pw.close();
            } catch (IOException ex) {
                  ex.printStackTrace();
                  System.exit(0);
            }
      }
      //compare each pair of numbers and move the larger to the right
      int[] bubbleSort(int[] array) {
            for (int j = 0; j < array.length; <math>j++) {
                  for (int i = 0; i < array.length - 1; i++) {
                        //if the one on the left is larger
                        if (array[i] > array[i+1]) {
                              //swap!
                              int temp = array[i];
                              array[i] = array[i+1];
                              array[i+1] = temp;
                        }
                  }
            return array;
      //find the smallest and move it to the front
      int[] selectionSort(int[] array) {
            for (int j = 0; j < array.length; <math>j++) {
                  int smallestNumber = array[j];
                  int smallestIndex = j;
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for (int i = j; i < array.length; i++) {
                        if (array[i] < smallestNumber) {</pre>
                              smallestNumber = array[i];
                              smallestIndex = i;
                        }
                  int temp = array[smallestIndex];
                  array[smallestIndex] = array[j];
                  array[j] = temp;
            return array;
     }
     //Count how often you see each number, print out the number of times
     int[] tableSort(int[] array) {
            int[] tally = new int[1001];
            for (int i = 0; i < array.length; i++) {
                  tally[array[i]]++;
           }
            int count = 0;
            //i keeps track of the actual number
            for (int i = 0; i < tally.length; i++) {
                  //j keeps track of how many times we've seen that number
                  for (int j = 0; j < tally[i]; j++) {
                        array[count] = i;
                        count++;
                  }
            return array;
     }
     static void swap (int[] array, int start, int end) {
            int tmp = array[start];
            array[start] = array[end];
            array[end] = tmp;
     }
     static int partition(int[] array, int start, int end) {
            //Sets Pivot
            int pivot = array[end];
            //Sets the threshold value
            int i = (start - 1);
           //The counter value that goes through the array and finds the value to
swap
           for (int j = start; j \le end - 1; j++) {
                  //if current value is smaller then the pivot, it swaps it with
the threshold value
                  if (array[j] < pivot) {</pre>
                        i++;
                        swap(array, i, j);
                  }
            swap(array, i+1, end);
            return (i+1);
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int[] quickSort(int[] array, int start, int end) {
    if (start < end) {
        //finds a new pivot
        int pivot = partition(array, start, end);
        //resorts the array with a new pivot every time until it is

finished
    quickSort(array, start, pivot -1);
    quickSort(array, pivot + 1, end);
    }
    return array;
}

public static void main(String[] args) {
    new sort();
}</pre>
```