

# COSC1112/1114: Operating Systems Principles

## Lab 5 (week 6)

1. Run the following two C programs and observe the concurrency processing of two functions when using thread, and the sequential processing of the same two functions when not using thread.

Code-1 (using thread):

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```
#include <pthread.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <time.h>

int sum; /* this data is shared by the thread(s) */
int multiply;
void *runner(void *param); /* threads call this function */
void *second(void *param);

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    pthread_t tid; /* the thread identifier */
    pthread_t tid1;
    pthread_attr_t attr; /* set of thread attributes */
    pthread_attr_t attr1;

    if (argc != 2) {
        fprintf(stderr, "usage: a.out <integer value>\n");
        return -1;
    }

    if (atoi(argv[1]) < 0) {
        fprintf(stderr, "%d must be >= 0\n", atoi(argv[1]));
        return -1;
    }

    /* get the default attributes */
    pthread_attr_init(&attr);
    pthread_attr_init(&attr1);
    /* create the thread */
    pthread_create(&tid, &attr, runner, argv[1]);
    pthread_create(&tid1, &attr1, second, argv[1]);
    /* wait for the thread to exit */
```

```

        pthread_join(tid,NULL);
        pthread_join(tid1,NULL);

        printf("final sum = %d\n",sum);
        printf("final multiply=%d\n",multiply);
    }

    /* The thread will begin control in this function */
    void *runner(void *param)
    {
        int i, upper = atoi(param);
        sum = 0;
        for (i = 1; i <= upper; i++){
            sum += i;
            sleep(1);
            printf("sum = %d\n",sum);
        }
        pthread_exit(0);
    }

    void *second(void *param)
    {
        int i, upper = atoi(param);
        multiply = 1;
        for(i=1; i <= upper; i++){
            multiply += i*i;
            sleep(1);
            printf("multiply = %d\n",multiply);
        }
        pthread_exit(0);
    }

```

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#### Code-2 (no thread)

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```

#include <pthread.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <time.h>

int sum; /* this data is shared by the thread(s) */
int multiply;
void runner(void *param); /* threads call this function */
void second(void *param);

```

```

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    pthread_t tid; /* the thread identifier */
    pthread_t tid1;
    pthread_attr_t attr; /* set of thread attributes */
    pthread_attr_t attr1;

    if (argc != 2) {
        fprintf(stderr,"usage: a.out <integer value>\n");
        return -1;
    }

    if (atoi(argv[1]) < 0) {
        fprintf(stderr,"%d must be >= 0\n",atoi(argv[1]));
        return -1;
    }

    runner(argv[1]);

    second(argv[1]);

    printf("final sum = %d\n",sum);
    printf("final multiply=%d\n",multiply);
}

/* The thread will begin control in this function */
void runner(void *param)
{
    int i, upper = atoi(param);
    sum = 0;
    for (i = 1; i <= upper; i++){
        sum += i;
        sleep(1);
        printf("runner sum = %d\n",sum);
    }
    //pthread_exit(0);
}

void second(void *param)
{
    int i, upper = atoi(param);
    multiply = 1;
    for(i=1; i <= upper; i++){
        multiply += i*i;
    }
}

```

```
        sleep(1);
        printf("second multiply = %d\n",multiply);
    }
    //pthread_exit(0);
}
```

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