```
procedure delete(value K, pointer P)
    find the leaf node L that contains (K, P)
   delete\_entry(L, K, P)
procedure delete_entry(node N, value K, pointer P)
   delete (K, P) from N
   if (N \text{ is the root and } N \text{ has only one remaining child})
   then make the child of N the new root of the tree and delete N
   else if (N has too few values/pointers) then begin
       Let N' be the previous or next child of parent(N)
       Let K' be the value between pointers N and N' in parent(N)
       if (entries in N and N' can fit in a single node)
            then begin /* Coalesce nodes */
               if (N is a predecessor of N') then swap_variables(N, N')
               if (N is not a leaf)
                   then append K' and all pointers and values in N to N'
                   else append all (K_i, P_i) pairs in N to N'; set N'.P<sub>n</sub> = N.P<sub>n</sub>
               delete\_entry(parent(N), K', N); delete node N
           end
       else begin /* Redistribution: borrow an entry from N' */
           if (N') is a predecessor of N) then begin
               if (N \text{ is a nonleaf node}) then begin
                   let m be such that N'.P_m is the last pointer in N'
                   remove (N'.K_{m-1}, N'.P_m) from N'
                   insert (N'.P_m, K') as the first pointer and value in N,
                       by shifting other pointers and values right
                   replace K' in parent(N) by N'.K_{m-1}
               end
               else begin
                   let m be such that (N'.P_m, N'.K_m) is the last pointer/value
                       pair in N'
                   remove (N'.P_m, N'.K_m) from N'
                   insert (N'.P_m, N'.K_m) as the first pointer and value in N,
                       by shifting other pointers and values right
                   replace K' in parent(N) by N'.K_m
               end
           end
            else ... symmetric to the then case ...
       end
   end
```

Figure 14.21 Deletion of entry from a B+-tree.