## HW 1: Quantum Mechanics as a 1 + 0 Dimensional Quantum Field Theory

## March 3, 2019

will be officially posted on March 7 and due on March 24. Before March 7, any modifications to the problems are possible.

## 1 Problem 1: $q^4$ theory at $\mathcal{O}(\lambda^3)$

In this problem, we continue our study of the system governed by the Hamiltonian

$$H = \frac{1}{2}p^2 + \frac{1}{2}\omega^2 q^2 + \frac{\lambda}{4!}q^4, \tag{1}$$

where we have set m=1 and  $\hbar=1$ . We want to calculate the ground energy  $E_0$  of the system by evaluating the transition amplitude

$$\int \mathrm{d}x \, \langle x|e^{-i\hat{H}T}|x\rangle \,,\tag{2}$$

perturbatively in  $\lambda$ . All calculations below should be performed by assuming the analytic continuation  $T \to -iT$  and we only consider the large T limit, just like what we did in the class.

- Draw all possible connected Feynman diagrams contribute at  $\mathcal{O}(\lambda^3)$ .
- Based on the diagrams you draw above, **construct** the integrands using Feynman rules. Note that you should multiply each diagram by its symmetry factor.
- Integrate over the "time"  $\tau_1$ ,  $\tau_2$  and  $\tau_3$  to find the  $\lambda^3$  contributions to the transition amplitude.
- Find the  $\lambda^3$  correction to the ground Energy  $E_0$ , i.e.,

$$E_0 = \frac{1}{2}\omega + \frac{\lambda}{32}\frac{1}{\omega} - \left(\frac{\lambda}{4!}\frac{1}{4\omega^2}\right)^2 \frac{21}{\omega} + \lambda^3 \times ? + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^4). \tag{3}$$

## 2 Problem 2: Instanton

(not finished yet!)

Now we consider

$$H = \frac{1}{2}p^2 + \frac{1}{2}\omega^2 q^2 - \frac{\lambda}{4!}q^4, \quad \text{or } L = \frac{1}{2}\dot{q}^2 - \frac{1}{2}\omega^2 q^2 + \frac{\lambda}{4!}q^4.$$
 (4)

The "-" sign before the  $\frac{\lambda}{4!}q^4$  term makes the ground energy  $E_0$  in-accessible by a perturbaive calculation in  $\lambda$ . Again we work with the imaginary time  $T \to -iT$ .

• Find the  $E_0$  using Feynman path integral. From the result that you obtain, explain why the perturbative calculation in  $\lambda$  will not work.