

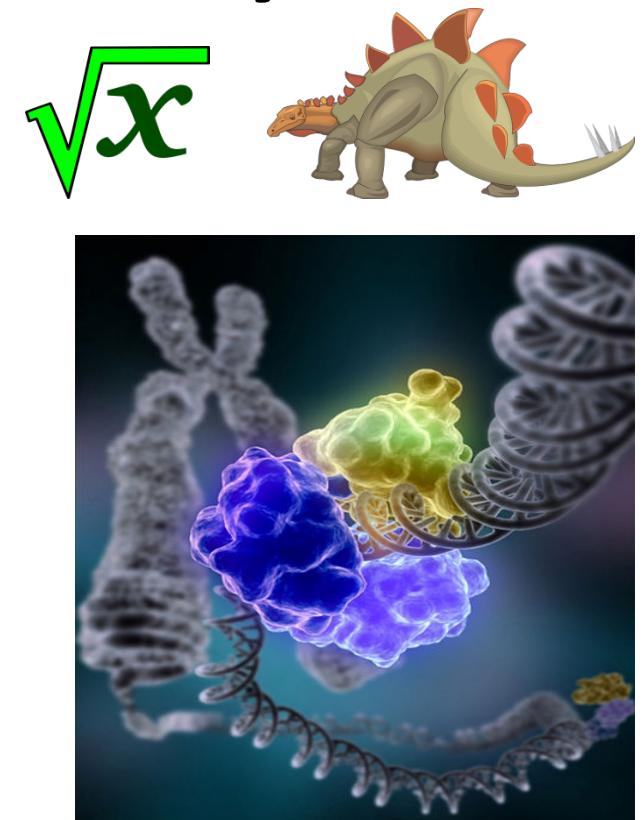


Applications of Evolutionary Insights



How are evolutionary insights applied to aid/ understand humanity?

- “It isn’t all math & dinosaurs...”
- Quantitative genetics (huge)
- Selection & microbes
- Two “vignettes”



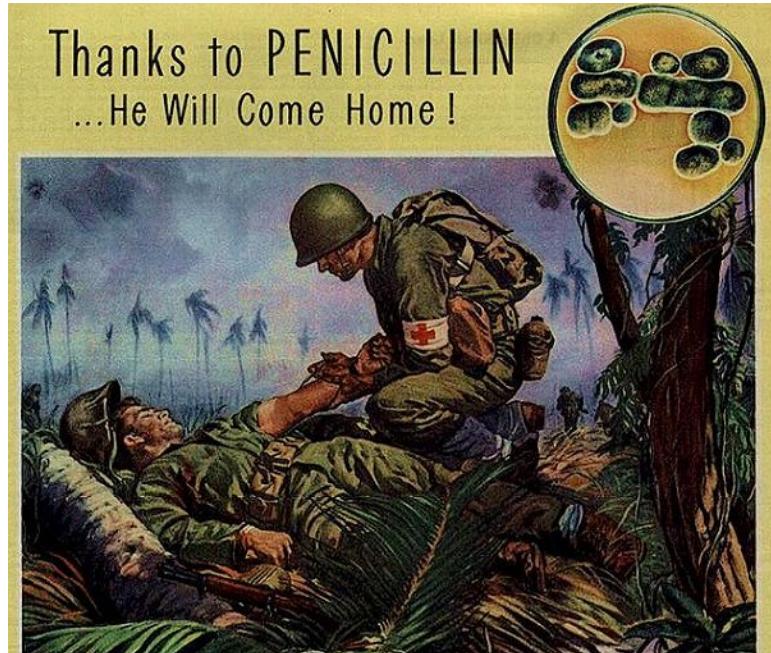
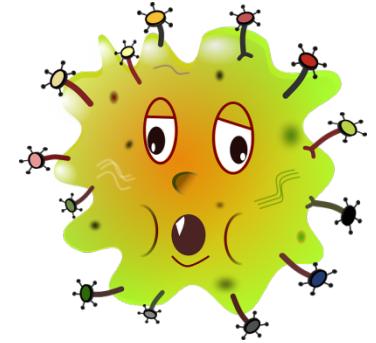
Quantitative genetics

- Similarities between parents/ offspring well known for millennia
 - Some traits “more” heritable than others
- Similarity applied in selective breeding
 - Crops
 - Livestock
 - Pets



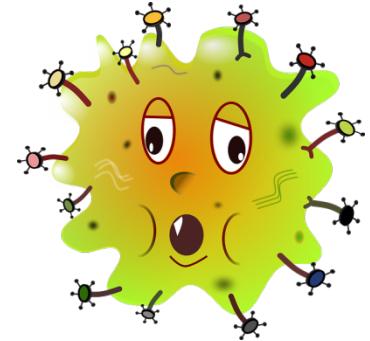
Antibiotic resistance

- Penicillin mass-produced in 1943

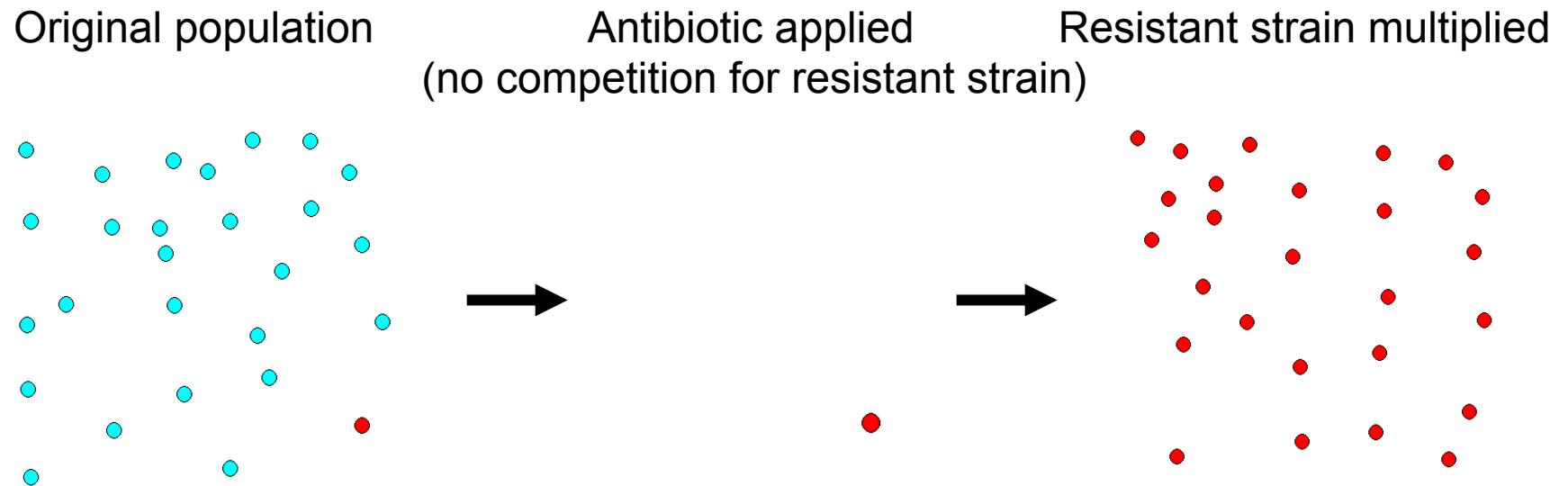


Antibiotic resistance

- Penicillin mass-produced in 1943
- First resistant staph strain found 1947
- 1950: 40% of staph isolates resistant
- 1960: 80% of staph isolates resistant
- How did this happen???



Natural selection for resistance



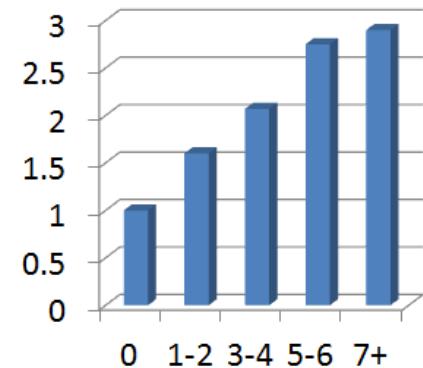
Lesson: antibiotics were (and often still are) overprescribed...

Coadaptation with “good” microbes

- Humans have co-evolved with many bacteria
 - Synthesize our required vitamin K
 - Help us to resist invading organisms
 - Affects regulation of stomach hormones
- Antibiotics kill “the good stuff” too!

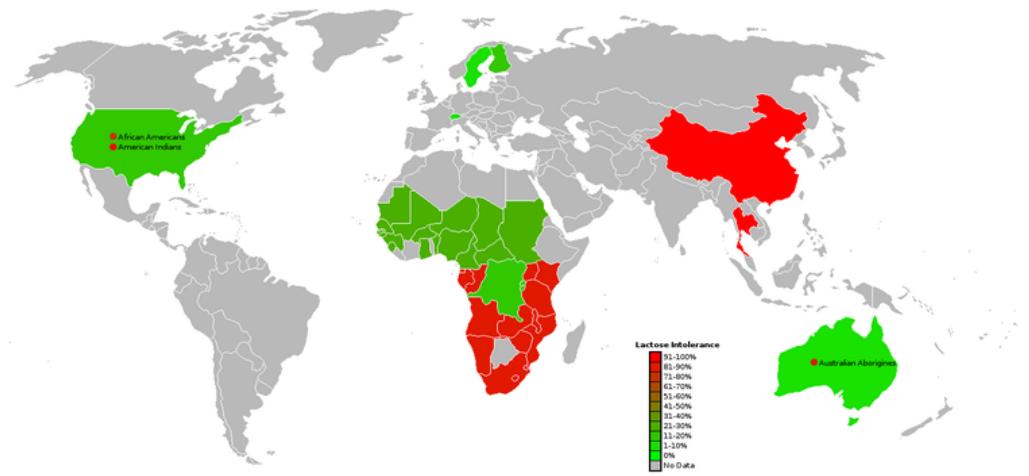


2011 study:
Relative risk of IBD



Some vignettes...

- Control of mosquito spread of dengue using intracellular bacteria
 - Understanding human evolution of lactose “tolerance” (lactase persistence)



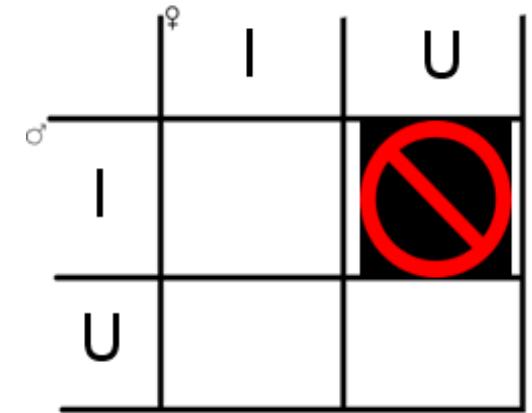
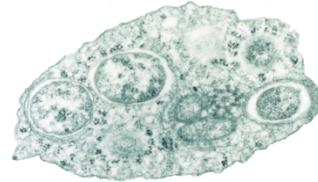
Pest/ disease control

- Dengue fever virus spread by mosquitoes
- Leading cause of child death in SE Asia
- 40% of world at risk of infection
- Some epidemics, including Americas, through 2009
- Control:
 - Kill / avoid mosquitoes?
 - No available vaccine yet



Research on Wolbachia bacteria

- Intracellular parasite
- Common across insects
- Passed through eggs
- No offspring from mating of *infected males* and *uninfected females*
- All other pairings yield offspring

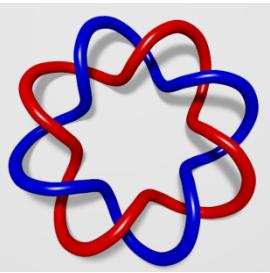


Wolbachia facilitates its spread

- Look at chart
 - Focus on columns
 - Imagine population where some males (I)nfected, some males (U)ninfected
 - For female, is it better to be
 - (I)nfected?
 - (U)ninfected?
 - Which would give more offspring?



	♂	I	U
♀	I		
			U
			U



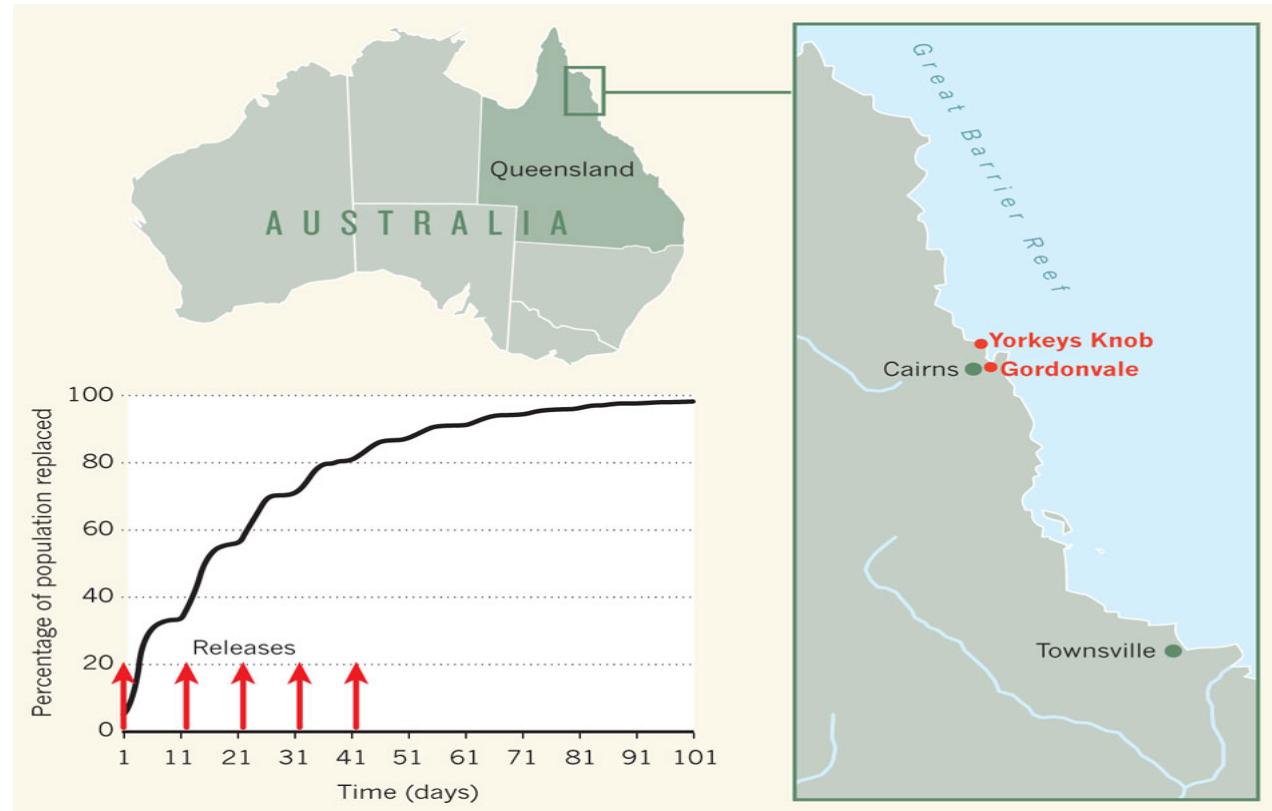
Linking the two...

- 2009: Paper published showed could introduce slightly life-shortening Wolbachia into mosquitoes
- 2009: Another study showed Wolbachia directly inhibits viruses from infecting host
 - 2012: Wolbachia infection causes *immune upregulation* and viral inhibition
- Wolbachia infection spreads because of female-advantage

<http://www.pnas.org/content/109/1/255.abstract?etoc>

Controlled Wolbachia-infected mosquito releases in Australia, 2011

Very rapid spread of Wolbachia infection in local populations...



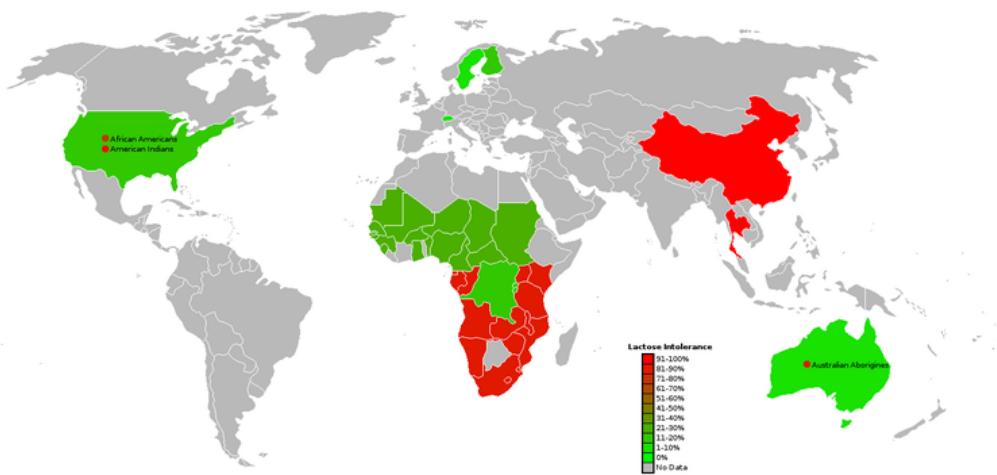
Evolutionary study may reduce/ eliminate dengue!!!

- Leveraging evolution research on Wolbachia
- Outcome may affect 40% of the world's population!!!



Some vignettes...

- Control of mosquito spread of dengue using intracellular bacteria
- **Understanding human evolution of lactose “tolerance” (lactase persistence)**



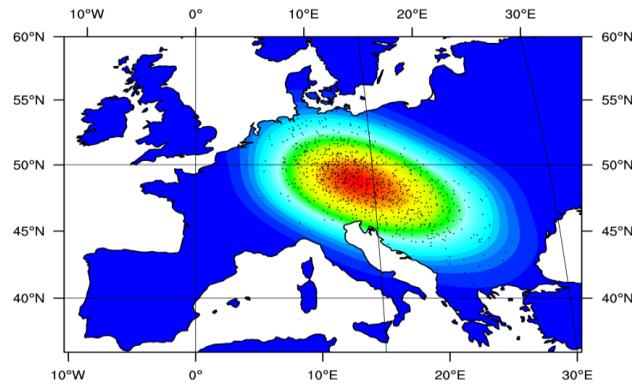
Lactose intolerance

- Extreme, painful gas produced when consume milk products *for people >5 years old.*
- Ancestral condition is **intolerance!**
 - “Mutant” condition is tolerance!
- Today, varies in incidence worldwide
 - 1 % Dutch
 - 12 % European Americans
 - 45 % African Americans
 - 98 % Southeast Asians



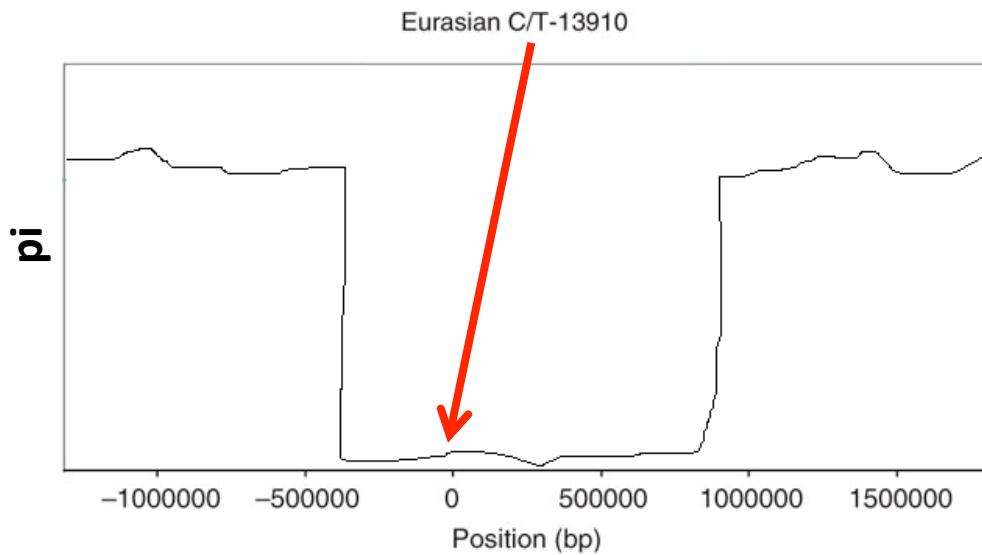
What happened?

- In **EUROPE**, ~7500 years ago, 1-bp mutation occurred allowing production of lactase enzyme in adults (digestion of lactose)
 - Coincides with onset of dairy usage in Europe
 - Selectively advantageous: spread!
- Earlier European fossils do not have this mutation



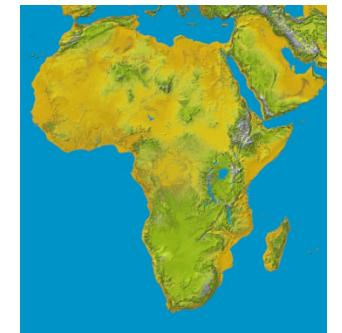
Selective sweep around this new mutation!

- See long stretch with no nucleotide variation around lactase in individuals having T (tolerant) allele...
- NOT the result of drift...



Multiple mutations!

- In **AFRICA**, had a *different* 1-bp mutation ~5000 years ago allowing adult lactase production!
 - Found using GWAS
 - See evidence of selective sweep in Africa, too
 - Estimate selective advantage of ~5%
 - Later date coincides with later cattle domestication in East Africa than Europe



Multiple mutations!

- YET ANOTHER origin in Middle East, effect of two mutations together (epistasis)
 - Evidence that it may have been in response to camel milk consumption
- **Likely others, too...**



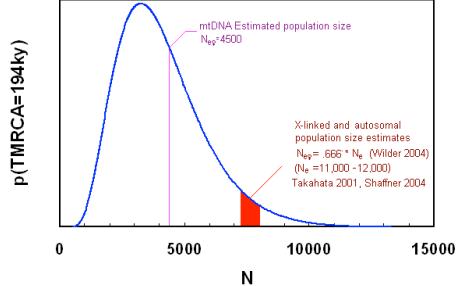
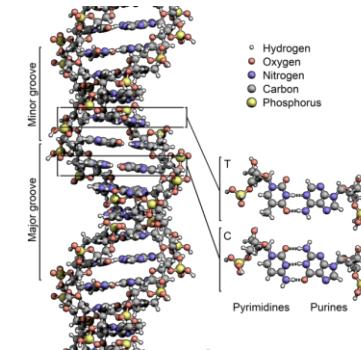
Apply what you learned...



Evolutionary genetic studies of lactase persistence in humans



- Associated with “medical” condition
- Genetic mapping done to isolate “cause” alleles
 - Identified multiple, independent origins
- Evolutionary analysis identified *strength* of selection
 - See evidence of hitchhiking
- Coupled genetic data with evolutionary analysis to *date* the new mutation
 - Inferred cause from anthropological data



How are evolutionary insights applied to aid/ understand humanity?

- “It isn’t all math & dinosaurs...”
- Quantitative genetics (huge)
- Selection & microbes
- Two “vignettes”
- ... and many, many more

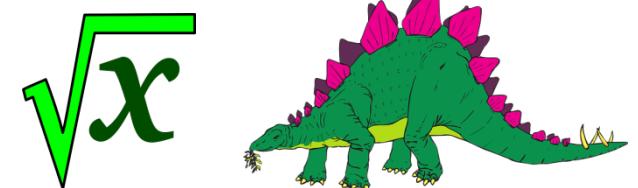


Image Credits, Unit 18-1

- Mosquito, © 2007 Alvesgaspar, CC by-SA 3.0, en.wikipedia.org
- Glass of milk, © 2004 Chedid, CC by-SA 3.0, en.wikipedia.org
- Antibiotic novamoxin, © 2007 Bmramon, CC by-SA 3.0, en.wikipedia.org
- Pigmy pouter pigeon, © 2007 Jim Gifford, CC by-SA 3.0, en.wikipedia.org
- Fantail pigeon, © 2008 Jim Gifford, CC by-SA 3.0, en.wikipedia.org
- Maize-teosinte, © 2007 John Doebley, CC by 2.5, en.wikipedia.org
- Brassica oleracea, © 2005 MPF, CC by-SA 3.0, en.wikipedia.org
- Thanks to penicillin, © 1944 Research and Development Division, Schenley Laboratories, Inc., Lawrenceburg, IN, all rights reserved, www.publicdomainpictures.net
- Belladonna, © 2007 Tom Oates, GNU 1.2, en.wikipedia.org
- Wolbachia, © 2004 Scott O'Neill, CC by 2.5, en.wikipedia.org

Image Credits, Unit 18-1, cont.

- Australia map and graph, © 2011 Reprinted with permission from Macmillan Publishing Ltd., all rights reserved, from "Dengue fever: Mosquitoes attacked from within" by Jason Rasgon, Nature 476, 407–408
- Mosquito, © 2007 Alvesgaspar, CC by-SA 3.0, en.wikipedia.org
- Glass of milk, © 2004 Chedid, CC by-SA 3.0, en.wikipedia.org
- Lactase persistence map, © 2009 Y. Itan et al, CC by 2.5, "The Origins of Lactase Persistence in Europe" by Y. Itan et al, PLOS Computational Biology, Aug 2009
- Jamaican milking cow, © 2008 Ryftcode, CC by-SA 3.0, en.wikipedia.org
- Camel milking in Niger, © 2012 ACEI Cheung, CC by-SA 3.0, en.wikipedia.org
- DNA structure, © 2011 Zephyris, CC by-SA 3.0, en.wikipedia.org
- Pottery, © 2011 Green Lane, CC by-SA 3.0, en.wikipedia.org
- Glass of milk, © 2010 H. Zell, CC by-SA 3.0, en.wikipedia.org