

1. IDA静态分析

查看main函数找到处理输入的函数

```
9      unsigned __int64 v10; // [rsp+68h] [rbp-8h]
10
11      v10 = __readfsqword(0x28u);
12      sub_95C0(-1);
13      sub_6A00(sub_4C37);
14      v7 = sub_492A();
15      if ( v7 )
16      {
17          v8 = sub_4C4D();
18          if ( v8 ≥ 0 )
19          {
20              *(_QWORD *)(v7 + 56) = sub_178E0(*(_QWORD *)(v7 + 40), 0, 0, (__int64)"proc/self/exe", (__int64)sub_4D44 - v8);
21              if ( *(_QWORD *)(v7 + 56)
22                  && (v4 = *(_QWORD *)(v7 + 48),
23                     *(_QWORD *)(v7 + 64) = sub_178E0(v4, 1, 0xFFFFFFFF, (__int64)"proc/self/exe", (__int64)sub_4D44 - v8)) ≠ 0LL ) )
24              {
25                  sub_4F41(v4);
26                  puts("input your lucky words:");
27                  v5 = read(0, buf, 0x1EuLL); // 读取输入
28                  *((_BYTE *)buf + (unsigned int)(v5 - 1)) = 0;
29                  if ( sub_4D44(buf[0], buf[1], buf[2], buf[3], v5 - 1) )// 处理输入
30                  {
31                      puts("congratulation?");
32                      puts("there may be something in /sys/kernel/debug/tracing/trace_pipe");
33                  }
34                  else
35                  {
36                      puts("wrong answer?");
37                  }
38              }
39              else
40              {
41                  v6 = -*__errno_location();
42                  fprintf(stderr, "Failed to attach uprobe: %d\n", v6);
43              }
44          }
45      }
46      else
```

查看处理输入的函数，可以看出输入的长度为16，并对输入进行了xxtea的操作，最后和数据进行了比较

```
8      int e; // [rsp+40h] [rbp-30h]
9      unsigned int y; // [rsp+44h] [rbp-2Ch]
10     unsigned int v[4]; // [rsp+50h] [rbp-20h]
11     unsigned __int64 v13; // [rsp+68h] [rbp-8h]
12
13     v13 = __readfsqword(0x28u);
14     v[0] = a1;
15     v[1] = a2;
16     v[2] = a3;
17     v[3] = a4;
18     if ( a5 ≠ 16 )
19         return 0LL;
20     round = 19;
21     sum = 0;
22     z = v[3];
23     do
24     {
25         sum -= 0x61C88647;
26         e = (sum >> 2) & 3;
27         for ( i = 0; i < 3; ++i )
28         {
29             y = v[i + 1];
30             v[i] += (((4 * y) ^ (z >> 5)) + ((y >> 3) ^ (16 * z))) ^ ((y ^ sum) + (z ^ *(_DWORD *)&key[4 * (e ^ i & 3)]));
31             z = v[i];
32         }
33         v[3] += ((v[0] ^ sum) + (z ^ *(_DWORD *)&key[4 * (e ^ i & 3)])) ^ (((4 * v[0]) ^ (z >> 5)) + ((v[0] >> 3) ^ (16 * z)));
34         z = v[3];
35         --round;
36     }
37     while ( round );
38     result = 0;
39     if ( v[0] == 0x3B466A30 && v[1] == 0x6212AE8 )
40     {
41         v[2] = 0x2FF25334;
42         if ( v[3] == 0x4F88A242 )
43             return 1;
44     }
45     return result;
```

查看key的引用，会发现key被进行过写入操作，具体逻辑如下

```

4   int i; // [rsp+0h] [rbp-4h]
5
6   for ( i = 101; i ≤ 127; ++i )
7   {
8       result = (unsigned int)(i - 101);
9       switch ( i )
10      {
11          case 'e':
12              key[2] ^= i;
13              key[4] ^= i;
14              key[9] ^= i;
15              result = key[11] ^ (unsigned int)i;
16              key[11] ^= i;
17              break;
18          case 'h':
19              key[1] ^= i;
20              result = key[8] ^ (unsigned int)i;
21              key[8] ^= i;
22              break;
23          case 'i':
24              result = key[5] ^ (unsigned int)i;
25              key[5] ^= i;
26              break;
27          case 'k':
28              result = key[10] ^ (unsigned int)i;
29              key[10] ^= i;
30              break;
31          case 'r':
32              result = key[3] ^ (unsigned int)i;
33              key[3] ^= i;
34              break;
35          case 's':
36              result = key[6] ^ (unsigned int)i;
37              key[6] ^= i;
38              break;
39          case 't':
40              result = key[7] ^ (unsigned int)i;
41              key[7] ^= i;
42              break;

```

其实就是将key与另一个字符串异或，换了一种形式。导出key的数据并复制运行处理key的代码逻辑，即可还原出key

```

35         break;
36     case 0x79:
37         k[0xc]^=i;
38         k[0xd]^=i;
39         k[0xe]^=i;
40         k[0xf]^=i;
41         break;
42     default:
43         break;
44 }
45 }
46 for(int i=0;i<16;i++){
47     printf("%c",k[i]);
48 }
49 }
50

```

问题 输出 调试控制台 终端

```
it1sn0tthek3yyyy%
```

用现有的key和用来对比的数据，放到解xxtea的脚本里即可解密出原文

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#define DELTA 0x9e3779b9
unsigned char k[17]="it1sn0tthek3yyyy";
void btea(uint32_t *v, int n)
{
    uint32_t y, z, sum;
    unsigned p, rounds, e;
    unsigned int *key=(unsigned int *)k;
    if (n > 1) /* Coding Part */
    {
        rounds = 6 + 52/n;
        sum = 0;
        z = v[n-1];
        do

```

```

    {
        sum += DELTA;
        e = (sum >> 2) & 3;
        for (p=0; p<n-1; p++)
        {
            y = v[p+1];
            z = v[p] += (((z>>5^y<<2) + (y>>3^z<<4)) ^ ((sum^y) + (key[(p&3)^e] ^
z)))));
        }
        y = v[0];
        z = v[n-1] += (((z>>5^y<<2) + (y>>3^z<<4)) ^ ((sum^y) + (key[(p&3)^e] ^
z)))));
    }
    while (--rounds);
}
else if (n < -1)      /* Decoding Part */
{
    n = -n;
    rounds = 6 + 52/n;
    sum = rounds*DELTA;
    y = v[0];
    do
    {
        e = (sum >> 2) & 3;
        for (p=n-1; p>0; p--)
        {
            z = v[p-1];
            y = v[p] -= (((z>>5^y<<2) + (y>>3^z<<4)) ^ ((sum^y) + (key[(p&3)^e] ^
z)))));
        }
        z = v[n-1];
        y = v[0] -= (((z>>5^y<<2) + (y>>3^z<<4)) ^ ((sum^y) + (key[(p&3)^e] ^ z)));
        sum -= DELTA;
    }
    while (--rounds);
}
}

int main()
{
    int n = 4;
    uint32_t v[4]={0x3B466A30,0x6212AEA8,0x2FF25334,0x4F88A242};
    btea(v, -n);
    for(int i=0;i<16;i++){
        printf("%c",((char*)v)[i]);
    }
    return 0;
}

```

```
bz{BV1FX4y1g7u8}%
```

2. 动态运行

以root权限运行

```
> sudo ./uprobe
input your lucky words:
|
```

输入解出的数据

```
> sudo ./uprobe
input your lucky words:
bz{BV1FX4y1g7u8}
congratulation?
```

查看/sys/kernel/debug/tracing/trace_pipe

```
> sudo cat /sys/kernel/debug/tracing/trace_pipe
uprobe-17470 [001] d..31 13651.817929: bpf_trace_printk: wrong answer!
|
```

可以确定还有一个判断逻辑运行在内核的ebpf上

3. 分析ebpf程序的逻辑

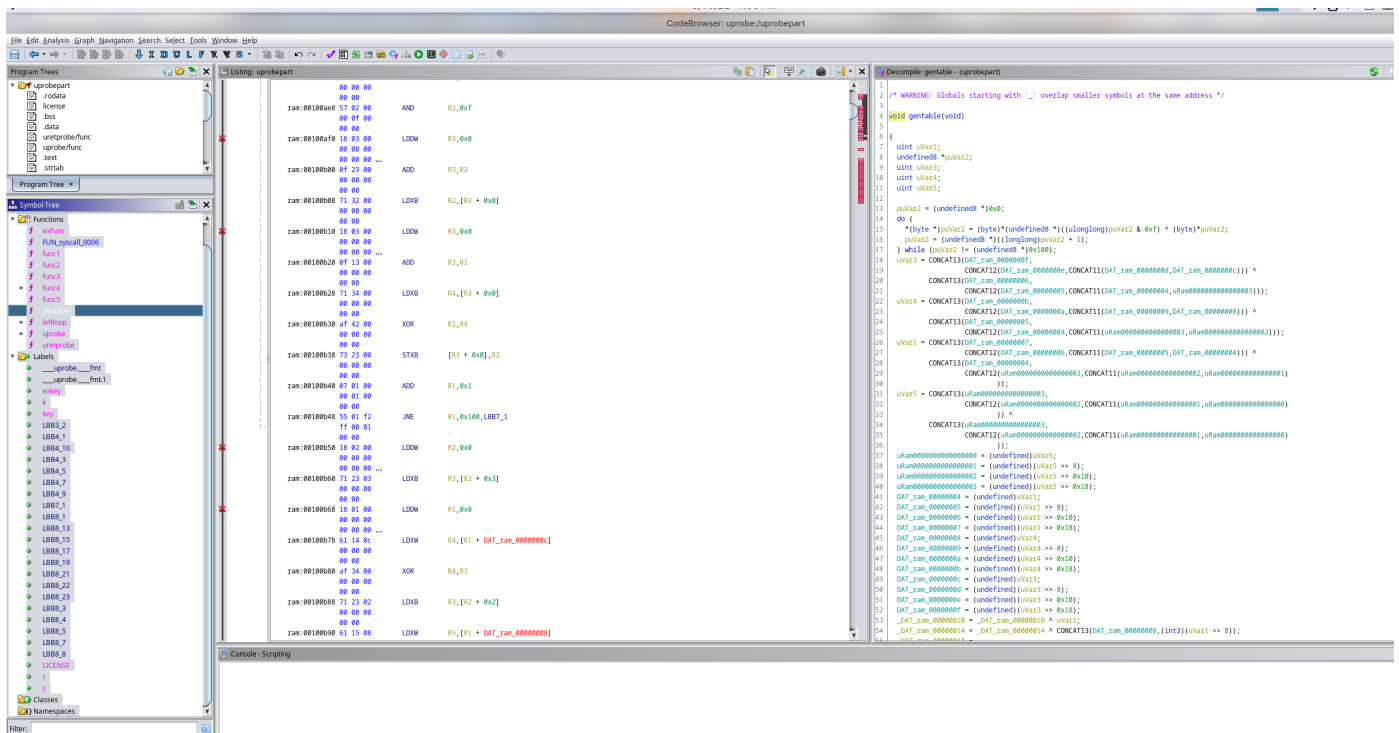
用binwalk查看ELF文件

DECIMAL	HEXADECIMAL	DESCRIPTION
0	0x0	ELF, 64-bit LSB shared object, AMD x86-64, version 1 (SYSV)
47069	0xB7DD	bix header, header size: 64 bytes, header CRC: 0x4885C0, created: 1978-04-02 01:23:14, image size: 51011 bytes, Data Address: 0x78010000, Entry Point: 0xC700FF, data CRC: 0xFFFFFFFF49, image name: ""
47427	0xB943	bix header, header size: 64 bytes, header CRC: 0x8B5424, created: 1985-03-04 00:40:09, image size: 1275002879 bytes, Data Address: 0xF1F4400, Entry Point: 0xFB651, data CRC: 0x19488B71, OS: QNX, image name: ""
200784	0x31050	ELF, 64-bit LSB relocatable, version 1 (SYSV)
235814	0x39926	Unix path: /sys/fs/bpf
238336	0x3A300	Unix path: /sys/kernel/debug/tracing/kprobe_events
240968	0x3AD48	Unix path: /sys/bus/event_source/devices/uprobe/type
241112	0x3ADD8	Unix path: /sys/bus/event_source/devices/uprobe/format/retprobe
241360	0x3AED0	Unix path: /sys/kernel/debug/tracing/events/%s/%s/id
259136	0x3F440	Unix path: /sys/devices/system/cpu/possible
263544	0x40578	Unix path: /sys/devices/system/cpu/online
264672	0x409E0	Unix path: /sys/class/net/%s/device/vendor
269744	0x41DB0	Unix path: /sys/bus/event_source/devices/uprobe/format/ref_ctr_offset
274656	0x430E0	Unix path: /usr/lib/modules/%1s/kernel/vmlinux
276026	0x4363A	Unix path: /sys/kernel/btf/vmlinux

用python将偏移为0x31050的ELF提取出来

```
separate.py > ...  
1 file1=open("./uprobe","rb+").read()  
2 file2=open("./uprobepart","wb+")  
3 file2.write(file1[0x31050:])  
4 file2.close()
```

用Ghidra打开分离出的ELF，可以直接查看函数伪代码和全局变量。也可以用llvm-objdump反汇编ebpf字节码，不过不能反编译（Ghidra反编译效果也不好）。



全局变量有176字节的未初始化变量exkey、明文k、16字节的key、40字节的r和256字节的s

		key		XREF[1]:	Entry Point(*)
ram:001022a8	00 1f 15	undefined...			
	25 34 50				
	28 3f 56 ...				
ram:001022a8	00	undefined100h	[0]	XREF[1]:	Entry Point(*)
ram:001022a9	1f	undefined11Fh	[1]		
ram:001022aa	15	undefined115h	[2]		
ram:001022ab	25	undefined125h	[3]		
ram:001022ac	34	undefined134h	[4]		
ram:001022ad	50	undefined150h	[5]		
ram:001022ae	28	undefined128h	[6]		
ram:001022af	3f	undefined13Fh	[7]		
ram:001022b0	56	undefined156h	[8]		
ram:001022b1	16	undefined116h	[9]		
ram:001022b2	5f	undefined15Fh	[10]		
ram:001022b3	00	undefined100h	[11]		
ram:001022b4	55	undefined155h	[12]		
ram:001022b5	10	undefined110h	[13]		
ram:001022b6	56	undefined156h	[14]		
ram:001022b7	1a	undefined11Ah	[15]		
ram:001022b8	62 65 6e	ds	"bengbangbongbeng"	XREF[1]:	Entry Point(*)
	67 62 61				
	6e 67 62 ...				
// // .bss // SHT_NOBITS [0x22c9 - 0x2378] // ram:001022c9-ram:00102378 //					
		exkey		XREF[2]:	Entry Point(*), _elfSectionHeaders::00000150(*)
ram:001022c9	undefined...	??			
ram:001022c9	undefined1??		[0]	XREF[2]:	Entry Point(*), _elfSectionHeaders::000001
ram:001022ca	undefined1??		[1]		
ram:001022cb	undefined1??		[2]		
ram:001022cc	undefined1??		[3]		
ram:001022cd	undefined1??		[4]		
ram:001022ce	undefined1??		[5]		
ram:001022cf	undefined1??		[6]		
ram:001022d0	undefined1??		[7]		
ram:001022d1	undefined1??		[8]		
ram:001022d2	undefined1??		[9]		
ram:001022d3	undefined1??		[10]		
ram:001022d4	undefined1??		[11]		
ram:001022d5	undefined1??		[12]		
ram:001022d6	undefined1??		[13]		
ram:001022d7	undefined1??		[14]		
ram:001022d8	undefined1??		[15]		
ram:001022d9	undefined1??		[16]		
ram:001022da	undefined1??		[17]		

		XREF[1]:		Entry Point(*)
ram:00102280 63 00 00		undefined...		
00 67 00				
00 00 6a ...				
ram:00102280 63	undefined163h	[0]	XREF[1]:	Entry f
ram:00102281 00	undefined100h	[1]		
ram:00102282 00	undefined100h	[2]		
ram:00102283 00	undefined100h	[3]		
ram:00102284 67	undefined167h	[4]		
ram:00102285 00	undefined100h	[5]		
ram:00102286 00	undefined100h	[6]		
ram:00102287 00	undefined100h	[7]		
ram:00102288 6a	undefined16Ah	[8]		
ram:00102289 00	undefined100h	[9]		
ram:0010228a 00	undefined100h	[10]		
ram:0010228b 00	undefined100h	[11]		
ram:0010228c 6f	undefined16Fh	[12]		
ram:0010228d 00	undefined100h	[13]		
ram:0010228e 00	undefined100h	[14]		
ram:0010228f 00	undefined100h	[15]		
ram:00102290 72	undefined172h	[16]		
ram:00102291 00	undefined100h	[17]		
ram:00102292 00	undefined100h	[18]		
ram:00102293 00	undefined100h	[19]		
ram:00102294 41	undefined141h	[20]		
ram:00102295 00	undefined100h	[21]		
ram:00102296 00	undefined100h	[22]		
ram:00102297 00	undefined100h	[23]		
ram:00102298 2e	undefined12Eh	[24]		
ram:00102299 00	undefined100h	[25]		
ram:0010229a 00	undefined100h	[26]		
ram:0010229b 00	undefined100h	[27]		
ram:0010229c e7	undefined1E7h	[28]		
ram:0010229d 00	undefined100h	[29]		
ram:0010229e 00	undefined100h	[30]		
ram:0010229f 00	undefined100h	[31]		
ram:001022a0 79	undefined179h	[32]		
ram:001022a1 00	undefined100h	[33]		
ram:001022a2 00	undefined100h	[34]		
ram:001022a3 00	undefined100h	[35]		
ram:001022a4 59	undefined159h	[36]		
ram:001022a5 00	undefined100h	[37]		
ram:001022a6 00	undefined100h	[38]		
ram:001022a7 00	undefined100h	[39]		

bepart				
			XREF[2]:	Entry Point(*), _elfSectionHeaders::00000
ram:00102180	01 19 19 1c 90 0a 01 a2 52 ...	undefine...		
ram:00102180	01	undefined101h	[0]	XREF[2]:
ram:00102181	19	undefined119h	[1]	
ram:00102182	19	undefined119h	[2]	
ram:00102183	1c	undefined11Ch	[3]	
ram:00102184	90	undefined190h	[4]	
ram:00102185	0a	undefined10Ah	[5]	
ram:00102186	01	undefined101h	[6]	
ram:00102187	a2	undefined1A2h	[7]	
ram:00102188	52	undefined152h	[8]	
ram:00102189	6e	undefined16Eh	[9]	
ram:0010218a	09	undefined109h	[10]	
ram:0010218b	4c	undefined14Ch	[11]	
ram:0010218c	9c	undefined19Ch	[12]	
ram:0010218d	b2	undefined1B2h	[13]	
ram:0010218e	c5	undefined1C5h	[14]	
ram:0010218f	11	undefined111h	[15]	
ram:00102190	a8	undefined1A8h	[16]	
ram:00102191	e7	undefined1E7h	[17]	
ram:00102192	a7	undefined1A7h	[18]	
ram:00102193	1a	undefined11Ah	[19]	
ram:00102194	98	undefined198h	[20]	
ram:00102195	38	undefined138h	[21]	
ram:00102196	29	undefined129h	[22]	
ram:00102197	97	undefined197h	[23]	
ram:00102198	cf	undefined1CFh	[24]	
ram:00102199	bb	undefined1BBh	[25]	
ram:0010219a	cc	undefined1CCh	[26]	
ram:0010219b	c8	undefined1C8h	[27]	
ram:0010219c	fe	undefined1FEh	[28]	
ram:0010219d	c1	undefined1C1h	[29]	
ram:0010219e	1c	undefined11Ch	[30]	
ram:0010219f	a7	undefined1A7h	[31]	
ram:001021a0	d5	undefined1D5h	[32]	
ram:001021a1	98	undefined198h	[33]	
ram:001021a2	fd	undefined1FDh	[34]	
ram:001021a3	41	undefined141h	[35]	
ram:001021a4	54	undefined154h	[36]	
ram:001021a5	5e	undefined15Eh	[37]	
ram:001021a6	99	undefined199h	[38]	
ram:001021a7	ab	undefined1ABh	[39]	
ram:001021a8	56	undefined156h	[40]	
ram:001021a9	ca	undefined1CAh	[41]	
ram:001021aa	8b	undefined18Bh	[42]	
ram:001021ab	96	undefined196h	[43]	

观察gentable函数，可以发现全局变量进行了大量异或操作，尝试将明文key与s数组相异或，得出AES的s-box

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
int main(){
    unsigned char s[256]={
        0x1,0x19,0x19,0x1c,0x90,0xa,0x1,0xa2,0x52,0x6e,0x9,0x4c,0x9c,0xb2,0xc5,0x11,
        0xa8,0xe7,0xa7,0x1a,0x98,0x38,0x29,0x97,0xcf,0xbb,0xcc,0xc8,0xfe,0xc1,0x1c,0xa7,
```

```

0xd5,0x98,0xfd,0x41,0x54,0x5e,0x99,0xab,0x56,0xca,0x8b,0x96,0x13,0xbd,0x5f,0x72,
0x66,0xa2,0x4d,0xa4,0x7a,0xf7,0x6b,0xfd,0x65,0x7d,0xee,0x85,0x89,0x42,0xdc,0x12,
0x6b,0xe6,0x42,0x7d,0x79,0xf,0x34,0xc7,0x30,0x54,0xb8,0xd4,0x4b,0x86,0x41,0xe3,
0x31,0xb4,0x6e,0x8a,0x42,0x9d,0xdf,0x3c,0x8,0xa4,0xd0,0x5e,0x28,0x29,0x36,0xa8,
0xb2,0x8a,0xc4,0x9c,0x21,0x2c,0x5d,0xe2,0x27,0x96,0x6c,0x18,0x32,0x59,0xf1,0xcf,
0x33,0xc6,0x2e,0xe8,0xf0,0xfc,0x56,0x92,0xde,0xd9,0xb4,0x46,0x72,0x9a,0x9d,0xb5,
0xaf,0x69,0x7d,0x8b,0x3d,0xf6,0x2a,0x70,0xa6,0xc8,0x10,0x5a,0x6,0x38,0x77,0x14,
0x2,0xe4,0x21,0xbb,0x40,0x4b,0xfe,0xef,0x24,0x81,0xd6,0x73,0xbc,0x3b,0x65,0xbc,
0x82,0x57,0x54,0x6d,0x2b,0x67,0x4a,0x3b,0xa0,0xbc,0xc2,0x5,0xf3,0xf0,0x8a,0x1e,
0x85,0xad,0x59,0xa,0xef,0xb4,0x20,0xce,0xe,0x39,0x9a,0x8d,0x7,0x1f,0xc0,0x6f,
0xd8,0x1d,0x4b,0x49,0x7e,0xc7,0xda,0xa1,0x8a,0xb2,0x1a,0x78,0x29,0xd8,0xe5,0xed,
0x12,0x5b,0xdb,0x1,0x2a,0x62,0x98,0x69,0x3,0x5a,0x39,0xde,0xe4,0xa4,0x73,0xf9,
0x83,0x9d,0xf6,0x76,0xb,0xb8,0xe0,0xf3,0xf9,0x71,0xe9,0x8e,0xac,0x30,0x46,0xb8,
0xee,0xc4,0xe7,0x6a,0xdd,0x87,0x2c,0xf,0x23,0xf6,0x43,0x68,0xd2,0x31,0xd5,0x71
};

unsigned char k[17]="bengbangbongbeng";
for(int i=0;i<=0xf;i++){
    for(int j=0;j<=0xf;j++){
        printf("%#x ",s[i*0x10+j]^k[(i*0x10+j)%16]);
    }
    printf("\n");
}
}

```

```

1  #include <stdio.h>
2  #include <stdlib.h>
3  int main(){
4      unsigned char s[256]={0x1,0x19,0x19,0x1c,0x90,0xa,0x1,0xa2,0x52,0x6e,0x9,0x4c,0x9c,0xb2,0xc5,0x11,0xa8,0xe7,0xa7,0x1a,0x98,0
5      unsigned char k[17]="bengbangbongbeng";
6      for(int i=0;i<=0xf;i++){
7          for(int j=0;j<=0xf;j++){
8              printf("%#x ",s[i*0x10+j]^k[(i*0x10+j)%16]);
9          }
10         printf("\n");
11     }
12 }
13

```

问题 输出 调试控制台 终端

```

0x63 0x7c 0x77 0x7b 0xf2 0x6b 0x6f 0xc5 0x30 0x1 0x67 0x2b 0xfe 0xd7 0xab 0x76
0xca 0x82 0xc9 0x7d 0xfa 0x59 0x47 0xf0 0xad 0xd4 0xa2 0xaf 0x9c 0xa4 0x72 0xc0
0xb7 0xfd 0x93 0x26 0x36 0x3f 0xf7 0xcc 0x34 0xa5 0xe5 0xf1 0x71 0xd8 0x31 0x15
0x4 0xc7 0x23 0xc3 0x18 0x96 0x5 0x9a 0x7 0x12 0x80 0xe2 0xeb 0x27 0xb2 0x75
0x9 0x83 0x2c 0x1a 0x1b 0x6e 0x5a 0xa0 0x52 0x3b 0xd6 0xb3 0x29 0xe3 0x2f 0x84
0x53 0xd1 0 0xed 0x20 0xf0 0xb1 0x5b 0x6a 0xcb 0xbe 0x39 0x4a 0x4c 0x58 0xcf
0xd0 0xef 0xaa 0xfb 0x43 0x4d 0x33 0x85 0x45 0xf9 0x2 0x7f 0x50 0x3c 0x9f 0xa8
0x51 0xa3 0x40 0x8f 0x92 0x9d 0x38 0xf5 0xbc 0xb6 0xda 0x21 0x10 0xff 0xf3 0xd2
0xcd 0xc 0x13 0xec 0x5f 0x97 0x44 0x17 0xc4 0xa7 0x7e 0x3d 0x64 0x5d 0x19 0x73
0x60 0x81 0x4f 0xdc 0x22 0x2a 0x90 0x88 0x46 0xee 0xb8 0x14 0xde 0x5e 0xb 0xdb
0xe0 0x32 0x3a 0xa 0x49 0x6 0x24 0x5c 0xc2 0xd3 0xac 0x62 0x91 0x95 0xe4 0x79
0xe7 0xc8 0x37 0x6d 0x8d 0xd5 0x4e 0xa9 0x6c 0x56 0xf4 0xea 0x65 0x7a 0xae 0x8
0xba 0x78 0x25 0x2e 0x1c 0xa6 0xb4 0xc6 0xe8 0xdd 0x74 0x1f 0x4b 0xbd 0x8b 0x8a
0x70 0x3e 0xb5 0x66 0x48 0x3 0xf6 0xe 0x61 0x35 0x57 0xb9 0x86 0xc1 0x1d 0x9e
0xe1 0xf8 0x98 0x11 0x69 0xd9 0x8e 0x94 0x9b 0x1e 0x87 0xe9 0xce 0x55 0x28 0xdf
0x8c 0xa1 0x89 0xd 0xbf 0xe6 0x42 0x68 0x41 0x99 0x2d 0xf 0xb0 0x54 0xbb 0x16

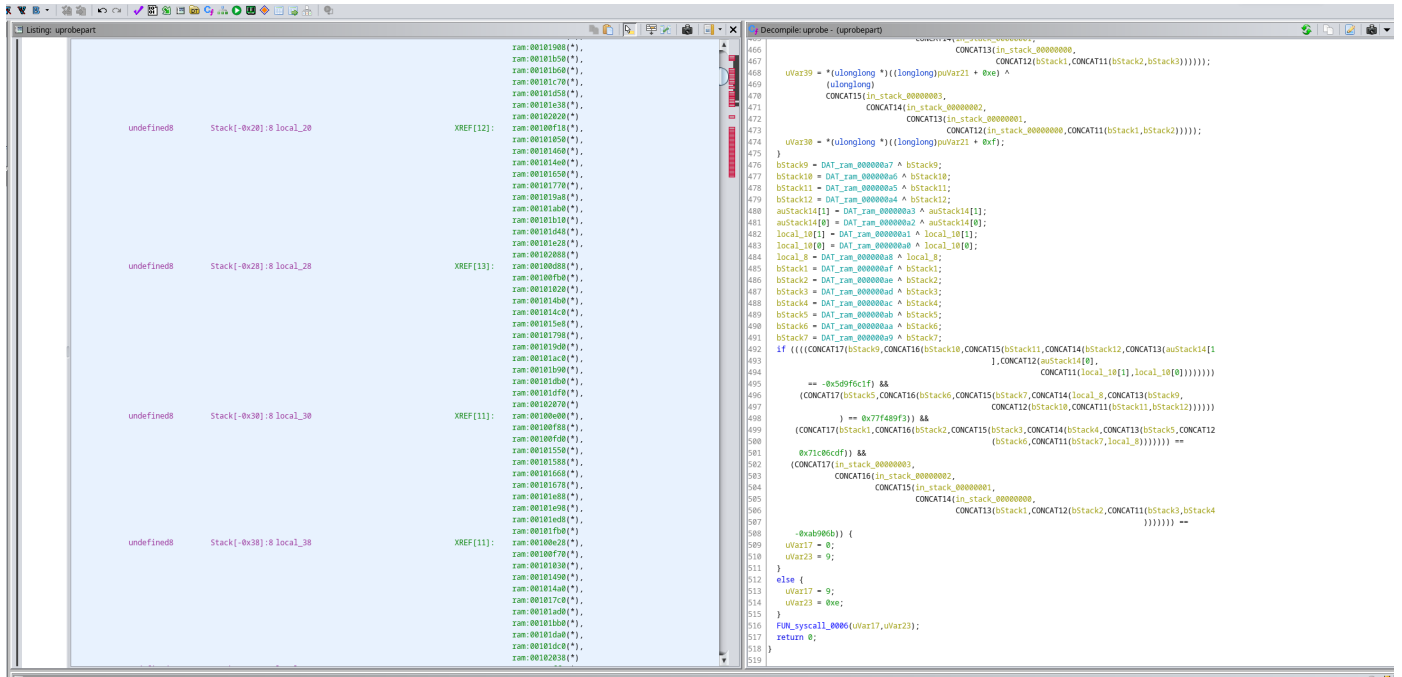
```

~/Desktop/CTF/WorkSpace

同理可得r为扩展密钥用的rcon数组，所以key为AES的key、exkey为扩展密钥、k为加密全局变量的变量、s为s-box、r为rcon。

AES也可以通过其他函数的算法特征识别出来，比如func5中的异或0x1b

查看主函数uprobe，在最后的判断中进行了数据比对



提取出数据，异或解密出密钥，用python求解AES即可获得正确的flag

```
from Crypto.Cipher import AES
from pwn import *
key=b"bz{BV1FX4y1g7u8}"
value=[0xa26093e1,0x77f489f3,0x71c06cdf,0xff546f95]
en_data=p32(value[0])+p32(value[1])+p32(value[2])+p32(value[3])
aes=AES.new(key,AES.MODE_ECB)
data=aes.decrypt(en_data)
print(data)
```

```
decrypt_aes.py > ...
1 from Crypto.Cipher import AES
2 from pwn import *
3 key=b"bz{BV1FX4y1g7u8}"
4 value=[0xa26093e1,0x77f489f3,0x71c06cdf,0xff546f95]
5 en_data=p32(value[0])+p32(value[1])+p32(value[2])+p32(value[3])
6 aes=AES.new(key,AES.MODE_ECB)
7 data=aes.decrypt(en_data)
8 print(data)
```

问题 4 输出 调试控制台 终端

```
> python3 decrypt_aes.py
b'iamth3_rea1_f1ag'
```