

LLT 5.2

User guide

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1_Global presentation

The Local Loading Tool (LLT) is a software application that allows exchanging information and files between a PC and an Ingenico electronic payment terminal.

The LLT application provides the user with an access to the terminal content and details.

This tool allows to browse the terminal content, consult its characteristics, and retrieve the terminal life counters.

The LLT can only run on Windows platforms. The following versions are compliant with LLT v5.2 (others versions are not officially supported):

	32 bits	64 bits
Windows XP	Ø	
Windows Vista		
Windows Seven	Ø	Ø
Windows 8	Ø	Ø
Windows 8.1		Ø
Windows 10		Ø

For this LLT version, only one terminal connection is possible at a time.

1 1 What is new?

The version 5.1 of LLT was the first version which supports Telium 1, Telium 2 and Telium Tetra. It constitutes a total renew of the previous application, including:

- A fully integration into IngeDev in the form of a plugin
- Offering an ergonomic standalone tool
- An enhanced command-line mode, allowing easy integration with other software tools requiring capabilities of download / upload
- A new communication stack without any configuration required, that highly improves the userexperience with a "ready to connect" solution

The Telium USB Jungo driver is bundled with LLT installation and is required for communication operation.

1 2 Telium file tree structure

The Telium Tetra file tree structure is different from Telium 1 and 2. When the LLT browses the terminal content, it works with a sand-box file system.



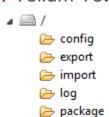
/ Telium 1 and Telium 2 file tree



Directory	Description	
/HOST	The parameters files must be downloaded into this directory. This directory is called "import" in Telium Tetra terminals.	
/SWAP	The signed applications and components files must be downloaded into this directory. This directory is called "package" in Telium Tetra terminals.	

All files downloaded in the "/SWAP" directory will be checked after changing the activity or after disconnecting the LLT connection. A "Bad signature" error could appear if the component is not properly signed.

/ Telium Tetra file tree



Directory	Description	
/config	Contains the configuration files of the terminal.	
/export	This directory receives the non-sensible files from applications in the terminal. These files aim to be locally uploaded for further analysis.	
/import	The parameters files must be downloaded into this directory. This directory is called "HOST" in Telium 1 and Telium 2 terminals.	
/log	Contains system and applications logs files.	
/package	The application package files must be downloaded into this directory. This directory is called "SWAP" in Telium 1 and Telium 2 terminals.	

All files downloaded in the "/package" directory will be checked after disconnecting the LLT connection. An "INVALID_SIGNATURE" error could appear if the package is not properly signed. Thus, this incorrect package must be manually deleted from the "/package" directory.

If the package check passes when the terminal is disconnected, the package is installed into the terminal.

1_3 Declination of LLT modes

The LLT application can be used through three modes:

- Standalone application
- Command-line mode
- Perspective and plug-in integration into IngeDev

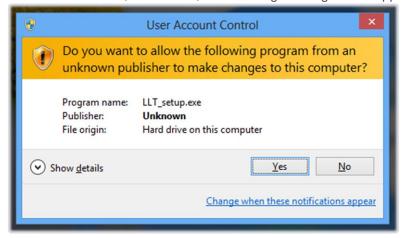
The standalone application and the "Local Loading Tool" perspective in IngeDev are identical.



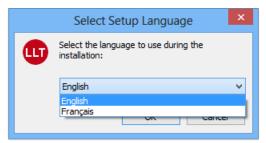
2_Installation

Launch the "LLT_setup.exe" program and follow the installation steps.

With Windows Vista, Seven or 8, the following message could appear:



Click "Yes".

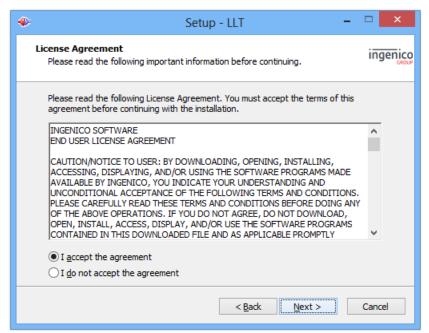


Choose your language in the combo-box and click "OK".

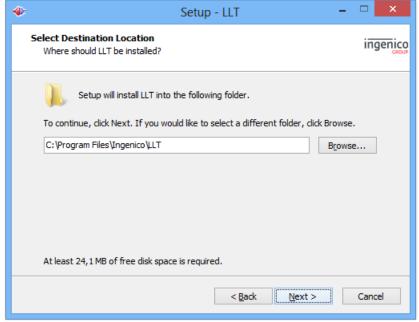


Click "Next" to continue.



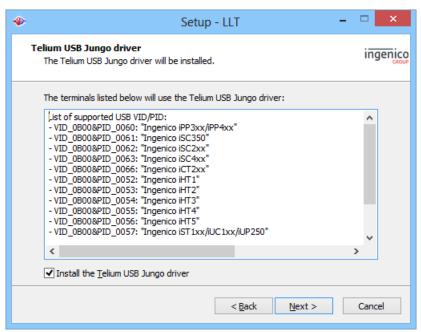


Accept the agreement, and click "Next".



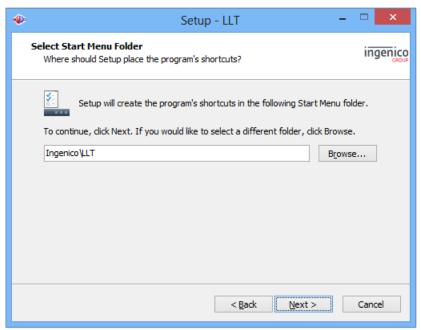
Choose the destination path for the LLT installation and click "Next".





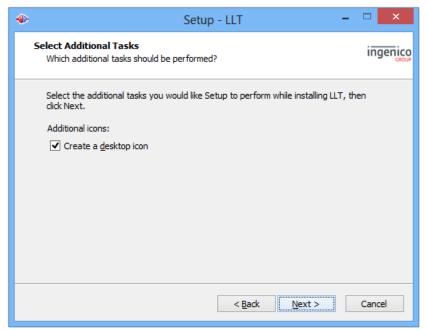
The list of supported terminal by the Telium USB Jungo driver is displayed for information. Select the check-box if you want to install this driver.

Click "Next" to continue.



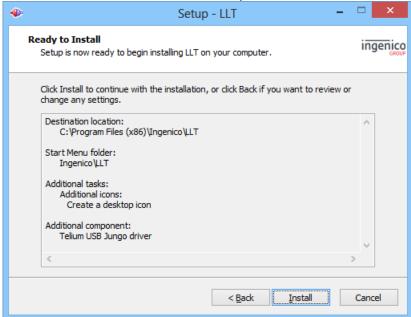
Select the shortcut location in the Start menu. Then click "Next".





Select whether you want a LLT desktop icon and click "Next" to continue.

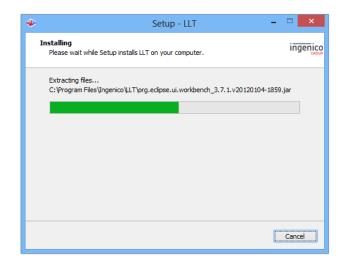
This screen summarizes the installation process:



Click "Install" to start the copy of required LLT files.

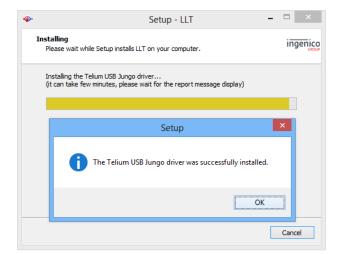






The installer window shows the files copy progression.

The installation of the Telium USB Jungo driver may take a few minutes. During this period of time, the progress bar may not be progressing.



A report message confirms the driver is correctly installed.

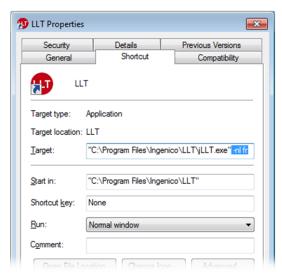


At the end of the installation process, this installer window confirms the installation is completed, and proposes to launch LLT. Click "Finish" to close the installation program.

2_1 Configure the user language

By default, the user interface is in the same language as the current operating system. There are two ways to change to another language.

In the shortcut properties, append to the command-line -nl en (to force English) or -nl fr (for French) as following:



In order to apply the same language for all, create a file named <code>jllt.ini</code> in the installation directory of the LLT, with the following content:

-vmargs
-Duser.language=fr



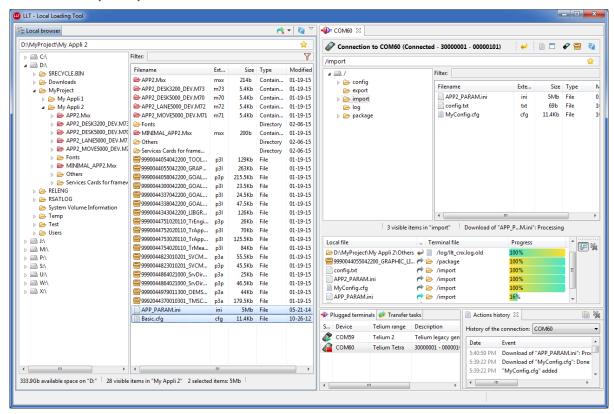
3_Graphical interface presentation

The LLT can be used as standalone application or integrated in IngeDev via the "Local Loading Tool" perspective.

In order to launch the standalone mode, click on the LLT shortcut on your desktop or in the Start

If you use Windows Vista, Windows Seven or Windows 8, you may be prompted to confirm the LLT execution (by User Account Control). Click "Yes" to accept.

/ LLT perspective overview



The main view of the LLT software presents 2 parts:

- The left side represents the local view of the PC
- The right side is mainly related to terminals: it displays the list of available terminal devices, the terminal browser and its corresponding files transfers

3_1 Definitions of terms

- In this document is mentioned "local browser" and the "terminal browser". If the single term "browser" is used, it can refer either to the "local browser" or the "terminal browser".
- An "item" designates a file or a directory in the browser.

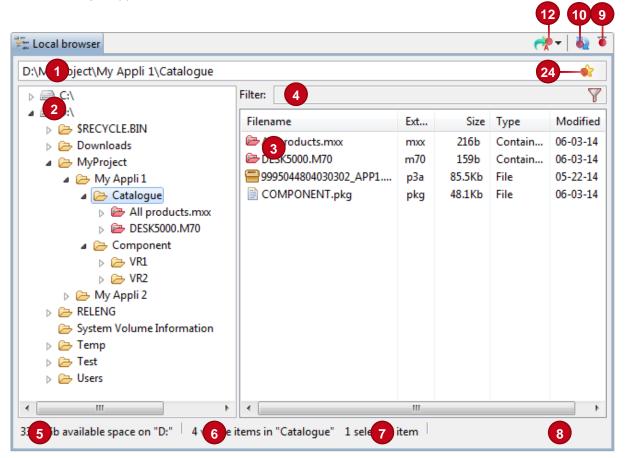
A "catalogue file" refers a list of files to be loaded. This particular file is used to ease downloads for Telium 1 and Telium 2 products (see "6 Catalogue files format" for more details).

• A "container file" is a file that contains files or refers a list of files. For the moment, only the catalogue files are handled as container files.

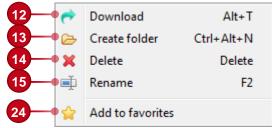


3_2 The local browser

The Local browser view is usually displayed on the left side. It displays the computer drives content and eventually mapped network drives.



Full context menu:





/ Legend

#	Element	Description	Action / details
1	Path bar	Display the path of the current directory displayed in the browser.	Change the path bar value to directly browse the input path. Validate your input by pressing the Enter key, or leave focus from the path bar. The path bar is case-sensitive.
2	Tree panel	 The tree panel of the browser displays: Only the directory and the container files, if the detail panel is shown; All files and directories, if the detail panel is hidden. 	to view its content, or to execute an action on it.
3	Detail panel	The detail panel of the browser provide more information about files of the selected directory or container file (in the tree panel).	
4	Filter	Filter the files and directories in the detail panel.	The filter is applied on the text field value change. In order to view a file or a directory, its filename must contain (anywhere) the value of the filter field. The search is not casesensitive.
		Funnel button: filter containers according to the terminal's product code.	
5	Available disk space	Display the available drive space of the selection.	When the mouse pointer passes over this label, the disk space usage is shown and a tooltip specifies the "available space / total space".
6	Number of visible items	Display the number of visible items in the current directory or container file.	
7	Selected items	Display the number of selected items in the detail panel, and the total size.	
8	Last action status	Display the status of the last action. Errors are in red colour, warnings in orange and regular messages in black.	A double-click on this label shows the Actions history view.
9	Additional commands	Display additional commands.	 Additional commands of the Local browser: Actions history: show the Action history view for the local browser Switch the details: show or hide the detail panel (see #2 and #3) Help contents: display the help contents About LLT: display the current LLT version

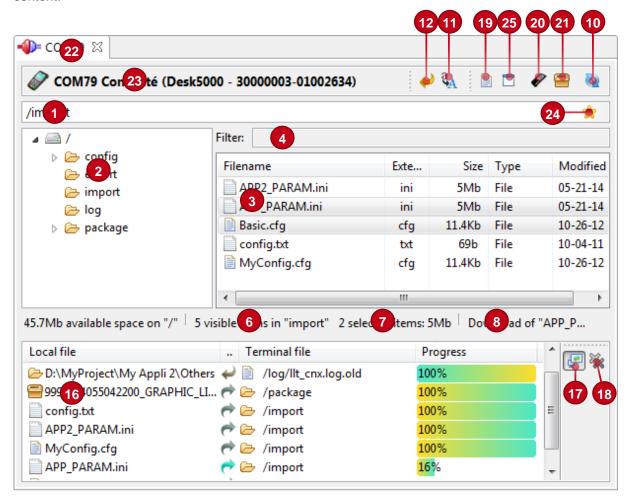


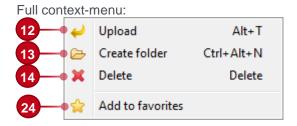
10	Refresh	Refresh the browser content, particularly needed when an item has been modified out of the LLT software.	
12	Download	Download the selected item to the terminal.	This action is available from the toolbar, from the contextual menu on a selection (right-click), or by pressing the shortcut key "Alt+T".
		Arrow menu of the icon: change the download destination mode	 Available destination modes: Manual destination: the destination is the current directory, or for drag & drop the designated directory Automatic destination: the destination is determined by the extension of files to download. Using the drag & drop will display the predicted destination(s).
13	Create folder	Create a folder in the current directory.	This action is available from the contextual menu (right-click), or by pressing the shortcut key "Ctrl+Alt+N".
14	Delete	Delete the selected files or directories.	This action is available from the contextual menu (right-click), or by pressing the shortcut key "Del".
15	Rename	Rename the selected file or directory.	This action is available from the contextual menu (right-click), or by pressing the shortcut key "F2".
24	Add to favorites	Add and open the list of favorite paths.	At click, a popup window is displayed with the list of saved paths (a left-click adds the current path, other buttons only open it). For more details, see 3_5 Favorite paths.



3 The terminal browser

The Terminal browser view is commonly displayed on the right hand side. It shows the terminal content.







/ Legend

#	Element	Description	Action / details
1	Path bar	Display the path of the current directory displayed in the browser.	Change the path bar value to directly browse the input path. Validate your input by pressing the Enter key, or leave focus from the path bar. The path bar is case-sensitive.
2	Tree panel	 The tree panel of the browser displays: Only the directory and the container files, if the detail panel is shown; All files and directories, if the detail panel is hidden. 	to view its content, or to execute an action on it.
3	Detail panel	The detail panel of the browser provides details on files of the selected directory or container file (in the tree panel).	Select one (or more) file or directory for details, or to execute an action on it. This panel can be hidden (see #25).
4	Filter	Filter the files and directories in the detail panel.	The filter is applied on the text field value change. In order to view a file or a directory, its filename must contain (anywhere) the value of the filter field. The search is not casesensitive.
6	Number of visible items	Display the number of visible items in the current directory or container file.	
7	Selected items	Display the number of selected items in the detail panel, and the total size.	
8	Last action status	Display the status of the last action. Errors are in red colour, warnings in orange and regular messages in black.	A double-click on this label shows the Actions history view.
10	Refresh	Refresh the browser content, particularly needed when an item has been modified out of the LLT software.	
11	Force uppercases	Force uppercases of filename for download.	When this option is selected, the filenames of the downloaded files are in uppercases.
12	Upload	Upload the selected item from the terminal to the selected directory in the local browser.	This action is available from the toolbar, from the contextual menu on a selection (right-click), or by pressing the shortcut key "Alt+T".
13	Create folder	Create a folder in the current directory.	This action is available from the contextual menu (right-click), or by pressing the shortcut key "Ctrl+Alt+N".
14	Delete	Delete the selected files or directories.	This action is available from the contextual menu (right-click), or by pressing the shortcut key "Del".



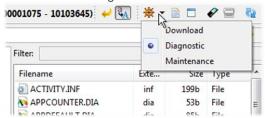
16	Transfer task panel	· ·	 The local file denotes the original file The direction is a right direction arrow (in turquoise blue if the task is transferring,
			otherwise in grey) • The terminal file denotes the source file For further details, see the 3_7 Transfer tasks view section.
17	Bring on top transfer events	If this option is activated, the current transfer task is kept visible.	Clicking this button to enable or disable the option.
18	Clean complete transfers	Clean all terminated transfer tasks and errors	
19	Show the actions history	Show the Action history view for the current terminal connection.	
20	Show the terminal information	Report information regarding the connected terminal.	For more details, see the section 3_8 Terminal observatory.
21	Show the installed components	Show the list of the installed components in the terminal, and allow uninstalling them.	,
22	Terminal tab	Each terminal connection appears in a dedicated tab. Its icon reflects the connection state (connected or disconnected) and the label is the serial port name used for the connection.	Closing a terminal tab automatically commit the transfer transaction and close the connection with this terminal.
23	Terminal status	information about the current	A double-clicks on the terminal status bar will toggle its state: switching it to connected, or disconnecting it.
24	Add to favorites	Add and open the list of favorite paths.	At click, a popup window is displayed with the list of saved paths (a left-click adds the current path, other buttons only open it). For more details, see 3_5 Favorite paths.
25	Toggle the details	Show or hide the detail panel (see #2 and #3).	



3_3_1 Terminal activities

When browsing a Telium 1 or a Telium 2 terminal, it is possible to switch from a terminal activity to another.

The activities bring different views of the terminal content, depending on the use-case.



The activity menu is not available for Telium Tetra terminal.

Under the corresponding icon-menu, the current activity is checked. Select the desired activity to switch the navigation mode.

3_4 Error message

If an error occurs, the error message appears in the status bar of the browser.

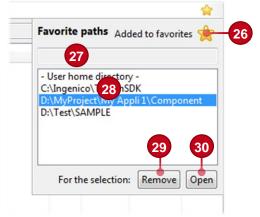
This error is also displayed in an error balloon message. Click on it in order to hide it.



All error messages are logged into the Actions history view (see section 3_11).

3_5 Favorite paths

Clicking the star at the right hand of the browser's path-bar (a left-click adds the current path, other buttons only open it), or using the contextual menu "Add to favorites" (#24) on a directory or a container, displays the list of favorite paths:



Clicking the biggest star adds or removes the current path from the list (#26). Double-clicking on a selection in the favorites list opens a favorite path.



/ Legend

#	Element	Description
26	Favorite switch	Add or remove the current path from the favorites.
27	Filter	Filter the paths in the list. To be listed, the path must contain the value of the filter field. The search is not case-sensitive.
28	Saved paths list	The list of favorite paths. The item "- User home directory -" is related to the current user, for the local browser.
29	Remove	Remove the selected path from the list of favorites.
30	Open	Open and browse the selected path.

3_6 Plugged terminals view

The "Plugged terminals" view provides a list of the plugged terminals to the PC.

The device port identifies the plugged terminal. This device port is displayed on the terminal tab.

The connection state is illustrated by a label and/or a characteristic icon.

The "Description" column reveals the name of the previous connected terminal on this port, and the "Identifier" gives the device or the terminal identifiers (composed by the product number and its serial number).



A double-clicks on a terminal or pressing the Enter key (when selected) toggle its state: switching it to connected, or disconnecting it.

At terminal connection, a new tab is opened with the terminal browser. The current directory is set on the last accessed directory for the device port.

When a tab corresponding to this terminal is already opened, this tab is activated when the terminal is selected in the plugged terminals list.

/ Terminal states

lcon	Current state
	Disconnected
	Connecting
4	Connected
€	Disconnecting



3 7 Transfer tasks view

The transfer tasks view gives an overview of all transfer tasks (downloads and uploads) of all terminal connections.

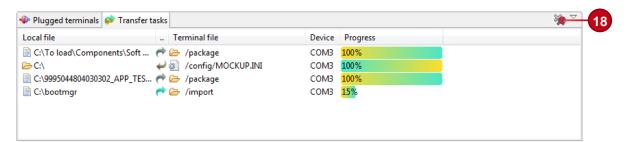
For each transfer task the local file or directory, the direction, the terminal file or directory, the concerned device, and the progression are displayed.

In the case of download:

- · The local file denotes the origin file
- The direction is a right arrow (in turquoise blue if the task is transferring, otherwise in grey)
- The terminal file denotes the destination directory

In the case of upload:

- The local file denotes the destination directory
- The direction is a left arrow (in yellow if the task is transferring, otherwise in grey)
- The terminal file denotes the source file

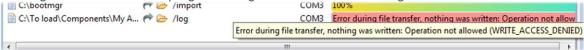


/ Legend

#	Element	Description	Action / details
18		Clean all terminated transfer tasks and errors	

When an error occurs during a transfer, the progress-bar background is in red color, and the reason is displayed.

Passing the mouse over the progress-bar gives the full error message:



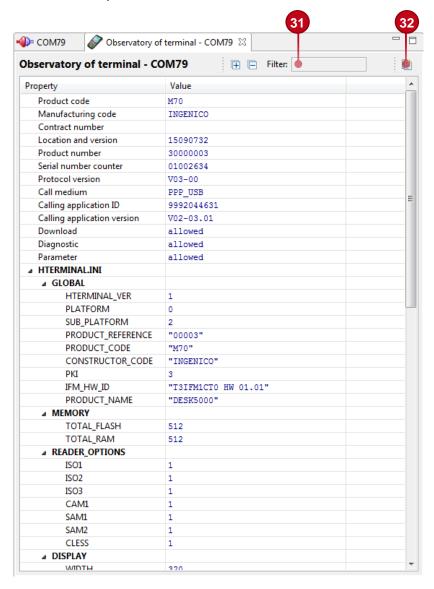


3_8 Terminal observatory

The terminal observatory provides a report page describing all available information about the connected terminal.

Those data are mainly terminal identifiers details and hardware characteristics.

The Observatory of terminal view is called from the
icon of the Terminal browser.



/ Legend

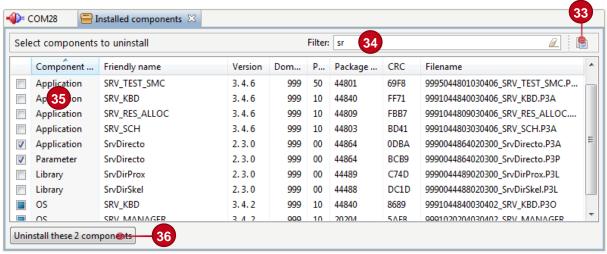
#	Element	Description
31	Filter	Filter the terminal properties
32	Сору	Copy to the Windows clipboard the terminal information.



3_9 Installed components list

The "Installed components" view lists all installed packages and components in the terminal. This list can be called from the icon of the Terminal browser. Its presentation slightly differs depending on the terminal range:

/ Telium Tetra terminals



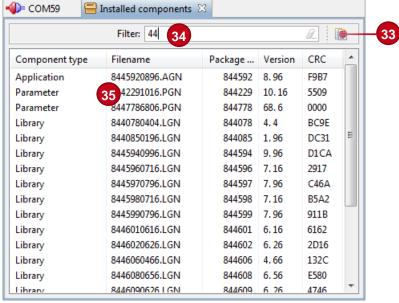
At the terminal disconnection, all selected components (including hidden ones by a filter) are marked to be uninstalled.

You can check this operation in the Actions history view of the corresponding terminal connection (see the section 3_11 Actions history view).

In the case of success, each selected component should trace:

"package filename" marked for uninstallation

Telium 1 and Telium 2 terminals



The list of installed components is only available in the Download and Maintenance activities. The uninstallation of components is impossible for Telium 1 and Telium 2 terminals.



/ Legend

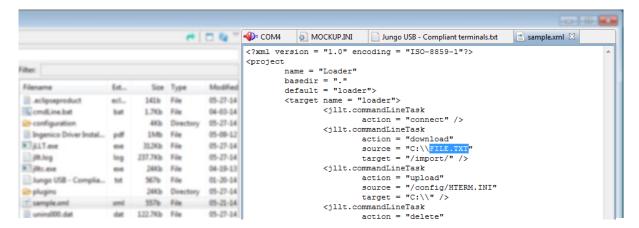
#	Element	Description		
33	Сору	Copy to the Windows clipboard the entire components list.		
34	Filter the installed components list	The filter is applied on the text field value change. In order to view an installed component, its Filename, its Friendly name* or its Full identifier must contain (anywhere) the value of the filter field. The search is not case-sensitive.		
35	List of installed components	 Each row of this list describes the: Component type: only Applications, Libraries and Parameters can be selected in order to be uninstalled* Friendly name Version: composed by Major, Minor and Maintenance revision* values Domain* Package range* Package identifier CRC Filename: the original filename of the component This component is not selected* This component is not selectable for uninstallation* 		
36	Uninstall button*	This button saves the selected components list, in order to uninstall them at the next terminal disconnection. Clicking this button closes the Installed component list. This list can be displayed again and can be modified before the uninstallation. The number of selected components is indicated on the button label. In case no item is selected, this button simply closes the list.		

^{*:} theses information are only available for Telium Tetra terminals.

3_10 File viewer

The file viewer allows consulting only the <u>local files</u> content.

Double-clicking on a file (or pressing the "Enter" key after selection) in the local browser opens a new tab with the file content.



In some files (especially binary files), the null characters are represented by a dot sign (".").

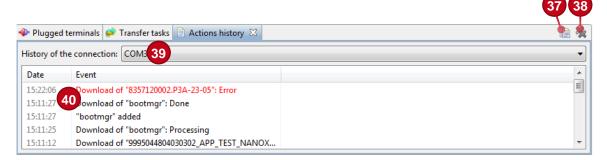


3_11 Actions history view

This view is reporting the history of past actions.

Errors are in the red colour, warnings in orange and regular messages in black.

The Action history view can be called by double-clicking in the status-bar of the file browser (#8), or using the icon from the toolbar (#19).



/ Legend

#	Element	Description
37	Сору	Copy the actions history in the Windows clipboard.
38	Clear logs	Clear the logs list.
39	Connection selector	Choose the history connection to display the actions. The "Local actions" is related to the Local browser actions.
40	Events list	Displays the list of past actions, within two columns: the date and the event.



4_How to start a connection with the terminal



- Please make sure the terminal is properly plugged to the computer: the terminal is connected by the USB cable and must be recognized by Windows in the Device manager, under COM port devices.
- Launch the LLT software using the shortcut in the Start menu or from the desktop.
- Before connecting the terminal with LLT, the loading session must be started on the terminal. In order to start the LLTCLIENT application on the terminal, depending on the terminal Telium range:
 - o For Telium 1 and Telium 2:
 - restart the terminal and keep pressing (usually) the "F3" (or UP) key on the terminal until the word "LLT" appears on the screen
 - or use the graphical menu (press "F" key, then Telium Manager > Evolution > Load > Local)
 - o For Telium Tetra:
 - restart the terminal and keep pressing the "." (dot) key on the terminal until a folder icon appears on the screen
 - or use the graphical menu (Control panel > Software management > Evolution > Local upgrade)

In the LLT software Plugged terminal view (see 3_6 Plugged terminals view), the terminal must appear. Double-click on the terminal icon start the connection attempt. The terminal state reports the terminal connection status. If the terminal is correctly connected, download or upload can be performed and terminal information can be gathered.

4_1 Perform the disconnection

In order to disconnect a terminal from LLT, double-click on the terminal status label (see #23 in 3_3 The terminal browser) or the corresponding connection in the Plugged terminal view (see 3_6 Plugged terminals view).

The disconnection of LLT is required to validate and install the downloaded files into the terminal. The terminal then restarts in order to take the changes into account.

For Telium 1 and Telium 2 terminal, the validation of downloaded components is also performed at terminal activity change (see 3_3_1 Terminal activities).



5_Command line mode

The command-line mode allows downloading, uploading and deleting files.

To use the command-line, use the "cmdLine.bat" script provided at the LLT root installation directory.

5_1 Command-line usage

The command-line usage can be consulted when typing:

/ Calling the command-line help

```
Usage:
cmdLine [/q] [/v] [/p port] load_scenario_location [target_name]

/q: (optional) quiet mode, no pause during the script execution
/v: (optional) verbose mode, shows additional logs on error
/p port: (optional) specify the serial port name to use for the terminal connection, if it is not specified into the scenario
load_scenario_location: the load scenario file to process
("C:\LLT\MyScripts\load.xml" for example)
target_name: (optional) the name of the target section of the scenario file to process. If not present the default target will be executed.

Appuyez sur une touche pour continuer...
```

Note that the <code>load_scenario</code> uses the ANT standard. Hence, the commands provided with LLT can be extended by other ANT commands and libraries.

You'll find further documentation at the following address: http://ant.apache.org/manual/index.html

/ Calling the "cmdLine.bat"

C:\Program Files\Ingenico\LLT>cmdLine.bat "sample.xml"



/ Sample script of the loading scenario

```
<?xml version = "1.0" encoding = "ISO-8859-1"?>
project
      name = "Loader"
      basedir = "."
      default = "loaderT2">
      <!-- For Telium TERTA terminals -->
      <target name = "loaderTETRA">
            <jllt.commandLineTask</pre>
                   action = "terminals"
                   target = "C:\\Terminals.txt" />
            <jllt.commandLineTask</pre>
                   action = "connect" />
            <jllt.commandLineTask</pre>
                   action = "query"
                   property = "Manufacturing code"
                   target = "C:\\Manufacturing code.txt" />
            <jllt.commandLineTask</pre>
                   action = "download"
                   source = "C:\\FILE TETRA.TXT" />
            <jllt.commandLineTask</pre>
                   action = "upload"
                   source = "/config/HTERMINAL.INI"
                   target = "C:\\" />
            <jllt.commandLineTask</pre>
                   action = "delete"
                   target = "/import/FILE TETRA.TXT" />
            <jllt.commandLineTask</pre>
                   action = "disconnect" />
      </target>
      <!-- For Telium 2 terminals -->
      <target name = "loaderT2">
            <jllt.commandLineTask</pre>
                   action = "connect"
                   device = "COM12" />
            <jllt.commandLineTask</pre>
                   action = "terminals"
                   target = "C:\\Terminals.txt" />
            <jllt.commandLineTask</pre>
                   action = "download"
                   source = "C:\\FILE T2.TXT"
                  target = "/HOST/" />
            <jllt.commandLineTask</pre>
                   action = "download"
                   source = "..\\MyApp\\8440140201.M40" />
            <jllt.commandLineTask</pre>
                  action = "activity"
                  mode = "maintenance" />
            <jllt.commandLineTask</pre>
                   action = "upload"
                   source = "/SWAP/APPRESET.DIA"
                   target = "D:\\" />
            <jllt.commandLineTask</pre>
                  action = "disconnect" />
      </target>
</project>
```



/ Parameters details

action =	Parameters	Description
"terminals"	target = "target_file"	target_file is the optional full path of the file that receives the terminals list; for example: target="C:\\Terminals.txt" This command produces for each plugged terminal the following information, separated with tabulation: Port Range Description State This command can be called if a terminal is connected or not.
"connect"	device = "device_name"	<pre>device_name is the name of the device to connect; for example: device="COM3" If the device isn't specified, the first plugged terminal is used.</pre>
"download"	source = "source_file"	<pre>source_file is the full path with filename of the file to download (from the local browser). It can be, or not, a catalogue file. The path must contains doubled slashed "\" characters; for example: source="C:\\MyDir\\FILE.TXT"</pre>
	target = "target_file"	<pre>target_file is the full path of the directory or the target file that receives the downloaded file; for example: target="/import/" or target="/import/destFile.bin" If the target isn't specified, the destination is automatically predicted depending on the source extension.</pre>
"upload"	source = "source_file"	<pre>source_file is the full path with filename of the file to upload (from the terminal); for instance: source="/config/HTERMINAL.INI"</pre>
	target = "target_file"	<pre>target_file is the full path of the directory or the target file that receives the downloaded file. The path must contain doubled slashed "\" characters; for example: target="C:\\" or target="C:\\destFile.bin" If the target isn't specified, the previous specified local target is re-used.</pre>
"delete"	target = " <i>target_file</i> "	<pre>target_file is the full path of the file to delete in the terminal, or the filename of the package to uninstall; for example: target="/import/FILE.TXT" or target="9990019010084000_MyApp.P3A"</pre>



"query"	property = "key"	<pre>key is the property key to request, it is case sensitive. Available keys are listed through the Terminal observatory (see the section 3_8); for instance: property = "DISPLAY/WIDTH"</pre>
	target = " <i>target_file</i> "	<pre>target_file is the full path of the file that receives the value of the requested property; for instance: target = "C:\\Display.txt"</pre>
"activity"	mode = "activity"	<pre>activity is the requested terminal activity; available values are (case insensitive):</pre>
"disconnect"		The download transaction is committed for the current terminal connection. Then the terminal is disconnected.

6_Catalogue files format

The catalogue is a file which references a list of files to be downloaded in the terminal.

A catalogue file extension form is ".Mnn" form, where nn represents the product code of the target terminals (two digits). These catalogue files can be automatically filtered with the funnel button of the Local browser (see 3 2 section, #4).

All terminals can be targeted using the ". MXX" catalogue file-extension.

The syntax is simple: each line points out a file in an absolute or a relative path. The comments are preceded by a ";".

/ Sample catalogue file

; Comment of the catalogue file	← Comment
C:\absolute PATH\to the\File.txt	← Download File.txt into the current path in the terminal
-eSWAP	← Change the download destination to /SWAP/
\8440140201.AGN	← The file to be downloaded is in the parent directory of the catalogue file
8440140201.PGN	← Download this file from the same directory of the catalogue file
-eHOST	← Change the download destination to /HOST/
D:\APPCONFIG.CFG ; Custom config	← File given in absolute path followed by with a comment

Generally speaking, the referenced files are downloaded in the current directory of the terminal, but it is possible to denote a destination directory by preceding the absolute path in the terminal by "-e" (see possible destinations at 1_2 Telium file tree structure).

