

Basic drawing techniques in p5:

```
ellipse(x, y, size, size)
rect(x, y, size, size)
point(x, y)
line(x1, y1, x2, y2)
stroke(color); strokeWeight(size);
fill(r, g, b, alpha(transparency))
  setAlpha()
rotate(radians(angle))
beginShape(LINES/POINTS/TRIANGLES/QUADS);
vertex(x, y); -> adds vertices
endShape();
```

p5's built-in functions

```
function mousePressed(){}
```

User-controlled Characters

Keyboard

```
if (keyIsDown(DOWN_ARROW){}
```

Mouse

```
noCursor();
image(img, mouseX, mouseY);
```

Basic movement strategies

Wrap-around

```
if (x > width){ x = 0}
```

constrain to screen

```
y = constrain(y, min, max)
```

Acceleration

```
x += speed //or *=
```

computer controlled characters

Chase

```
1 //following the mouse
2 let xPos, yPos;
3 let xDesired, yDesired;
4
5 function setup() {
6   createCanvas(500, 500);
7   xPos = 250;
8   yPos = 250;
9   xDesired = 250;
10  yDesired = 250;
11  noStroke();
12 }
13 function draw() {
14   background(0, 10);
15   xDesired = mouseX;
16   yDesired = mouseY;
17   let distX = xDesired - xPos;
18   let distY = yDesired - yPos;
19   // move 5%
20   xPos += 0.05 * distX;
21   yPos += 0.05 * distY;
22   fill(255);
23   ellipse(xPos, yPos, 25, 25);
24 }
```

Parallax scrolling

```
< sketch.js
1 //parallax scrolling
2 let bg, bg2;
3 let x = 0;
4 let x2 = 266;
5 function preload(){
6   bg = loadImage("images/bg.jpg");
7   bg2 = loadImage("images/bg-1.jpg");
8 }
9 function setup(){
10  createCanvas(400, 266);
11 }
12 function draw(){
13   image(bg, x, 0);
14   image(bg2, x2, 0);
15
16   if(x2 <= -266){
17     x2 = x + 266
18   }
19   if(x <= -266){
20     x = x2 + 266
21   }
22   //can be substituted with speed
23   x --
24   x2 --
25 }
```

Basic HTML & CSS

Moving Canvas

```
let theCanvas = createCanvas(500, 500) //p5js
theCanvas.elt.style.display = 'absolute';
theCanvas.elt.style.top = '100px';
theCanvas.elt.style.left = '100px';
```

Re-Parenting

```
theCanvas.parent("#elementID"); //p5js
```

Input Elements

```
<form>input elements go here</form>
```

Button

```
<button id="button1" name="button1"
onclick="p5Function(); return false;">
Button Text Goes Here
</button>
```

Ranges

```
<input type="range" id="range1" min="0"
max="200" step="1" value="100"
onchange="updateRange(this);">
```

p5js:

```
function updateRange( theRange ) {
  let rangeData = int( theRange.value );}
```

Collision detection

```
if ( dist(x1, y1, x2, y2) < 25) { //program}
```

Particle System (array, loop, oop)

```

1 //particle System
2 let particles = []
3 function setup() {
4   createCanvas(400, 400);
5 }
6 function draw() {
7   background(220);
8   if (mouseIsPressed){
9     for (let i = 0; i < 50; i++){
10      particles.push(new Particle(mouseX, mouseY))
11    }
12  }
13  for (let i = 0; i < particles.length; i++){
14    particles[i].moveAndDisplay();
15    let result = particles[i].checkIfDead()
16    if (result){
17      particles.splice(i, 1)
18      i -= 1; //because splice moves the value
19    }
20  }
21 }
22 class Particle{
23   constructor(x, y){
24     this.x = x
25     this.y = y
26     this.size = random(20, 30);
27     this.speedX = random(-3, 3);
28     this.speedY = random(-3, 3);
29   }
30   moveAndDisplay(){
31     this.x += this.speedX;
32     this.y += this.speedY;
33     this.size -= 0.2;
34     this.size = constrain(this.size, 0, 30);
35     noStroke();
36     fill(128);
37     ellipse(this.x, this.y, this.size, this.size);
38   }
39   checkIfDead(){
40     if (this.size <= 0) {
41       return true;
42     }
43     if (this.x < 0 || this.x > width) {
44       return true;
45     }
46     if (this.y < 0 || this.y > height) {
47       return true;
48     }
49     return false;
50   }
51 }

```

Perlin noise

```

let noiseOffset = random(0, 1000);
let noiseValue = noise(this.noiseOffset);
//map(value, original x, original y, new x, new y)
let amountToMove = map(noiseValue, 0, 1, -2, 2)
this.x += amountToMove;
this.noiseOffset += 0.01

```

Animated GIFs & PNG sequences

```

1 let spriteSheet;
2 let sprite;
3
4 function preload() {
5   spriteSheet = loadImage('bird_spritesheet.png');
6 }
7
8 function setup() {
9   createCanvas(500, 500);
10  sprite = new Sprite(width / 2, height / 2, 150, 100, spriteSheet);
11 }
12
13 function draw() {
14   background(128);
15   sprite.display();
16 }
17
18 class Sprite {
19   constructor(x, y, w, h, img) {
20     this.x = x;
21     this.y = y;
22     this.w = w; //size
23     this.h = h;
24     this.img = img; //source img
25     // compute how many frames we have
26     // (img width / single img width)
27     this.totalFrames = int(this.img.width / this.w);
28     // keep track of which frame
29     this.currentFrame = 0;
30     // a pause counter to slow down the animation (optional)
31     this.pauseCounter = 0;
32     this.pauseCounterMax = 3;
33   }
34   display() {
35     image(this.img, this.x, this.y, this.w, this.h,
36           this.currentFrame * this.w, 0, this.w, this.h);
37     // decrease our pause counter
38     this.pauseCounter--;
39     // frame cycle
40     if (this.pauseCounter <= 0) {
41       this.currentFrame += 1;
42       if (this.currentFrame >= this.totalFrames) {
43         this.currentFrame = 0;
44       }
45       this.pauseCounter = this.pauseCounterMax;
46     }
47   }
48 }
49

```

color detection

```

1 //get color
2 function setup() {
3   createCanvas(500, 500);
4   background(255);
5   for (let i = 0; i < 50; i++) {
6     fill(random(255), random(255), random(255));
7     ellipse(random(10, width - 10),
8             random(10, height - 10), 20, 20);
9   }
10 }
11
12 function draw() {
13   let c = get(mouseX, mouseY);
14   let r = red(c);
15   let g = green(c);
16   let b = blue(c);
17   console.log("red:" + r, "blue:" +
18               b, "green:" + g)
19 }
20

```

Off-screen graphics buffers

```

1 let buffer;
2 function setup() {
3   createCanvas(500, 500);
4   buffer = createGraphics(500, 500);
5   buffer.background(255);
6   buffer.strokeWeight(20);
7   buffer.stroke(10);
8 }
9 function draw() {
10   image(buffer, 0, 0);
11   if (mouseIsPressed) {
12     buffer.line(mouseX, mouseY, pmouseX, pmouseY);
13   }
14 }
15 //in html
16 //<button onclick="drawMode();">Draw Mode</button>
17 //<button onclick="eraseMode();">Erase Mode</button>
18 function drawMode() {
19   buffer.stroke(0);
20 }
21 function eraseMode() {
22   buffer.stroke(255);
23 }

```