

NAME (Print last name first): Wise Madeline SCORE: _____/14

4 pts

1. The joint PMF of X and Y is below, along with the marginal PMFs of X and Y .

X	0	1	2	$P_Y(y)$
Y				
0	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.5
2	0.1	0.25	0.15	0.5
$P_X(x)$	0.2	0.45	0.35	

$$E[X] = x \cdot P_X(x)$$

$$= (0)(0.2) + (1)(0.45)$$

$$+ 2(0.35)$$

$$= 0.45 + 0.7$$

$$= 1.15$$

$$E[Y] = 0(0.5) + 2(0.5)$$

$$= 1.0$$

(a) Find $Cov(X, Y)$.

$$Cov(x, y) = E[xy] - E[X] \cdot E[Y]$$

$$E[xy] = 2(0.25) + 4(0.15) = 0.5 + 0.6 = 1.1$$

$$Cov(x, y) = 1.1 - 1.15(1.0)$$

$$= -0.05$$

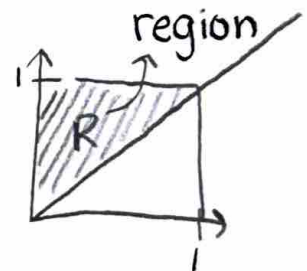
(b) Determine whether X and Y are independent. Justify your answer.

no, because $Cov(x, y) \neq 0$, and $P_{X,Y}(x, y) \neq P_X(x) P_Y(y)$ for all (x, y) pairs

10 pts

2. Let X and Y be continuous random variables with joint PDF:

$$f_{X,Y}(x, y) = \begin{cases} 2 & 0 < x < y < 1 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

(a) Find marginal PDFs of X and Y .

$$f_X(x) = \int_x^1 2 dy = 2y \Big|_x^1 = 2 - 2x$$

$$f_Y(y) = \int_0^y 2 dx = 2x \Big|_0^y = 2y$$

$$f_X(x) = \begin{cases} 2 - 2x & 0 < x < 1 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$f_Y(y) = \begin{cases} 2y & 0 < y < 1 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

(b) Determine whether X and Y are independent.

$$f_{x,y}(x,y) = 2$$

$$2 \neq 2y(2-2x)$$

not independent

(c) $E(X)$

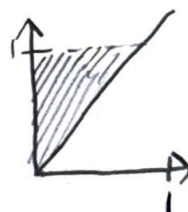
$$\int_0^1 x(2-2x)dx = \int_0^1 2x - 2x^2 dx = \left[x^2 - \frac{2x^3}{3} \right]_0^1 = 1 - \frac{2}{3} = \boxed{\frac{1}{3}}$$

(d) $E(Y)$

$$\int_0^1 y(2y)dy = \int_0^1 2y^2 dy = \left[\frac{2y^3}{3} \right]_0^1 = \boxed{\frac{2}{3}}$$

(e) $E(XY)$

$$E(xy) = \int_0^1 \int_0^1 xy^2 dy dx = \boxed{\frac{1}{4}}$$



(f) $\text{Cov}(X, Y)$

$$\text{cov}(x,y) = E(xy) - E(x)E(y)$$

$$\text{cov}(x,y) = \frac{1}{4} - \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} - \frac{2}{9}$$

$$= \frac{9}{36} - \frac{8}{36} = \boxed{\frac{1}{36}}$$