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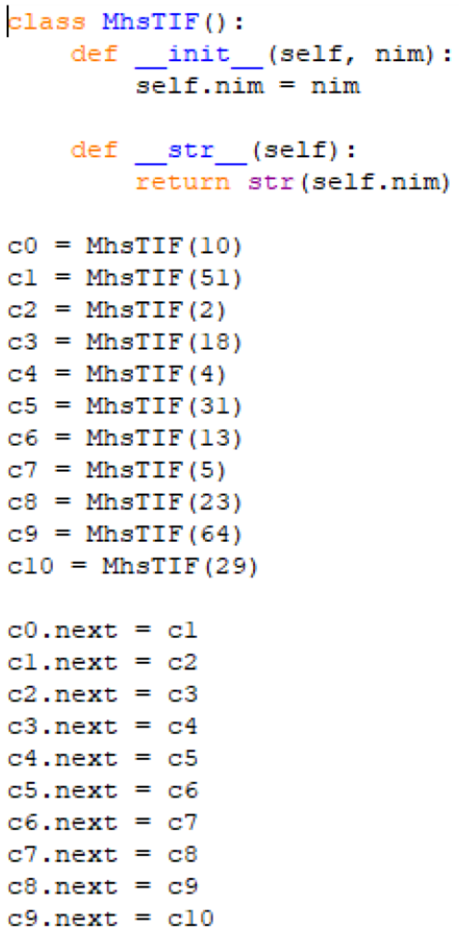
Kelas : H

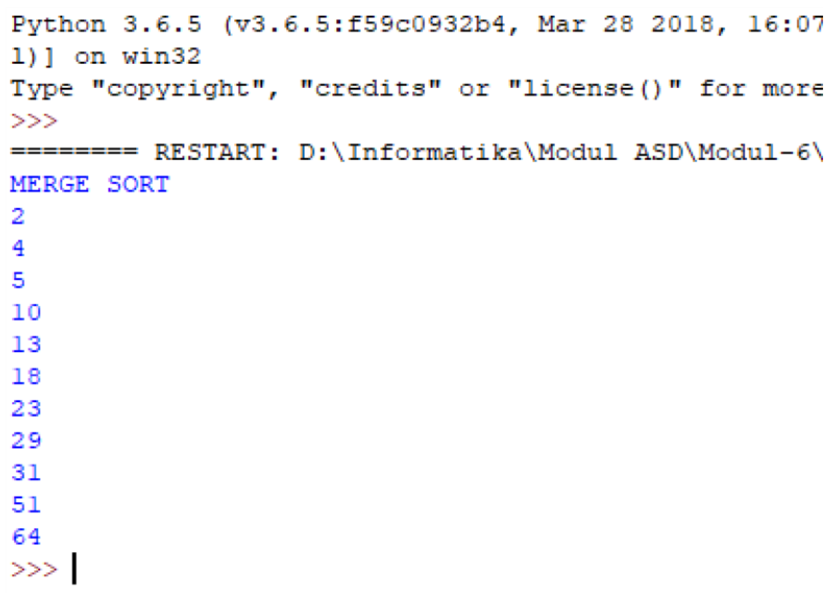
MODUL 6 Praktikum Algoritma dan Sturktur Data

Nomor 1 Merge Sort



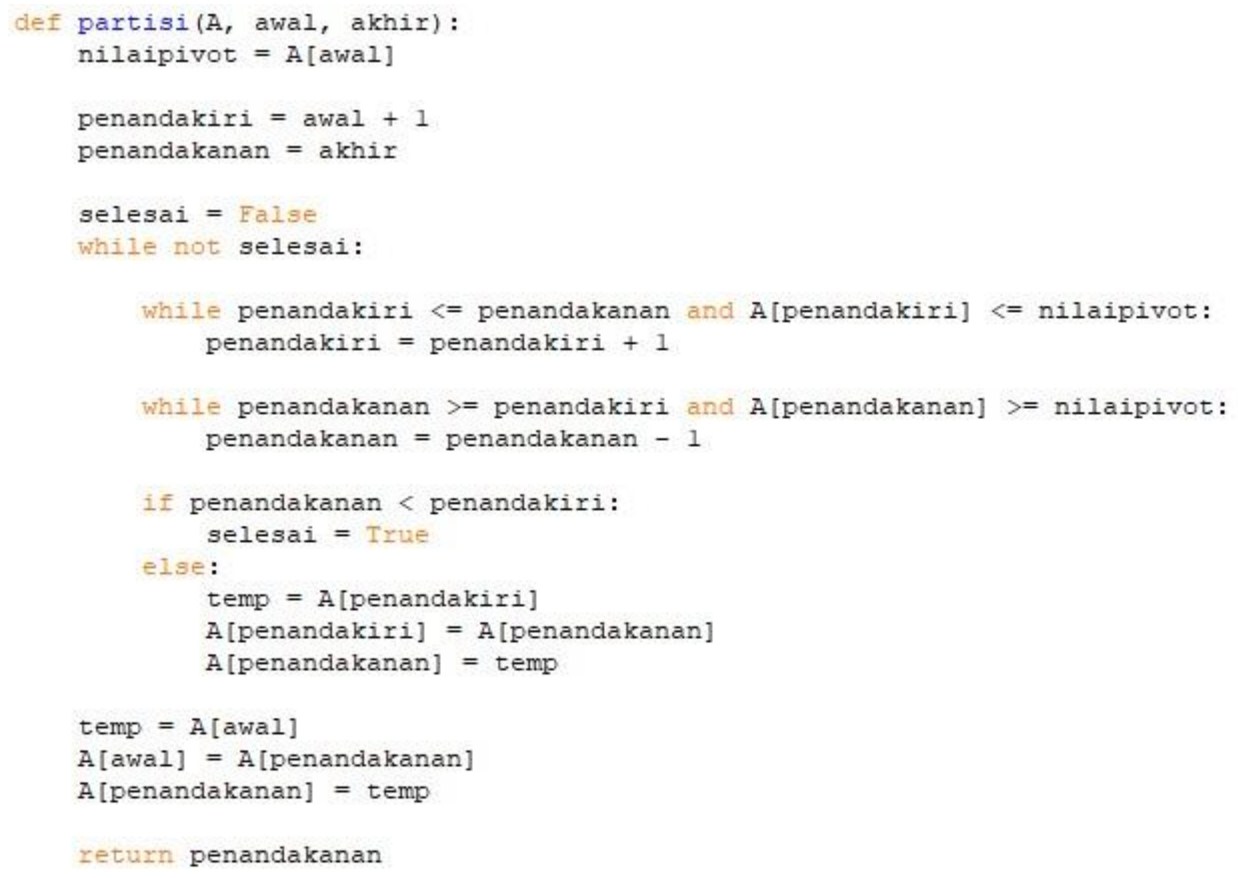
```
class MhsTIF():
    def __init__(self, nim):
        self.nim = nim

    def __str__(self):
        return str(self.nim)

c0 = MhsTIF(10)
c1 = MhsTIF(51)
c2 = MhsTIF(2)
c3 = MhsTIF(18)
c4 = MhsTIF(4)
c5 = MhsTIF(31)
c6 = MhsTIF(13)
c7 = MhsTIF(5)
c8 = MhsTIF(23)
c9 = MhsTIF(64)
c10 = MhsTIF(29)

c0.next = c1
c1.next = c2
c2.next = c3
c3.next = c4
c4.next = c5
c5.next = c6
c6.next = c7
c7.next = c8
c8.next = c9
c9.next = c10
```

```python
def mergeSort(A):
    #print("Membelah      ",A)
    if len(A) > 1:
        mid = len(A) // 2
        separuhkiri = A[:mid]
        separuhkanan = A[mid:]

        mergeSort(separuhkiri)
        mergeSort(separuhkanan)

        i = 0;j=0;k=0
        while i < len(separuhkiri) and j < len(separuhkanan):
            if separuhkiri[i] < separuhkanan[j]:
                A[k] = separuhkiri[i]
                i = i + 1
            else:
                A[k] = separuhkanan[j]
                j = j + 1
            k=k+1

        while i < len(separuhkiri):
            A[k] = separuhkiri[i]
            i = i + 1
            k=k+1

        while j < len(separuhkanan):
            A[k] = separuhkanan[j]
            j = j + 1
            k=k+1
    #print("Menggabungkan",A)

def convert(arr, obj):
    hasil=[]
    for x in range (len(arr)):
        for i in range (len(arr)):
            if arr[x] == obj[i].nim:
                hasil.append(obj[i])
    return hasil

Daftar = [c0, c1, c2, c3, c4, c5, c6, c7, c8, c9, c10]
A = []
for x in Daftar:
    A.append(x.nim)

print("MERGE SORT")
mergeSort(A)
for x in convert(A, Daftar):
    print (x.nim)
```

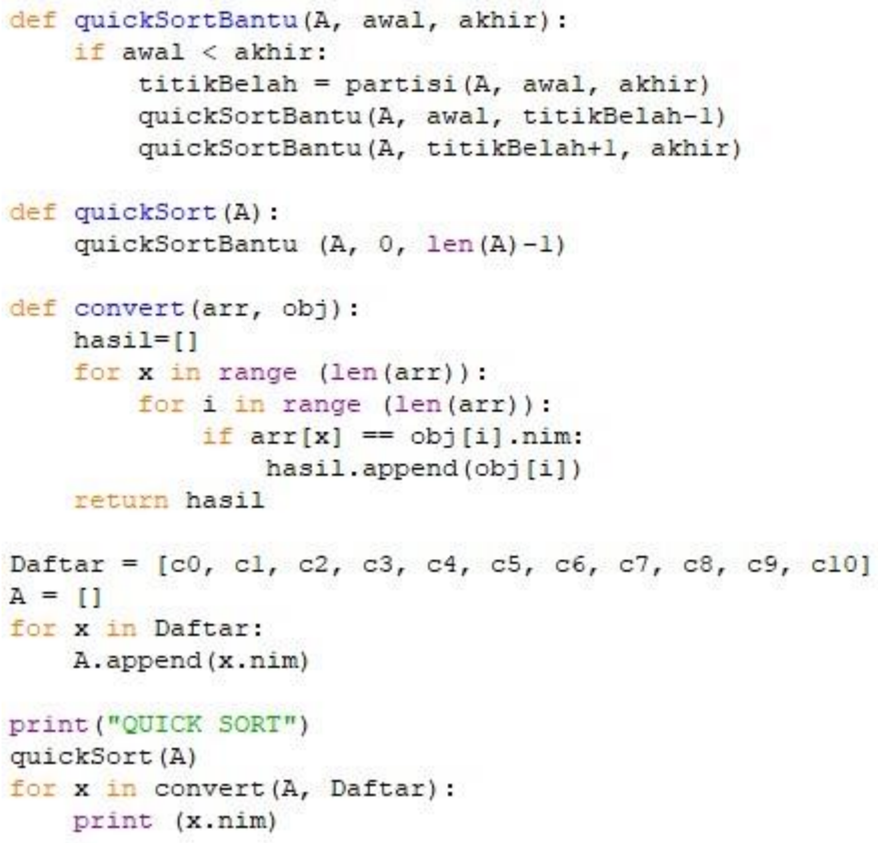


```
Python 3.6.5 (v3.6.5:f59c0932b4, Mar 28 2018, 16:07
1)] on win32
Type "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more
>>>
======== RESTART: D:\Informatika\Modul ASD\Modul-6\
MERGE SORT
2
4
5
10
13
18
23
29
31
51
64
>>>
```

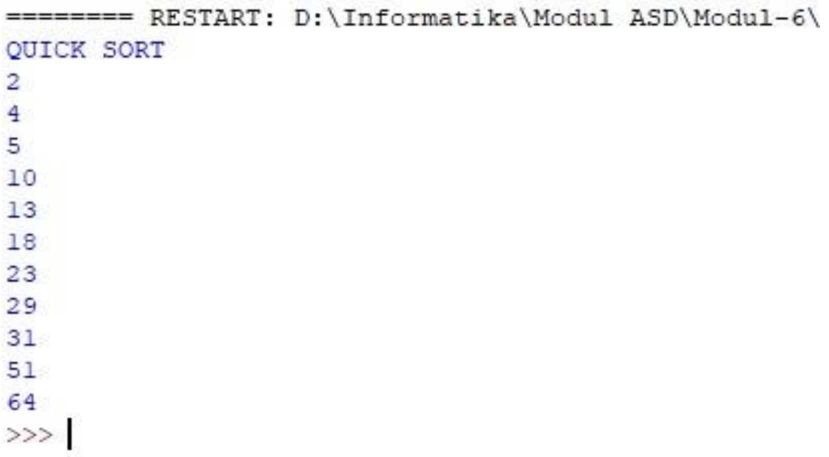
Nomor 1 Quick Sort



```
def partisi(A, awal, akhir):
    nilaipivot = A[awal]

    penandakiri = awal + 1
    penandakanan = akhir

    selesai = False
    while not selesai:

        while penandakiri <= penandakanan and A[penandakiri] <= nilaipivot:
            penandakiri = penandakiri + 1

        while penandakanan >= penandakiri and A[penandakanan] >= nilaipivot:
            penandakanan = penandakanan - 1

        if penandakanan < penandakiri:
            selesai = True
        else:
            temp = A[penandakiri]
            A[penandakiri] = A[penandakanan]
            A[penandakanan] = temp

    temp = A[awal]
    A[awal] = A[penandakanan]
    A[penandakanan] = temp

    return penandakanan
```

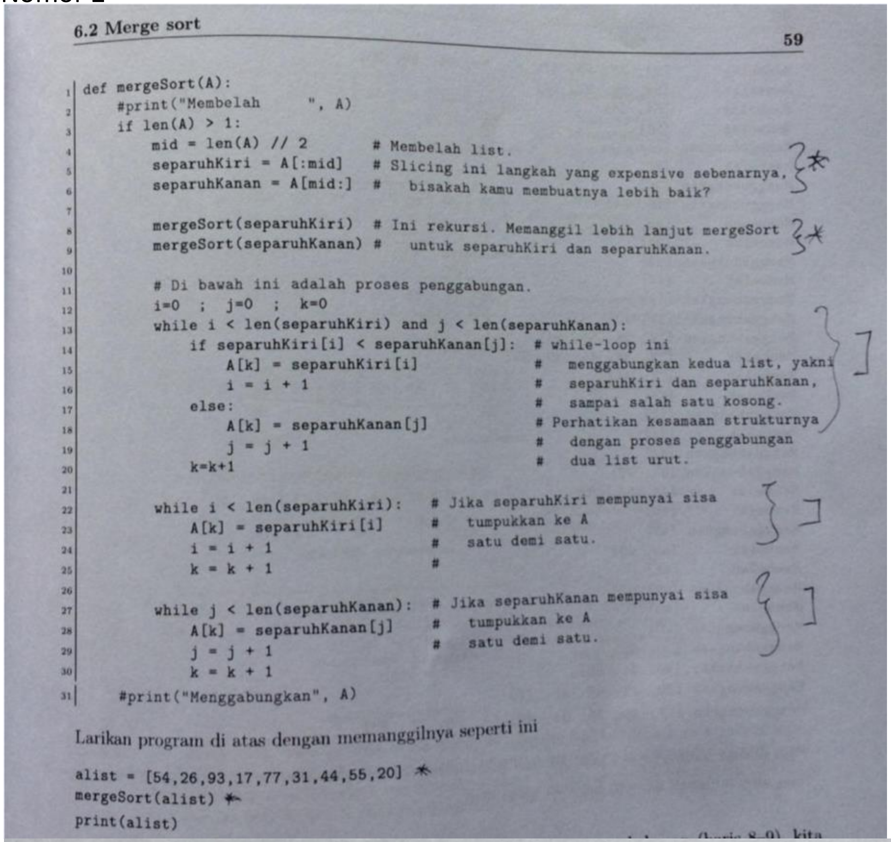


```python
def quickSortBantu(A, awal, akhir):
    if awal < akhir:
        titikBelah = partisi(A, awal, akhir)
        quickSortBantu(A, awal, titikBelah-1)
        quickSortBantu(A, titikBelah+1, akhir)

def quickSort(A):
    quickSortBantu (A, 0, len(A)-1)

def convert(arr, obj):
    hasil=[]
    for x in range (len(arr)):
        for i in range (len(arr)):
            if arr[x] == obj[i].nim:
                hasil.append(obj[i])
    return hasil

Daftar = [c0, c1, c2, c3, c4, c5, c6, c7, c8, c9, c10]
A = []
for x in Daftar:
    A.append(x.nim)

print("QUICK SORT")
quickSort(A)
for x in convert(A, Daftar):
    print (x.nim)
```



```
======== RESTART: D:\Informatika\Modul ASD\Modul-6\
QUICK SORT
2
4
5
10
13
18
23
29
31
51
64
>>> 
```

Nomor 2

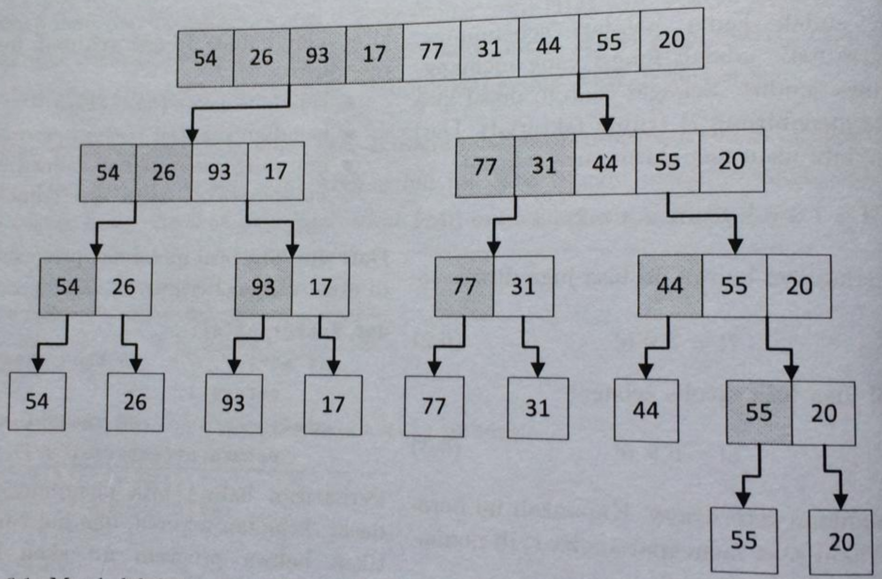


```
def mergeSort(A):
    #print("Membelah      ", A)
    if len(A) > 1:
        mid = len(A) // 2        # Membelah list.
        separuhKiri = A[:mid]    # Slicing ini langkah yang expensive sebenarnya,
        separuhKanan = A[mid:]   #   bisakah kamu membuatnya lebih baik?

        mergeSort(separuhKiri)   # Ini rekursi. Memanggil lebih lanjut mergeSort
        mergeSort(separuhKanan)  #   untuk separuhKiri dan separuhKanan.

        # Di bawah ini adalah proses penggabungan.
        i=0  ;  j=0  ;  k=0
        while i < len(separuhKiri) and j < len(separuhKanan):
            if separuhKiri[i] < separuhKanan[j]:  # while-loop ini
                A[k] = separuhKiri[i]             #   menggabungkan kedua list, yakni
                i = i + 1                         #   separuhKiri dan separuhKanan,
            else:                                 #   sampai salah satu kosong.
                A[k] = separuhKanan[j]            # Perhatikan kesamaan strukturnya
                j = j + 1                         #   dengan proses penggabungan
            k=k+1                                 #   dua list urut.

        while i < len(separuhKiri):    # Jika separuhKiri mempunyai sisa
            A[k] = separuhKiri[i]      #   tumpukkan ke A
            i = i + 1                  #   satu demi satu.
            k = k + 1                  #

        while j < len(separuhKanan):   # Jika separuhKanan mempunyai sisa
            A[k] = separuhKanan[j]     #   tumpukkan ke A
            j = j + 1                  #   satu demi satu.
            k = k + 1
    #print("Menggabungkan", A)
```

Larikan program di atas dengan memanggilnya seperti ini

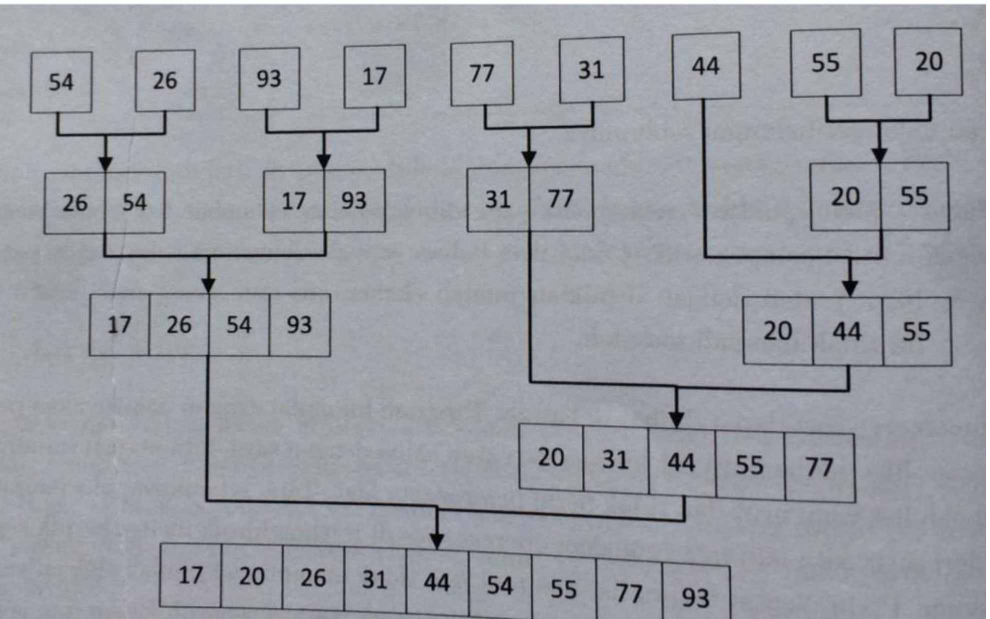
```
alist = [54,26,93,17,77,31,44,55,20] *
mergeSort(alist) *
print(alist)
```

6.1 *



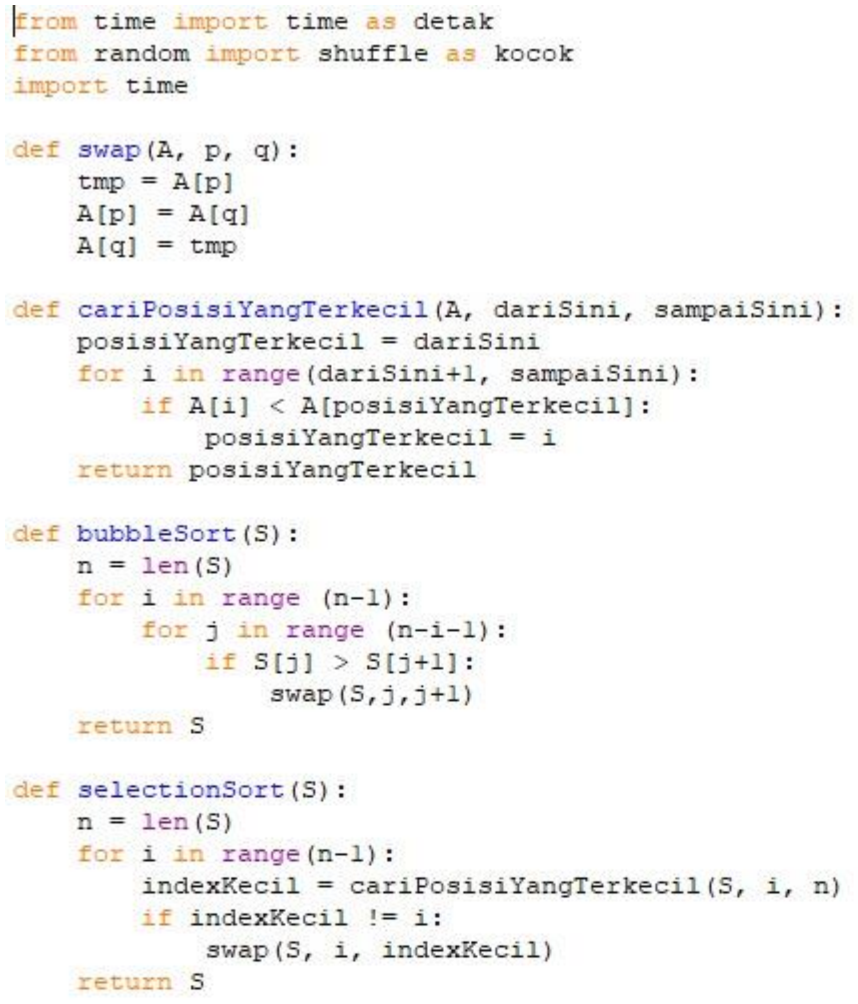
Gambar 6.1: Membelah list sampai tiap sub-list berisi satu elemen atau kosong. Sesudah itu digabung seperti ditunjukkan di Gambar 6.2.

6.2]

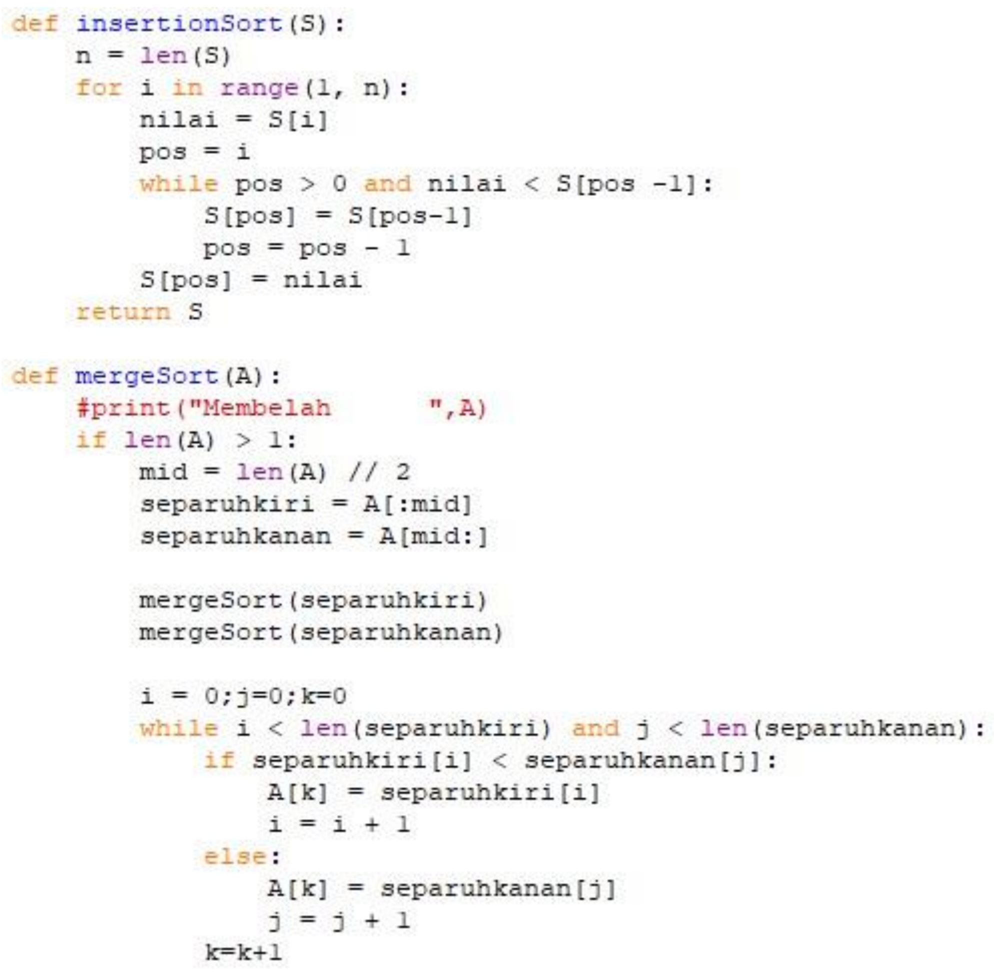


Gambar 6.2: Menggabungkan list satu demi satu.

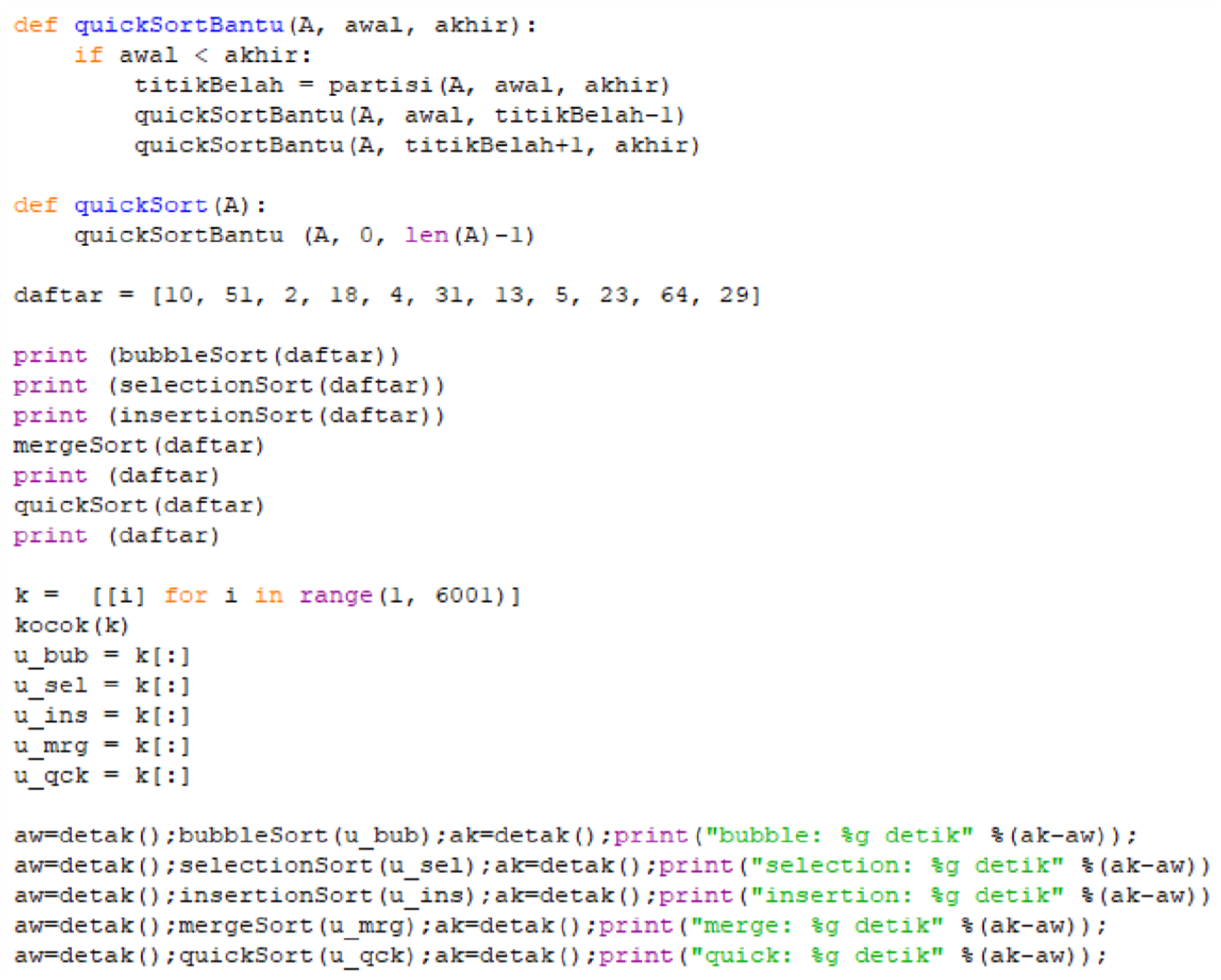
Nomor 3



```
from time import time as detak
from random import shuffle as kocok
import time

def swap(A, p, q):
    tmp = A[p]
    A[p] = A[q]
    A[q] = tmp

def cariPosisiYangTerkecil(A, dariSini, sampaiSini):
    posisiYangTerkecil = dariSini
    for i in range(dariSini+1, sampaiSini):
        if A[i] < A[posisiYangTerkecil]:
            posisiYangTerkecil = i
    return posisiYangTerkecil

def bubbleSort(S):
    n = len(S)
    for i in range (n-1):
        for j in range (n-i-1):
            if S[j] > S[j+1]:
                swap(S,j,j+1)
    return S

def selectionSort(S):
    n = len(S)
    for i in range(n-1):
        indexKecil = cariPosisiYangTerkecil(S, i, n)
        if indexKecil != i:
            swap(S, i, indexKecil)
    return S
```



```python
def insertionSort(S):
    n = len(S)
    for i in range(1, n):
        nilai = S[i]
        pos = i
        while pos > 0 and nilai < S[pos -1]:
            S[pos] = S[pos-1]
            pos = pos - 1
        S[pos] = nilai
    return S

def mergeSort(A):
    #print("Membelah      ",A)
    if len(A) > 1:
        mid = len(A) // 2
        separuhkiri = A[:mid]
        separuhkanan = A[mid:]

        mergeSort(separuhkiri)
        mergeSort(separuhkanan)

        i = 0;j=0;k=0
        while i < len(separuhkiri) and j < len(separuhkanan):
            if separuhkiri[i] < separuhkanan[j]:
                A[k] = separuhkiri[i]
                i = i + 1
            else:
                A[k] = separuhkanan[j]
                j = j + 1
            k=k+1
        while i < len(separuhkiri):
            A[k] = separuhkiri[i]
            i = i + 1
            k=k+1

        while j < len(separuhkanan):
            A[k] = separuhkanan[j]
            j = j + 1
            k=k+1
    #print("Menggabungkan",A)

def partisi(A, awal, akhir):
    nilaipivot = A[awal]

    penandakiri = awal + 1
    penandakanan = akhir

    selesai = False
    while not selesai:

        while penandakiri <= penandakanan and A[penandakiri] <= nilaipivot:
            penandakiri = penandakiri + 1

        while penandakanan >= penandakiri and A[penandakanan] >= nilaipivot:
            penandakanan = penandakanan - 1

        if penandakanan < penandakiri:
            selesai = True
        else:
            temp = A[penandakiri]
            A[penandakiri] = A[penandakanan]
            A[penandakanan] = temp

    temp = A[awal]
    A[awal] = A[penandakanan]
    A[penandakanan] = temp

    return penandakanan
```

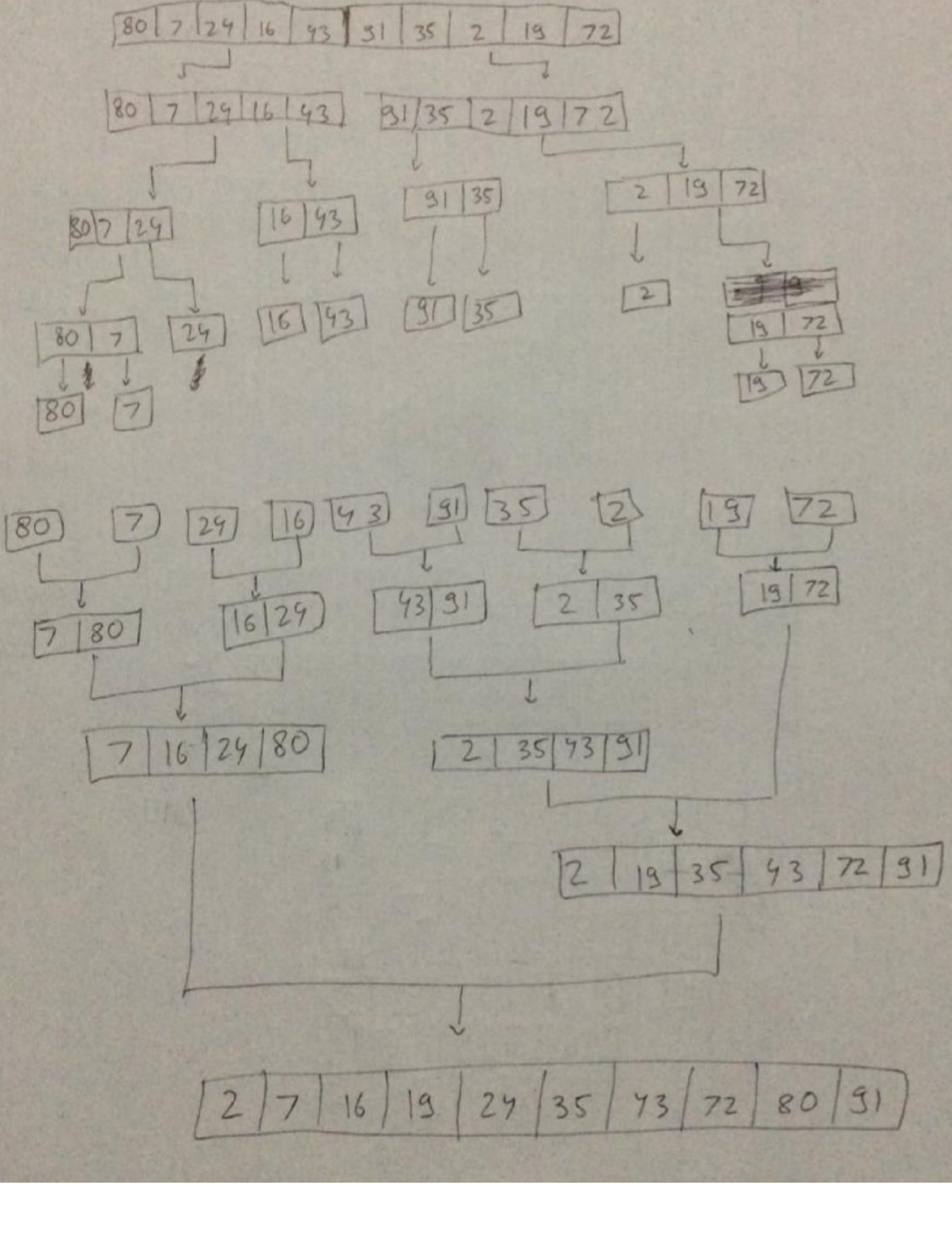


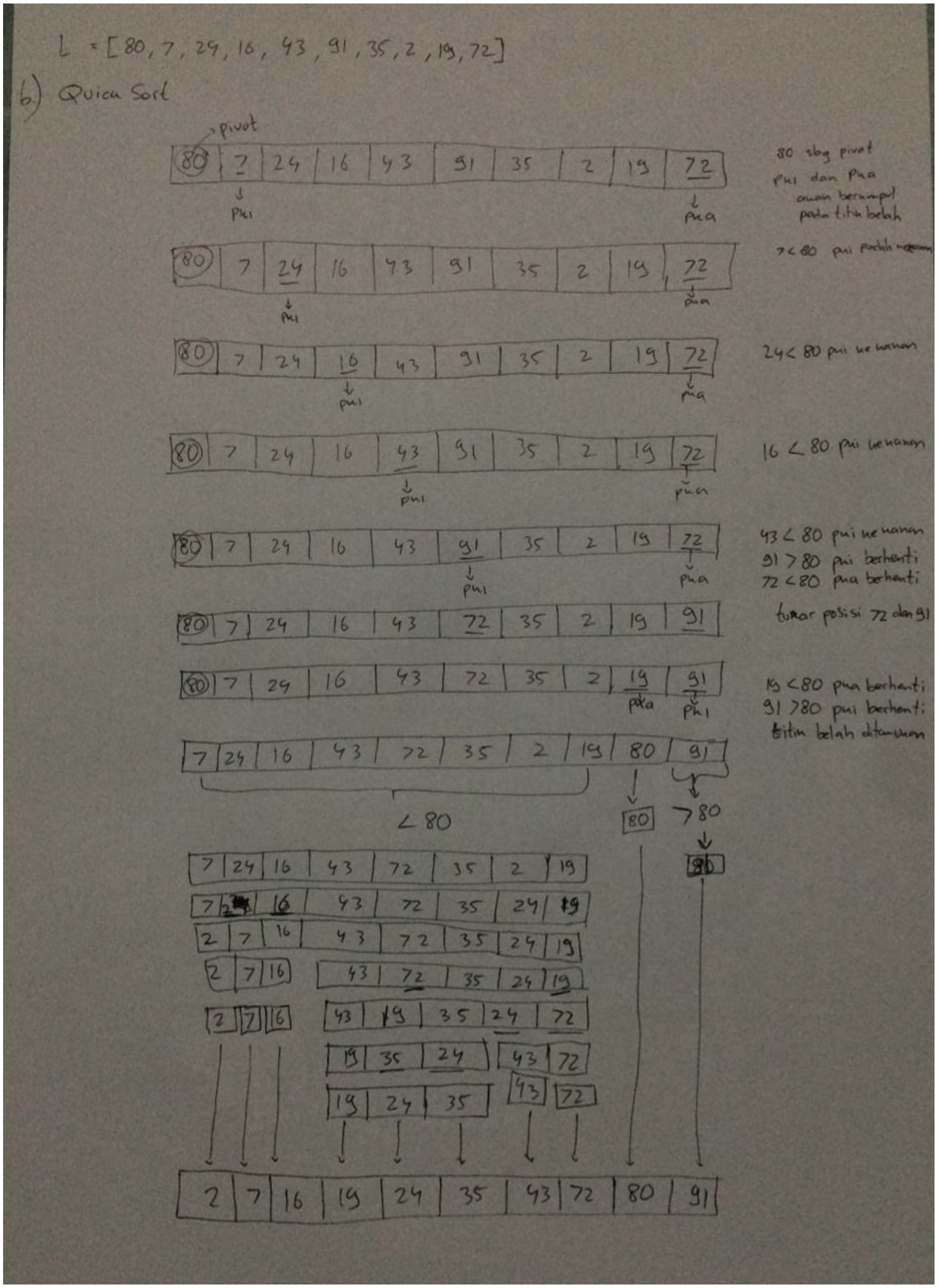
```
def quickSortBantu(A, awal, akhir):
    if awal < akhir:
        titikBelah = partisi(A, awal, akhir)
        quickSortBantu(A, awal, titikBelah-1)
        quickSortBantu(A, titikBelah+1, akhir)

def quickSort(A):
    quickSortBantu (A, 0, len(A)-1)

daftar = [10, 51, 2, 18, 4, 31, 13, 5, 23, 64, 29]

print (bubbleSort(daftar))
print (selectionSort(daftar))
print (insertionSort(daftar))
mergeSort(daftar)
print (daftar)
quickSort(daftar)
print (daftar)

k =  [[i] for i in range(1, 6001)]
kocok(k)
u_bub = k[:]
u_sel = k[:]
u_ins = k[:]
u_mrg = k[:]
u_qck = k[:]

aw=detak();bubbleSort(u_bub);ak=detak();print("bubble: %g detik" %(ak-aw));
aw=detak();selectionSort(u_sel);ak=detak();print("selection: %g detik" %(ak-aw))
aw=detak();insertionSort(u_ins);ak=detak();print("insertion: %g detik" %(ak-aw))
aw=detak();mergeSort(u_mrg);ak=detak();print("merge: %g detik" %(ak-aw));
aw=detak();quickSort(u_qck);ak=detak();print("quick: %g detik" %(ak-aw));
```

Nomor 4

L = [80, 7, 24, 16, 43, 91, 35, 2, 19, 72]

a) Merge Sort





L = [80, 7, 24, 16, 43, 91, 35, 2, 19, 72]

b) Quicu Sort

| 80 | 7 | 24 | 16 | 43 | 91 | 35 | 2 | 19 | 72 |

80 sbg pivot
Pui dan Pua
awan berumpul
pada titiu belah

7 < 80 pui pindah ke kanan

24 < 80 pui ue uanan

16 < 80 pui ue uanan

43 < 80 pui ue uanan
91 > 80 pui berhenti
72 < 80 pua berhenti

tuRar posisi 72 dan 91

| 80 | 7 | 24 | 16 | 43 | 72 | 35 | 2 | 19 | 91 |

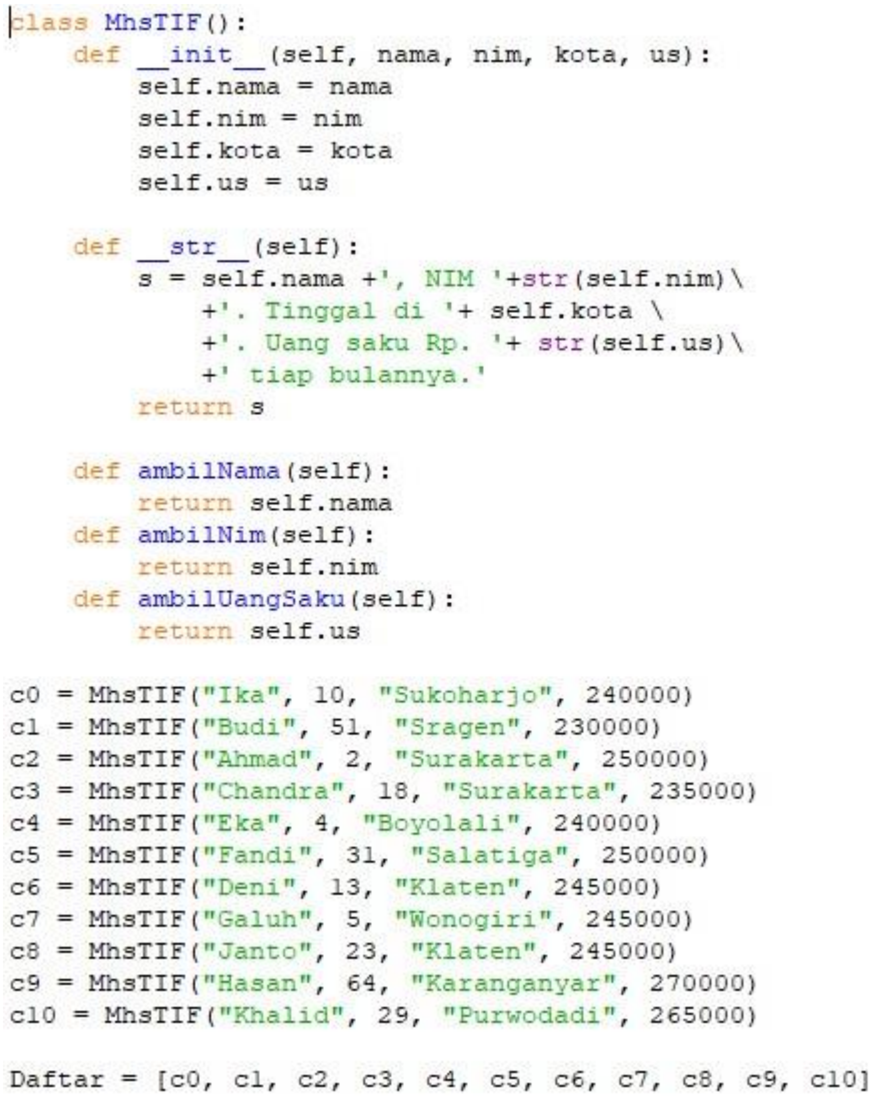
19 < 80 pua berhenti
91 > 80 pui berhenti
titiu belah ditemuuan

| 7 | 24 | 16 | 43 | 72 | 35 | 2 | 19 | 80 | 91 |

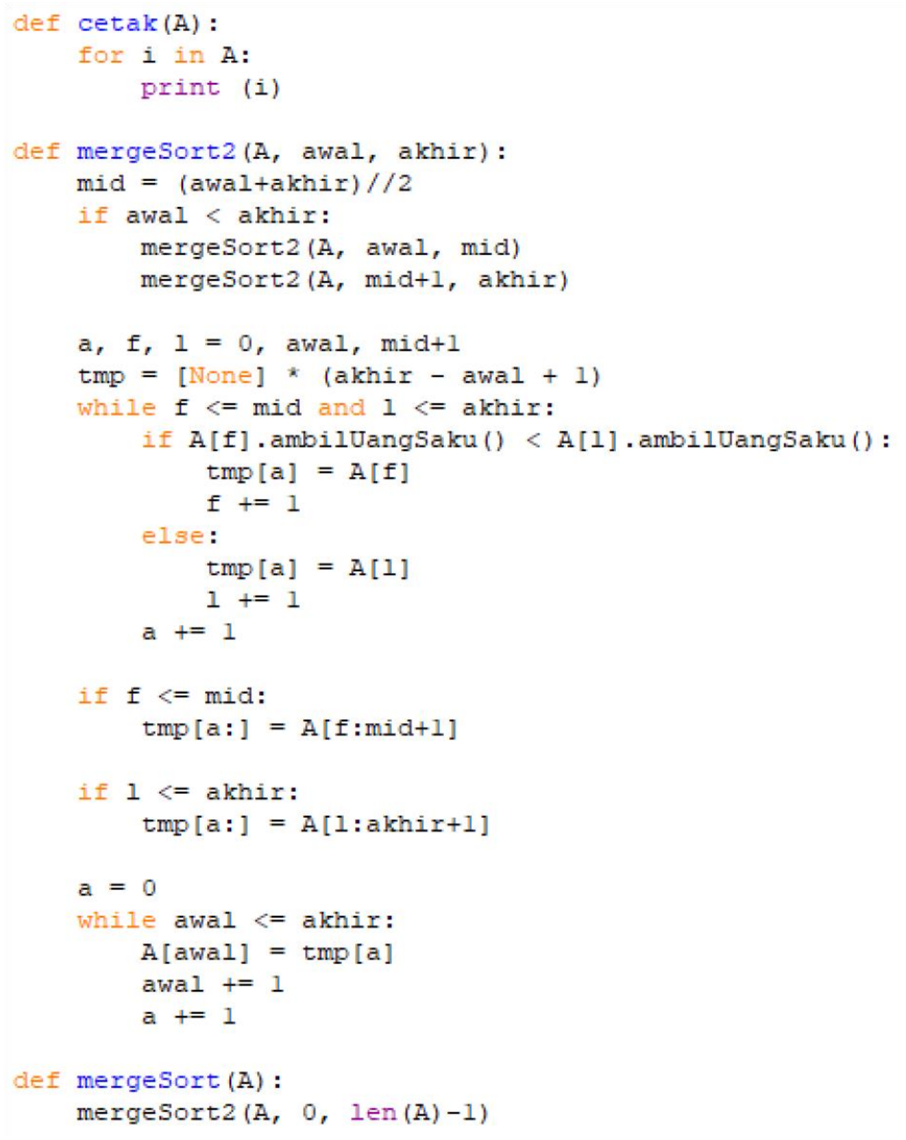
< 80

> 80

| 2 | 7 | 16 | 19 | 24 | 35 | 43 | 72 | 80 | 91 |



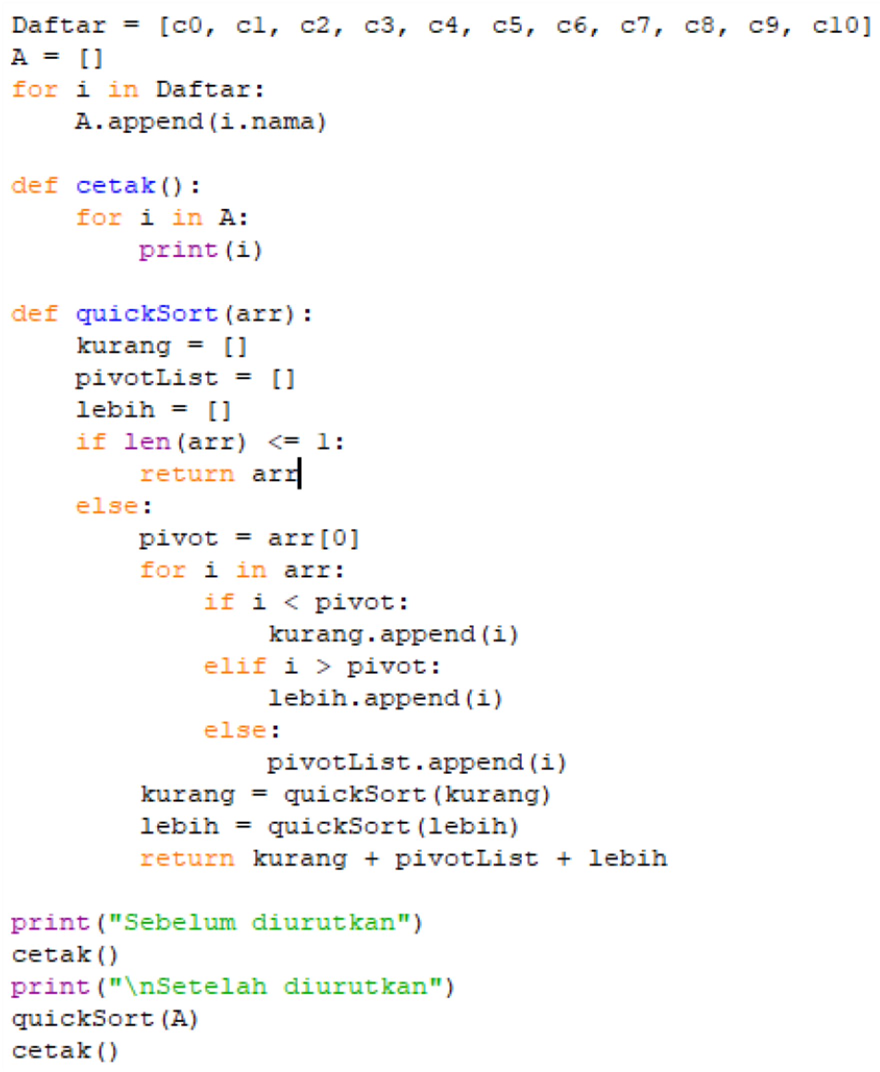
```python
class MhsTIF():
    def __init__(self, nama, nim, kota, us):
        self.nama = nama
        self.nim = nim
        self.kota = kota
        self.us = us

    def __str__(self):
        s = self.nama +', NIM '+str(self.nim)\
            +'. Tinggal di '+ self.kota \
            +'. Uang saku Rp. '+ str(self.us)\
            +' tiap bulannya.'
        return s

    def ambilNama(self):
        return self.nama
    def ambilNim(self):
        return self.nim
    def ambilUangSaku(self):
        return self.us

c0 = MhsTIF("Ika", 10, "Sukoharjo", 240000)
c1 = MhsTIF("Budi", 51, "Sragen", 230000)
c2 = MhsTIF("Ahmad", 2, "Surakarta", 250000)
c3 = MhsTIF("Chandra", 18, "Surakarta", 235000)
c4 = MhsTIF("Eka", 4, "Boyolali", 240000)
c5 = MhsTIF("Fandi", 31, "Salatiga", 250000)
c6 = MhsTIF("Deni", 13, "Klaten", 245000)
c7 = MhsTIF("Galuh", 5, "Wonogiri", 245000)
c8 = MhsTIF("Janto", 23, "Klaten", 245000)
c9 = MhsTIF("Hasan", 64, "Karanganyar", 270000)
c10 = MhsTIF("Khalid", 29, "Purwodadi", 265000)

Daftar = [c0, c1, c2, c3, c4, c5, c6, c7, c8, c9, c10]
```



```
def cetak(A):
    for i in A:
        print (i)

def mergeSort2(A, awal, akhir):
    mid = (awal+akhir)//2
    if awal < akhir:
        mergeSort2(A, awal, mid)
        mergeSort2(A, mid+1, akhir)

    a, f, l = 0, awal, mid+1
    tmp = [None] * (akhir - awal + 1)
    while f <= mid and l <= akhir:
        if A[f].ambilUangSaku() < A[l].ambilUangSaku():
            tmp[a] = A[f]
            f += 1
        else:
            tmp[a] = A[l]
            l += 1
        a += 1

    if f <= mid:
        tmp[a:] = A[f:mid+1]

    if l <= akhir:
        tmp[a:] = A[l:akhir+1]

    a = 0
    while awal <= akhir:
        A[awal] = tmp[a]
        awal += 1
        a += 1

def mergeSort(A):
    mergeSort2(A, 0, len(A)-1)
```

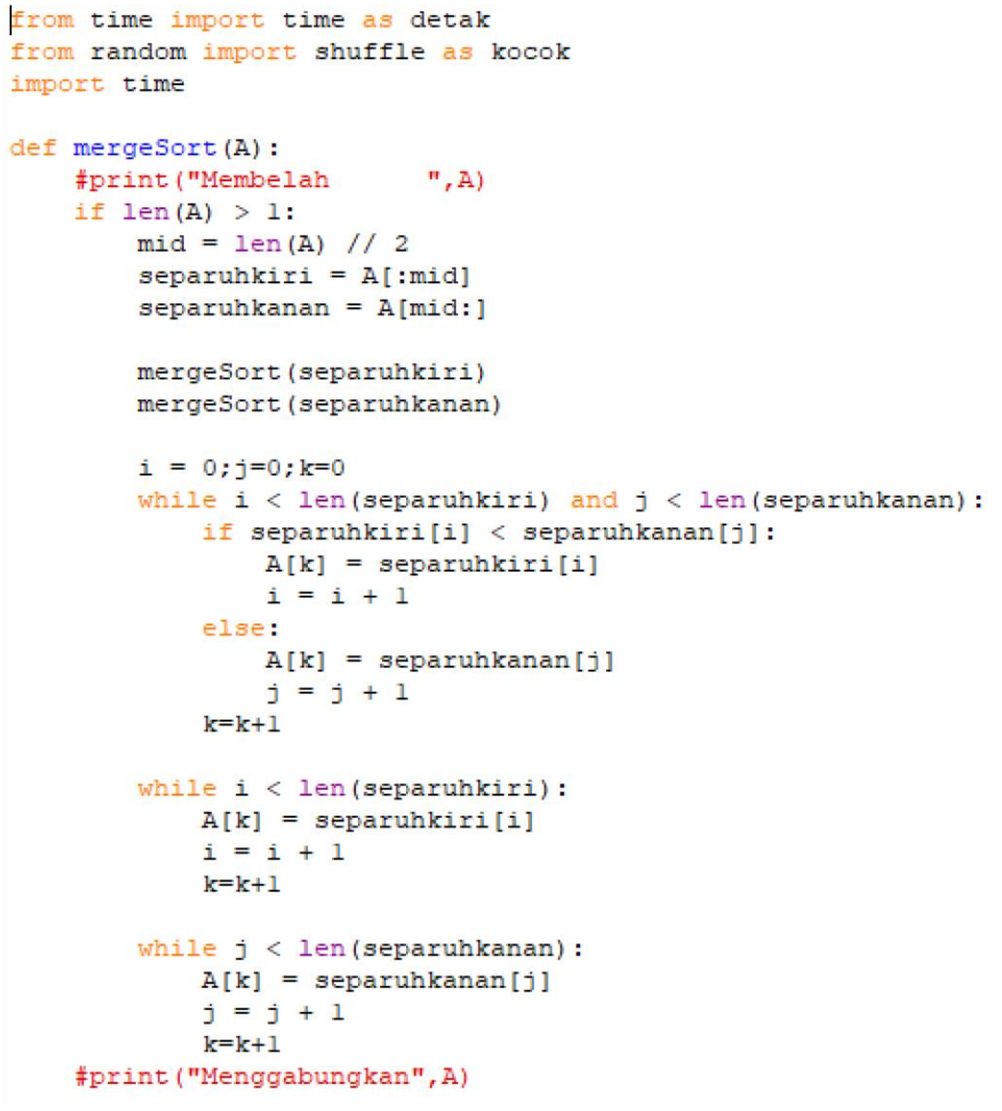
Nomor 6

```python
class MhsTIF():
    def __init__(self, nama, nim, kota, us):
        self.nama = nama
        self.nim = nim
        self.kota = kota
        self.us = us

    def __str__(self):
        s = self.nama +', NIM '+str(self.nim)\
            +'. Tinggal di '+ self.kota \
            +'. Uang saku Rp. '+ str(self.us)\
            +' tiap bulannya.'
        return s

    def ambilNama(self):
        return self.nama
    def ambilNim(self):
        return self.nim
    def ambilUangSaku(self):
        return self.us

c0 = MhsTIF("Ika", 10, "Sukoharjo", 240000)
c1 = MhsTIF("Budi", 51, "Sragen", 230000)
c2 = MhsTIF("Ahmad", 2, "Surakarta", 250000)
c3 = MhsTIF("Chandra", 18, "Surakarta", 235000)
c4 = MhsTIF("Eka", 4, "Boyolali", 240000)
c5 = MhsTIF("Fandi", 31, "Salatiga", 250000)
c6 = MhsTIF("Deni", 13, "Klaten", 245000)
c7 = MhsTIF("Galuh", 5, "Wonogiri", 245000)
c8 = MhsTIF("Janto", 23, "Klaten", 245000)
c9 = MhsTIF("Hasan", 64, "Karanganyar", 270000)
c10 = MhsTIF("Khalid", 29, "Purwodadi", 265000)
```

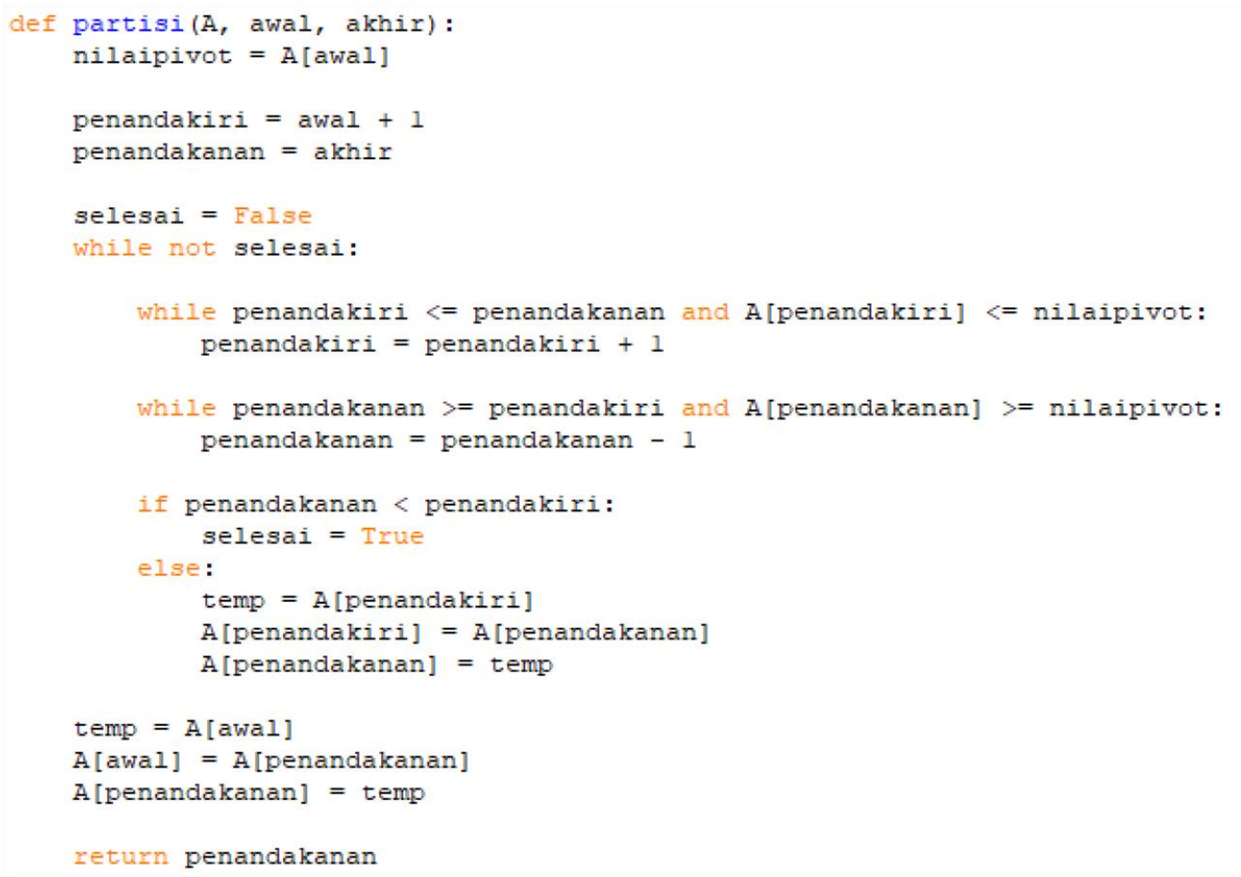


```python
Daftar = [c0, c1, c2, c3, c4, c5, c6, c7, c8, c9, c10]
A = []
for i in Daftar:
    A.append(i.nama)

def cetak():
    for i in A:
        print(i)

def quickSort(arr):
    kurang = []
    pivotList = []
    lebih = []
    if len(arr) <= 1:
        return arr
    else:
        pivot = arr[0]
        for i in arr:
            if i < pivot:
                kurang.append(i)
            elif i > pivot:
                lebih.append(i)
            else:
                pivotList.append(i)
        kurang = quickSort(kurang)
        lebih = quickSort(lebih)
        return kurang + pivotList + lebih

print("Sebelum diurutkan")
cetak()
print("\nSetelah diurutkan")
quickSort(A)
cetak()
```

Nomor 7

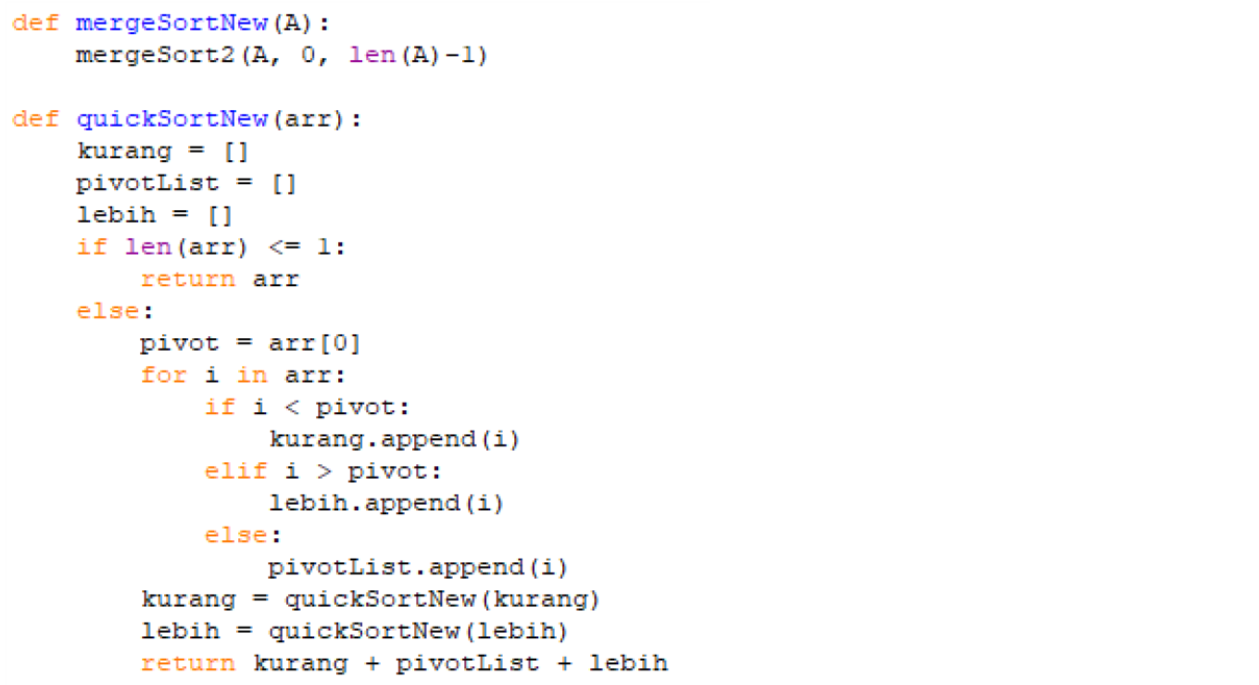


```python
from time import time as detak
from random import shuffle as kocok
import time

def mergeSort(A):
    #print("Membelah     ",A)
    if len(A) > 1:
        mid = len(A) // 2
        separuhkiri = A[:mid]
        separuhkanan = A[mid:]

        mergeSort(separuhkiri)
        mergeSort(separuhkanan)

        i = 0;j=0;k=0
        while i < len(separuhkiri) and j < len(separuhkanan):
            if separuhkiri[i] < separuhkanan[j]:
                A[k] = separuhkiri[i]
                i = i + 1
            else:
                A[k] = separuhkanan[j]
                j = j + 1
            k=k+1

        while i < len(separuhkiri):
            A[k] = separuhkiri[i]
            i = i + 1
            k=k+1

        while j < len(separuhkanan):
            A[k] = separuhkanan[j]
            j = j + 1
            k=k+1
    #print("Menggabungkan",A)
```

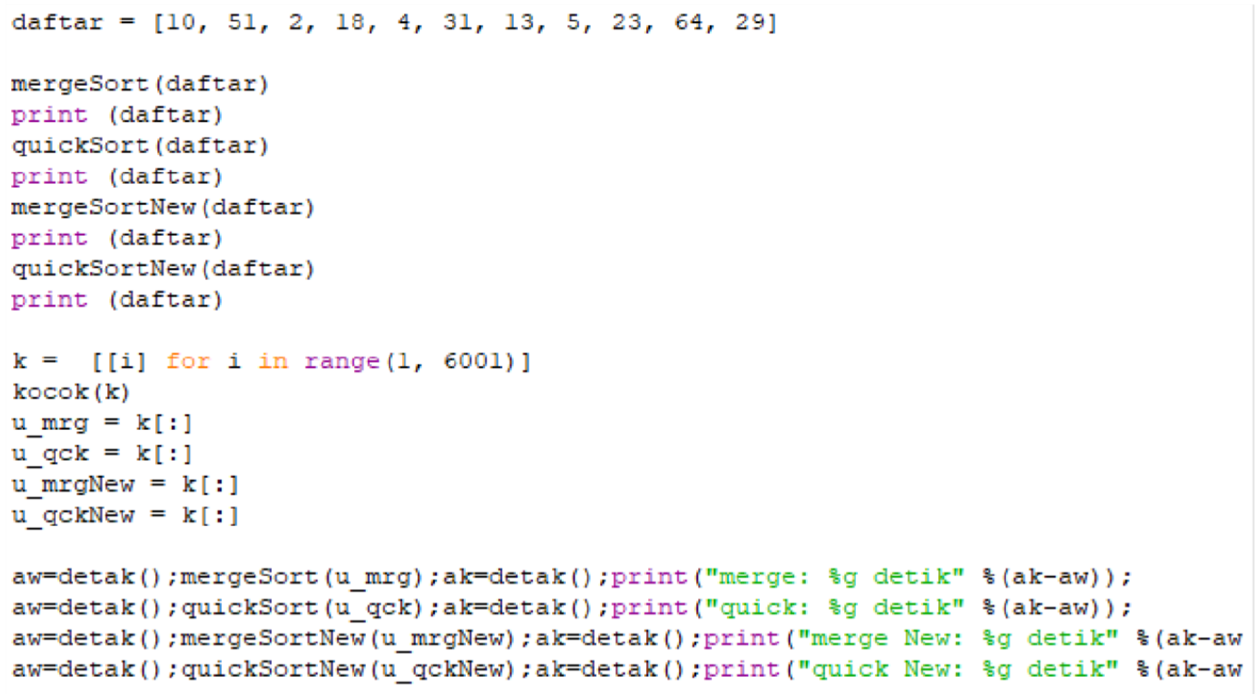


```python
def partisi(A, awal, akhir):
    nilaipivot = A[awal]

    penandakiri = awal + 1
    penandakanan = akhir

    selesai = False
    while not selesai:

        while penandakiri <= penandakanan and A[penandakiri] <= nilaipivot:
            penandakiri = penandakiri + 1

        while penandakanan >= penandakiri and A[penandakanan] >= nilaipivot:
            penandakanan = penandakanan - 1

        if penandakanan < penandakiri:
            selesai = True
        else:
            temp = A[penandakiri]
            A[penandakiri] = A[penandakanan]
            A[penandakanan] = temp

    temp = A[awal]
    A[awal] = A[penandakanan]
    A[penandakanan] = temp

    return penandakanan
```

```python
def quickSortBantu(A, awal, akhir):
    if awal < akhir:
        titikBelah = partisi(A, awal, akhir)
        quickSortBantu(A, awal, titikBelah-1)
        quickSortBantu(A, titikBelah+1, akhir)

def quickSort(A):
    quickSortBantu (A, 0, len(A)-1)

def mergeSort2(A, awal, akhir):
    mid = (awal+akhir)//2
    if awal < akhir:
        mergeSort2(A, awal, mid)
        mergeSort2(A, mid+1, akhir)

    a, f, l = 0, awal, mid+1
    tmp = [None] * (akhir - awal + 1)
    while f <= mid and l <= akhir:
        if A[f] < A[l]:
            tmp[a] = A[f]
            f += 1
        else:
            tmp[a] = A[l]
            l += 1
        a += 1

    if f <= mid:
        tmp[a:] = A[f:mid+1]

    if l <= akhir:
        tmp[a:] = A[l:akhir+1]

    a = 0
    while awal <= akhir:
        A[awal] = tmp[a]
        awal += 1
        a += 1
```



```
def mergeSortNew(A):
    mergeSort2(A, 0, len(A)-1)

def quickSortNew(arr):
    kurang = []
    pivotList = []
    lebih = []
    if len(arr) <= 1:
        return arr
    else:
        pivot = arr[0]
        for i in arr:
            if i < pivot:
                kurang.append(i)
            elif i > pivot:
                lebih.append(i)
            else:
                pivotList.append(i)
        kurang = quickSortNew(kurang)
        lebih = quickSortNew(lebih)
        return kurang + pivotList + lebih
```



```
daftar = [10, 51, 2, 18, 4, 31, 13, 5, 23, 64, 29]

mergeSort(daftar)
print (daftar)
quickSort(daftar)
print (daftar)
mergeSortNew(daftar)
print (daftar)
quickSortNew(daftar)
print (daftar)

k =  [[i] for i in range(1, 6001)]
kocok(k)
u_mrg = k[:]
u_qck = k[:]
u_mrgNew = k[:]
u_qckNew = k[:]

aw=detak();mergeSort(u_mrg);ak=detak();print("merge: %g detik" %(ak-aw));
aw=detak();quickSort(u_qck);ak=detak();print("quick: %g detik" %(ak-aw));
aw=detak();mergeSortNew(u_mrgNew);ak=detak();print("merge New: %g detik" %(ak-aw
aw=detak();quickSortNew(u_qckNew);ak=detak();print("quick New: %g detik" %(ak-aw
```

Nomor 8

```python
class Node():
    def __init__(self, data, tautan=None):
        self.data = data
        self.tautan = tautan

def cetak(head):
    curr = head
    while curr is not None:
        try:
            print (curr.data)
            curr = curr.tautan
        except:
            pass

a = Node(1)
b = Node(3)
c = Node(5)
d = Node(7)
e = Node(2)
f = Node(4)
g = Node(6)

a.tautan = b
b.tautan = c
c.tautan = d
d.tautan = e
e.tautan = f
f.tautan = g
def mergeSortLL(A):
    linked = A
    try:
        daftar = []
        curr = A
        while curr:
            daftar.append(curr.data)
            curr = curr.tautan
        A = daftar
    except:
        A = A

    if len(A) > 1:
        mid = len(A) // 2
        separuhkiri = A[:mid]
        separuhkanan = A[mid:]

        mergeSortLL(separuhkiri)
        mergeSortLL(separuhkanan)

        i = 0;j=0;k=0
        while i < len(separuhkiri) and j < len(separuhkanan):
            if separuhkiri[i] < separuhkanan[j]:
                A[k] = separuhkiri[i]
                i = i + 1
            else:
                A[k] = separuhkanan[j]
                j = j + 1
            k=k+1

        while i < len(separuhkiri):
            A[k] = separuhkiri[i]
            i = i + 1
            k=k+1

        while j < len(separuhkanan):
            A[k] = separuhkanan[j]
            j = j + 1
            k=k+1

    for x in A:
        try:
            linked.data = x
            linked = linked.tautan
        except:
            pass

mergeSortLL(a)
cetak(a)
```