第六章 有源滤波电路

6.2 二阶有源RC滤波器

二阶有源RC滤波器

- 具有二个独立的储能元件电容
 - 滤波器阶数越高,从通带到阻带的过渡越陡
- 根据频率特性,可以分为低通、高通、带通、带阻、以及全通滤波器
- 运放不仅起信号放大作用,同时也对电路的频率选择性有重要影响

二阶低通有源滤波电路

• 节点电压变量

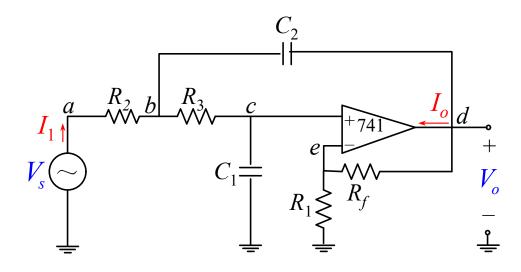
$$V_a$$
, V_b , V_c , V_d , V_e

• 增加变量

$$I_1$$
, I_o

• 增加约束方程

$$V_a = V_s$$
 $V_c = V_e$



零状态初始条件 741运放等效为理想运放

电路方程及其求解

$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{R_2} & -\frac{1}{R_2} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 \\ -\frac{1}{R_2} & (\frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{R_3} + sC_2) & -\frac{1}{R_3} & -sC_2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -\frac{1}{R_3} & \frac{1}{R_3} + sC_1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -sC_2 & 0 & sC_2 + \frac{1}{R_f} & -\frac{1}{R_f} & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -\frac{1}{R_f} & \frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_f} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} V_a \\ V_b \\ V_c \\ V_d \\ V_e \\ I_o \\ I_1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ V_s \end{bmatrix}$$

电路方程及其求解

$$R_1 = R_2 = R_3 = R$$
 $C_1 = C_2 = C$

系统函数

$$H(s) = \frac{1 + \frac{R_f}{R}}{(sCR)^2 + s2CR - sCR_f + 1}$$

1.
$$\omega_n = \frac{1}{RC}$$
 特征角频率

2. $\mu = 1 + \frac{R_f}{R}$

3.
$$\varsigma = (3 - \mu)/2$$
 阻尼因子 $Q = 1/(3 - \mu)$ 品质因数

可以表示成任一形式:

$$H(s) = \frac{\mu \omega_n^2}{s^2 + 2\varsigma \omega_n s + \omega_n^2}$$

$$H(s) = \frac{\mu \omega_n^2}{s^2 + \frac{\omega_n}{Q} s + \omega_n^2}$$

频率响应

$$H(j\omega) = H(s)|_{s=j\omega} = \frac{\mu}{1 - (\frac{\omega}{\omega_n})^2 + j\frac{\omega}{\omega_n Q}}$$

幅频响应

$$|H(\omega)| = \frac{\mu}{\sqrt{\left[1 - \left(\frac{\omega}{\omega_n}\right)^2\right]^2 + \left(\frac{\omega}{\omega_n Q}\right)^2}}$$

$$\omega \ll \omega_n, \quad |H(\omega)| = \mu$$

$$\omega \gg \omega_n, \quad |H(\omega)| \to 0$$

低通滤波特性

$$|H(\omega)|_{\omega=\omega_n}=Q\mu$$

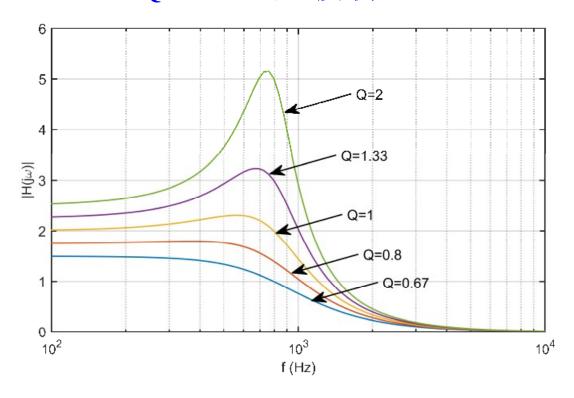
Q=0.707,对应下降3dB

Q值影响

$$R = 20k\Omega$$
, $C = 0.01\mu F$

$R_f(k\Omega)$	Q
10	0.67
15	0.8
20	1
25	1.33
30	2

Q=0.707, 平坦度最大



Q值影响

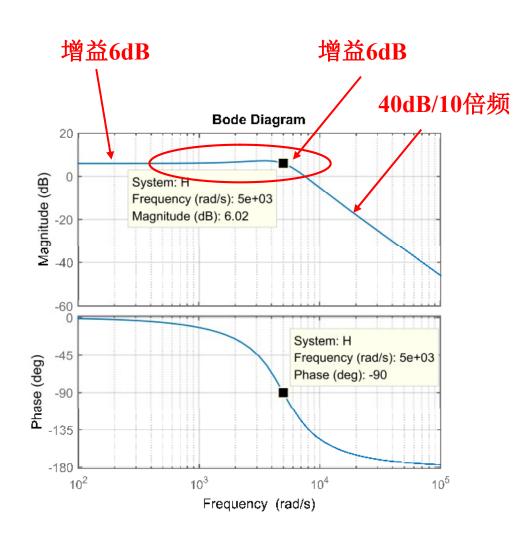
```
% R=20k, C=0.01uF
R=20e3; C=0.01e-6;
wn=1/R/C:
% Rf=10k, 15k 20k, 25k, 30k
Rf=[10e3 15e3 20e3 25e3 30e3];
u=1+Rf/R; Q=1./(3-u)
f=logspace(2,4,101);
% normalzed w = 2*pi*f/wn
w=(f*2*pi/wn):
for i=1:5
  % this is |H(jw)|
  hw(:,i) = u(i) ./ sqrt((1-w.*w).^2+(w/Q(i)).^2);
end:
semilogx(f,hw); grid on;
legend('Q= 0.67','Q= 0.80','Q= 1.00','Q= 1.33','Q= 2.00')
xlabel('f (Hz)'); ylabel('|H(j\omega)|');
```

波特图

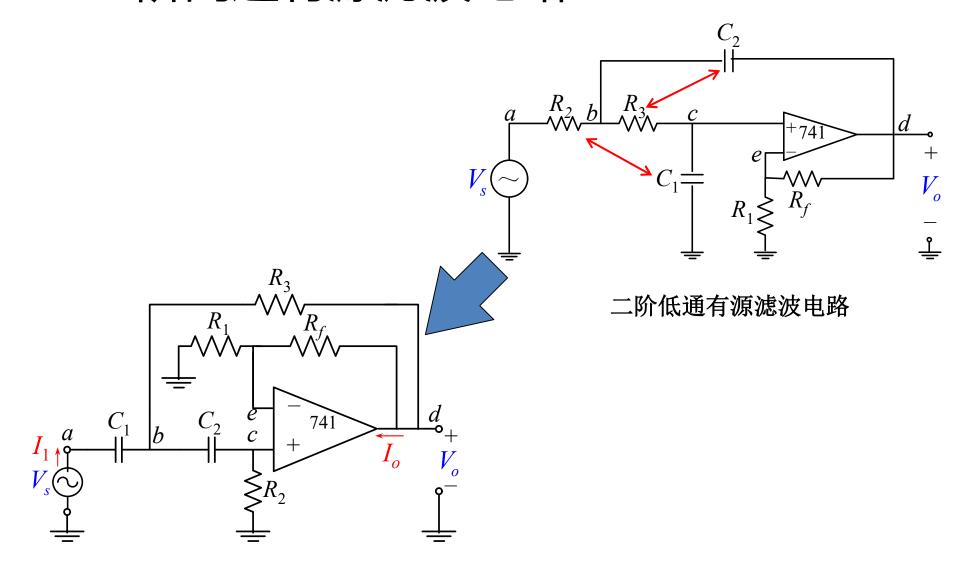
% R=20k, C=0.01uF, Rf=20k R=20e3; C=0.01e-6; Rf=20e3; wn=1/R/C;u=1+Rf/R; Q=1/(3-u); H=tf([u*wn*wn],[1 wn/Q wn*wn]) bode(H);

$$\omega_n = 5000 \ rad/s$$

$$\mu = 2$$
, $Q = 1$



二阶高通有源滤波电路



二阶高通有源滤波电路

• 节点电压变量

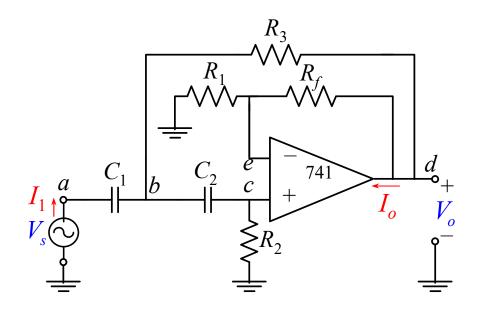
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, V_b , V_c , V_d , V_e

• 增加变量

$$I_1$$
, I_o

• 增加约束方程

$$V_a = V_s$$
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零状态初始条件 741运放等效为理想运放

电路方程

$$\begin{bmatrix} sC_1 & -sC_1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 \\ -sC_1 & (\frac{1}{R_3} + sC_2 + sC_1) & -sC_2 & -\frac{1}{R_3} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -sC_2 & \frac{1}{R_2} + sC_2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -\frac{1}{R_3} & 0 & \frac{1}{R_3} + \frac{1}{R_f} & -\frac{1}{R_f} & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -\frac{1}{R_f} & \frac{1}{R_f} + \frac{1}{R_f} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} V_a \\ V_b \\ V_c \\ V_d \\ V_e \\ I_o \\ I_1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ V_s \end{bmatrix}$$

系统函数

$$R_1 = R_2 = R_3 = R$$
 $C_1 = C_2 = C$

$$C_1 = C_2 = C$$

$$H(s) = \frac{\mu s^2}{s^2 + (3 - \mu)\frac{1}{CR}s + (\frac{1}{CR})^2}$$

1.
$$\omega_n = \frac{1}{RC}$$
 特征角频率 可以表示成任一形式:

2.
$$\mu = 1 + \frac{R_f}{R}$$

$$H(s) = \frac{\mu s^2}{s^2 + 2\varsigma \omega_n s + \omega_n^2}$$

3.
$$\varsigma = (3 - \mu)/2$$
 阻尼因子 $Q = 1/(3 - \mu)$ 品质因数

$$H(s) = \frac{\mu s^2}{s^2 + \frac{\omega_n}{Q} s + \omega_n^2}$$

频率响应

$$H(j\omega) = H(s)|_{s=j\omega} = -\frac{\mu\omega^2}{\omega_n^2 - \omega^2 + \frac{j\omega\omega_n}{Q}}$$

幅频响应

$$|H(j\omega)| = \frac{\mu}{\sqrt{\left[\left(\frac{\omega_n}{\omega}\right)^2 - 1\right]^2 + \left(\frac{\omega_n}{\omega Q}\right)^2}}$$

$$\omega \gg \omega_n$$
, $|H(j\omega)| = \mu$
 $\omega \ll \omega_n$, $|H(j\omega)| \to 0$
高通滤波特性

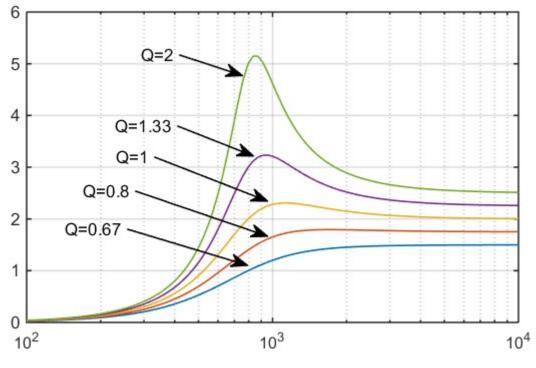
$$|H(\omega)|_{\omega=\omega_n}=Q\mu$$
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Q值影响

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$R_f(k\Omega)$	Q
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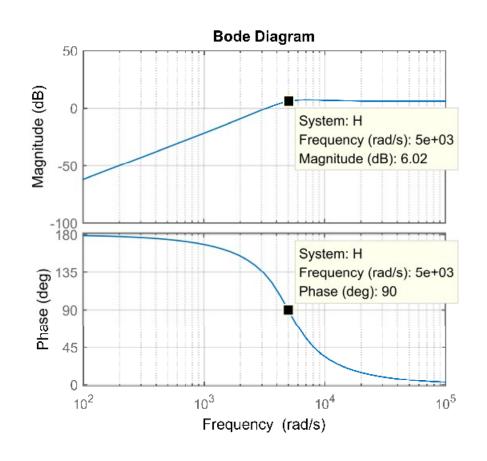
波特图

$$R = 20k\Omega$$
, $C = 0.01\mu F$

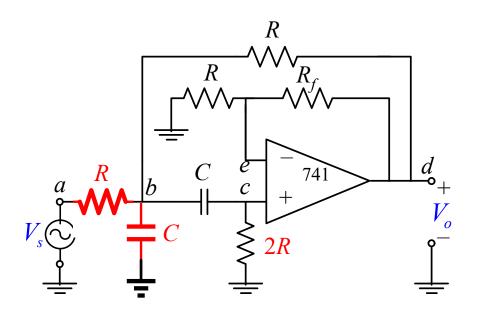
$$\omega_n = 5000 \ rad/s$$

$$R_f = 20k\Omega$$

$$\mu = 2$$
, $Q = 1$



二阶带通有源滤波电路



二阶带通有源滤波电路

• 节点电压变量

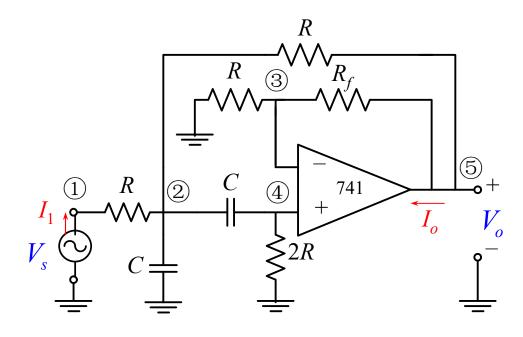
$$V_1$$
, V_2 , V_3 , V_4 , V_5

• 增加变量

$$I_1$$
, I_o

• 增加约束方程

$$V_1 = V_s \qquad V_3 = V_4$$



零状态初始条件 741运放等效为理想运放

电路方程

$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{R} & -\frac{1}{R} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 \\ -\frac{1}{R} & (\frac{2}{R} + 2sC) & 0 & -sC & -\frac{1}{R} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{R} + \frac{1}{R_f} & 0 & -\frac{1}{R_f} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -sC & 0 & \frac{1}{2R} + sC & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -\frac{1}{R} & -\frac{1}{R_f} & 0 & \frac{1}{R_f} + \frac{1}{R} & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} V_1 \\ V_2 \\ V_3 \\ V_4 \\ V_5 \\ I_o \\ I_1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ V_s \end{bmatrix}$$

系统函数

$$H(s) = \frac{V_5}{V_1} = \frac{s\mu CR}{1 + (3 - \mu)sCR + (sCR)^2}$$

1.
$$\omega_n = \frac{1}{RC}$$
 特征角频率

2. $\mu = 1 + \frac{R_f}{R}$

3.
$$\varsigma = (3 - \mu)/2$$
 阻尼因子 $Q = 1/(3 - \mu)$ 品质因数

可以表示成任一形式:

$$H(s) = \frac{s\mu\omega_n}{s^2 + 2\varsigma\omega_n s + \omega_n^2}$$

$$H(s) = \frac{s\mu\omega_n}{s^2 + \frac{\omega_n}{Q}s + \omega_n^2}$$

频率响应

$$H(j\omega) = H(s)|_{s=j\omega} = \frac{j\omega\omega_n\mu}{\omega_n^2 - \omega^2 + \frac{j\omega\omega_n}{Q}}$$

幅频响应

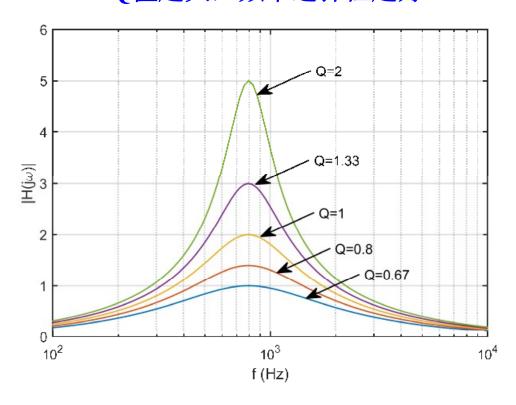
带通滤波特性

Q值影响

$$R = 20k\Omega$$
, $C = 0.01\mu F$

$R_f(k\Omega)$	Q
10	0.67
15	0.8
20	1
25	1.33
30	2

Q值越大,频率选择性越好

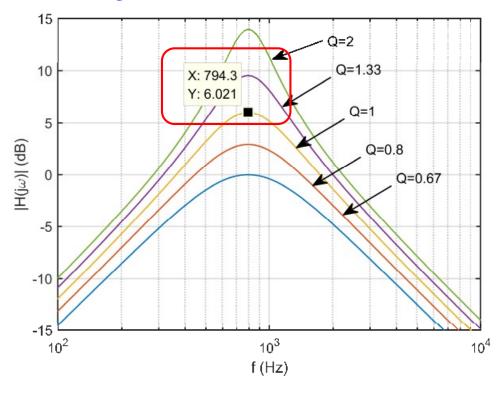


Q值影响

$$R = 20k\Omega$$
, $C = 0.01\mu F$

$R_f(k\Omega)$	Q
10	0.67
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Q值越大,3dB带宽越窄



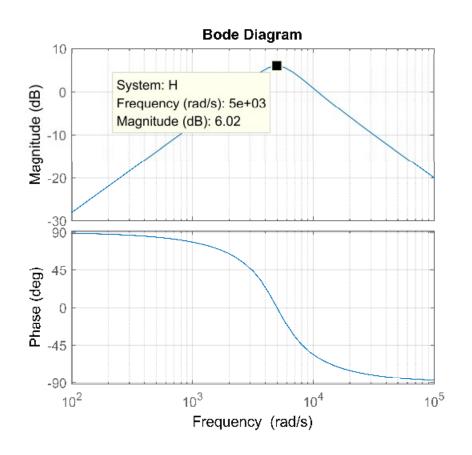
波特图

$$R = 20k\Omega$$
, $C = 0.01\mu F$

$$\omega_n = 5000 \ rad/s$$

$$R_f = 20k\Omega$$

$$\mu = 2$$
, $Q = 1$



滤波器传递函数形式

$$H(s) = \frac{Q(s)}{P(s)}$$

$$P(s) = s^2 + 2\varsigma \omega_n s + \omega_n^2$$

$$P(s) = s^2 + 2\varsigma\omega_n s + \omega_n^2 \qquad P(s) = s^2 + \frac{\omega_n}{Q}s + \omega_n^2$$

低通
$$Q(s) = \mu \omega_n^2$$

帶通
$$Q(s) = \mu \omega_n s$$

高通
$$Q(s) = \mu s^2$$

小结

- 二阶有源RC滤波器
 - 低通
 - 高通
 - 带通