## Homework for section 6B (approximate due date: Oct 5<sup>th</sup>, 2020)

### Question 1:

Pick two prime numbers p and q (between 5 and 37), N=pq;

Use Shor algorithm to find p and q from N:

- a) Pick a number *a* smaller than N
- b) Find the integer  $\mathbf{r}$  verifying  $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{r}) = \mathbf{a}^{\mathbf{r}} \mod \mathbf{N}$
- c) If r odd find a different **a**
- d) Compute  $a^{r/2}-1$  and  $a^{r/2}+1$
- e) If the gcd is not uncovering **p**, and **q**, pick a different **a**

#### **Answer:**

Taking p and q between 5 and 37:

$$p = 7, q = 11$$

a)

Taking a = 12

b)

Finding integer r verifying  $f(r) = a^r \mod N$ 

Ī	r	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
ſ	f(r)	1	12	67	34	23	45	1	12	67	34	23

c)

Pick r = 6 (not odd)

 $a^r = 12^6$ 

 $2985984 \mod 77 \equiv 1 \mod 77$ 

# d)

$$a^{r/2} = 12^{6/2}$$

$$f(r) \equiv 12^{6/2} \mod 77$$

$$f(r) \equiv 1728 \mod 77$$

≡ 34 mod 77

Then,

$$a^{r/2} - 1 = 34 - 1 = 33$$

$$a^{r/2} + 1 = 35$$

e)

$$p = gcd(a^{r/2} - 1, N)$$

$$q = gcd(a^{r/2} + 1, N)$$

Hence, p and q has been uncovered

#### Question 2:

Find the Discrete Fourier Transform (DFT) matrix for N=2, then for N=4:

$$\mathsf{DFT} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{N}} \left( \begin{array}{ccccccc} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & \dots & 1 \\ 1 & w & w^2 & w^3 & \dots & w^{N-1} \\ 1 & w^2 & w^4 & w^6 & \dots & w^{2N-2} \\ 1 & w^2 & w^6 & w^9 & \dots & w^{3N-3} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ 1 & w^{N-1} & w^{2N-2} & w^{3N-3} & \dots & w^{(N-1)(N-1)} \end{array} \right)$$

$$w = e^{2\pi i/N}$$

#### **Answer:**

#### **DFT for N=2 in matrix form:**

$$w = e^{2\pi i/N} = \cos(2\pi/N) + i\sin(2\pi/N)$$

$$DFT_{N} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{N}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1\\ 1 & W \end{pmatrix}$$

$$w^{1} = e^{2\pi i/2} = e^{\pi i} = \cos(\pi) + i\sin(\pi) = -1 + 0 = -1$$

$$DFT_{2} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1\\ 1 & W \end{pmatrix} = e^{2\pi i/2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1\\ 1 & W \end{pmatrix} = e^{2\pi$$

#### DFT for N=4 in matrix form:

$$DFT_{N} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{N}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1\\ 1 & w^{1} & w^{2} & w^{3}\\ 1 & w^{2} & w^{4} & w^{6}\\ 1 & w^{3} & w^{6} & w^{9} \end{pmatrix}$$

DFT<sub>4</sub> = 
$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{4}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & w^1 & w^2 & w^3 \\ 1 & w^2 & w^4 & w^6 \\ 1 & w^3 & w^6 & w^9 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$DFT_4 = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & i & -1 & -i \\ 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & -i & -1 & i \end{pmatrix}$$