Коды программ

```
#ifndef RBTREE H
#define RBTREE H
#include <iostream>
#include <queue>
#include <string>
using namespace std;
enum Color { RED, BLACK };
template <typename T>
class RedBlackTree {
private:
    struct Node {
        T data;
        Color color;
        Node* parent;
        Node* left;
        Node* right;
        Node(T value);
    };
    Node* root; // Root of the Red-Black Tree
    void rotateLeft(Node*& node);
    void rotateRight(Node*& node);
    void fixInsert(Node*& node);
    void fixDelete(Node*& node);
    Node* minValueNode(Node*& node);
    void transplant(Node*& root, Node*& u, Node*& v);
    void printHelper(Node* root, string indent, bool last);
    void deleteTree(Node* node);
    string nodeToString(Node* node);
    void printInOrder(Node* node);
    void printLevelOrder(Node* node);
```

Рисунок 1 – Фрагмент файла программы RBTree.h (часть 1)

```
int findHeight(Node* node);
         int findLeafSum(Node* node);
         bool isLeafNode(Node* node);
         void print2DUtil(Node* root, int space);
         Node* search(T key);
47
     public:
         // Constructor and Destructor
         RedBlackTree();
         ~RedBlackTree();
52
         // Public member functions
         void insert(T key);
         int remove(T key);
         bool search_success(T key);
         void printTree();
         void print2D();
         void printInOrder();
         void printLevelOrder();
         int findHeight();
         int findLeafSum();
63
     };
     #include "RBTree.cpp" // Include implementation file
     #endif // RBTREE H
```

Рисунок 2 – Фрагмент файла программы RBTree.h (часть 2)

```
#include "RBTree.h'
RedBlackTree<T>::Node::Node(T value)
    : data(value), color(RED), parent(nullptr), left(nullptr), right(nullptr) {}
RedBlackTree<T>::RedBlackTree() : root(nullptr) {}
RedBlackTree<T>::~RedBlackTree() {
    deleteTree(root);
template <typename T>
void RedBlackTree<T>::rotateLeft(Node*& node) {
   Node* child = node->right;
   node->right = child->left;
   if (node->right != nullptr)
        node->right->parent = node;
   child->parent = node->parent;
    if (node->parent == nullptr)
       root = child;
   else if (node == node->parent->left)
        node->parent->left = child;
        node->parent->right = child;
    child->left = node;
    node->parent = child;
void RedBlackTree<T>::rotateRight(Node*& node) {
   Node* child = node->left;
   node->left = child->right;
   if (node->left != nullptr)
       node->left->parent = node;
   child->parent = node->parent;
    if (node->parent == nullptr)
       root = child;
    else if (node == node->parent->left)
        node->parent->left = child;
        node->parent->right = child;
    child->right = node;
    node->parent = child;
```

Рисунок 3 – Фрагмент файла программы RBTree.cpp (часть 1)

```
void RedBlackTree<T>::fixInsert(Node*& node) {
   Node* parent = nullptr;
Node* grandparent = nullptr;
    while (node != root && node->color == RED && node->parent->color == RED)
       parent = node->parent;
        grandparent = parent->parent;
        if (parent == grandparent->left) {
            Node* uncle = grandparent->right;
            if (uncle != nullptr && uncle->color == RED) {
                grandparent->color = RED;
                 parent->color = BLACK;
                 node = grandparent;
             } else {
                 if (node == parent->right) {
                     rotateLeft(parent);
                     node = parent;
                     parent = node->parent;
                 rotateRight(grandparent);
                 swap(parent->color, grandparent->color);
                 node = parent;
            Node* uncle = grandparent->left;
if (uncle != nullptr && uncle->color == RED) {
                grandparent->color = RED;
                parent->color = BLACK;
uncle->color = BLACK;
                 node = grandparent;
             } else {
                 if (node == parent->left) {
                    rotateRight(parent);
                     node = parent;
                     parent = node->parent;
                 rotateLeft(grandparent);
                 swap(parent->color, grandparent->color);
                 node = parent;
```

Рисунок 4 — Фрагмент файла программы RBTree.cpp (часть 2)

```
Fixing Deletion Violation
void RedBlackTree<T>::fixDelete(Node*& node) {
   while (node != root && node->color == BLACK) {
       if (node == node->parent->left) {
           Node* sibling = node->parent->right;
            if (sibling->color == RED) {
               sibling->color = BLACK;
               node->parent->color = RED;
               rotateLeft(node->parent);
               sibling = node->parent->right;
           if ((sibling->left == nullptr || sibling->left->color == BLACK) &&
               (sibling->right == nullptr || sibling->right->color == BLACK)) {
               sibling->color = RED;
               node = node->parent;
            } else {
               if (sibling->right == nullptr || sibling->right->color == BLACK) {
                    if (sibling->left != nullptr)
                       sibling->left->color = BLACK;
                   sibling->color = RED;
                    rotateRight(sibling);
                   sibling = node->parent->right;
               sibling->color = node->parent->color;
               node->parent->color = BLACK;
               if (sibling->right != nullptr)
                   sibling->right->color = BLACK;
               rotateLeft(node->parent);
               node = root;
           Node* sibling = node->parent->left;
           if (sibling->color == RED) {
               sibling->color = BLACK;
               node->parent->color = RED;
               rotateRight(node->parent);
               sibling = node->parent->left;
           if ((sibling->left == nullptr || sibling->left->color == BLACK) &&
                (sibling->right == nullptr || sibling->right->color == BLACK)) {
               sibling->color = RED;
               node = node->parent;
            } else +
               if (sibling->left == nullptr || sibling->left->color == BLACK) {
                   if (sibling->right != nullptr)
                       sibling->right->color = BLACK;
                    sibling->color = RED;
                   rotateLeft(sibling);
                   sibling = node->parent->left;
               sibling->color = node->parent->color;
               node->parent->color = BLACK;
               if (sibling->left != nullptr)
                   sibling->left->color = BLACK;
               rotateRight(node->parent);
               node = root;
   node->color = BLACK;
```

Рисунок 5 – Фрагмент файла программы RBTree.cpp (часть 3)

```
typename RedBlackTree<T>::Node* RedBlackTree<T>::minValueNode(Node*& node) {
 Node* current = node;
while (current->left != nullptr)
void RedBlackTree<T>::transplant(Node*& root, Node*& u, Node*& v) {
 if (u->parent == nullptr)
   root = v;
else if (u == u->parent->left)
      u->parent->left = v;
       u->parent->right = v;
        v->parent = u->parent;
void RedBlackTree<T>::printHelper(Node* root, string indent, bool last) {
       cout << indent;
if (last) {</pre>
             cout << "R----";
             indent += " ";
             indent += "| ";
        string sColor = (root->color == RED) ? "RED" : "BLACK";
        cout << root >data << "(" << sColor << ")" << endl;
printHelper(root > left, indent, false);
        printHelper(root->right, indent, true);
void RedBlackTree<T>::deleteTree(Node* node) {
  if (node != nullptr) {
      deleteTree(node->left);
  deleteTree(node->right);
        delete node;
void RedBlackTree<T>::insert(T key) {
  Node* newNode = new Node(key);
   Node* y = nullptr;
Node* x = root;
```

Рисунок 6 – Фрагмент файла программы RBTree.cpp (часть 4)

```
if (newNode->data < x->data)
            x = x->left;
           x = x- > right;
   newNode->parent = y;
        root = newNode;
   else if (newNode->data < y->data)
       y->left = newNode;
        y->right = newNode;
    fixInsert(newNode);
typename RedBlackTree<T>::Node* RedBlackTree<T>::search(T key)
    Node* current = root;
   while (current != nullptr)
       if (key < current->data)
           current = current->left;
       else if (key > current->data)
           current = current->right;
   return current;
bool RedBlackTree<T>::search_success(T key)
    return search(key) != nullptr;
template <typename T>
int RedBlackTree<T>::remove(T key)
   Node* node = root;
   Node* z = nullptr;
   Node* y = nullptr;
   while (node != nullptr) {
      if (node->data == key) {
            z = node;
       if (node->data <= key) {
            node = node->right;
            node = node->left;
```

Рисунок 7 – Фрагмент файла программы RBTree.cpp (часть 5)

```
cout << "Key not found in the tree" << endl;</pre>
         return 1;
     Color yOriginalColor = y->color;
     if (z->left == nullptr) {
       x = z->right;
        transplant(root, z, z->right);
     else if (z->right == nullptr) {
       x = z->left;
         transplant(root, z, z->left);
         y = minValueNode(z->right);
         yOriginalColor = y->color;
         x = y- right;
         if (y-\rangle parent == z) {
                x->parent = y;
           transplant(root, y, y->right);
           y->right = z->right;
            y->right->parent = y;
         transplant(root, z, y);
        y->left = z->left;
        y->left->parent = y;
        y->color = z->color;
     if (yOriginalColor == BLACK) {
         fixDelete(x);
     return 0;
string RedBlackTree<T>::nodeToString(Node* node)
     if (node == nullptr)
         return "NULL";
     string color = (node->color == RED) ? "R" : "B";
     string output = to_string(node->data) + "-" + color;
     return output;
// Public function: Print the Red-Black Tree
 void RedBlackTree<T>::printTree() {
     printHelper(root, "", true);
```

Рисунок 8 – Фрагмент файла программы RBTree.cpp (часть 6)

```
void RedBlackTree<T>::print2D() {
    if (root == nullptr) cout << "Tree is empty." << endl;</pre>
    print2DUtil(root, 0);
int const COUNT = 10;
void RedBlackTree<T>::print2DUtil(Node* root, int space)
    if (root == NULL)
        return;
    space += COUNT;
    print2DUtil(root->right, space);
    cout << endl;</pre>
    for (int i = COUNT; i < space; i++)
    cout << " ";</pre>
   cout << nodeToString(root) << "\n";</pre>
    print2DUtil(root->left, space);
template <typename T>
void RedBlackTree<T>::printInOrder() {
    printInOrder(root);
void RedBlackTree<T>::printInOrder(Node* node) {
   if (node != nullptr) {
      printInOrder(node->left);
        cout << node->data << "
        printInOrder(node->right);
void RedBlackTree<T>::printLevelOrder() {
    printLevelOrder(root);
void RedBlackTree<T>::printLevelOrder(Node* node) {
   if (node == nullptr) return;
    queue<Node*> q;
    q.push(node);
    while (!a.emptv())
```

Рисунок 9 – Фрагмент файла программы RBTree.cpp (часть 7)

```
while (!q.empty()) {
              Node* temp = q.front();
              cout << temp->data << " ";</pre>
              q.pop();
              if (temp->left != nullptr) q.push(temp->left);
              if (temp->right != nullptr) q.push(temp->right);
      int RedBlackTree<T>::findHeight() {
          return findHeight(root);
420
     template <typename T>
      int RedBlackTree<T>::findHeight(Node* node) {
          if (node == nullptr) return -1;
          int leftHeight = findHeight(node->left);
          int rightHeight = findHeight(node->right);
          return max(leftHeight, rightHeight) + 1;
     int RedBlackTree<T>::findLeafSum() {
          return findLeafSum(root);
      // Utility function: Helper for finding sum of leaf nodes
      int RedBlackTree<T>::findLeafSum(Node* node) {
          if (node == nullptr) return 0;
          if (isLeafNode(node)) return node->data;
          return findLeafSum(node->left) + findLeafSum(node->right);
      bool RedBlackTree<T>::isLeafNode(Node* node) {
          return node != nullptr && node->left == nullptr && node->right == nullptr;
```

Рисунок 10 – Фрагмент файла программы RBTree.cpp (часть 8)

```
#include "RBTree.h
#include <limits>
#define DATA_TYPE int
RedBlackTree<DATA_TYPE> rbtree;
void clear_cin()
    cin.clear();
    cin.ignore(numeric_limits<streamsize>::max(), '\n');
void add_initial_nodes()
    rbtree.insert(13);
   rbtree.insert(8);
   rbtree.insert(17);
   rbtree.insert(1);
   rbtree.insert(11);
    rbtree.insert(15);
    rbtree.insert(25);
   rbtree.insert(6);
    rbtree.insert(22);
    rbtree.insert(27);
T get_key(const string& prompt)
    T key;
        cout << prompt;</pre>
             clear_cin();
            return key;
        clear_cin();
        cout << "Invalid input. Please try again.\n";</pre>
void insert()
    cout << "||| Inserting Operation |||" << endl;</pre>
    DATA_TYPE key = get_key<DATA_TYPE>("Enter value to insert: ");
    rbtree.insert(key);
    cout << "Insertion complete." << endl;</pre>
void del()
    cout << "|| Deletion Operation |||" << endl;
DATA_TYPE key = get_key<DATA_TYPE>("Enter value to delete: ");
    int completion_code = rbtree.remove(key);
    if (completion_code == 0)
        cout << "Successfully deleted node with value: " << key << endl;</pre>
```

Рисунок 11 – Фрагмент файла программы main.cpp (часть 1)

```
cout << "Deletion complete." << endl;</pre>
void search()
     cout << "||| Search Operation |||" << endl;</pre>
     DATA_TYPE key = get_key:OATA_TYPE>("Enter value to find: ");
bool success_code = rbtree.search_success(key);
           cout << "Node with value: " << key << " wasn't found in the tree" << endl;</pre>
void display_as_tree()
     cout << "Displaying Red-Black-Tree: ";
rbtree.print2D();</pre>
void in_order_print()
      rbtree.printInOrder();
void level_order_print()
     cout << "Level-Order Print: ";
rbtree.printLevelOrder();</pre>
void sum_of_all_leaf_nodes()
     cout << "Sum of all leaf nodes = " << rbtree.findLeafSum();</pre>
void print_tree_height()
     cout << "Tree Height = " << rbtree.findHeight();</pre>
// Driver program to test Red-Black Tree
int main()
    // Printing Red-Black Tree
add_initial_nodes();
cout << "Initial Red-Black Tree created." << endl;</pre>
     int cmd;
                cout << "\n\n\t-- Enter Your Command Code --" << endl;
cout << "1: Insert" << endl;
cout << "2: Delete" << endl;</pre>
                cout << "3: Search" << endl;</pre>
```

Рисунок 12 – Фрагмент файла программы main.cpp (часть 2)

```
cout << "4: Display as a tree" << endl;</pre>
        cout << "5: In-Order print" << endl;</pre>
        cout << "6: Level-Order print" << endl;</pre>
        cout << "7: Sum of all leaf nodes" << endl;
cout << "8: Print Tree Height" << endl;</pre>
       cout << "0: Exit" << endl;</pre>
       cout << "\tCommand Code: ";</pre>
        if (cin >> cmd && cmd >= 0 && cmd <= 8) break;
        clear_cin();
        cout << "Invalid Command Code\n";</pre>
    cout << endl;</pre>
    switch(cmd)
           cout << "Exiting...";</pre>
            insert();
           break;
          del();
break;
            search();
             break;
           display_as_tree();
            break;
           in_order_print();
        case 6:
             level_order_print();
           break;
            sum_of_all_leaf_nodes();
        case 8:
            print_tree_height();
             break;
return 0;
```

Рисунок 13 – Фрагмент файла программы main.cpp (часть 3)