

# 四级精品班



# 词汇串讲（6）：真题词汇

新东方在线 刘畅



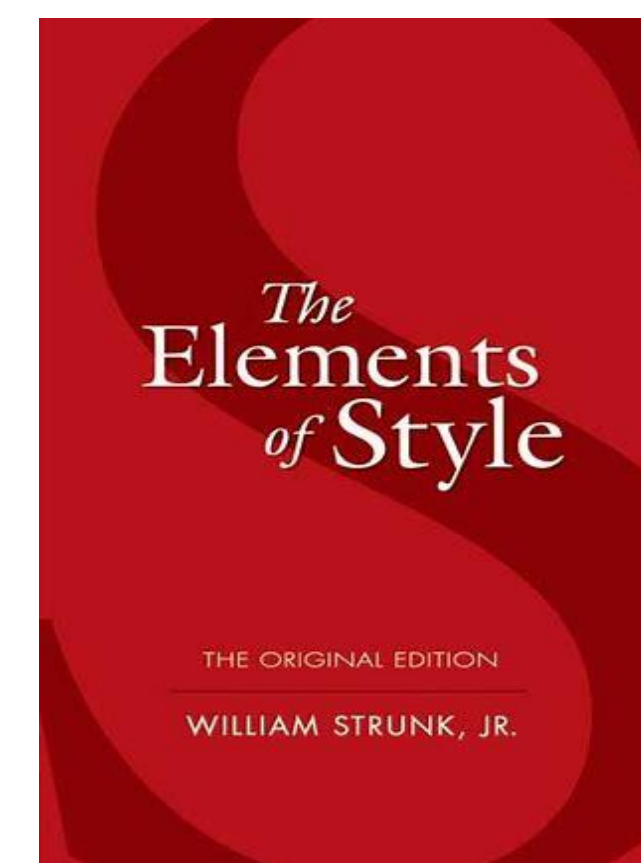
16. B) People were formal and disciplined 遵守纪律的.

discipline 纪律; 知识领域, 学科; disciple 门徒, 信徒; disc + ip + line

D) Things from the Victorian era 维多利亚时代 came back alive.

前接乔治时代, 后启爱德华时代, **被认为是英国工业革命和大英帝国的峰端**。它的时限  
常被定义为1851年~1901年。

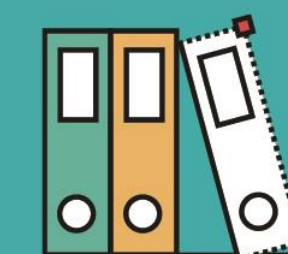
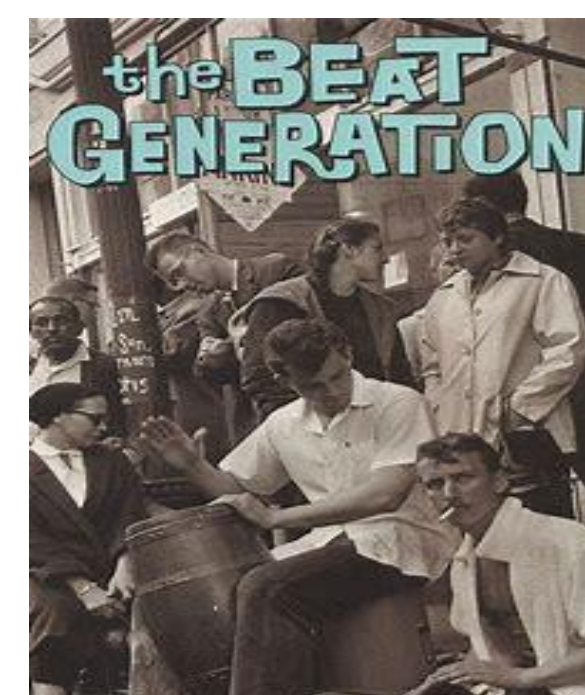
18. A) He was interested in stylish 时髦的, 有风格的 dresses. (style)



In fact, I'd like to relive [凭回忆或想象] 再次体验, 重温 a period I've already lived — the 1960s.

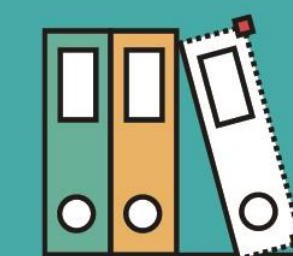
I was in my twenties 在我二十多岁 and everything was being renewed 更新; [中止后] 重新开始, 继续. (resume)

We were beginning to be adventurous 喜欢冒险的; 大胆创新的 about food, but we were more interested in meeting people than in eating or drinking. And dress, yes, that was the revolution [思想、工作方式等的] 彻底变革, 革命.





- **re- (1) 反复, 重新:** recite背诵; recommend推荐; record记录; reappear再出现;  
rearrange重新安排; reassure消除疑虑; reclaim取回, 回收; recompense报酬, 赔偿;  
reform改革
- **(2) 向后, 相反:** recall回忆; refect回想; 反射; rereat后退, 撤退; resist反抗, 抵抗;  
reverse反转的, 颠倒的; remove移开, 转移; repeal撤销, 取消; repel驱除, 击退



19. B) They run away immediately 即刻; 立即.

medium 中等的; 半熟的; n. 媒介; mediate 调停调解; medial 中间的;

Mediterranean Sea地中海

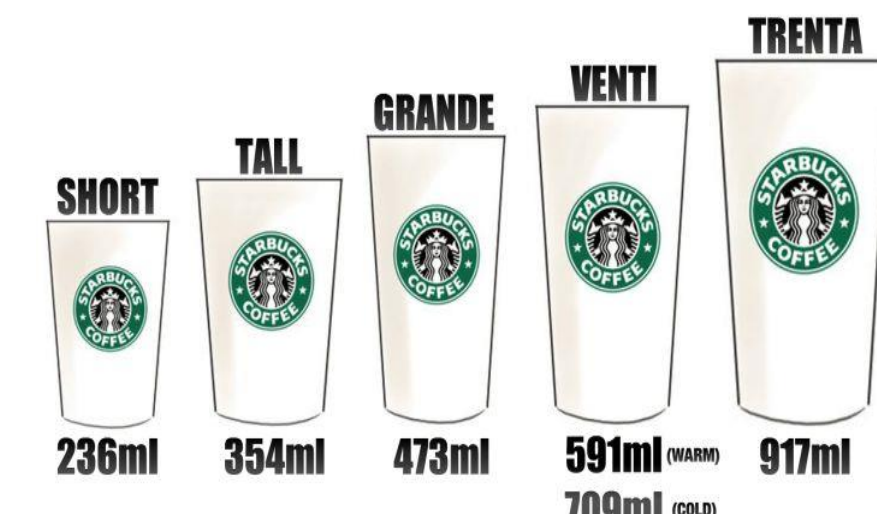
D) They make threatening [行为] 带有威胁的; [天气] 阴沉沉的 sounds.

20. B) It turns away to avoid conflict [意见等的] 抵触, 冲突, 矛盾. (afflict折磨)

21. A) By observing 观察; 遵守 their facial features面貌 carefully.

C) By taking in their facial expressions表情 as a whole.

D) By interpreting 解释阐释; 口译 different emotions in different ways.







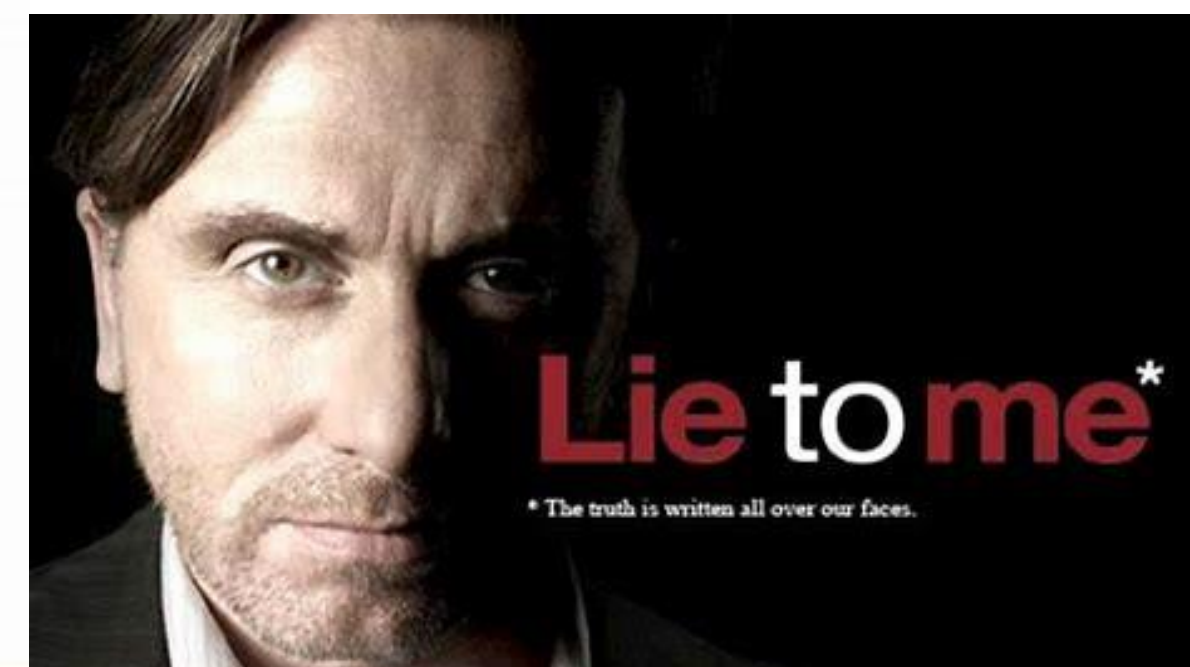
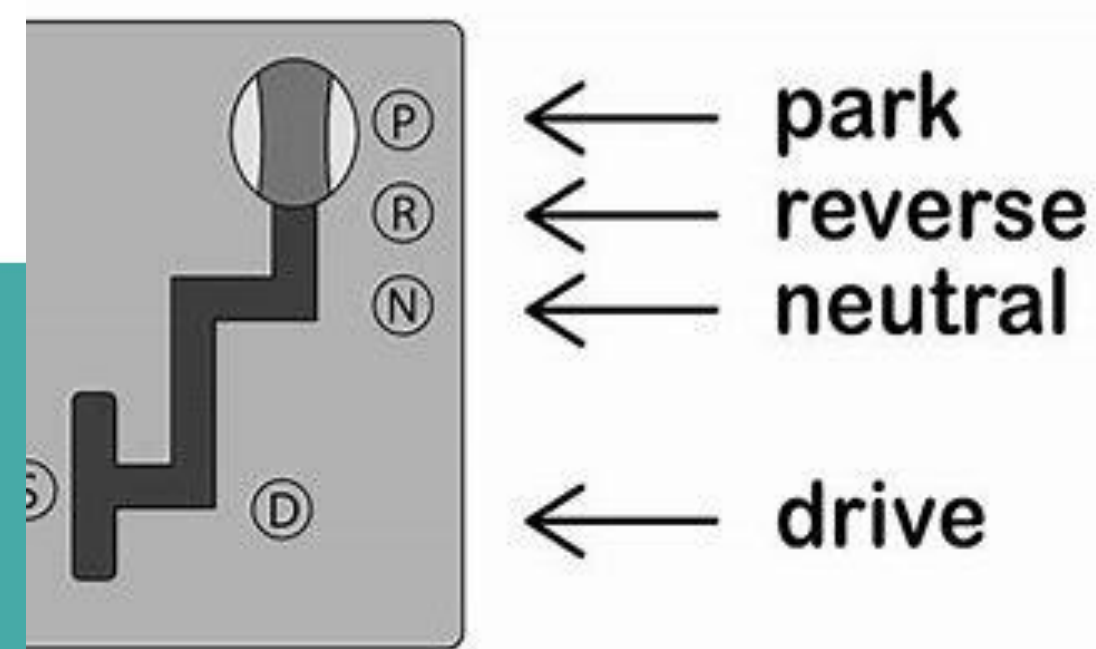
Dogs, man's best friends, have a clear strategy [为实现某目标的] 计谋, 策略; 行动计划 for dealing with angry owners — they look away.

源于希腊语 strategia 军事指挥部, 来自 strategos 将军, 指挥官; **tactic** 策略; **tactics** 战术

The scientists suggest this may be an attempt 努力, 尝试, 企图 [尤指困难的事情] to calm humans down. (tempt 诱惑, 引诱)

This behavior may have evolved 进化; 逐步演变 as dogs gradually learned they could benefit from avoiding 避免 conflicts with humans.

Facial photos of dogs and humans were displayed 显示; 展示 on the screen for 1.5 seconds. They showed threatening, pleasant and neutral 中立的 expressions. Nearby cameras tracked 追踪 the dogs' eye movements.



And when looking at angry humans, they tended to turn away their gaze凝视. Dogs may have learned to detect发现, 察觉〔尤指不易觉察到的事物〕 threat signs from humans and respond作出反应; 回应 by trying to make peace, according to researcher Sanni Somppi.

detective侦探; protect保护; undetected 未被发现的



Avoiding conflicts may have helped dogs develop better bonds〔两个或更多人或团体之间的〕纽带, 联系, 契合 with humans.



band – bind – bond – bound – boundary – abound – abundant ...

The researchers also note that dogs scan扫描 faces as a whole to sense how people are feeling, instead of focusing on a given feature. They suggest this indicates that dogs aren't sensing emotions from a single feature, but piecing刺穿 together information from all facial features just as humans do.





22. A) They have to look for food and shelter 栖身之地, 住处 underground. (shield 盾 – 保护)

B) They take little notice of 很少注意到 the changes in temperature.

C) They resort to 依靠; 诉诸求助于 different means to survive 存活; 幸存 the bitter cold 严寒.  
(靠 “这种” “阿姨” .....; vivid; revive; vitamin; vital; vigor; vigorous)

D) They have difficulty adapting 适应 to the changed environment.

23. A) They have their weight reduced to the minimum 最小量 (的) . (maximum)



C) They can maintain 保持维持 their heart beat 心跳 at the normal rate 速率; 比率; 费用.



24. D) By storing enough food beforehand事先预先. ( in advance )

25. C) To keep company陪伴. (accompany v.; companion)

There is lots of snow around and the ground freezes (使) 结冰, (使) 冻结, which can make life difficult for animals.

There are three main ways that animals survive the cold in winter: sleep, adapt or migrate [鸟或兽] 移栖, 迁徙.

**migrant**候鸟; 移民; immigrate (从外地) 移居; emigrate移居国外

2017: 位于跨越亚洲的几条**候鸟迁徙路线**的交叉处, 许多鸟类把青海湖作为迁徙过程中的暂息地。migrant birds; migration routes





# 选词填空：

America's Internet is faster than ever before, but people still complain about 抱怨 their Internet being too slow. (complaint)

New York's Attorney General's 司法部长 office launched 发起；发射；推出 an investigation 调查 in the fall into whether or not Verizon, Cablevision 有线电视 and Time Warner are delivering 递送传送；发表；接生分娩 broadband 宽带 that's as fast as the providers 供应商 claim 声称 it is.

attorney 律师（额托你）；lance 长矛；freelancer 自由职业者；

launch a campaign 活动 / investigation 调查 / career 职业生涯 / attack 攻击 / a new product 新产品

vest 马甲；背心；invest 投资；investigate

cable 电缆；有线电视：Cable News Network

operator / carrier 运营商；manufacturer 制造商；producer 生产商；retailer 零售商；wholesaler 批发商；

distributor 分销商



**claim, clam = cry out, shout, 表示“呼喊，叫喊”**

claim要求；论断；声称；索赔

clamor喧哗；吵闹（clam+or表名词）；clamorous吵闹的

acclaim欢呼；喝采（ac一再 + claim→一再喊→欢呼）；acclamation 喝采，称赞

declaim朗诵；declamation慷慨演说；雄辩

exclaim叫喊；大声说；exclamation叫喊；感叹

proclaim公布；声明（pro在前 + claim→在前面喊→公布）；proclamation宣告；宣言

reclaim收回；reclamation收复；矫正





## 选词填空：

If the investigation uncovers发现；揭露 anything, it wouldn't be the first time a telecom电信 provider got into trouble over陷入困境 the broadband speeds it promised and delivered customers. Back in June, the Federal Communications Commission联邦通信委员会 fined罚款 AT&T \$100 million over accusations指控控告 that the carrier电信运营商 secretly reduced wireless无线的 speeds after customers consumed a certain amount of data数据.



**打开解开:** **unfold**打开; 呈现; **unload**卸货; 倾销; **unlock**开锁; **unbind**解开; **unbutton**

解开纽扣; **uncover**揭开盖子; **undress**脱衣服; **untomb**掘墓; **unearth** 从地下挖出

**tele电, 远:** telegraph电报; telephone; television; telescope望远镜.....

**mis/mit送, 发出:** mission任务; 使命; commission调查团; 委员会; dismiss解散; 解雇;

promise; admit; commit犯错犯罪; 使承担义务, 做出保证; committee委员会; emit发

出发射; omit省略忽略; permit; submit提交; 服从; transmit传输传播





# 选词填空：

Even when they stay on the right side of the law, Internet providers arouse customers' anger 引起客户的愤怒 over bandwidth 带宽；频带宽度 speed and cost. Just this week, an investigation found that media and telecom giant 媒体和电信巨头 Comcast is the most hated provider. Over 10 months, Comcast received nearly 12, 000 customer complaints, many relating 相联系 to its monthly data cap [收入、支出或借贷金额的] 最高限额 and overage 超额部分 charges 收费. and 15% of people now consider themselves to be "cord-cutters 掐线族."

“掐线族” Cord-Cutters: 以前曾购买过但现在不再购买电视服务的人

“绝缘族” Cord-Nevers: 以前从未购买过电视服务的人

G) deserved 应得的；理所当然的

H) frustrated 挫败的；失意的



Urbanization 城市化 — migration [一大群人尤为找工作的] 移居, 迁移 away from the suburbs 郊区 to the city center—will be the biggest real estate 房地产; 不动产 trend 趋势 in 2015, according to a new report.

urb – urban – urbanize; rural 农村的 areas; uptown 住宅区; downtown 市中心

estate 个人全部财产 (尤指遗产); 庄园

The report says America's urbanization will continue to be the most significant issue [尤指社会或政治方面的] 议题; 争论的问题 affecting the industry, as cities across the country imitate 模仿 the walkability 可步行性 and transit-oriented development 公共交通导向发展 making cities like New York and San Francisco so successful.

orient n. 东方; v. 使适应; 确定方向; oriented a. 以...为方向的

quality-oriented education / exam-oriented education; market-oriented economy



As smaller cities copy the model复制这一模式 of these "24-hour cities," more affordable负担得起的 versions of these places will be created. The report refers to this as把...称作... the coming of the "18-hour city," and uses the term术语 to refer to cities like Houston, Austin, Charlotte, and Nashville, which are "positioning themselves as highly competitive, in terms of livability, employment offerings, and recreational and cultural facilities"将自己定位为具有高竞争力的城市，根据其宜居程度、所能提供的就业机会、娱乐和文化设施。

model 模型；模范；模特；样式

term：时期，期限；任期；**术语** (terminology) ； in terms of 从.....角度看

Another trend that looks significant in 2015 is that America's largest population group, Millennials 千禧一代, will continue to put off 推迟 buying a house. Apartments 公寓 will retain their appeal 保持它们的吸引力 for a while for Millennials, haunted 缠扰, 烦扰; 萦绕在...心头 by what happened to home-owning parents.

millennium 千禧年 (又名千福年, 开始的标志是基督再临与义人的复活, 在千禧年中得救的义人在天国与基督一同作王, 千禧年结束后基督与圣徒并圣城新耶路撒冷一起重返地球, 这时会有第二次的复活, 就是失丧者的复活。)

flaunt 炫耀; gaunt 憔悴的; saunter 闲逛; vaunt 吹牛; daunt 恐吓; jaunt 短途旅游

This trend will continue into the 2020s, the report projects 预计, 推断. After that, survey respondents 被调查者 disagree over whether this generation will follow in their parents' footsteps 跟随父母的脚步, moving to the suburbs to raise families 养家, or will choose to remain in the city center.





Another issue affecting real estate in the coming year在即将到来的一年里 will be America's falling infrastructure基础设施. Most roads, bridges, transit交通运输系统, water systems, the electric grid输电网, and communications networks通信网络 were installed安装 50 to 100 years ago, and they are largely taken for granted认为...理所当然 until they fall.

structure结构; 构造; construct建造; 构成; reconstruct重建; destruct破坏; 自毁; instruct指示; 指导;  
instructor导师; 大学讲师; obstruct阻塞; 妨碍; superstructure上层建筑; instrument工具/仪器/乐器  
grid (格内的): 网格; 输电网

The report's writers state that America's failure to invest in infrastructure impacts not only the health of the real-estate market, but also our ability to remain globally competitive保持全球竞争力.

Apart from除...之外 the specific具体的 trends highlighted突出; 强调 above, which cause some investors to worry, the report portrays an overall optimism描绘了一个整体的乐观 borne by the recent healthy real-estate "upcycle升级改造" and improving economy. Seventy-four percent of the respondents surveyed report a "good to excellent" expectation of real-estate profitability利润率 in 2015. While excessive过度的 optimism can promote bad investment patterns促进不良的投资模式, resulting in a real-estate "bubble泡沫," the report's writers downplay淡化...的重要性, 对...轻描淡写 that potential潜在的, 可能的 outcome in that因为 it has not yet occurred.

**circ,cycl=ring,circle,表示“圆, 环”:** circle圆圈; 循环; circular圆的; 循环的; circulate (使) 循环, 流通; circuit 环行; 电路 (circu+it走→环行); circus马戏团; encircle环绕, 包围; cycle周期; bicycle自行车; recycle再循环; 回收



46. A) an accelerating加速 speed (decelerate; speed up)

D) an ever-increasing不断增长的 demand (ever总是; 在任何时候)

47. What characterizes描述...的特性; 描绘 “24-hour cities” like New York? (character特点; 个性; 人物)

A) People can live without private cars. (deprive剥夺; privacy隐私)

C) People can enjoy services around the clock昼夜地.

D) People are in harmony with与...协调/一致 the environment.

48. Why are Millennials reluctant不情愿的; 勉强的 to buy a house?

The house prices are currently当前 too high.

They feel attached to喜欢 the suburban environment.



49. What might hinder阻碍 real estate development in the U. S.

hind后面的，引申词义拉后腿，后由形容词变为动词，引申词义“妨碍，阻挡”。

The continuing economic recession衰退 in the country.

The lack of confidence on the part of就...而言 investors.

The worsening infrastructure.

50. A) Pessimistic悲观的.

C) Cautious谨慎的，小心的.





The brain is a seemingly看上去；表面上 endless library, whose shelves架子 house收藏；存放 our most precious memories as well as our lifetime's knowledge. But is there a point where it reaches capacity容量，能力？

The answer is no, because brains are more sophisticated〔机器、系统、方法等〕复杂的，精密的，尖端的 than that. Instead of just crowding in, old information is sometimes pushed out of the brain for new memories to form.

**soph**智慧；聪明：sophism诡辩；sophisticate通达之人；；sophomore大学二年级学生；  
philosophy哲学

Previous behavioural studies have shown that learning new information can lead to forgetting. But in a new study, researchers demonstrated展现; 证明 for the first time how this effect occurs发生 in the brain.

demography人口统计学; democracy民主

In daily life, forgetting actually has clear advantages. Imagine, for instance, that you lost your bank card. The new card you receive will come with a new personal identification number (PIN). Each time you remember the new PIN, you gradually forget the old one. This process improves access to接近 relevant information, without old memories interfering妨碍打扰.



This type of memory (where you are trying to remember new, but similar information) is particularly vulnerable 易受攻击的; 感情脆弱易受伤的 to interference. (wound)

When we acquire 获得取得 new information, the brain automatically tries to incorporate 合并 it within existing information by forming associations 形成关联. And when we retrieve 检索 information, both the desired and associated but irrelevant information is recalled 回想, 回忆起〔某事物〕.

**auto自动, 自己:** automobile汽车; autobiography自传; automatic自动的; autonomy自治, 独立; autocrat独裁者; autograph亲笔签字  
corporation大型公司; 法人 (团体)



But current studies are beginning to place greater emphasis on the conditions under which we forget, as its importance begins to be more appreciated.

people with this rare condition often find their unusual ability burdensome成为负担的, 累赘的; 令人烦恼的.

In a sense在某种意义上, forgetting is our brain's way of sorting分类; 整理 memories, so the most relevant memories are ready for retrieval. Normal forgetting may even be a safety mechanism机制 to ensure our brain doesn't become too full.



52. It frees释放, 使自由 us from painful memories.

It helps slow down our aging process衰老过程.

It facilitates促进帮助; 使容易 our access to relevant information.

53. What contributes to forgetting.

Why learning and forgetting are complementary互补的.

**ple/plen/plet/pli满:** complement补充物; implement实施;

supplement 增补; 补充; plenty丰富; 大量;

replenish重新装满; complete完整完全的;

accomplish完成; 实现; compliment恭维; 称赞

54. A) It adds to the burden负担 of their memory.

B) It makes their life more complicated 难懂的; 复杂的.

D) It constitutes a rare object of envy构成一种罕见的嫉妒现象. substitute代替者/物;  
institute机构; 研究院; constitution宪法; 章程; 组成

55. C) It is a way of organising组织 our memories. organ器官; organism有机物; inorganic  
无机的; organized有条理的

B) It helps get rid of摆脱 negative memories.

D) It should not cause any alarm警钟; 警报 in any way以任何方式; 无论如何.



**提前预习，下次课见！**

**@刘畅的南瓜地**

