



CS1632, Lecture 22:  
Testing Strategy and the  
Process of Quality

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# Putting It All Together

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- So far, discussed elements in isolation
  - Unit testing
  - Systems testing
  - Performance and Non-Functional Testing
  - Combinatorial Testing
  - Security (soon!)

# Just Like In Programming, Scale Is Where It Gets Difficult!

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// Understanding how to unit test is simple:

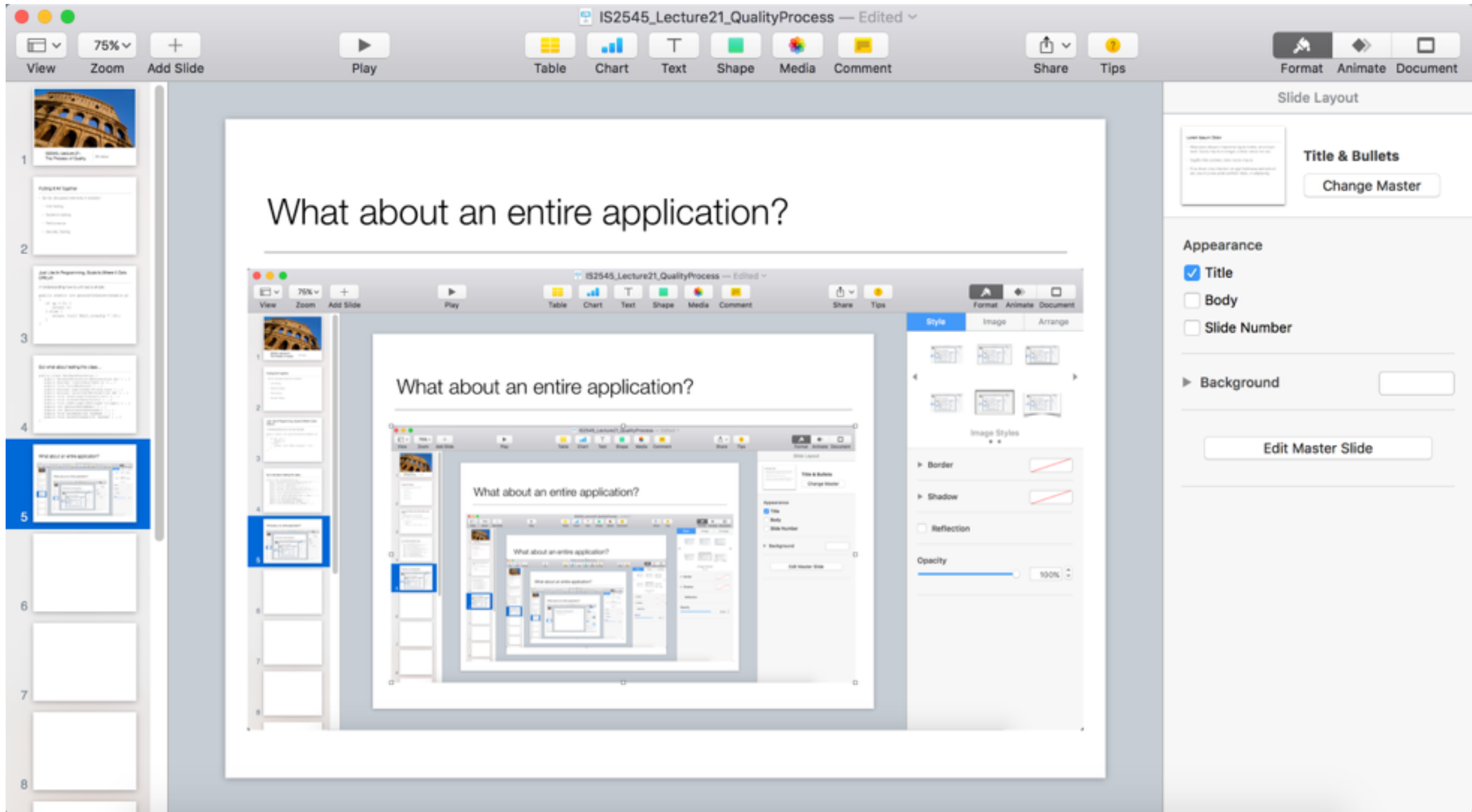
```
public static int poundsToOunces (double p)
{
    if (p < 0) {
        return 0;
    } else {
        return (int) Math.round(p * 16);
    }
}
```

# But what about testing this class...

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```
public class DatabaseConverter {  
    public DatabaseConverter(DbConnection db) { ... }  
    public boolean insertData(Data d) { ... }  
    public void forceReshard() { ... }  
    public boolean executeSql(String sql) { ... }  
    public boolean selectDb(DbConnection db) { ... }  
    public void revertLastTransaction() { ... }  
    public void unrevertReversion() { ... }  
    public void addTrigger(DbTrigger trigger) { ... }  
    public int getCurrentDbNum() { ... }  
    public int getCurrentDbThreads() { ... }  
    public void setDbNum(int newNum) { ... }  
    public void setDbThreads(int newNum) { ... }  
}
```

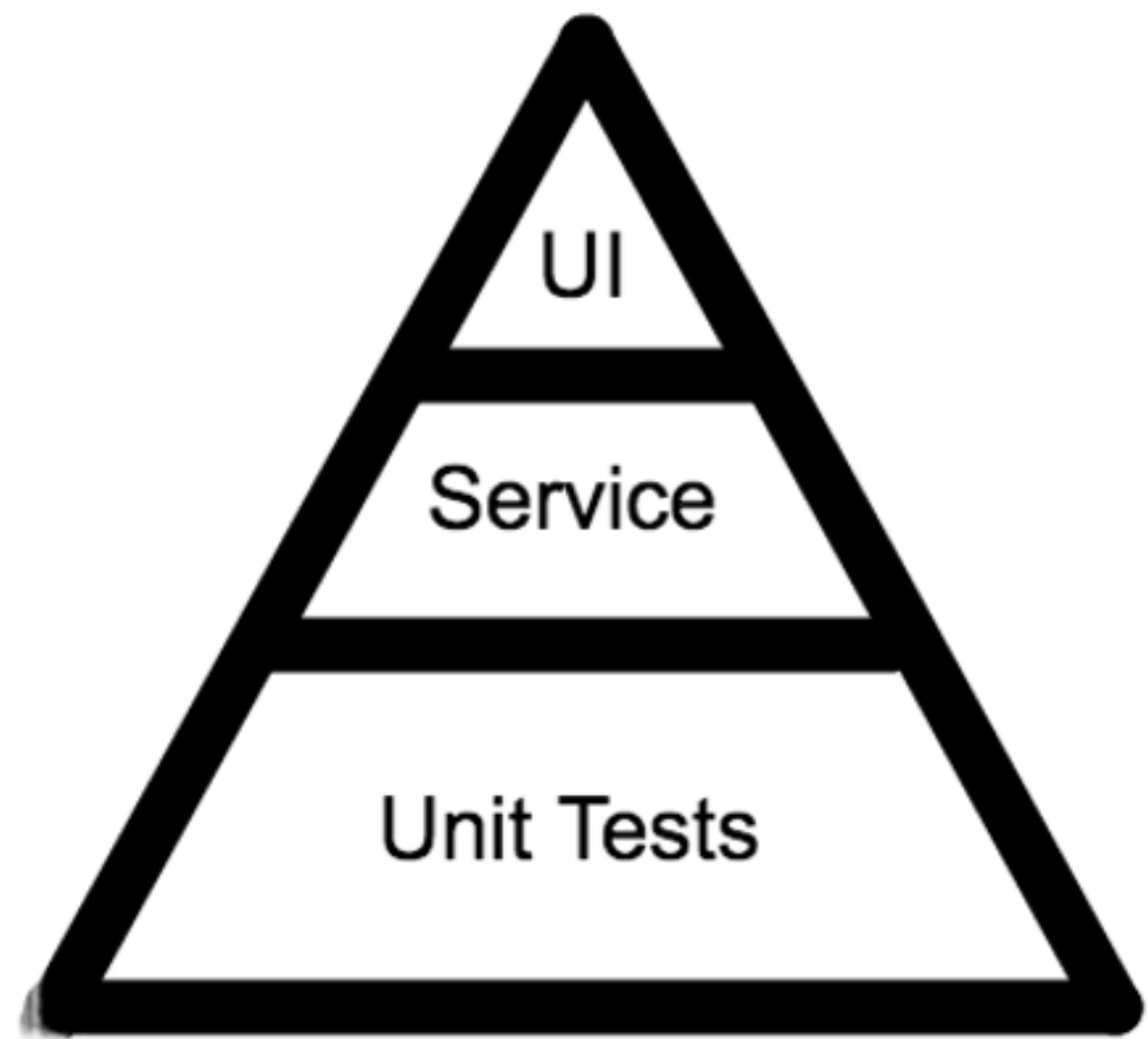
# What about an entire application?



# The Testing Pyramid

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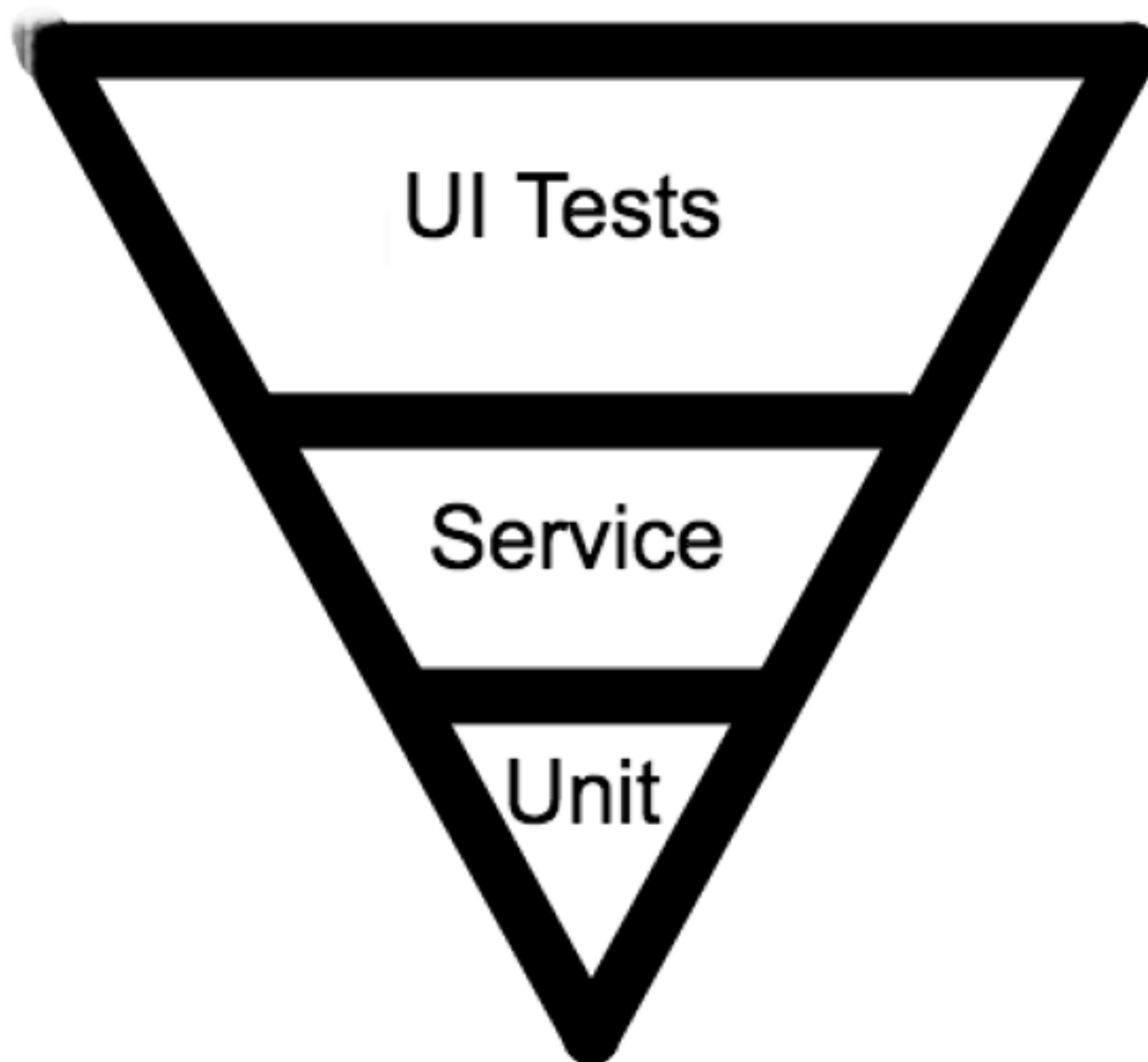
- 10% UI Tests
  - Tests which check the whole system end-to-end
- 20% Service Tests
- 70% Unit Tests



# Ice Cream Cone Anti-Pattern

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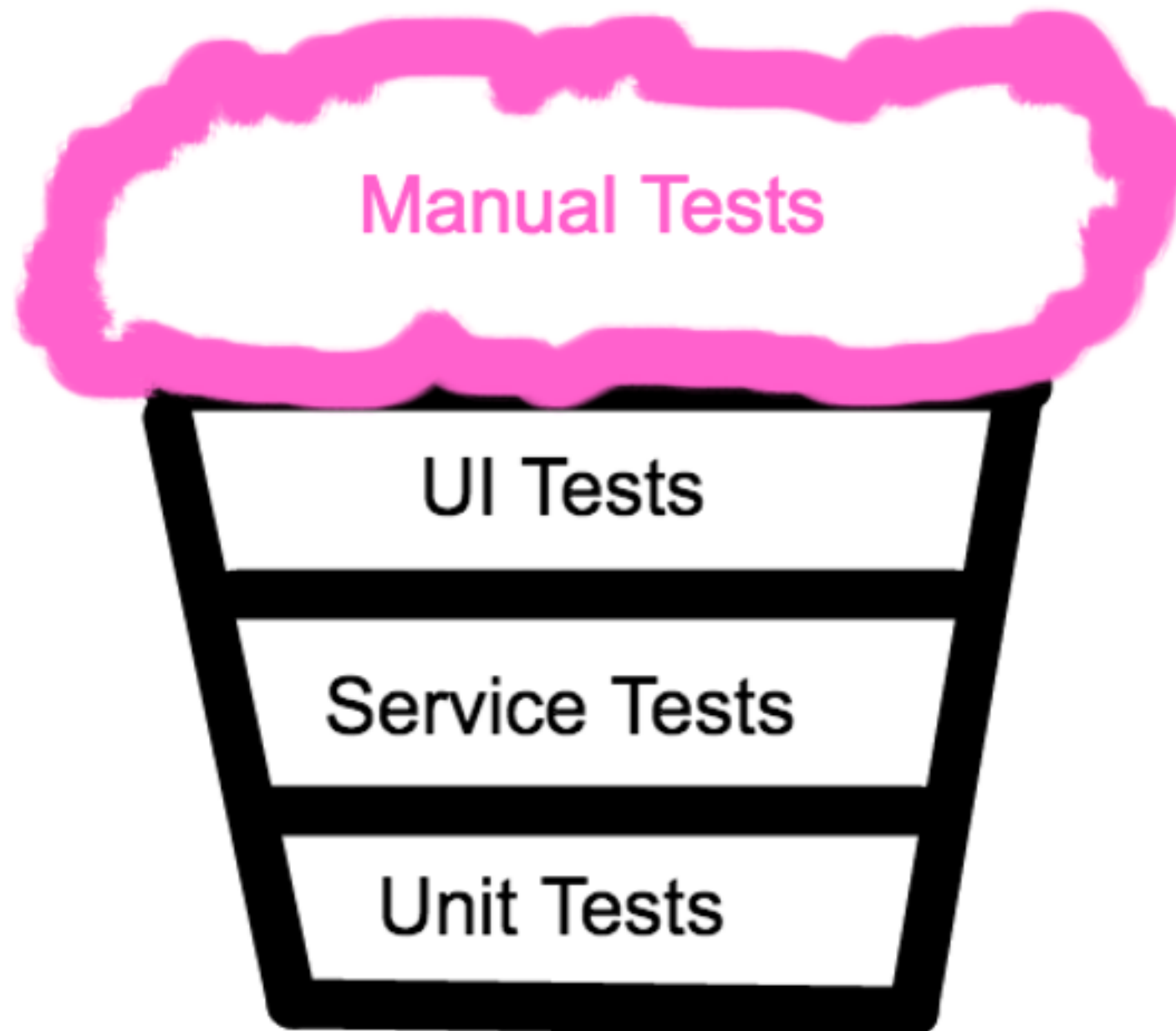
- Few Unit Tests, Some Service Tests, Many UI Tests



# Cupcake Anti-Pattern

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- Lots of Manual Tests On Top





# Continuous Integration

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- Avoid Big Bang integration
- Run tests automatically before merging
  - Or perhaps every time you commit/push
- Finds bugs earlier
- Ensures no failing tests in the master branch

# What About Other Kinds of Tests?

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- These will often fit in one of the kinds of test categories
- Other kinds of tests are done on as-needed basis and the amount necessary will vary by domain
- Test coverage and weighting will vary by domain
  - Other tests/quality processes might also be necessary! Usability, formal verification, code metrics, etc.

# Example: Performance Testing

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- Full Application performance testing: UI test
- Component testing: service test
- Performance of a function: unit test

# Example: Security Testing

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- Penetration testing: UI test
- Testing a subsystem for injection attacks: service test
- Checking against buffer overflow in a method: unit test



# Example: Combinatorial Testing

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- Checking OS / Browser / RAM combinations: UI tests
- Combinations of Microservices Loading: Service tests
- Checking for results of boolean args: Unit tests

# Designing a Testing Strategy

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- Think about what are the priorities of this application
- Where would defects be worst?
- What are likely issues?
- Which have been found by similar applications?
- What tools will be useful?
- What is our team like? Do we need outside help?

# Case Study: Rent-a-Cat, Inc.

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- Phone-based app which brings cats for rental right to your door
- All payments handled in person by separate process
- No personal data on customers stored!
- Hoping for lots of people to use, potential for viral growth
- Running entirely in LOLCODE. Engineers are relatively new
- Small QA team - need big bang for the buck



Case Study:  
Big Bank, Inc.

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**Big Bank, Inc.**  
*"Money is our business"*

- Develop app to access and display bank account information
- Provides access to user accounts, along with all data on user
- People need to use their app - what are they going to do, use Bitcoin?
- Running in tried-and-true Java
- Very large QA team
- Lots of regulatory necessities