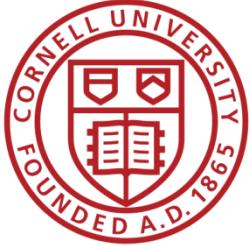


Implementing Increased Transparency and Reproducibility in Economics: Lessons learned

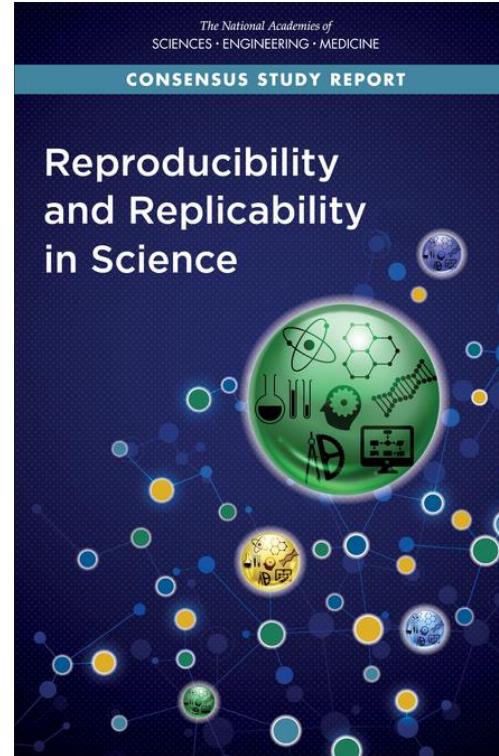
Lars Vilhuber
Cornell University

The opinions expressed in this talk are solely the authors, and do not represent the views of the U.S. Census Bureau, the American Economic Association, or any of the funding agencies.



Replication continuum

<https://doi.org/10.17226/25303>



Reproducibility

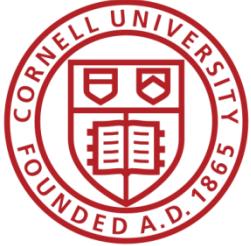
- Narrow Replication (Pesaran 2003)
- Pure Replication (Hamermesh 2007)
- Verification (Clemens 2015)

Replicability

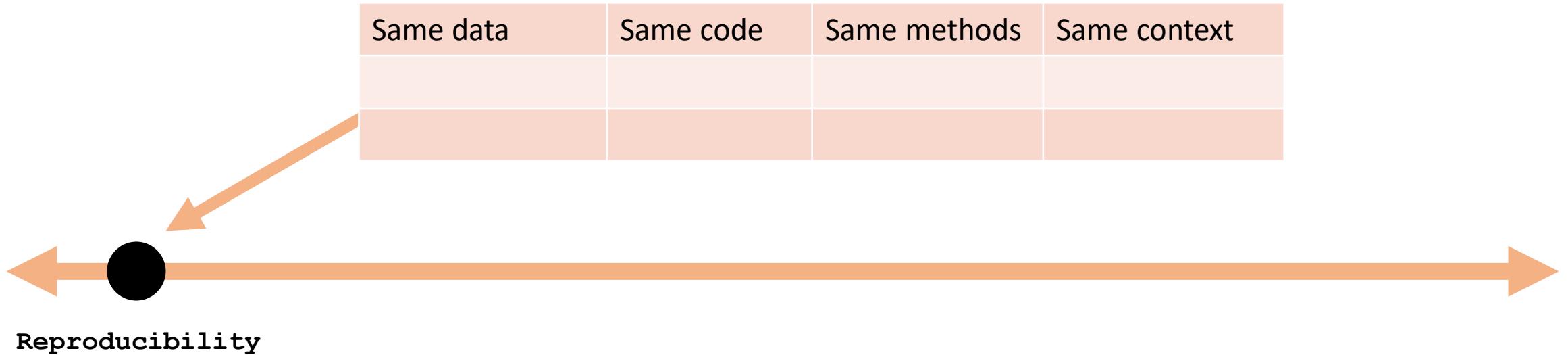
- Wide Replication (Pesaran 2003)
- Statistical Replication (Hamermesh 2007)
- Reproduction/Reanalysis (Clemens 2015)

Generalizability

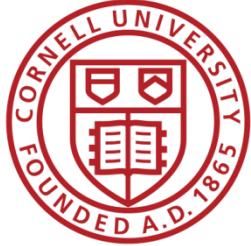
- Wider Replication (Pesaran 2003)
- Scientific Replication (Hamermesh 2007)
- Reanalysis/Robustness (Clemens 2015)



Replication continuum



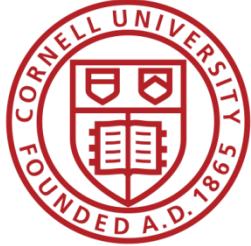
- Narrow Replication (Pesaran 2003)
- Pure Replication (Hamermesh 2007)
- Verification (Clemens 2015)



Progress

- Replication archives and Data (Code) Availability policies
- Shared open source software
- Better public-use and shared confidential data

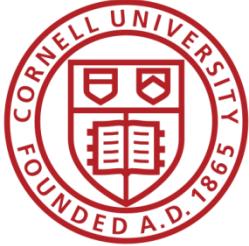




Progress

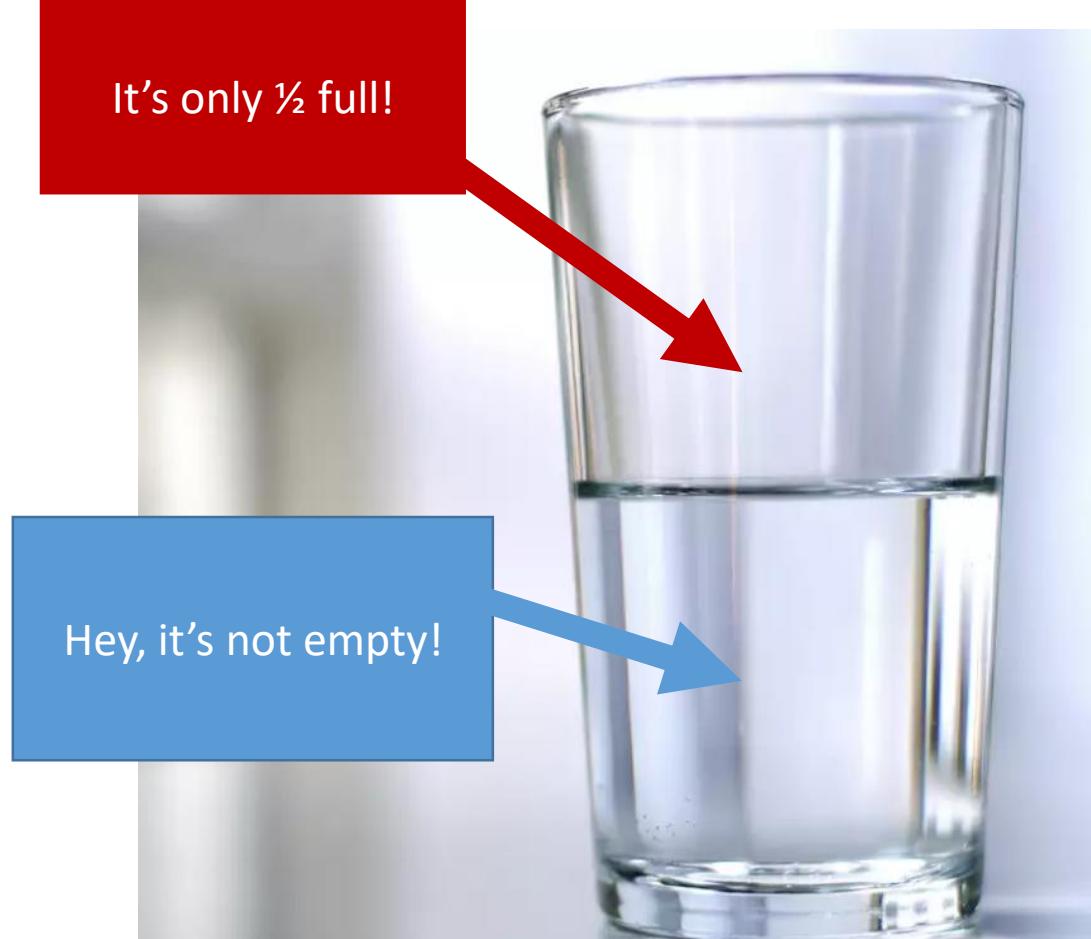
- Replication archives and Data (Code) Availability policies
- Shared open source software
- Better public-use and shared confidential data
- History of accessing preprints/ grey literature

RePEc

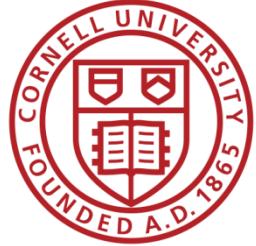


In a nutshell

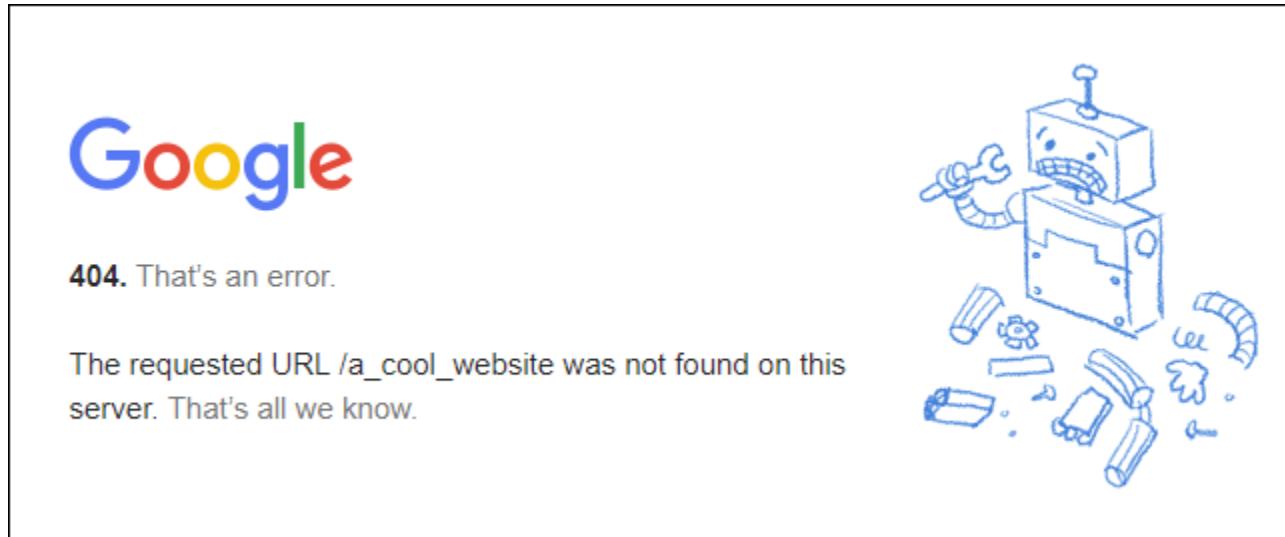
- **40%** use restricted-access data
- **25%** use public-use data and are mostly or completely reproducible
- **25%** use public-use data and are only partially reproducible
- **10%** fail to yield useful results

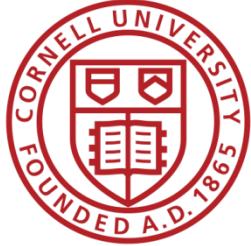


Why?



Failure to curate





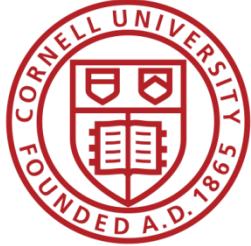
Poor coding practices

- **Manual/non-automation**

Code produces no meaningful output

- **Lack of robustness:**

Bugs in the code



Poor citation practices

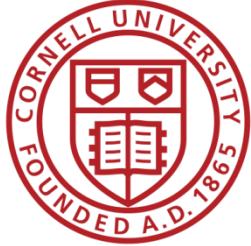
- **Macrodata:**

“We use data downloaded from
the Bureau of Economic Analysis...”

- **Microdata:**

“... this paper uses data from
the Current Population Survey...”

Actions



Second round (2012-)

- Greater enforcement of data (and code) availability
 - 2015, AJ Political Science
 - 2016, Data Editor for ASA Software Section
 - 2016, Statistical review added Science
 - 2017: AEA appoints Data Editor, with mandate to do similar activities (also EJ, Restud)



American Economic Review



The *American Economic Review* is a general-interest economics journal. Established in 1911, the AER is among the nation's oldest and most respected scholarly journals in economics.

Journal of Economic Literature



The *Journal of Economic Literature* (JEL), first published in 1969, is designed to help economists keep abreast of and synthesize the vast flow of literature.

American Economic Journal: Applied Economics



American Economic Journal: Applied Economics publishes papers covering a range of topics in applied economics, with a focus on empirical microeconomic issues.

American Economic Journal: Macroeconomics



American Economic Journal: Macroeconomics focuses on studies of aggregate fluctuations and growth, and the role of policy in that context.

AMERICAN ECONOMIC ASSOCIATION

American Economic Review: Insights



AER: Insights is designed to be a top-tier, general-interest economics journal publishing papers of the same quality and importance as those in the AER, but devoted to publishing papers with important insights that can be conveyed succinctly.

Journal of Economic Perspectives



The *Journal of Economic Perspectives* (JEP) fills the gap between the general interest press and academic economics journals.

American Economic Journal: Economic Policy

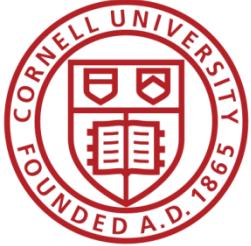


American Economic Journal: Economic Policy publishes papers covering a range of topics, the common theme being the role of economic policy in economic outcomes.

American Economic Journal: Microeconomics

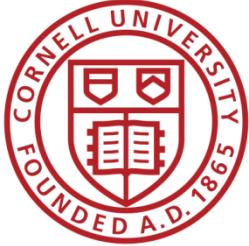


American Economic Journal: Microeconomics publishes papers focusing on microeconomic theory; industrial organization; and the microeconomic aspects of international trade, political economy, and finance.



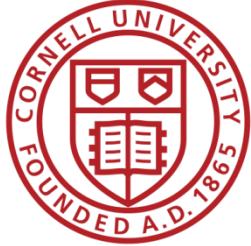
AEA Data & Code Availability Policy (2019)

- It is the policy of the American Economic Association to publish papers only if the data used in the analysis are **clearly and precisely documented** and **access to the data and code is clearly and precisely documented and is non-exclusive to the authors.**
- Authors of accepted papers that contain empirical work, simulations, or experimental work must **provide, prior to acceptance**, the data, programs, and other details of the computations **sufficient to permit replication**, as well as **information about access to data and programs**.



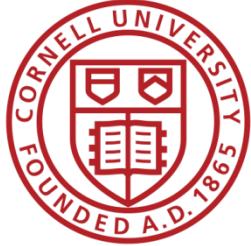
Current efforts at the AEA

- **Pre-emptively improve code archives**
 - By conducting reproducibility checks when we can
 - By working with groups that conduct reproducibility checks when we cannot
- **Better archives**
 - Greater transparency of the code and data archives
- **Better provenance tracking**
 - Leave code where it is when appropriate
 - Leave data where it is almost always
 - Display that information



AEA Pre-Publication Verification

- Every paper that receives a “conditional acceptance” is verified
 - *Data citations*
 - *Quality of README*
 - *Quality of code*
 - *Reproducibility of code*
 - *Quality of metadata in the repository*



Action: Reproducibility Check



Data and Code Guidance by Data Editors

Guidance for authors wishing to create data and code supplements, and for replicators.

Verification guidance

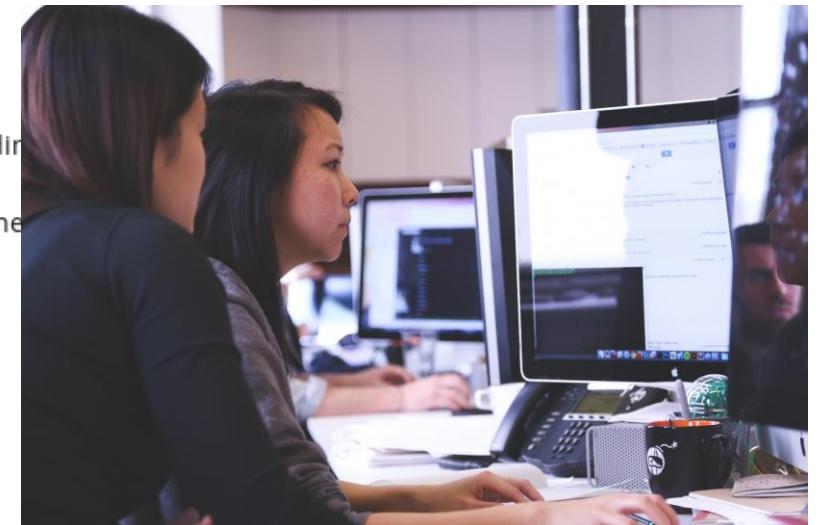
On this page:

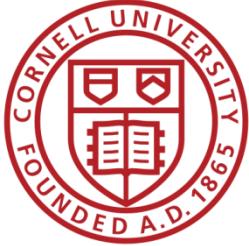
- Overview
- Review the README file
- For each listed data source
- For each listed table, figure, in-text number
- Conduct a code verification, if data is available
- Examples

Overview

This document describes

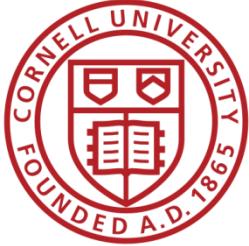
- what authors should check before providing journals
- what verifier teams should check for in the files provided to them for the purpose of verification





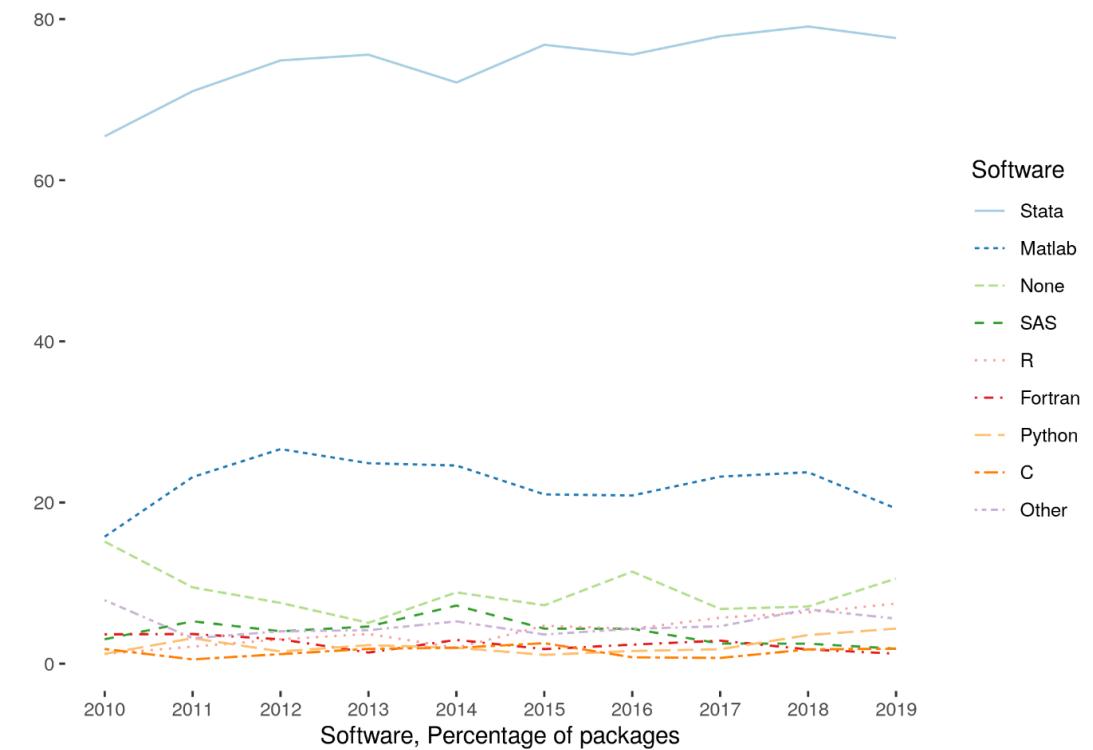
Who is doing that?

- Earlier reproducibility work: **Flavio Stanchi** (now at AirBnb), **Sylverie Herbert** (on the market), **Hautahi Kingi** (Impaq)
- Current lead graduate students: **David Wasser** (until Dec 2019), **Meredith Welch** (since Jan 2020)
- Current and past undergraduate students: Alexia Ge, Anthony Peraza, Craig Schulman, Elijah B. Ruiz, Gabriel Bond, Jason S. Katz, Jeong Hyun Lee, Jiayin Song, John Park, **Joshua Passel**, Kirubeal T. Wondimu, Linchen Zhang, **Louis Liu**, **Luis Lopez Cabrera**, Luke O'Leary, **Mary-Jo Ajiduah**, **Naomi Li**, Nicholas Swan, Nishat Peuly, Ryan Ali, Samuel Frey, Siyang (Elaine) Yu, **Steve Yeh**, **Weilun Shi**, William Hernandez, Yanyun (Iris) Chen, Yuan-Hsuan (Sharon) Lin, **Zebang Xu**, Xing Su, Jiazen Tan , Xueshi Su, Vendela Norman, Anderson Park, Nehedin Juarez, Rubal Mistry, **Syon Verma**, William Silverman, **Zechariah Karsana**, **Franklin Omullo**, **Liam P. Cushen**, **Ololade Omotoba**, **Lydia Reiner**, **Xiangru Li**, **Melanie Chen**, **Peter Rafael Sanchez**, **Jill Crosby**, **Matthew H. Wang**
- Other graduate students: Aviv Caspi, Leah Kim



Very little diversity in software

- **Stata** is the most popular statistical software in the journals of the AEA (**72.96%** of all supplements)
- followed by **Matlab** (**22.45%**)



AEA Data and Code Guidance



AMERICAN
ECONOMIC
ASSOCIATION

Guidance for authors wishing to create data and code supplements, and for replicators.

Unofficial guidance on various topics by the AEA Data Editor

These web pages provide unofficial and developing guidance on the implementation of the American Economic Association (AEA)'s Data and Code Availability Policy. We also provide links to [generic guidance](#) being developed by a loose collective ("guild") of data editors and people in a similar role at various social science journals.

Follow @aeadata

Order in which AEA authors should read these resources:

1. Start with the [official Data and Code Availability Policy](#)
2. Look for general guidance at the [Social Science Data Editors](#) pages
3. Read the [AEA's FAQ](#)
4. Look for any guidance specific to the AEA at the [Unofficial AEA Data and Code Guidance](#)
5. Last but not least, have a look at the [draft FAQ on this site](#)

Comments are welcome, please file them as [issues](#) in our Github repo.

Guidance on creating replicable data and program archives

How should researchers create replicable data and program archives? How

Code

Issues 1

Pull requests 0

Actions

Wiki

Security

Insights

Settings

Branch: master ▾

replication-template / REPLICATION.md

[Find file](#) [Copy path](#)

larsvilhuber Minor edits to the report - clarifications about data preparation pro...

e9ad1f8 10 days ago

1 contributor

195 lines (135 sloc) | 10.3 KB

[Raw](#)[Blame](#)[History](#)

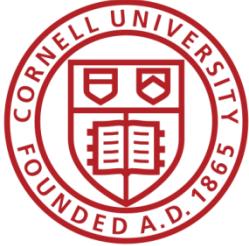
[MC number] [Manuscript Title] Validation and Replication results

INSTRUCTIONS: Once you've read these instructions, DELETE THESE AND SIMILAR LINES. In the above title, replace [Manuscript Title] with the actual title of the paper, and [MC number] with the Manuscript Central number (e.g., AEJPol-2017-0097) Go through the steps to download and attempt a replication. Document your steps here, the errors generated, and the steps you took to alleviate those errors.

You may want to consult [Unofficial Verification Guidance](#) for additional tips and criteria.

SUMMARY

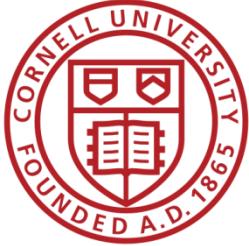
INSTRUCTION: The Data Editor will fill this part out. It will be based on any [REQUIRED] and [SUGGESTED] action



Stats on reproduced articles

Between July 16, 2019, and July 16, 2020 (1 year), the AEA Data Editor team conducted

- **866 assessments**
- Of which **277 manuscripts** have been “accepted”



Also work with 3rd parties

- cascad – Using confidential data!
- CISER (R-Squared)
- Various contributors with access to confidential data
 - Authors
 - Their institutions
 - Network of known groups with access (less frequent)



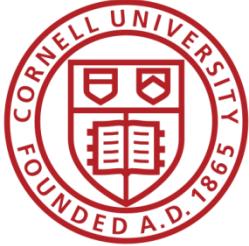
A cascad certification allows researchers to signal the reproducibility nature of their research to their peers



Home > Research > Results Reproduction (R-squared)

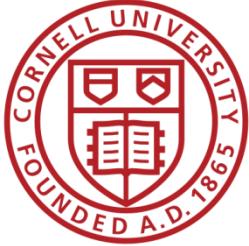
RESULTS REPRODUCTION (R-SQUARED)

Results Reproduction (R-Squared) is a service that computationally reproduces the results of your research to ensure Reproducibility and Transparency – think of it as *enhanced proofreading for your Data and Code*.



Current efforts at the AEA

- **Pre-emptively improve code archives**
 - By conducting reproducibility checks when we can
 - By working with groups that conduct reproducibility checks when we cannot
- **Better archives**
 - Greater transparency of the code and data archives
- **Better provenance tracking**
 - Leave code where it is when appropriate
 - Leave data where it is almost always
 - Display that information



Full-featured repository

OPEN ICPSR [Find Data](#) [Share Data](#) [openICPSR Repositories](#) ▾ [GO](#) [Sign Up](#) [Sign In](#)

 **AMERICAN
ECONOMIC
ASSOCIATION**

[AEA Deposit Instructions](#) [Browse AEA Deposits](#) [Contact](#)

Depositing Data in the AEA Data and Code Repository

The *American Economic Association journals* require authors to deposit data and materials with a community-recognized or general repositories. The *AEA Data and Code Repository at ICPSR* serves that purpose. Please see the AEA's [Data and Code Availability Policy](#) and data citation guidance at the [Sample References](#) page for more details. **Authors are required to include a citation pointing to the deposit in the reference section of the final version of the article sent to the AEA.** The *openICPSR* repository automatically generates a citation when the data are "published."

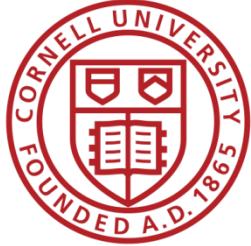
Deposits should include all data, annotated program code, command files, and documentation that is needed to replicate the findings from the authors' submitted article.

- **Data** should be comprehensively documented (see ICPSR's [Guide to Social Science Data Preparation and Archiving, 5th Edition](#) for guidance). The **author** is responsible for removing identifying information from the data to protect [confidentiality](#). Neither the AEA nor ICPSR review submissions for disclosure risk.
- **Program** code and command files should be annotated to facilitate replication and ensure clear correspondence between code and figures, tables, and analyses in the published article.
- Authors retain ownership and copyright to the data and code. Authors are required to affirm that they have the right to publish and redistribute the material. However,
 - ICPSR requires a license for distribution of data.
 - An **open license** is required by the AEA, in order to allow others to re-use the data and code, in particular for replication. Authors can select from several license options, including CC-BY 4.0 for data and Modified BSD for software and code. If an author would like to use multiple licenses or create a customized license, she should select the "Other" license option and upload a LICENSE file alongside the data and documentation.

By depositing in the AEA Data and Code Repository, the depositors allow the AEA staff to add keywords and other metadata which are important for proper indexing in linking. Any other changes are subject to the license chosen for the materials.

[View more extensive \(unofficial\) guidance.](#)

[Start Your Deposit](#)



Action: Data citations and metadata

What is FAIR?

- Findable,
- Accessible,
- Interoperable, and
- Re-usable

The FORCE11 logo features a blue circular icon with a white target-like pattern. To the right of the icon, the word "FORCE" is in large, bold, black capital letters, and "11" is in smaller, light blue capital letters. Below the logo, the text "The Future of Research Communications and e-Scholarship" is written in a smaller, gray font. At the bottom, there is a dark navigation bar with three items: "ABOUT ▾", "COMMUNITY ▾", and "CODE OF CON".

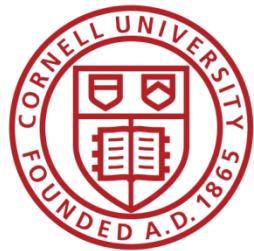
FORCE11 » Groups » The FAIR Data Principles

THE FAIR DATA PRINCIPLES

JOIN IN THE DISCUSSION - LEARN
FAIR Data Principles

Preamble

One of the grand challenges of data-intensive science is how to make data findable, accessible, interoperable, and reusable (FAIR). The FAIR Data Principles are a set of guidelines for making data FAIR.



FAIR data principles rely on metadata

— Scope of Project

Subject Terms ?

Do not copy/paste multiple terms into this field. Terms must be entered individually.

[✖ Russia](#) [✖ Industry](#) [✖ Factories](#) [✖ Russian Empire](#) [✖ Corporations](#)

JEL Classification ?

[✖ L20 General](#) [✖ N63 Europe: Pre-1913](#) [✖ O43 Institutions and Growth](#)

Manuscript Number ?

AER-2015-1656.R3 [edit](#) [remove](#)

Geographic Coverage ? [+ add value](#)

European Russia (Russian Empire) [edit](#) [remove](#)

Time Period(s) ? [+ add value](#)

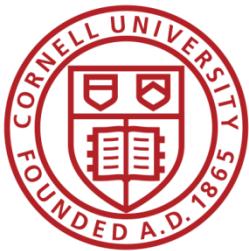
1894 – 1908 (Three years: 1894, 1900, and 1908) [edit](#) [remove](#)

Collection Date(s) ? [+ add value](#)

Universe ?

Manufacturing establishments in the European part of the Russian Empire. [edit](#) [remove](#)

Data Type(s) ?

[Find Data](#) / [Imperial Russian Factory Database, 1894-1908](#)

Imperial Russian Factory Database, 1894-1908

Principal Investigator(s): Amanda Gregg, Middlebury College

Version: V1



Name	File Type	Last Modified
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Project Citation:

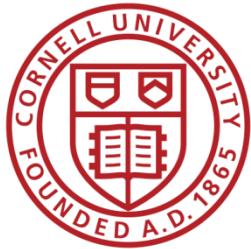
Gregg, Amanda. Imperial Russian Factory Database, 1894-1908. Nashville, TN: American Economic Association [publisher], 2020. Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research [distributor], 2020-01-29. <https://doi.org/10.3886/E110681V1>

AG_Corp_CleaningandDatabaseCompiler.do	text/x-stata-syntax	23.4 KB	08/08/2019 11:02:AM
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Related Publications

The following publications are supplemented by the data in this project.

- Gregg, Amanda. "Factory Productivity and the Concession System of Incorporation in Late Imperial Russia, 1894-1908." *American Economic Review* 110, no. 2 (February 2020): 401-27. <https://doi.org/10.1257/aer.20151656>.

[Find Data](#) / [Imperial Russian Factory Database, 1894-1908](#)

Imperial Russian Factory Database, 1894-1908

Principal Investigator(s): Amanda Gregg, Middlebury College

Version: V1

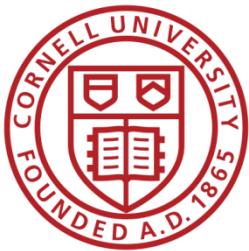


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<meta name="DC.publisher" content="Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research (ICPSR)" />
<meta name="DC.date" content="2020-01-29" />
<meta name="DC.type" content="Dataset" />
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1908MicroData.xlsx	application/vnd.openxmlformats-officedocument.spreadsheetml.sheet	2.3 MB	08/07/2019 11:06:AM
AG_Corp_CleaningandDatabaseCompiler.do	text/x-stata-syntax	23.4 KB	08/08/2019 11:02:AM
AG_Corp_Prod_AppendixCode.do	text/x-stata-syntax	42.2 KB	12/09/2019 09:19:AM
AG_Corp_Prod_Code.do	text/x-stata-syntax	26.6 KB	12/12/2019 03:01:AM
AG_Corp_Prod_Database.dta	application/x-stata	11 MB	08/07/2019 08:55:AM
	application/x-stata	11.9 MB	10/08/2014

[Find Data](#) / [Imperial Russian Factory Database, 1894-1908](#)

Imperial Russian Factory Database, 1894-1908

Principal Investigator(s): Amanda Gregg, Middlebury College



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KB 11:02:AM

[AG_Corp_Prod_AppendixCode.do](#)

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42.2 KB 12/09/2019
09:19:AM [AG_Corp_Prod_Code.do](#)

text/x-stata-syntax

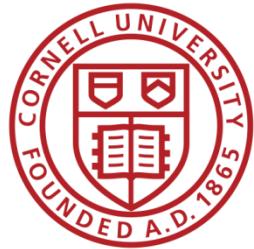
26.6 KB 12/12/2019
03:01:AM [AG_Corp_Prod_Database.dta](#)

application/x-stata

11 MB 08/07/2019
08:55:AM [AG_Corp_Prod_Database.dta](#)

application/x-stata

11.9 KB 10/08/2014



... and findability relies on metadata

Google



imperial russian factory



1 dataset found



Imperial Russian Factory
Database, 1894-1908

www.openicpsr.org
search.datacite.org
+1more



Updated Jan 29, 2020



Not seeing a result you expected?
[Learn](#) how you can add new
datasets to our index.



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ECONOMIC
ASSOCIATION

Imperial Russian Factory Database, 1894-1908

[Explore at openICPSR](#)

[Explore at search.datacite.org](#)

[Explore at www.da-ra.de](#)

2 scholarly articles cite this dataset ([View in Google Scholar](#))



Unique identifier

<https://doi.org/10.3886/E110681V1>

Dataset updated Jan 29, 2020

Dataset provided by

[American Economic Association](#)

Authors

Amanda Gregg

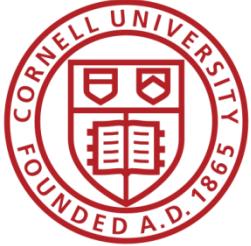
License

[Attribution 4.0 \(CC BY 4.0\)](#)

License information was derived automatically

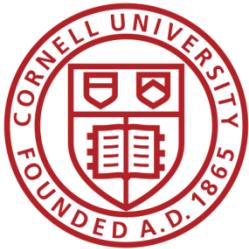
Area covered

European Russia (Russian Empire)



Current efforts at the AEA

- **Pre-emptively improve code archives**
 - By conducting reproducibility checks when we can
 - By working with groups that conduct reproducibility checks when we cannot
- **Better archives**
 - Greater transparency of the code and data archives
- **Better provenance tracking**
 - Leave code where it is when appropriate
 - Leave data where it is almost always
 - Display that information



perceived criteria of importance.

1. Importance

Data should be considered legitimate, citable products of research. Data should be accorded the same importance in the scholarly record as citation research objects, such as publications[1].



Data Citation Principles

2. Credit and Attribution

Data citations should facilitate giving scholarly credit and normative and legal attribution to all contributors to the data, recognizing that a single style or form of attribution may not be applicable to all data[2].

3. Evidence

In scholarly literature, whenever and wherever a claim relies upon data, the corresponding data should be cited[3].

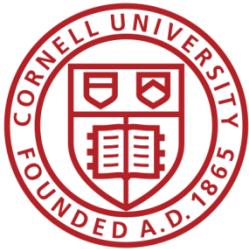
4. Unique Identification

A data citation should include a persistent method for identification that is actionable, globally unique, and widely used by a community[4].

5. Access

Data citations should facilitate access to the data themselves and to such

Data Citation Synthesis Group: Joint Declaration of Data Citation Principles. Martone M. (ed.) San Diego CA: FORCE11; 2014 [<https://www.force11.org/group/joint-declaration-data-citation-principles-final>].



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Data Citation Principles

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1 | **Bureau of Labor Statistics.** 2000–2010. “Current Employment Statistics: Colorado, Total Nonfarm, Seasonally adjusted - SMS080000000000000001.” United States Department of Labor. <http://data.bls.gov/cgi-bin/surveymost?sm+08> (accessed February 9, 2011).

corresponding data should be cited[3].

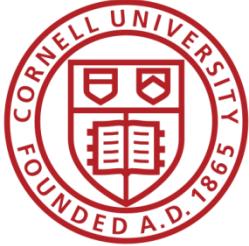
4. Unique Identification

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Data Citation Synthesis Group: Joint Declaration of Data Citation Principles. Martone M. (ed.) San Diego CA: FORCE11; 2014 [<https://www.force11.org/group/joint-declaration-data-citation-principles-final>].



Data citations

- Creating specific guidance in the absence of strong discipline-specific guidance



Data and Code Guidance by Data Editors

Guidance for authors wishing to create data and code supplements, and for replicators.

Guidance on Data Citations

On this page:

- Better
- Websites
- Online databases
- Data distributed as supplementary data
- Producer
- Distributor
- Dates
- Offline access mechanism
- Confidential databases
- No formal access mechanism

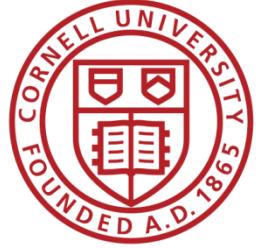
One of the most vexing issues is how to cite data. This document goes through a few common scenarios not covered elsewhere.

What is not a data citation

Many authors initially neglect to add data citations, or do not know how to add a data citation. Often, we see authors cite papers with supplementary data, but not databases or other data:

<https://social-science-data-editors.github.io/guidance/addtl-data-citation-guidance.html>

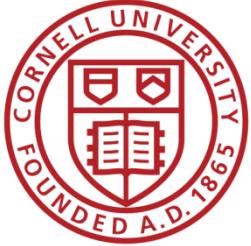
Some practical tips
(based on 800+
assessments)



Provenance!

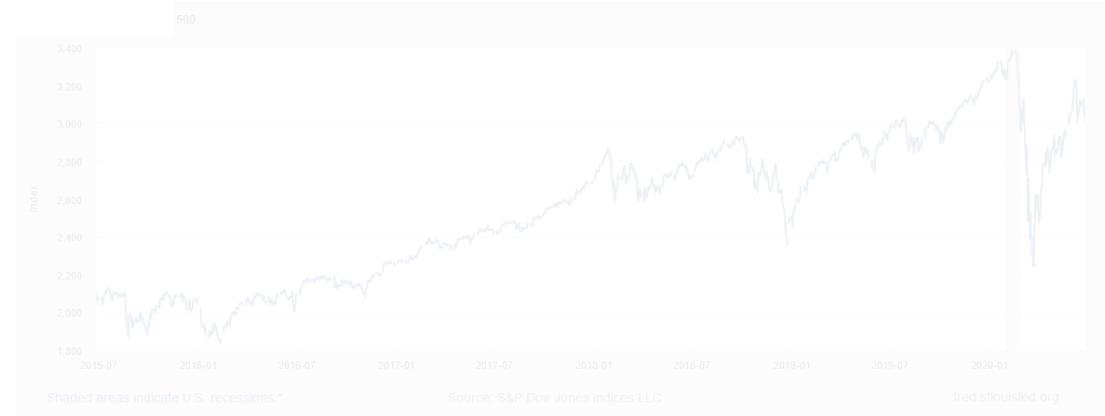
- Does the provider have a good record?
- Where do the data come from?
- What do we know about the data?

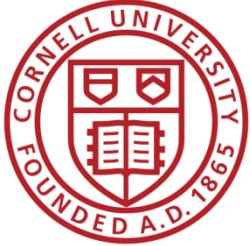
Metadata!



“It’s a file called stockmarket.xlsx”

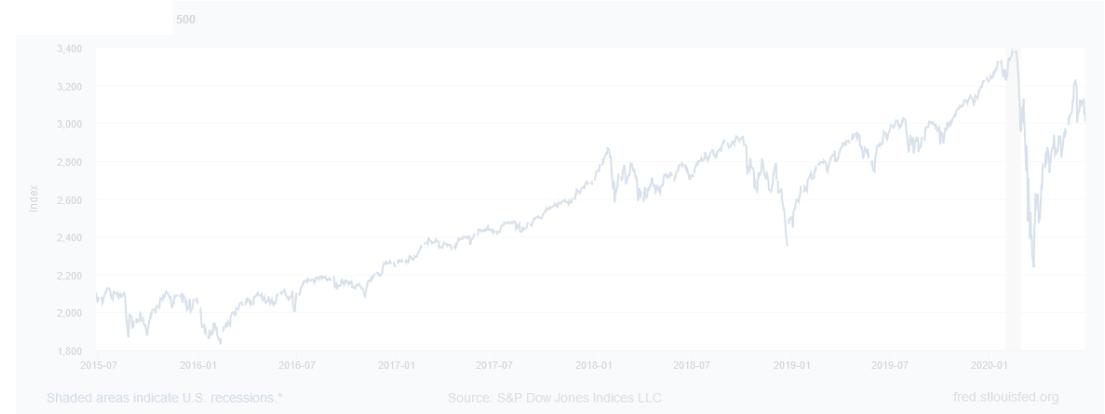
2101.49
2057.64
2063.11
2077.42
2076.78
0
2068.76
2081.34
2046.68
2051.31
2076.62
2099.60
2108.95
2107.40
2124.29
2126.64
2128.28
2119.21
2114.15
2102.15
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2067.64
2093.25
2108.57
2108.63
2103.84

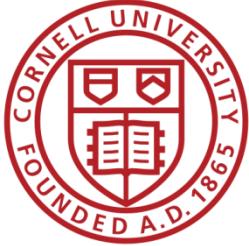




“It’s a file called SP500.xlsx”

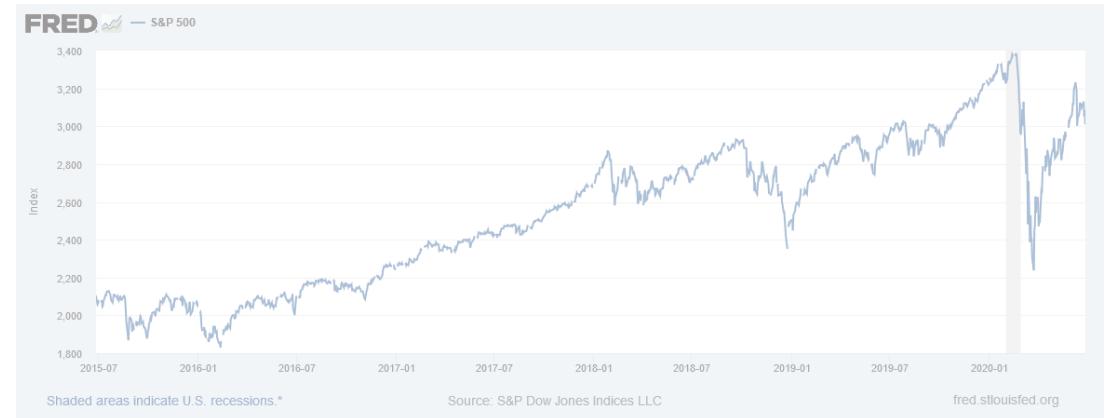
SP500	S&P 500, Index, Daily, Not Seasonally Adjusted
Frequency: Daily, Close	
observation_date	SP500
2015-06-26	2101.49
2015-06-29	2057.64
2015-06-30	2063.11
2015-07-01	2077.42
2015-07-02	2076.78
2015-07-03	0
2015-07-06	2068.76
2015-07-07	2081.34
2015-07-08	2046.68
2015-07-09	2051.31
2015-07-10	2076.62
2015-07-13	2099.60
2015-07-14	2108.95
2015-07-15	2107.40
2015-07-16	2124.29
2015-07-17	2126.64
2015-07-20	2128.28

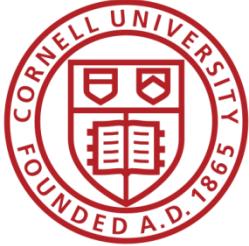




“It’s a file called SP500.xlsx, downloaded from FRED.”

SP500	S&P 500, Index, Daily, Not Seasonally Adjusted
Frequency: Daily, Close	
observation_date	SP500
2015-06-26	2101.49
2015-06-29	2057.64
2015-06-30	2063.11
2015-07-01	2077.42
2015-07-02	2076.78
2015-07-03	0
2015-07-06	2068.76
2015-07-07	2081.34
2015-07-08	2046.68
2015-07-09	2051.31
2015-07-10	2076.62
2015-07-13	2099.60
2015-07-14	2108.95
2015-07-15	2107.40
2015-07-16	2124.29
2015-07-17	2126.64
2015-07-20	2128.28



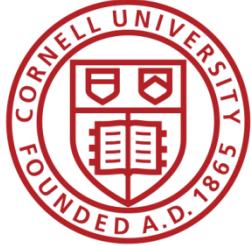


“It’s a file called SP500.xlsx, downloaded from FRED.”

SP500	S&P 500, Index, Daily, Not Seasonally Adjusted
Frequency: Daily, Close observation_date	SP500
2015-06-26	2101.49
2015-06-29	2057.64
2015-06-30	2063.11
2015-07-01	2077.42
2015-07-02	2076.78
2015-07-03	0
2015-07-06	2068.76
2015-07-07	2081.34
2015-07-08	2046.68
2015-07-09	2051.31
2015-07-10	2076.62
2015-07-13	2099.60
2015-07-14	2108.95
2015-07-15	2107.40
2015-07-16	2124.29
2015-07-17	2126.64
2015-07-20	2128.28

S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC. 2020. “*S&P 500 [SP500] [dataset]*”, retrieved from FRED, Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis; <https://fred.stlouisfed.org/series/SP500>, June 26, 2020.



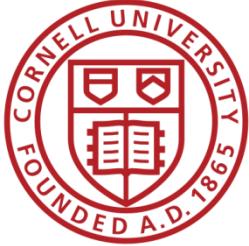


“SP500.xlsx, from S&P (2020). Not provided as part of replication package because © S&P.”

SP500	S&P 500, Index, Daily, Not Seasonally Adjusted
Frequency: Daily, Close	
observation_date	SP500
2015-06-26	2101.49
2015-06-29	2057.64
2015-06-30	2063.11
2015-07-01	2077.42
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2015-07-10	2076.62
2015-07-13	2099.60
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2015-07-17	2126.64
2015-07-20	2128.28

S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC. 2020. “*S&P 500 [SP500] [dataset]*”, retrieved from FRED, Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis; <https://fred.stlouisfed.org/series/SP500>, June 26, 2020.





Data Availability Statements

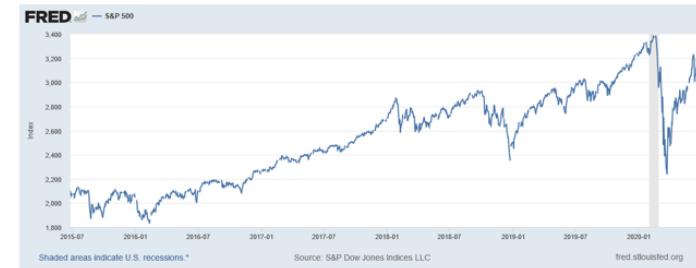
Describes data file, where to get it, how to get it, and any conditions of obtaining it

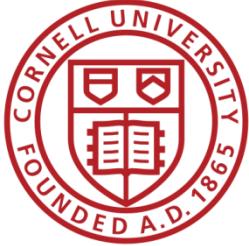
2015-07-15	2107.40
2015-07-16	2124.29
2015-07-17	2126.64
2015-07-20	2128.28

“SP500.xlsx, from S&P (2020). Not provided as part of replication package because © S&P.”

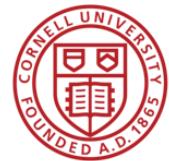
S&P 500
Index, Daily,
Not Seasonally Adjusted

S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC. 2020. “S&P 500 [SP500] [dataset]”, retrieved from FRED, Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis; <https://fred.stlouisfed.org/series/SP500>, June 26, 2020.





Data Citation



“SP500.xlsx, from S&P (2020). Not provided as part of replication package because © S&P.”

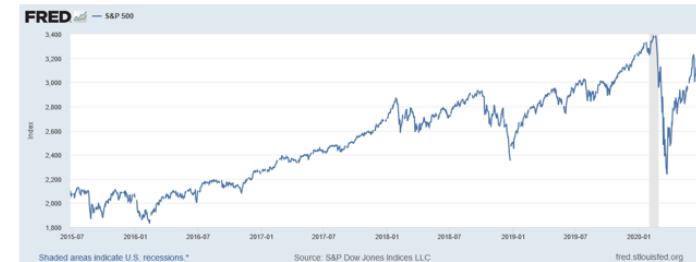
Attributes the file to
the proper source

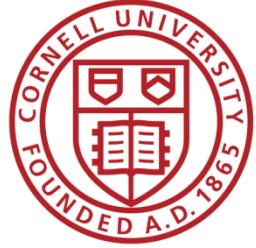
SP500

S&P 500, Index, daily,
Not Seasonally
adjusted

Date	Value
2015-07-08	2101.49
2015-07-09	2057.64
2015-07-10	2063.11
2015-07-13	2074.42
2015-07-14	2076.78
2015-07-15	0
2015-07-16	2068.76
2015-07-17	2081.34
2015-07-20	2046.68
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	2108.95
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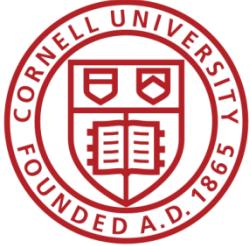
S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC. 2020. “S&P 500 [SP500] [dataset]”, retrieved from FRED, Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis; <https://fred.stlouisfed.org/series/SP500>, June 26, 2020.





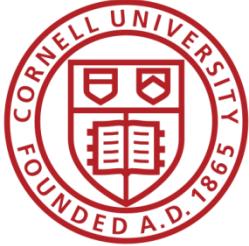
Citing restricted-access data

“Well, I can’t download the data, so I can’t cite it.”



AEA “Data Availability Policy” (2019)

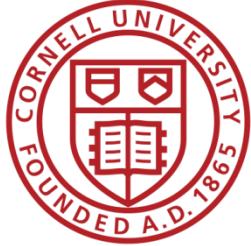
- It is the policy of the American Economic Association to publish papers only if the data used in the analysis are **clearly and precisely documented** and **access to the data and code is clearly and precisely documented and is non-exclusive to the authors.**
- Authors of accepted papers that contain empirical work, simulations, or experimental work must **provide, prior to acceptance**, the data, programs, and other details of the computations **sufficient to permit replication**, as well as **information about access to data and programs.**



Every manuscript is checked

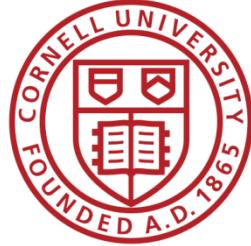
- What datasets are used
- Are they cited?
- Is there additional information access?
 - → URL leads to exact data?
 - → URL leads to application procedure?
 - → other access procedure is described?





Every manuscript is checked

- What datasets are used
- Are they cited?
- Is there additional information on access?
- Is there license/ data use information?
 - → Should the author provide the data?
 - → Is the author allowed to provide data?



Example 2: Academic data publisher

 **ECONOMIC POLICY UNCERTAINTY**

[Home](#) [Methodology](#) [Media](#) [Research & Applications](#) [About Us](#)

EPU Indices

[All Country-Level Data](#)

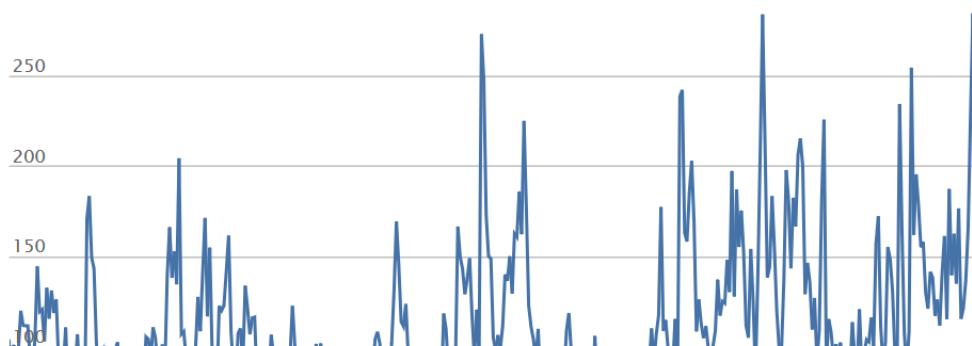
Global	USA
Australia	Brazil
Canada	Chile
China	Colombia
Croatia <small>New</small>	France
Germany	Greece
Hong Kong	India
Ireland	Italy
Japan	South Korea

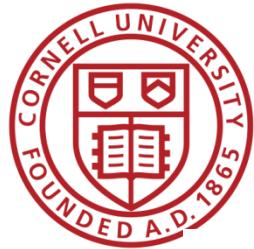
Economic Policy Uncertainty Index

We develop indices of economic policy uncertainty for countries around the world.

Monthly US Economic Policy Uncertainty Index

Zoom [1m](#) [3m](#) [6m](#) [1y](#) [7y](#) [All](#)





Example 2: Academic data publisher

https://www.policyuncertainty.com/index.html SEP DEC JAN
103 captures 14 2018 2019 2020
18 Aug 2012 - 14 Dec 2019

ECONOMIC POLICY UNCERTAINTY [Home](#) [Methodology](#) [Media](#) [Research & Applications](#) [About Us](#)

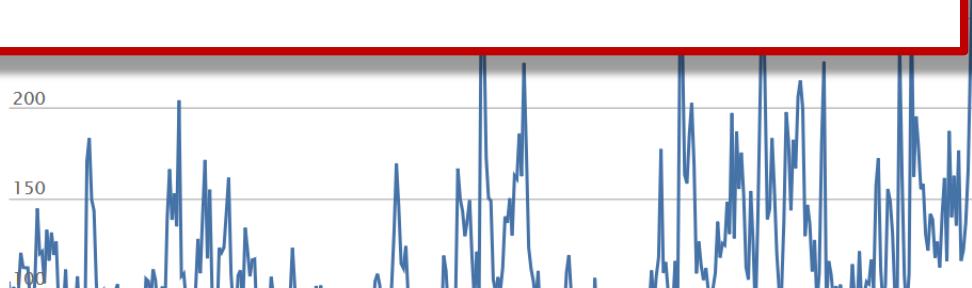
EPU Indices **Economic Policy Uncertainty Index**

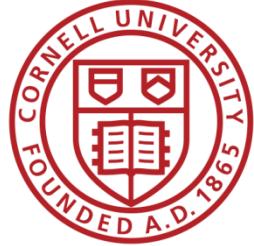
All Country-Level Data

We develop indices of economic policy uncertainty for countries around the world.

Globe [Australia](#) [Canada](#) [China](#) [Croatia](#) [France](#) [Germany](#) [Greece](#) [Hong Kong](#) [India](#) [Ireland](#) [Italy](#) [Japan](#) [South Korea](#)

© 2012-2018 by Economic Policy Uncertainty





Example 2: Academic data publisher-new!

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EPU Indices

[All Country-Level Data](#)

Global **USA**

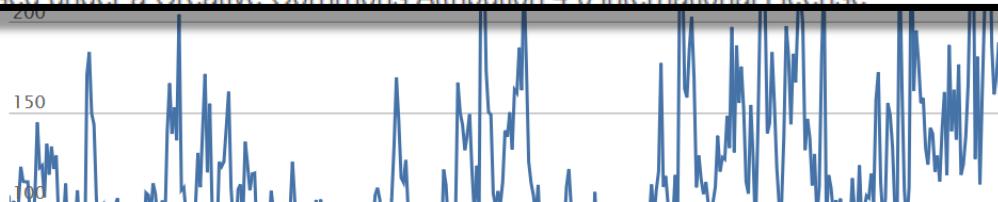
Economic Policy Uncertainty Index

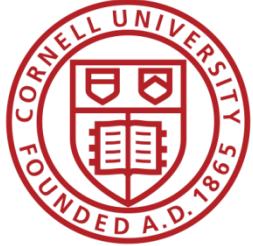
We develop indices of economic policy uncertainty for countries around the world.

Monthly US Economic Policy Uncertainty Index

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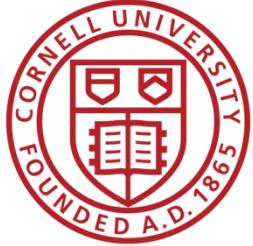
Germany Greece
Hong Kong India
Ireland Italy
Japan South Korea





Rights to use data

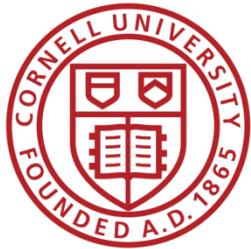
- You browsed a website
- You purchased the data
- You signed a data use agreement
- You created the data (lab experiment)
- You had survey respondents consent to use (IRB approval!)



Rights to distribute the data

- If you created the data, you decide.
- If you got it from somewhere else:

READ THE TERMS OF USE / DATA USE
AGREEMENT / CLICK-THROUGH / ETC.



Example 4: German Restricted-access



RESEARCH DATA CENTRE (FDZ)
of the German Federal Employment Agency (BA)
at the Institute for Employment Research (IAB)

[Home](#) | [Newsletter](#) | [Jobs](#) | [Contact](#) | [Data Privacy](#) | [Imprint](#)



Data Version	DOI (Link to Description of Data Version)	Availability (yyyy-mm-dd)
BHP 7518 v1 (current)	10.5164/IAB.BHP7518.de.en.v1	2020-01-13
BHP 7517 v1	10.5164/IAB.BHP7517.de.en.v1	2018-12-12
BHP 7516 v1	10.5164/IAB.BHP7516.de.en.v1	2018-04-11

External data

Data Archive

Data Access

Campus Files

Publications

Events

Projects of FDZ users

FDZ Projects

Complaint point of the
RatSWD

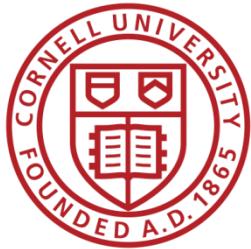
Figures of the FDZ

employees, both in total and broken down by gender, age, occupational status, qualification and nationality. Means and medians of wages for full-time employees are given, too. Additional datasets providing information about (gross) worker flows and about foundations and closures of establishments are available on request.

Data Versions

Old versions are only available for replication studies and only in justified exceptional cases for new Projects.

Data Version	DOI (Link to Description of Data Version)	Availability (yyyy-mm-dd)
BHP 7518 v1 (current)	10.5164/IAB.BHP7518.de.en.v1	2020-01-13



Example 4: German Restricted-access



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Data Version	DOI (Link to Description of Data Version)	Availability (yyyy-mm-dd)
BHP 7518 v1 (current)	10.5164/IAB.BHP7518.de.en.v1	2020-01-13
BHP 7517 v1	10.5164/IAB.BHP7517.de.en.v1	2018-12-12
BHP 7516 v1	10.5164/IAB.BHP7516.de.en.v1	2018-04-11

External data

Data Archive

Data Access

Campus Files

Publications

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RatSWD

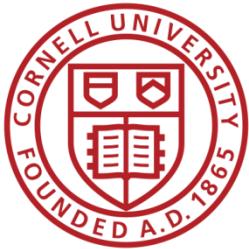
Figures of the FDZ

employees, both in total and broken down by gender, age, occupational status, qualification and nationality. Means and medians of wages for full-time employees are given, too. Additional datasets providing information about (gross) worker flows and about foundations and closures of establishments are available on request.

Data Versions

Old versions are only available for replication studies and only in justified exceptional cases for new Projects.

Data Version	DOI (Link to Description of Data Version)	Availability (yyyy-mm-dd)
BHP 7518 v1 (current)	10.5164/IAB.BHP7518.de.en.v1	2020-01-13



Example 4: German Restricted-access

Establishment History Panel (BHP) – Version 7518 v1

DOI: 10.5164/IAB.BHP7518.de.en.v1

Summary

Data source:

Data Access

The IAB Establishment Panel is available via the following ways of access:

- On-site use at the FDZ. Further information on Applying for [on-site use](#).
- Remote data Access. Further information on Applying for [remote data access](#).

nationality. Means and medians of wages for full-time employees are given, too. Additional datasets providing information about (gross) worker flows and about foundations and closures of establishments are available on request.

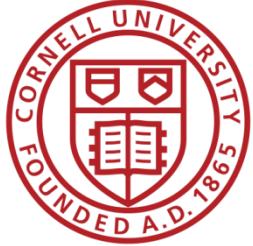
Dataset Descriptions and Frequencies

German

- DOI: [10.5164/IAB.FDZD.2001.de.v1](https://doi.org/10.5164/IAB.FDZD.2001.de.v1)
- [FDZ-Datenreport 01/2020](#)
- [Fallzahlen und Labels](#)

English

- DOI: [10.5164/IAB.FDZD.2001.en.v1](https://doi.org/10.5164/IAB.FDZD.2001.en.v1)



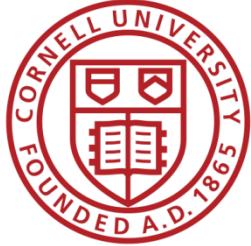
Element of a (data) citation

ICPSR notes that a citation should include the following items:

- Author
- Title
- Distributor
- Date
- Version
- Persistent identifier

Suggested Citation:

S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC, *S&P 500 [SP500]*, retrieved from FRED, Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis;
<https://fred.stlouisfed.org/series/SP500>, June 26, 2020.



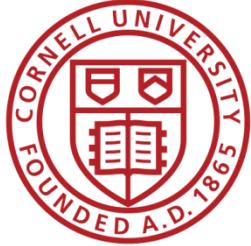
Element of a (data) citation

ICPSR notes that a citation should include the following items:

- Author
- Title
- Distributor
- Date
- Version
- Persistent identifier

Constructed Citation:

Institute for Employment Research (IAB), Establishment History Panel 1975-2018. Accessed via the Research Data Centre (FDZ) of the German Federal Employment Agency DOI: 10.5164/IAB.BHP7518.de.en. v1 June 26, 2020.

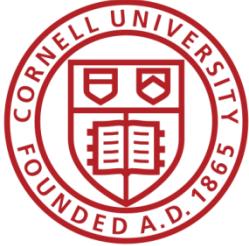


Element of a (data) citation

ICPSR notes that a citation should include the following items:

- Author
- Title
- Distributor
- Date
- Version
- Persistent identifier

Constructed Citation:
US Census Bureau,
Longitudinal Business
Database (LBD) 1975-
2018. Last accessed via
the Federal Statistical
Research Data Centre
(FSRDC) June 26, 2020.



And we check them!

- If the URL does not work, we make a note.
- If the site requires registration, we try it out.
 - How long?
 - Any requirements?

- What does the site say?

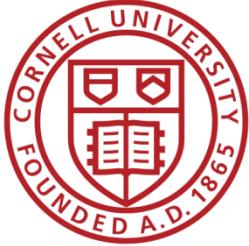
Please use the following citation when referring to this file in the different versions:

Inglehart, R., C. Haerpfer, A. Moreno, C. Welzel, K. Kizilova, J. Diez-Medrano, M. Lagos, P. Norris, E. Ponarin & B. Puranen et al. (eds.). 2014. World Values Survey: Round Six - Country-Pooled Datafile Version:

www.worldvaluessurvey.org/WVSDocumentationWV6.jsp.

Madrid: JD Systems Institute.

- Is that in the README / Paper/ Appendix?



And we check them!

In order to download the file you are asked to fill the following registration form and agree on the "Conditions of Use". Please read it carefully before proceeding to the download.

PERSONAL DATA

Title (position):

Full name:

Company/Institution:

E-mail:

FILE USAGE

Project title:

Intended use:

Brief description of the purpose of application:

CONDITIONS OF USE

1. Restrictions

These data files are available without restrictions, provided

a) that they are used for non-profit purposes; and

b) correct citations are provided and sent to the World Values Survey Association for each publication or results based in part or entirely on these data files. This citation will be made freely available; and

c) the data files themselves are not redistributed.

2. Correct citation

- What does the site say?

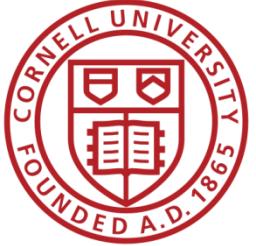
Please use the following citation when referring to this file in the different versions:

Inglehart, R., C. Haerpfer, A. Moreno, C. Welzel, K. Kizilova, J. Diez-Medrano, M. Lagos, P. Norris, E. Ponarin & B. Puranen et al. (eds.). 2014. World Values Survey: Round Six - Country-Pooled Datafile Version:

www.worldvaluessurvey.org/WVSDocumentationWV6.jsp.

Madrid: JD Systems Institute.

- Is that in the README / Paper/ Appendix?
- Are all the conditions met/described?



Data Availability

- A statement about **data availability**
 - DOI assigned
 - But longer
- A statement about **usage rights**
 - Not every dataset is in the public domain
 - Not everybody knows that U.S. Government data are usually in the public domain



Data Availability Statements (DAS)

- A statement about **where data** supporting the results reported in a published article can be

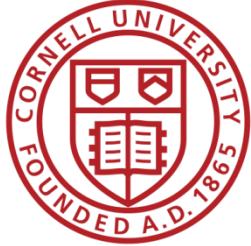
o publicly
ated during

y providing a

l restrictions,

Provide data citations (in manuscript) and data availability statements (in README or appendix)

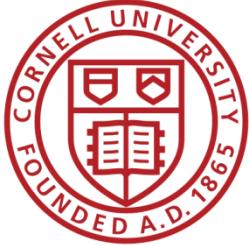
Take-away



Data: Citations, Access, Rights

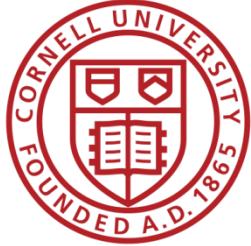
- Any data can be cited – even if you can't download it
- Any data that you accessed ... can have that access be described
 - But caution: It should be such that others can also repeat the access!
- Just because you “have” the data does not mean you can give it to others
 - Also: distinguish between “sharing” and “publishing”
 - Know your terms of use!

Coding for Reproducibility



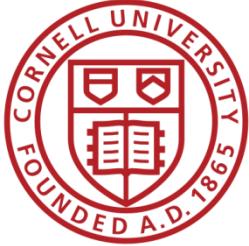
Streamlining replication packages

- Master script preferred
 - Least amount of manual effort
- No manual manipulation
 - “Change the parameter to 0.2,
then run the code again” 
- No manual copying of results
 - Write out/save tables and figures
using packages
 - Compute all numbers in package
- No manual install of packages
 - Use a script to create all
directories, install all necessary
packages/requirements/etc.
- Clear instructions!



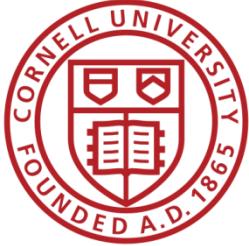
Extreme examples

- Matlab-based simulation
- Real example, 10 figures, 4 panels each
- For Figure 5a, comment line 52, uncomment line 151, run the code, then copy the figure into your document.
- For Figure 5b, comment line 151 again, leave line 52 commented, and change the parameter on line 75 to “3”
-



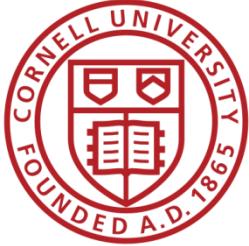
Extreme examples

- Stata-based estimation
- 4 variants
- Run the data creation programs, then copy the data to Folder A
- Copy programs “b.do” and “c.do” from Folder A to Folder B, but modify “c.do” on line 20
- Once done, convert the output from “d.do” to a Matlab file, and run the simulation in Folder B/C
-



Ideal setup

- 1 program to prepare the setup
 - Installs all packages
 - Creates all directories
 - 1 program (or a very small number) that creates the rest
 - Possibly with macros/ ado files/ subroutines
 - Possibly with parameter files that might differ per directory
 - All tables and figures are output programmatically
-
- Setting up can be done in all languages
 - Matlab, Stata, R, Python, Fortran
 - Subroutines exist in all languages
 - You might need to learn how!
 - Ability to output figures and tables (Excel, LaTeX) exist in all languages



How to prepare the replication package

- README
- Now ask an [RA/ colleague/](#)

AEA Data and Code Guidance



AMERICAN
ECONOMIC
ASSOCIATION

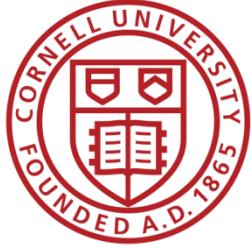
Guidance for authors,
data and code sup-
replicators.

Steps for the Third-party Replicator

- Download the author's replication archive(s) from the designated URL (public, or privately shared)
- Ensure access to any confidential files that are described in the replication archive's README
 - The replicator should consider whether a third-party person not familiar with the original environment could reasonably rely on the instructions in the

That's our Protocol!

- Follow the [checklist](#) to conduct the reproducibility exercise, relying exclusively on the README for instructions and guidance.
- Write a [report](#)
- Send the report to the AEA Data Editor
- Report any interactions with the author in the course of conducting the reproducibility exercise (help, assistance, clarifications)



Tension between access and reproducibility

Current efforts at the AEA

- Pre-emptively improve code archives
 - By conducting reproducibility checks when we can
 - By working with groups that conduct reproducibility checks when we cannot
- Better archives
 - Greater transparency of the code and data archives
- Better provenance tracking
 - Leave code where it is when appropriate
 - Leave data where it is almost always
 - Display that information

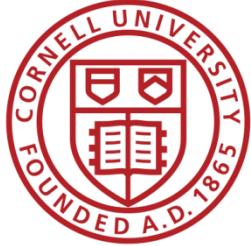


In a nutshell

- 40% use restricted-access data
- 25% use public-use data and are mostly or completely reproducible
- 25% use public-use data and are only partially reproducible
- 10% fail to yield useful results

It's only ½ full

Hey, it's not empty!



Verification services

 **cascad**
*the first certification
agency for scientific
code & data*

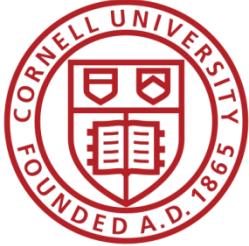
A cascad certification allows researchers to signal the reproducibility nature of their research to their peers



The screenshot shows the homepage of the CASD (Secure Data Hub) website. At the top, there is a navigation bar with a menu icon, the logo "CASD", and links for "PROJETS" and "DONNÉES". Below the header, the text "Secure Data Hub" is displayed next to a network icon. The page lists five project categories with their respective counts:

- Travail, Emploi / 189 projets
- Société, Justice, Éducation / 113 projets
- Économie, Entreprises, Finance / 267 projets
- Environnement, Agriculture / 187 projets
- Santé / 244 projets

The background of the page features a dark purple gradient with a faint, abstract network or data visualization pattern.



Assume we can access the data

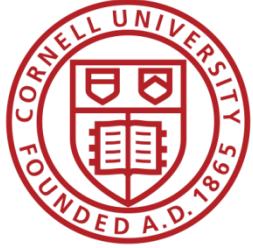
Sometimes we cannot

- We will still check if the code seems complete
- We will still verify that all data that *can* be provided have been provided

Sometimes we can:

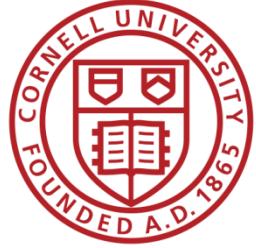
- In the past 6 months, we have worked with
 - French, Brazilian, and US confidential admin data
 - Purchased commercial data (Twitter, Indian GDP)
 - Proprietary data under NDA/DUA (Ebay)
 - Data with application procedure (Chinese Panel, Demographic and Health Survey, European establishment data)
 - Remotely or locally

The role for
journals



Goal: Transportability

Any standards, tools, methods: must be transportable across journals (no custom solutions)



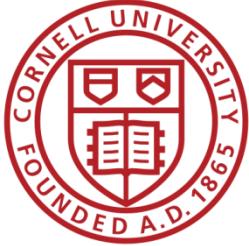
Social science “guild”



[https://
social-science
-data-editors.
github.io/
guidance/](https://social-science-data-editors.github.io/guidance/)

Thank you!

<https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.3662906>



Some resources

- <https://social-science-data-editors.github.io/guidance/>
- <https://aeadataeditor.github.io/aea-de-guidance/>
 - template README
 - discussion of licensing
 - data citation guidance
- German example:
 - Establishment History Panel (BHP) DOI: [10.5164/IAB.BHP7516.de.en.v1](https://doi.org/10.5164/IAB.BHP7516.de.en.v1)
- French verification service “cascad” within French RDC CASD
 - <https://www.casd.eu/en/le-centre-dacces-securise-aux-donnees-casd/certification-de-resultats-casad-casd/>

