

What was happening during the life of Claude Monet?

What

Historical Timeline

Who

1851 – 52 – Sewing machine, Elevator (Elisha Otis)	1804 – 1849 – Johann Strauss
1857 – Germ theory of disease	1833 – 1897 – Johannes Brahms
1864 – Pasteurization invented, Tolstoy War and Peace	1833 – 1896 – Alfred Nobel
1867 – 69 – Nobel invents dynamite, Strauss Blue Danube Waltz, Suez Canal opens	
1870 – Franco – Prussian War	1840 – 1893 – Pyotr Tchaikovsky
1873 – 75 – Tolstoy Anna Karenina, Alexander G. Bell invents telephone.	
1876 – Tchaikovsky Swan Lake	1853 – 1890 – Vincent van Gogh
1880 – 81 – Edison’s electric light, Red Cross founded	1869 – 1948 – Mahatma Gandhi
1882 – 84 – R.L. Stevenson Treasure Island, Mark Twain Huckleberry Finn	
1884 - 85 – Chinese – French War	1879 – 1953 – Joseph Stalin
1886 – Statue of Liberty dedicated	1879 – 1955 – Albert Einstein
1889 – Eiffel Tower opens.	1882 – 1945 – F.D. Roosevelt
1891 – Zipper invented	1893 – Ford’s first automobile, Sprague invents Electric Trolley
1896 – Marconi invents the radio, First modern Olympic games (Athens, Greece)	
1898 – H.G. Wells War of the Worlds	1883 – 1945 – Benito Mussolini
1900 – Olympics in Paris	1887 – 1975 – Chiang Kai-Shek
1903 – First powered flight by the Wright Bros.	1902 – 1974 – Charles Lindbergh
1904 - 1914 – Panama Canal construction	1905 – Einstein’s Theory of Relativity
1909 – Peary reaches the North Pole	1910 – First Father’s Day
1912 – Titanic sinks, First Charlie Chaplin movies.	1915 – Sonar developed
1914 – 1917 – The Great War (WWI)	1917 – 1963 – John F. Kennedy
1918 – Formation of WWI countries, Daylight Savings introduced, Worldwide influenza epidemic.	
1919 – Rutherford splits the atom.	

labELbrass.com

What was happening during the life of Claude Monet?

What

Historical Timeline

Who

1851 – 52 – Sewing machine, Elevator (Elisha Otis)	1804 – 1849 – Johann Strauss
1857 – Germ theory of disease	1833 – 1897 – Johannes Brahms
1864 – Pasteurization invented, Tolstoy War and Peace	1833 – 1896 – Alfred Nobel
1867 – 69 – Nobel invents dynamite, Strauss Blue Danube Waltz, Suez Canal opens	
1870 – Franco – Prussian War	1840 – 1893 – Pyotr Tchaikovsky
1873 – 75 – Tolstoy Anna Karenina, Alexander G. Bell invents telephone.	
1876 – Tchaikovsky Swan Lake	1853 – 1890 – Vincent van Gogh
1880 – 81 – Edison’s electric light, Red Cross founded	1869 – 1948 – Mahatma Gandhi
1882 – 84 – R.L. Stevenson Treasure Island, Mark Twain Huckleberry Finn	
1884 - 85 – Chinese – French War	1879 – 1953 – Joseph Stalin
1886 – Statue of Liberty dedicated	1879 – 1955 – Albert Einstein
1889 – Eiffel Tower opens.	1882 – 1945 – F.D. Roosevelt
1891 – Zipper invented	1893 – Ford’s first automobile, Sprague invents Electric Trolley
1896 – Marconi invents the radio, First modern Olympic games (Athens, Greece)	
1898 – H.G. Wells War of the Worlds	1883 – 1945 – Benito Mussolini
1900 – Olympics in Paris	1887 – 1975 – Chiang Kai-Shek
1903 – First powered flight by the Wright Bros.	1902 – 1974 – Charles Lindbergh
1904 - 1914 – Panama Canal construction	1905 – Einstein’s Theory of Relativity
1909 – Peary reaches the North Pole	1910 – First Father’s Day
1912 – Titanic sinks, First Charlie Chaplin movies.	1915 – Sonar developed
1914 – 1917 – The Great War (WWI)	1917 – 1963 – John F. Kennedy
1918 – Formation of WWI countries, Daylight Savings introduced, Worldwide influenza epidemic.	
1919 – Rutherford splits the atom.	

labELbrass.com



Claude Monet

What Do You Remember?

1. Monet lived comfortably off the sale of his paintings all his life. T or F ?
_____.
2. Who modeled most often for Monet? _____.
3. What French artists became Monet's friends? _____.
4. Name the piece of art that inspired the title "Impressionism"?
_____.
5. What about his spiritual life? _____

_____.

Water Lilies, c. 1897

labELbrass.com



Claude Monet

What Do You Remember?

1. Monet lived comfortably off the sale of his paintings all his life. T or F ?
_____.
2. Who modeled most often for Monet? _____.
3. What French artists became Monet's friends? _____.
4. Name the piece of art that inspired the title "Impressionism"?
_____.
5. What about his spiritual life? _____

_____.

Water Lilies, c. 1897

labELbrass.com

Claude Monet

Quiz Answers

1. F. Poverty was constantly harassing him when he was first starting out. Only later in his life did he earn enough to live comfortably.
2. Wives, children, stepchildren. Poverty kept him from paying for other models.
3. Eugène Boudin, Édouard Manet, Pierre-Auguste Renoir, Frédéric Bazille and Alfred Sisley. John Constable and Joseph Turner, Edgar Degas.

4. *Impression, Sunrise*, 1872.

5. From: http://www.monetartprints.net/monet_biography.html :

"By the time his was sixteen, in 1856, most of the traits that were to make Monet a great painter were evident. He was not religious and had little faith in anything that was not drawn from direct experience.

'...by enlarging your knowledge of things, you will find your knowledge of self enlarged.' - Claude Monet

Before his death in December, Monet told his family that he wanted a simple funeral, with no religious service and no flowers. He said, 'Above all, remember I want neither flowers nor wreaths. Those are vain honors. It would be a sacrilege to plunder the flowers of my garden for an occasion such as this.'

Throughout his life, Monet defined his art as a means to express his harmony with the natural world.

"All I did," he said, "was to look at what the universe showed me, to let my brush bear witness to it."

The Magpie, 1868-1869

labELbrass.com

Claude Monet

Quiz Answers

1. F. Poverty was constantly harassing him when he was first starting out. Only later in his life did he earn enough to live comfortably.
2. Wives, children, stepchildren. Poverty kept him from paying for other models.
3. Eugène Boudin, Édouard Manet, Pierre-Auguste Renoir, Frédéric Bazille and Alfred Sisley. John Constable and Joseph Turner, Edgar Degas.

4. *Impression, Sunrise*, 1872.

5. From: http://www.monetartprints.net/monet_biography.html :

"By the time his was sixteen, in 1856, most of the traits that were to make Monet a great painter were evident. He was not religious and had little faith in anything that was not drawn from direct experience.

'...by enlarging your knowledge of things, you will find your knowledge of self enlarged.' - Claude Monet

Before his death in December, Monet told his family that he wanted a simple funeral, with no religious service and no flowers. He said, 'Above all, remember I want neither flowers nor wreaths. Those are vain honors. It would be a sacrilege to plunder the flowers of my garden for an occasion such as this.'

Throughout his life, Monet defined his art as a means to express his harmony with the natural world.

"All I did," he said, "was to look at what the universe showed me, to let my brush bear witness to it."

The Magpie, 1868-1869

labELbrass.com