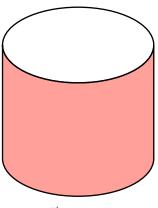
# **GROUP PROJECT 2.1, FLAVOR A**

Some Group

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 $12 \, \mathrm{km} \, \lim_{x \to 0}^{\mathrm{wut}}$ 

- 1. (3 points) one
  - (a) (Extra, no) two
    - i. (1 point) three

#### what

User Manual

#### Math

Formatting math equations is probably the reason you are here. Unlike LaTex, math in Typst is simple.

For "block" or "display" math, leave a space or newline between the dollar sign and the equations.

$$$E = m c^2 $$$

$$E = mc^2 (1)$$

Documented are built-in math functions and symbols

### **Numbering and Referencing Equations**

Note that you must enable equation numbering to reference equations, which is set by this template.

```
\rm e^{(i~pi)} = -1 #<euler> e^{i\pi} = -1 \eqno(2) $\text{Geuler is Euler's identity.} \text{Equation 2} is Euler's identity. This is the same thing.} $$ thing.
```

## **Extra Math Symbols and Functions**

The physica package provides additional math symbols and functions.

$$\begin{array}{ll} \$ \mathsf{A} \char`^+ \mathsf{T}, \ \mathsf{curl} \ \mathsf{vb}(\mathsf{E}) = - \ \mathsf{pdv}(\mathsf{vb}(\mathsf{B}), \ \mathsf{t}) \$ & A^\mathsf{T}, \nabla \times E = -\frac{\partial B}{\partial t} \\ \$ \mathsf{tensor}(\mathsf{Lambda}, \mathsf{+mu}, \mathsf{-nu}) = \ \mathsf{dmat}(\mathsf{1}, \mathsf{RR}) \$ & \Lambda^\mu_{\ \nu} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ \mathbb{R} \end{pmatrix} \\ \$ \mathsf{f}(\mathsf{x}, \mathsf{y}) \ \mathsf{dd}(\mathsf{x}, \mathsf{y}) \$ & f(x, y) \, \mathsf{d}x \, \mathsf{d}y \end{array}$$

It is imported in this template.

## **Units and Quantities**

Although no as common as in physics, we do sometimes need to use units and quantities. This template uses the metro package for this purpose. If you prefer, you can also use the unify package.

Other helps: introduction, getting-started, setup, author, drawing, question, solution, caveats.