

Probability: Key Terms

Term	Definition	Formula / Notation / Example
<i>Random</i>	Occurring with _____ possible outcomes.	
<i>Probability</i>	The likelihood of some particular _____ occurring. Between _____.	*
<i>Sample Space</i>	The set of all _____ for an experiment, where one and only one must occur.	
<i>Event Space</i>	A subset of the _____ describing an outcome (or outcomes) of interest.	
<i>Uniform Sample Space</i>	A sample space where all outcomes are _____.	
<i>Impossible event</i>	An event with _____. Will _____.	
<i>Certain event</i>	An event with _____. Will _____.	
<i>Complementary events</i>	The complement _____ is the event that _____.	
<i>Relative Frequency</i>	An _____ measure of an event's occurrences, used to approximate probability.	
<i>Multi-stage experiment</i>	An experiment which can be broken down into a _____.	
<i>Tree Diagram</i>	A visual way of depicting the _____ of a _____.	
<i>Word</i>	Any arrangement of _____.	
<i>Set</i>	A collection of things called _____ or _____. Can be finite or infinite	
<i>The empty set</i>	The set with _____. Written as _____.	
<i>Intersection (____)</i>	The intersection of sets A and B contains all the elements belonging to _____	
<i>Union (____)</i>	The union of sets A and B contains all the elements belonging to _____	
<i>Subset</i>	The set A whose members all belong to some set B is a _____.	
<i>Universal Set</i>	The set containing everything under discussion _____.	
<i>Set Complement</i>	All the members of the universal set _____ which are not members of A belong to _____.	