API Documentation

THE API

Welcome to the LaciCloud API documentation. In this tutorial, you will learn how to issue commands to your account using just an API key and how to program applications using our API.

LaciCloud API is an *full json REST-less API*, which uses parameters sent via POST to communicate with the server. It returns a JSON string as response:

{"ID":[msg_id], "MSG":"[error_message]", "Success":[true/false]}

Error ID's and messages will be discussed later.

This is a type 1 API call.

There are type 2, API calls which return a JSON string, but different than the one returned by type 1, for example getuservalues:

{"ftp_space_user_has":6626,"bitcoin_paid":12.701929740039,"first_time_boolean":"1","api_key

":"c308dc58364b38c9bdc309c0579667e1770a6999d3ba5d5b812cd0ee27f29f7d","limit":496,"id":34}

Here is a list of API calls and their types:

Action	Туре
addftpuser	1
removeftpuser	1
regenerateapikey	1
getuservalues	2
getftpuservalues	2
getftpuserslist	2
getftpusersusedspace	2
getftpusersvirtuallyusedspace	2
canchangetotier	2
gettierinfo	2
getusedbandwidth	2
getwebhostingvalues	2
resetwebhostingmysql	1
resetwebhostingperms	1
addwebhostingenv	1
getusercount	2

All API POST requests must contain the parameter 'api_key' and 'action'. Your API key can be found by logging into to the LaciCloud UI. The 'action' parameter is equal to the name row, but we will go over those now.

Now we will go over each action and the required parameters. addftpuser: Create's an FTP user. Parameters: ftp_username – the name of the FTP user to be created (ex user) ftp_password – password of the ftp user, can be empty only If not a master account, but must be set (ex secretpassword11) ftp space – how much space user will have (ex 100) ftp_space_currency – specifies what currency the ftp_space parameter is to be handled in (mb/gb/tb) starting_directory – the directory of the FTP user (ex /user) Example request (POST Data): api_key=[api_key]&action=addftpuser&ftp_username=user&ftp_password=secretpassword1&ftp_spac e=100&ftp_space_currency=mb&starting_directory=/user Example response: {"ID":31, "MSG":"Successfully created FTP user!", "Success": true} removeftpuser Removes an FTP user. Parameters: ftp_username - the name of the FTP user to remove Example request (POST Data): api_key=[api_key]&action=removeftpuser&ftp_username=user Example response: {"ID":32, "MSG":"Successfully removed FTP user!", "Success": true} regenerateapikey Regenerates your API key. Parameters: none Example request (POST Data): api_key=[api_key]&action=regeneratapikey Example response:

```
{"ID":35, "MSG":"Successfully regenerated API key!", "Success": true}

getuservalues

Outputs a JSON array of all user values, such as total FTP space and user limits.
```

Example request (POST Data):

api_key=[api_key]&action=getuservalues

Example response:

Parameters:

none

```
{"ftp_space_user_has":6626,"bitcoin_paid":12.701929740039,"first_time_boolean":"1","api_key
":"c308dc58364b38c9bdc309c0579667e1770a6999d3ba5d5b812cd0ee27f29f7d","limit":496,"id":34}
```

On error it will output a default ID, MSG, Success JSON string.

getftpusersvalues

Will return a JSON array of every FTP user's (in your account) quota, home directory, and FTP space.

Parameters:

none

Example request (POST Data):

api_key=[api_key]&action=getftpusersvalues

Example response:

```
[\{"user":"user","home":"\var\ftp\users\34\user","quota":100\}]
```

On error it will output a default ID, MSG, Success JSON string.

getftpuserslist

If you only need to get the names of all the FTP users (in your account) in a JSON string, use this.

Parameters:

none

Example request (POST Data):

api_key=[api_key]&action=getftpuserslist

Example response:

```
["user","user1"]
```

getftpusersusedspace

Get the true (= actually used on server) total space in MB used by all your FTP users in your
account.
Parameters:
none
Example request (POST Data):
api_key=[api_key]&action=getftpusersused
space
Example response:
3351
getftpusersvirtuallyusedspace
Get the virtual (= not actually used on server) total space in MB used by all your FTP users in
your account.
Parameters:
none
Example request (POST Data):
api_key=[api_key]&action=getftpusersvirtu
allyusedspace
Example response:
8192
canchangetotier
Tests if you can change to specified tier.
Parameters:
tier (1, 2 or 3)
Example request (POST Data):
api_key=[api_key]&action=canchangetotier
&tier=1
Example response:
{"ID":28,"MSG":"You can change to this tier if you wish Yay!","Success":true}

gettierinfo

Parameters:

Example request (POST Data):

Example response:

api_key=[api_key]&action=getwebhostingvalues

none

Returns array of tier data including; FTP space, FTP users, down/up limits, monthly cost, short
description, bandwidth limit, and whether that tier has access to webhosting functions.
Parameters:
tier (1, 2 or 3)
Example request (POST Data):
api_key=[api_key]&action=gettierinfo&tier
=1
Example response:
[250000,125,32768,4096," - 25\u20ac \/ Month - For Expert Users", 2000000, true]
In this case, 250000 refers to FTP space in MB, 125 to the FTP users, 32768 kilobit per second for upload limit, 8192 kilobit per second for download limit, a short description including price (Use regex to extract), the bandwidth limit in MB, 2000000MB, and whether that tier has access to webhosting functions, in this case yes (true). This is for tier 3.
getusedbandwidth
Returns the used bandwidth of the LaciCloud account in megabytes.
Parameters:
none
Example request (POST Data):
api_key=[api_key]&action=getusedbandwidth
Example response: 375
getwebhostingvalues
Returns an array of webhosting values, such as sitename (without .lacicloud.net), mysql host, mysql username and mysql_password

```
{"sitename":"laci","mysql_host":"localhost","mysql_username":"0a79539059876478","mysql_passwo
rd":"cc1bb2c6416d598c4b89848e29839e1e"}
addwebhostingenv
Adds a new webhosting environment for a tier 2 or 3 user, provided the account does not yet have one.
Parameters:
sitename – the name of the subdomain you want
Example request (POST Data):
api_key=[api_key]&action=addwebhostingenv&sitename=laci
Example response:
       {"ID":50,"MSG":"Successfully added webhosting environment!","Success":true}
resetwebhostingmysql
Resets the MySql password for your MySql user.
Parameters:
none
Example request (POST Data):
api_key=[api_key]&action=resetwebhostingmysql
Example response:
        {"ID":52,"MSG":"Successfully reset MySql password on webhosting environment!","Success":true}
resetwebhostingperms
Resets the permissions on the account's webhosting environment.
Parameters:
none
Example request (POST Data):
api_key=[api_key]&action=resetwebhostingperms
Example response:
        {"ID":51,"MSG":"Successfully reset permissions on webhosting environment!","Success":true}
getusercount
Get's how many users LaciCloud has.
Parameters:
```

none

Example request (POST Data):

api_key=[api_key]&action=getusercount

Example response:

100

Now we will go over the different error codes and messages that can be returned by the API.

MESSAGES

Here is a table that you can use in your application.

Can be returned by	ID	MSG	Success
Everything (even type 2 calls)	1	DB/SQL/Internal error	false
		Error validating FTP user	
addftpuser	31	info	false
additpasei			Tuise
addftpuser	32	Successfully created FTP	true
		user	
removeftpuser	33	Couldn't remove FTP	false
		user	
removeftpuser	34	Successfully removed	true
		FTP user	
regenerateapikey	39	Successfully regenerated	True
		API key	
		Successfully added	
addwebhostingenv	50	webhosting environment	true
		Sitename already exists or	
addwahhastingany	48	is not in valid	False
addwebhostingenv	48	alphanumeric format	raise
		User already has a subdomain or tier is not	
addwebhostingenv	54	sufficient for this function	False
add treation tingent		Successfully reset MySql	1 0.00
resetwebhostingmysql	52	credentials	True
0 /		User does not have a	
		subdomain or tier is not	
resetwebhostingmysql	54	sufficient for this function	False
		Successfully reset	
resetwebhostingperms	51	permissions	True

		User does not have a subdomain or tier is not	
resetwebhostingperms	54	sufficient for this function	False
API	43, 44		false
		API key Is wrong (43),	
		Not enough parameters	
		for API (44)	

Example: {"ID":32, "MSG":"Successfully created FTP user!", "Success": true}

Don't forget to always check for ID 1. Best is to check for success code, and error out if returned code is not the success code. You can also take the MSG field from the JSON return and display that to your user. All other messages are non-messages (so just values returned, for example; **getftpusersusedspace**, **getusedbandwidth**).

If you have any issues with the API, you can contact us.