

Computer
Vision

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Introduction to Computer Vision

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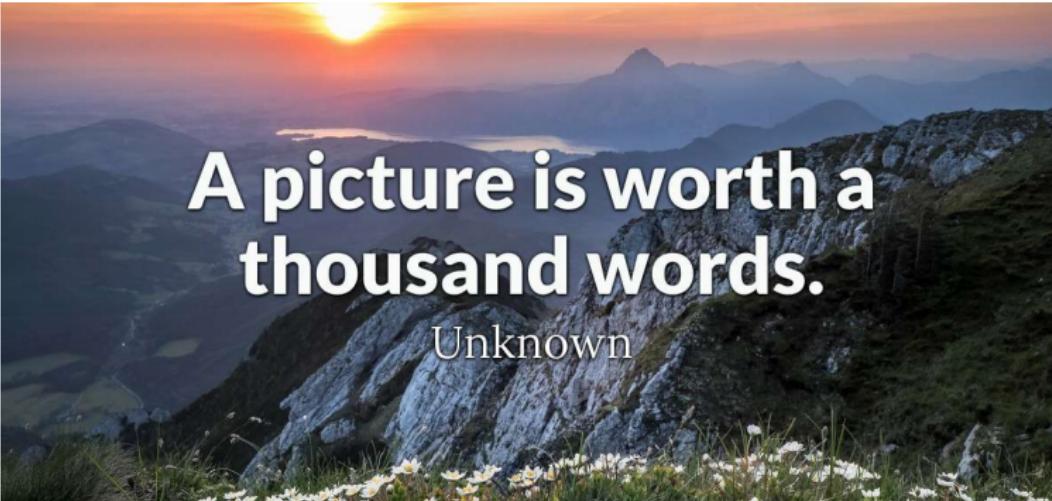
Today:

- What is computer vision?
- Course overview
- Evaluations

What is Computer Vision?

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A picture is worth a thousand words.

Unknown

 BrainyQuote®

What is Computer Vision?

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- Every image tells a story

What is Computer Vision?

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- Every image tells a story
- Goal of computer vision: perceive the “story” behind the picture

What is Computer Vision?

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- Goal of computer vision: perceive the “story” behind the picture
- Computer = máy tính, Vision = Thị giác (Nhìn)

Humans see this:



But, the computer sees this:

125	14	124	123	220	111	234	185	231
84	110	151	245	255	0	151	15	156
151	121	180	95	74	122	152	151	150
151	156	30	35	80	95	135	140	139
125	14	124	123	220	111	234	185	231
151	121	180	95	74	122	152	151	150
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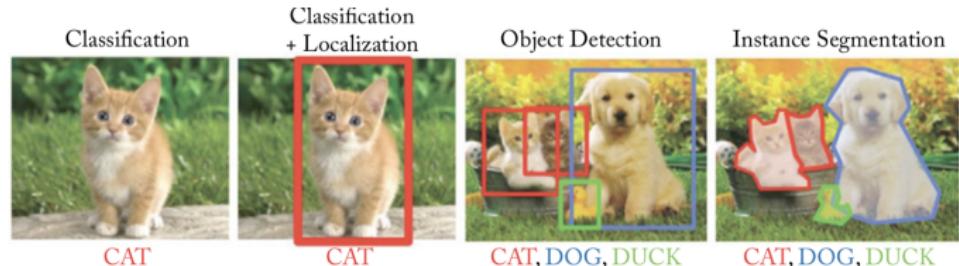
- Computer Vision = Thị giác máy tính = Làm máy tính "nhìn" và "hiểu" thông tin từ hình ảnh như chúng ta

Application of Computer Vision

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What do we want computers to do with the image data?



content image



Ancient city of Persepolis

style image



The Starry Night (Van Gogh)

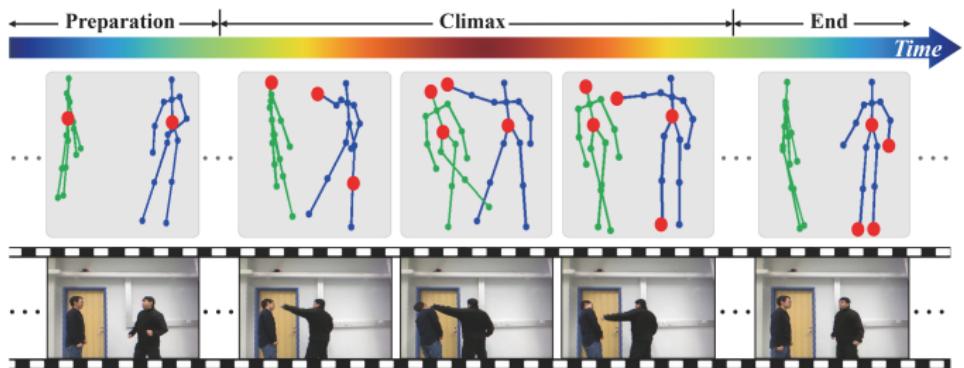
generated image



Persepolis
in Van Gogh style

Application of Computer Vision

CV with video:



Application of Computer Vision

From 2D to 3D



Image processing vs Computer Vision

- Giống nhau: Input đều là ảnh/video
 - Khác nhau:
 - 1 Mục đích
 - Image processing: Cải thiện chất lượng ảnh (denoise, deblur, contrast, super resolution...)
 - Computer vision: Tìm hiểu nội dung ảnh (image content), như ảnh chụp cái gì, đối tượng trong ảnh là gì/làm gì/ở đâu hoặc đưa ra được các kết luận/quyết định.

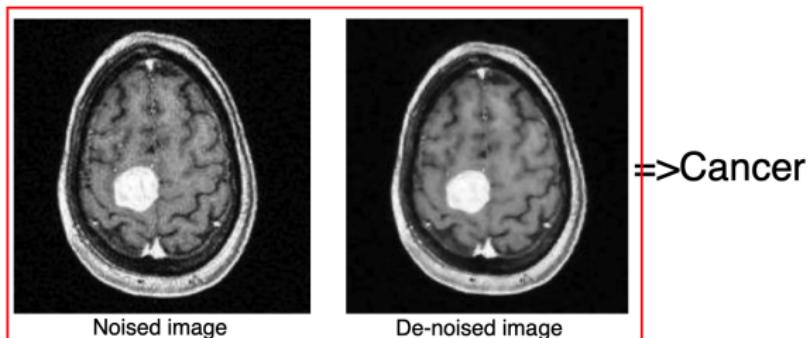
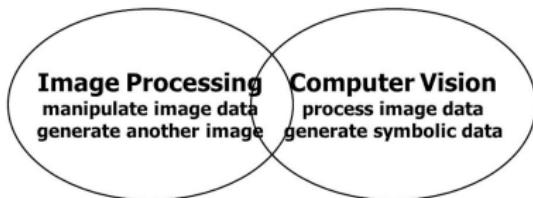


Image processing vs Computer Vision

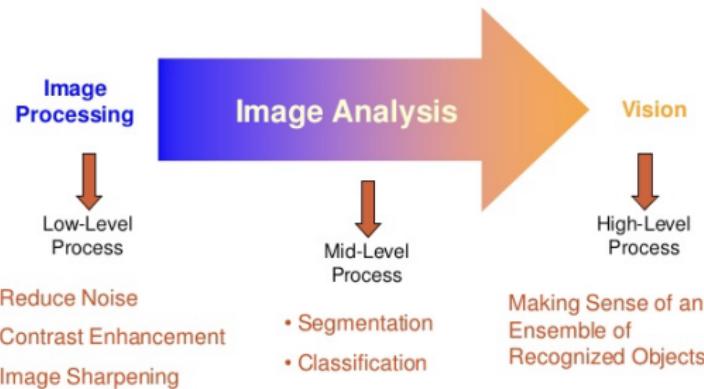
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2. Đầu ra (Output):



3. Mức độ xử lý:



Why USE computer vision?

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- Slower => Faster,
- Expensive =>Cheaper
- Manual => Automated
- Difficult=> Easy
- Inconvenient =>Convenient,
- Unscalable => Scalable.

Why USE computer vision?

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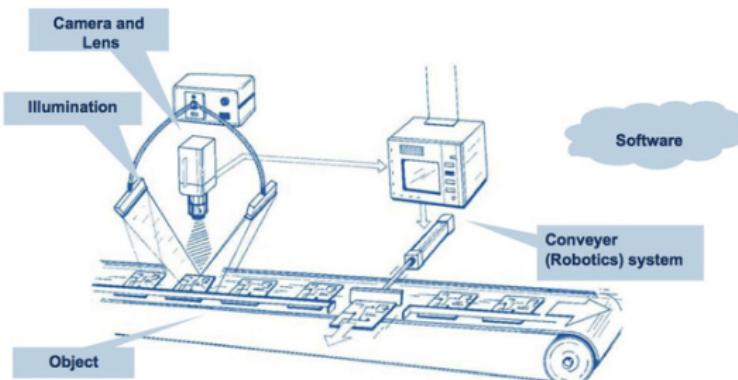
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Why USE computer vision?

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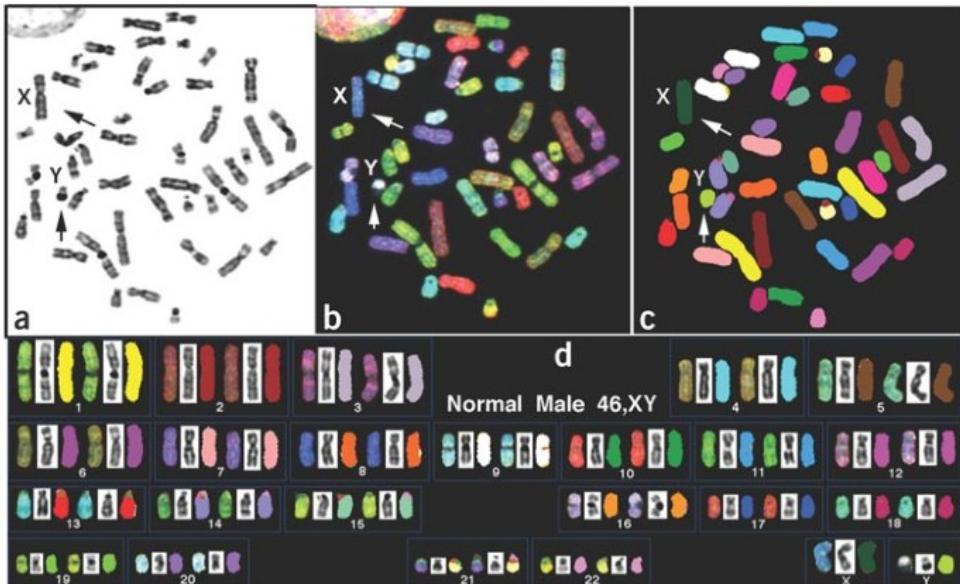
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Why USE computer vision?

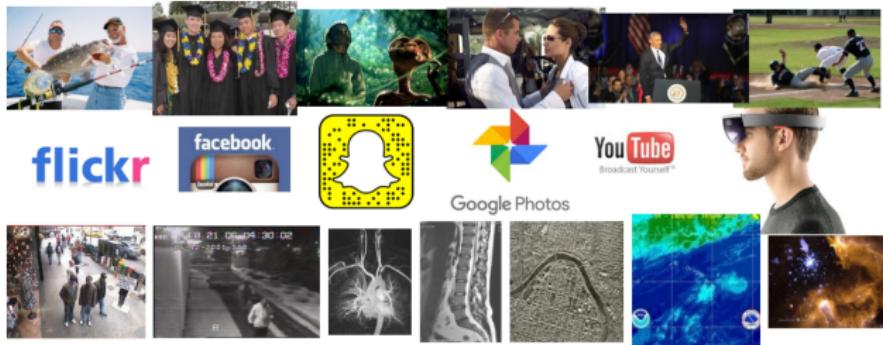
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Why study computer vision?

- Billions of images/videos captured/uploaded/shared per day



- Core of multiple AI systems

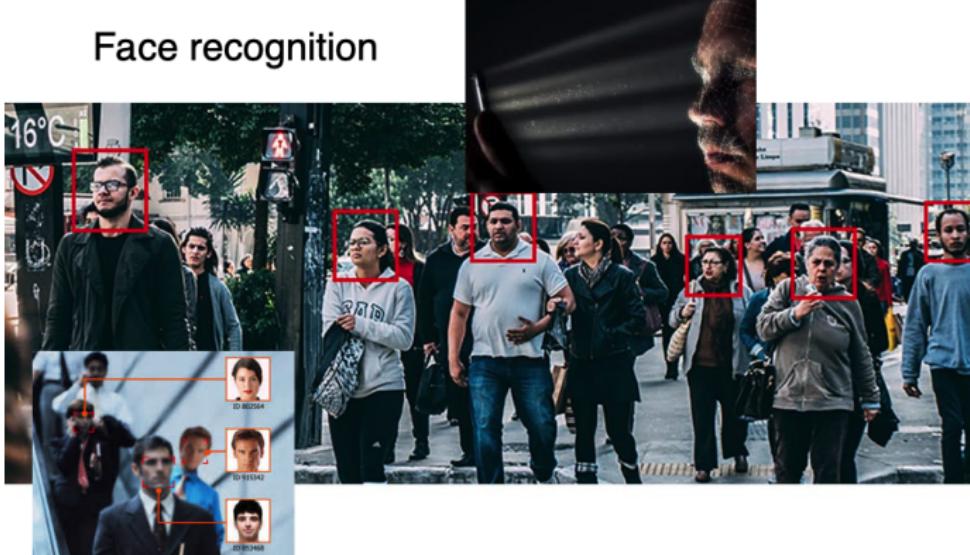
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Core of multiple AI systems

Face recognition

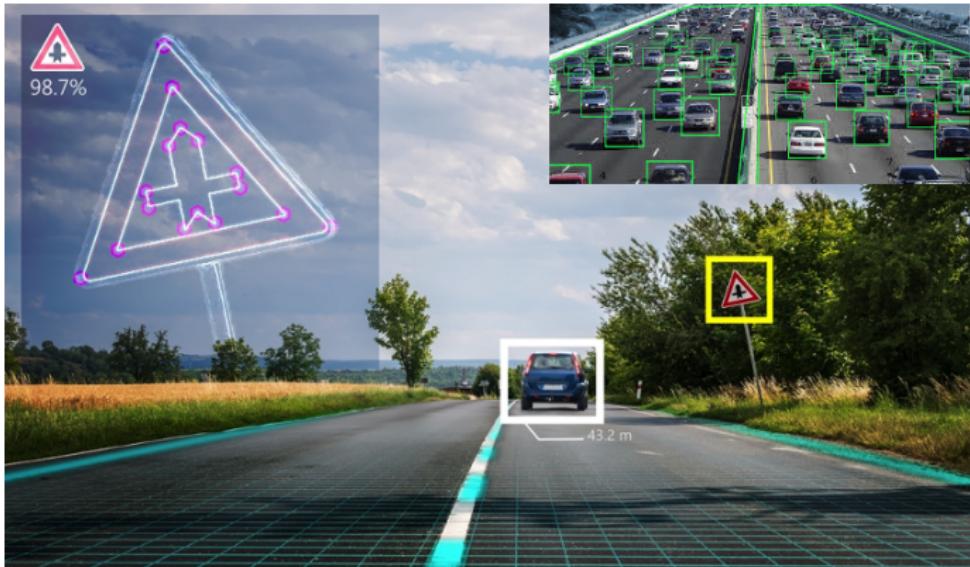


Why study computer vision?

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Core of multiple AI systems



Why study computer vision?

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Core of multiple AI systems



Current state of machine vision

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- Thousand of CV applications are proposed less than 5 years old
- Very active research area, and rapidly changing
- Deep learning powering many modern applications
- CV is still core of AI and VR system in futures

Challenge of Computer vision ?

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Why is computer vision difficult?



Viewpoint variation



Illumination



Scale

Challenge of Computer vision ?

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Why is computer vision difficult?



Intra-class variation



Motion (Source: S. Lazebnik)



Background clutter



Occlusion

Challenge of Computer vision ?

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But there are lots of cues we can exploit...

- BIGDATA
- Hardware computation tool
- Fund

How the Computer Vision systems work?

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- Teaching => Learning => Learning from "known"
- Dạy máy tính phân biệt đúng/sai (có/không) từ cái đã biết
- So sánh ảnh đầu vào với các bức ảnh máy đã biết (ảnh đó chụp cái gì/ đối tượng trong ảnh đang ở đâu, làm gì...)
- Ảnh đầu vào sẽ có thông tin giống với ảnh nó tương tự nhất

Examples

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Examples

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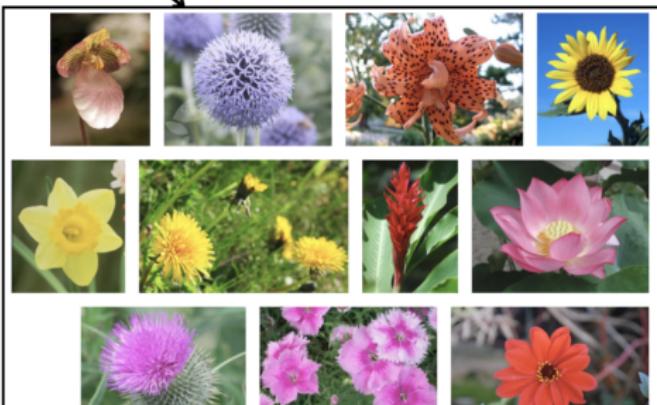
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Learning = Comparing !!!



Compare

Database



tất cả các loại hoa
trong cơ sở dữ liệu ta
đều biết tên



Comparing 2 images: challenging problems?

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- Different size/resolution
- Different viewpoint/pose
- Different light condition
- Occlusion (Che khuất)
- Intra class variation
- Inter class variation

Challenge

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Examples from VERI-Wild dataset

Challenge

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(a). The horse are captures at different scales and poses.



(b). Light conditions change.

(c). Deformation



(d). Occlusion

(e). Background cluster

Examples of horse images (animal classification dataset)

Challenge

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Intra-class variation (ảnh thuộc cùng 1 class nhưng khác nhau) + **Inter-class variation** (ảnh thuộc các class khác nhau nhưng trông lại giống nhau)

Comparing 2 images: challenging problems?

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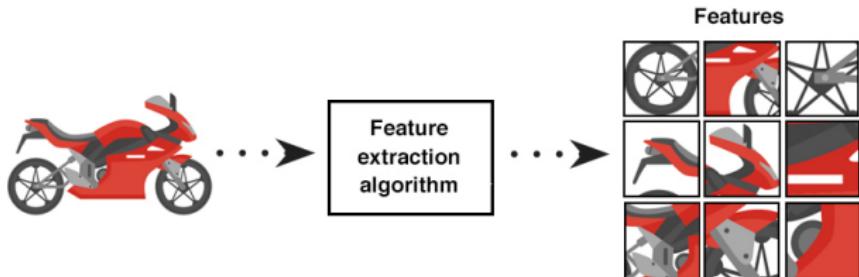
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**Không thể so sánh trực tiếp 2 ảnh \Rightarrow So sánh dựa trên
đặc điểm /đặc trưng trong ảnh**

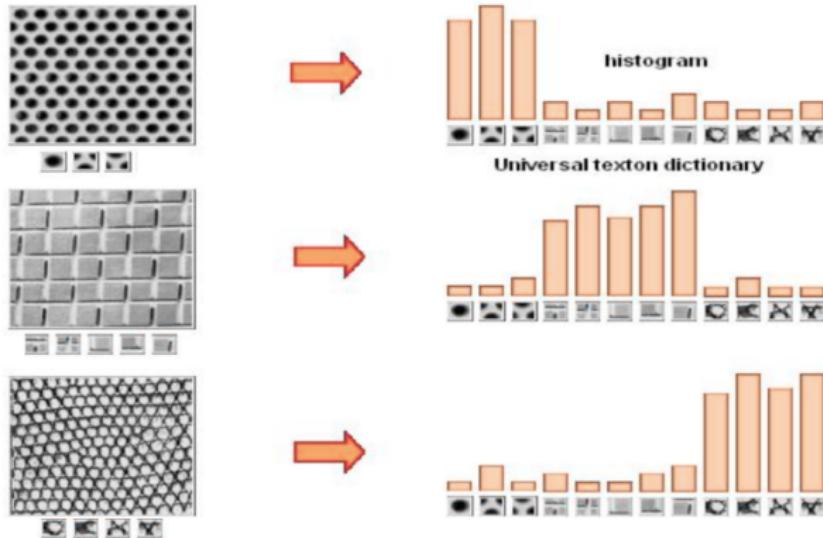
Đặc trưng ảnh

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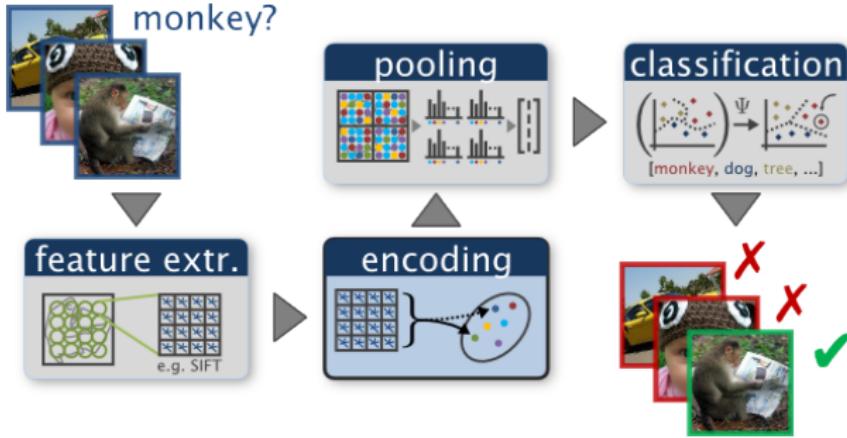
Minh họa đặc trưng ảnh



So sánh sự tương tự giữa các ảnh bằng cách so sánh các đặc trưng (features) của chúng!

CV pipeline

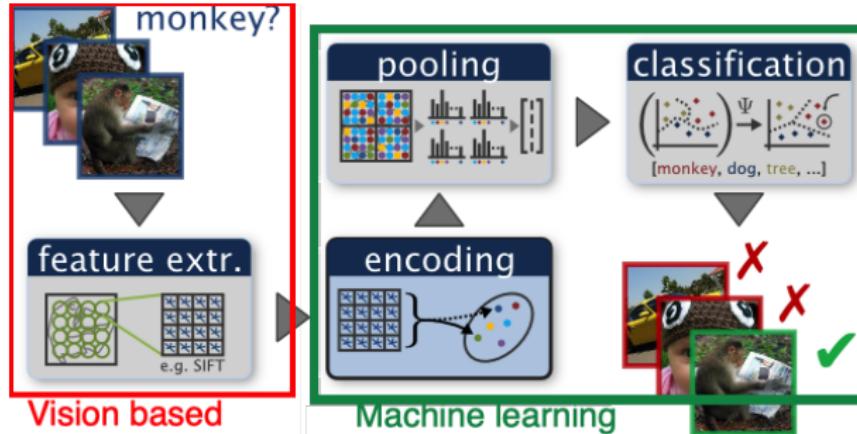
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Mô phỏng ý tưởng của bài toán phân loại ảnh trong thị giác máy

Course overview

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Objective of course

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What you will learn:

- Understand main ideal of computer vision problem
- Know how to solve basic CV problem
- Run a basic CV algorithms (recognition, tracking, segmentation)
- Custom your own computer vision application

What you will NOT learning:

- How computer vision works
- How neural networks or deep-learning work and design.

Contents of course

- 1 Introduction
- 2 Image Visual Features
- 3 Basic machine learning algorithms
- 4 Object classification and recognition
- 5 Deep learning
- 6 Object Detection
- 7 Object Tracking
- 8 Segmentation
- 9 Face recognition
- 10 Final Project

Contents of course

- 1 Làm quen với Python, Google Colab
- 2 Làm quen với ảnh và một số thư viện xử lý ảnh (python)
- 3 Lab1: Image features
- 4 Lab2: Image classification using basic machine learning algorithms
- 5 Lab3: Deep-learning
- 6 Lab4: Using pre-trained model
- 7 Lab5: Customize one application step by step

Evaluations

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- 1 Giữa kỳ: Làm bài tập thực hành (=> viết báo cáo kết quả)
- 2 Cuối kỳ: Làm project cuối khoá (mỗi nhóm tối đa 3 bạn, tìm hiểu về chủ đề tự chọn): hoàn thiện 1 ứng dụng CV