## ECE 458

## Development Guide

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**Project Overview:** The purpose of our project is to create a web inventory tracking system for the Duke ECE department. We built our web app using Django with a Postgresql database. The application is running on an Apache webserver on an Ubuntu virtual machine provided by Duke OIT.

**Link:** https://colab-sbx-379.oit.duke.edu/

**High-Level Design:** Our project uses the standard Django project architecture, with three applications: home, manager, and administration. Each app has a few main files:

- models.py: Specifies the persistent models which Django translates into Postgresql tables
- views.py: A set of Python functions that take Web requests and return Web responses
- urls.py: The URL declarations for the project; a "table of contents" of the site

These files, in addition to html templates for the different pages, control the behavior of the application.

**Front End**: We use Django's built-in html templates to serve html to the client. Within our front-end, we use bootstrap components for many of our tables, forms, buttons, and lists. We also use some in-line javascript code for interactive UI components such as autocomplete fields.

**ReST API:** We used the Django Rest Framework to implement a ReST API to achieve the same functionality as available in the web application.

**Database Schema:** The database schema is as follow:

Item(<u>id</u>, item\_name, count, model\_number, description, is\_asset, minimum\_stock) Asset(<u>id</u>, item\_name, asset\_tag)

Tag(id, tag)

Tags have a many-to-many relationship with Items

Request(<u>id</u>, owner, item\_id, reason, admin\_comment, quantity, status, parent\_cart)

Requests have a many-to-one relationship with Items

Requests have a many-to-one relationship with Cart Requests

Cart Request(id, cart owner, cart reason, cart admin comment, cart status)

CustomFieldEntry(<u>id</u>, field\_name, is\_private, value\_type)

CustomFieldEntries have a one-to-many relationship with CustomShortTextFields,

CustomLongTextFields, CustomIntFields, and CustomFloatField

CustomShortTextField(id, parent item, field name, field value)

CustomLongTextField(<u>id</u>, parent\_item, field\_name, field\_value)

CustomIntField(<u>id</u>, parent\_item, field\_name, field\_value)
CustomFloatField(<u>id</u>, parent\_item, field\_name, field\_value)
Log(<u>id</u>, initiating\_user, involved\_item, nature, timestamp, related\_request, affected\_user)
Logs have implicit relationships with Users, Items, and Cart\_Requests
User(<u>id</u>, username, email, password)

**Development Environment:** The technology versions used for development are specified below:

Django 1.10.5 Python 3.4.3 Postgresql 9.3 Ubuntu 14.04

A development environment can be configured on an Ubuntu machine by installing the above programs and cloning our project:

### Install required python, postgresql, apache packages

sudo apt-get update sudo apt-get install python3-pip sudo apt-get install libpq-dev sudo apt-get install postgresql postgresql-contrib sudo apt-get install git sudo pip3 install virtualenv

### Now clone the project git clone https://github.com/lad-47/inventory-project.git

cd inventory-project cd mysite

virtualenv mysiteenv ###virtualenv -p python3 mysiteenv if default is python 2 (check python ###--version first)

source mysiteenv/bin/activate

pip install -r requirements.txt

### Set up database sudo -i -u postgres createdb inventory ### Switch back to main user (bitnami for Duke VMs) su - bitnami

## sudo service postgresql restart

cd inventory-project cd mysite source mysiteenv/bin/activate python manage.py makemigrations python manage.py migrate

python manage.py createsuperuser python manage.py collectstatic

For full details on how to expand your development environment to deploy to a secure Apache server, please refer to our Deployment Guide.