Simulation Results

Simulation: Constant linear preferential sampling

Inference: BESP (24 epochs – frequency-defined)

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1 Convergence

1.1 Constant-size

100/100 simulations converged with ESS of all parameters > 200.

1.2 Bottleneck

100/100 simulations converged with ESS of all parameters > 200.

1.3 Boom-bust

100/100 simulations converged with ESS of all parameters > 200.

1.4 Cyclical boom-bust

100/100 simulations converged with ESS of all parameters > 200.

1.5 Logistic growth and decline

100/100 simulations converged with ESS of all parameters > 200.

2 Summary statistics

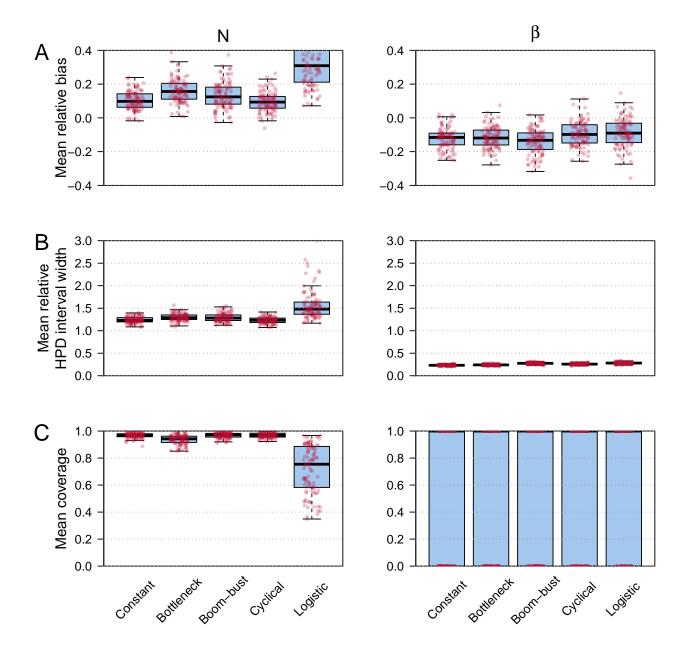


Figure 1: Sampling period only! Boxplots and stripcharts displaying measures of the statistical performance of the BESP, evaluated on trees simulated under five different demographic models (constant, bottleneck, boom-bust, cyclical boom-bust, logistic growth and decline). We simulated 100 replicate trees for each scenario. Three measures of estimator performance are shown (A) mean relative bias, (B) mean relative HPD interval size, and (C) mean coverage. The left and right columns illustrate estimation performance for effective population size (N) and sampling intensity (beta), respectively.

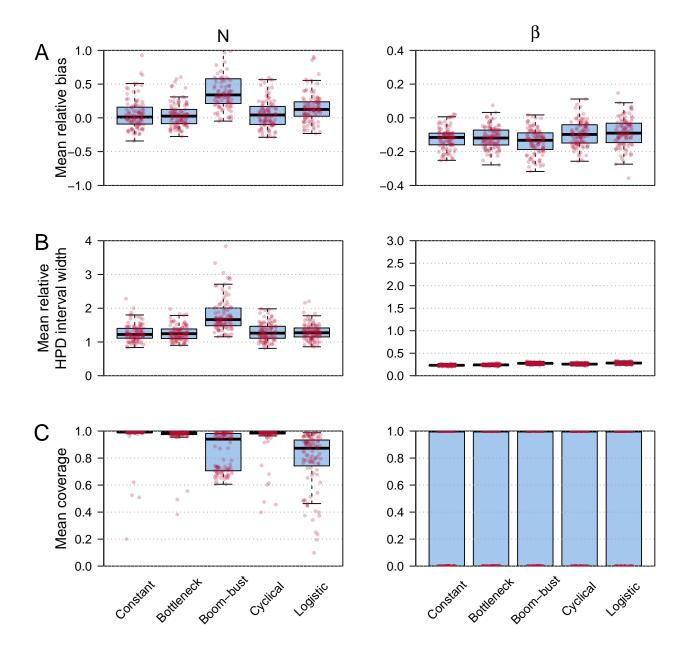


Figure 2: **TMRCA to present!** Boxplots and stripcharts displaying measures of the statistical performance of the BESP, evaluated on trees simulated under five different demographic models (constant, bottleneck, boom-bust, cyclical boom-bust, logistic growth and decline). We simulated 100 replicate trees for each scenario. Three measures of estimator performance are shown (A) mean relative bias, (B) mean relative HPD interval size, and (C) mean coverage. The left and right columns illustrate estimation performance for effective population size (N) and sampling intensity (beta), respectively.

3 Example results

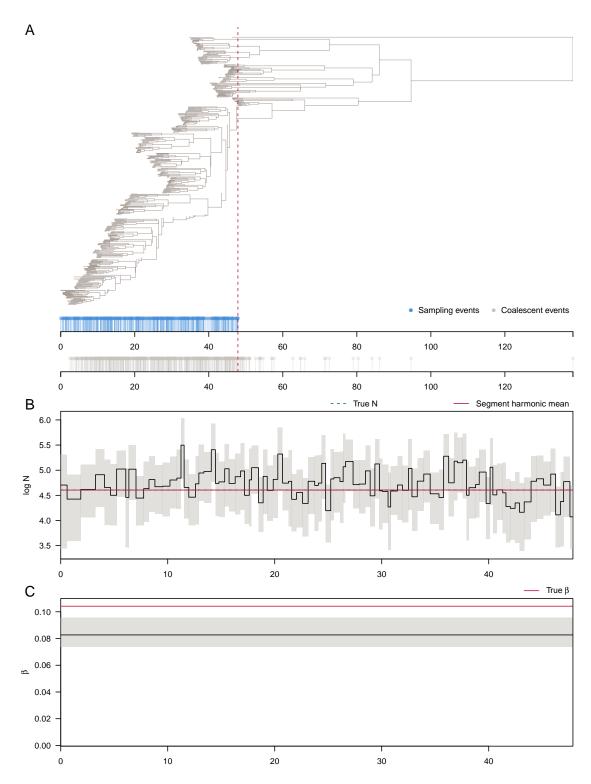


Figure 3: Constant (best ranked simulation, replicate 59): (A) Simulated tree with sampling (blue) and coalescent (grey) events. (B) Median (solid black line) and HPD intervals (shaded areas) for the N-estimates between the most recent and most ancient samples. The dashed green line shows the true N-trajectory used to simulate the tree and the red line the harmonic mean of the true N during each segment. (C) Median (solid black line) and HPD intervals (shaded areas) for the sampling intensity (beta) estimates for each epoch. The red line shows the true beta used to simulate the tree.

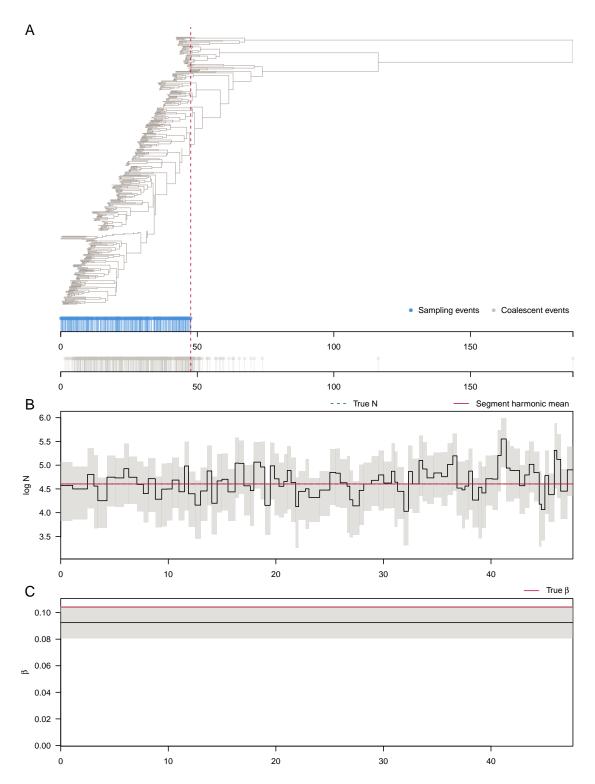


Figure 4: Constant (median ranked simulation, replicate 3): (A) Simulated tree with sampling (blue) and coalescent (grey) events. (B) Median (solid black line) and HPD intervals (shaded areas) for the N-estimates between the most recent and most ancient samples. The dashed green line shows the true N-trajectory used to simulate the tree and the red line the harmonic mean of the true N during each segment. (C) Median (solid black line) and HPD intervals (shaded areas) for the sampling intensity (beta) estimates for each epoch. The red line shows the true beta used to simulate the tree.

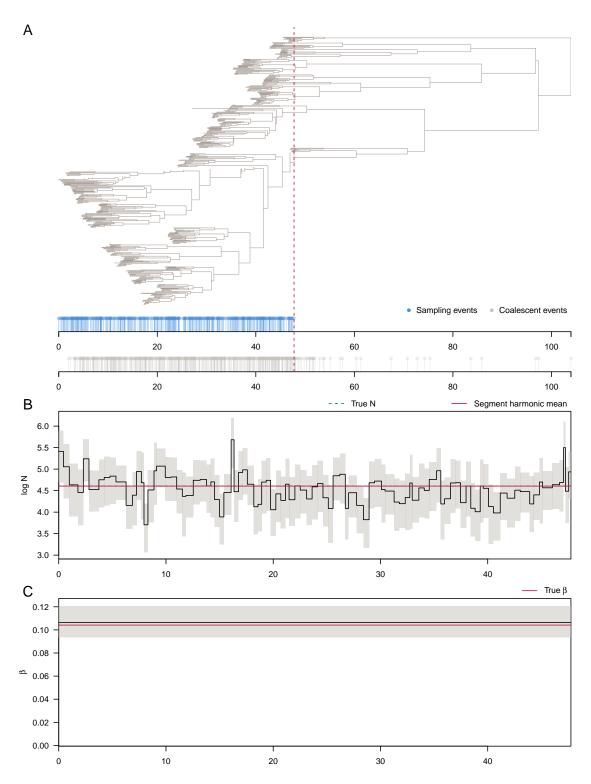


Figure 5: Constant (worst ranked simulation, replicate 7): (A) Simulated tree with sampling (blue) and coalescent (grey) events. (B) Median (solid black line) and HPD intervals (shaded areas) for the N-estimates between the most recent and most ancient samples. The dashed green line shows the true N-trajectory used to simulate the tree and the red line the harmonic mean of the true N during each segment. (C) Median (solid black line) and HPD intervals (shaded areas) for the sampling intensity (beta) estimates for each epoch. The red line shows the true beta used to simulate the tree.

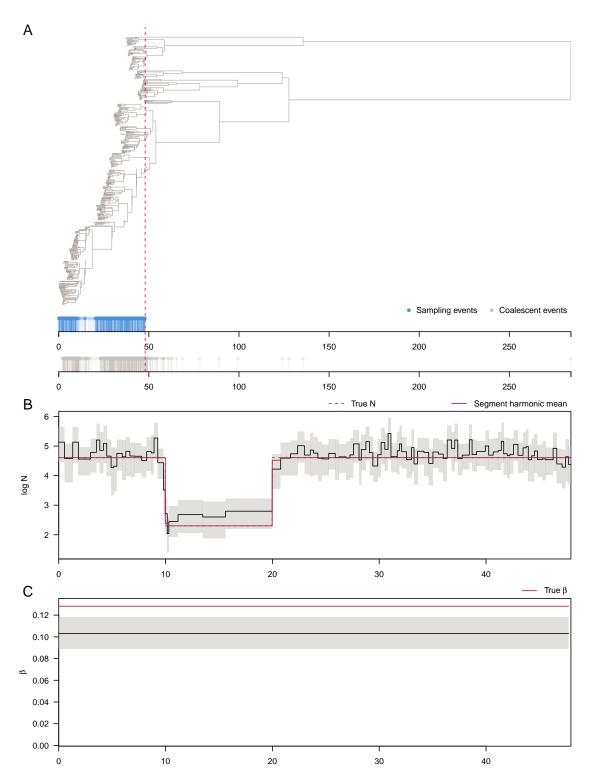


Figure 6: **Bottleneck** (best ranked simulation, replicate 96): (A) Simulated tree with sampling (blue) and coalescent (grey) events. (B) Median (solid black line) and HPD intervals (shaded areas) for the N-estimates between the most recent and most ancient samples. The dashed green line shows the true N-trajectory used to simulate the tree and the red line the harmonic mean of the true N during each segment. (C) Median (solid black line) and HPD intervals (shaded areas) for the sampling intensity (beta) estimates for each epoch. The red line shows the true beta used to simulate the tree.

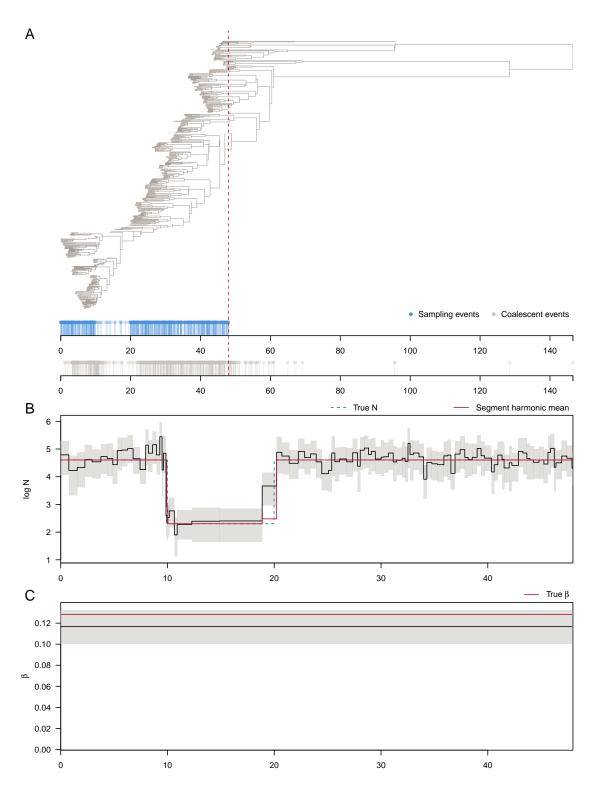


Figure 7: Bottleneck (median ranked simulation, replicate 3): (A) Simulated tree with sampling (blue) and coalescent (grey) events. (B) Median (solid black line) and HPD intervals (shaded areas) for the N-estimates between the most recent and most ancient samples. The dashed green line shows the true N-trajectory used to simulate the tree and the red line the harmonic mean of the true N during each segment. (C) Median (solid black line) and HPD intervals (shaded areas) for the sampling intensity (beta) estimates for each epoch. The red line shows the true beta used to simulate the tree.

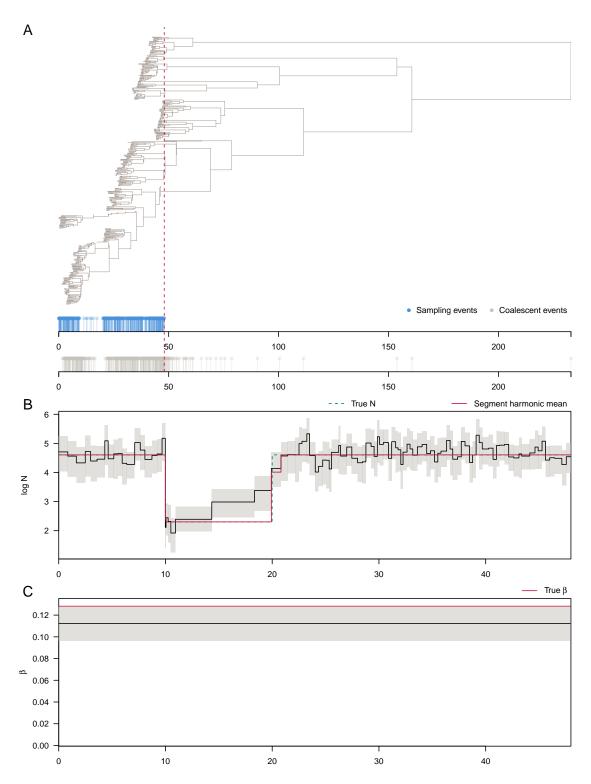


Figure 8: **Bottleneck** (worst ranked simulation, replicate 17): (A) Simulated tree with sampling (blue) and coalescent (grey) events. (B) Median (solid black line) and HPD intervals (shaded areas) for the N-estimates between the most recent and most ancient samples. The dashed green line shows the true N-trajectory used to simulate the tree and the red line the harmonic mean of the true N during each segment. (C) Median (solid black line) and HPD intervals (shaded areas) for the sampling intensity (beta) estimates for each epoch. The red line shows the true beta used to simulate the tree.

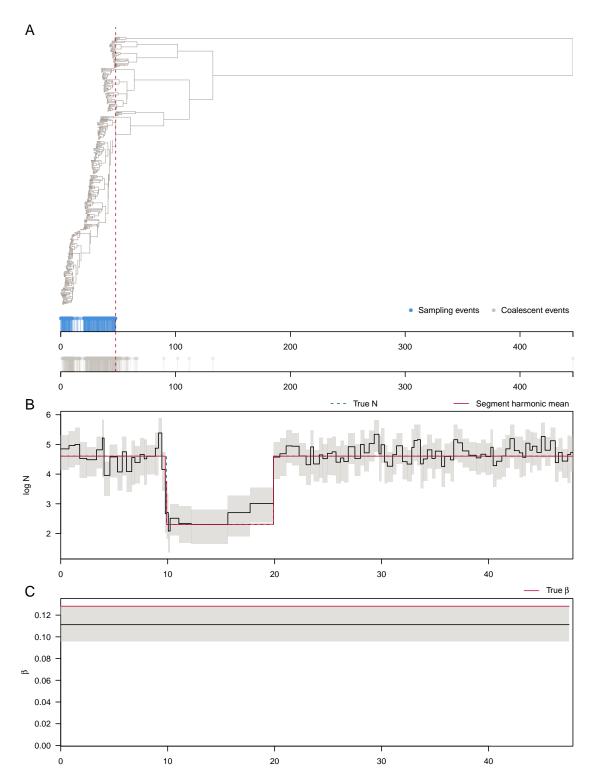


Figure 9: **Bottleneck** (worst ranked simulation, replicate 53): (A) Simulated tree with sampling (blue) and coalescent (grey) events. (B) Median (solid black line) and HPD intervals (shaded areas) for the N-estimates between the most recent and most ancient samples. The dashed green line shows the true N-trajectory used to simulate the tree and the red line the harmonic mean of the true N during each segment. (C) Median (solid black line) and HPD intervals (shaded areas) for the sampling intensity (beta) estimates for each epoch. The red line shows the true beta used to simulate the tree.

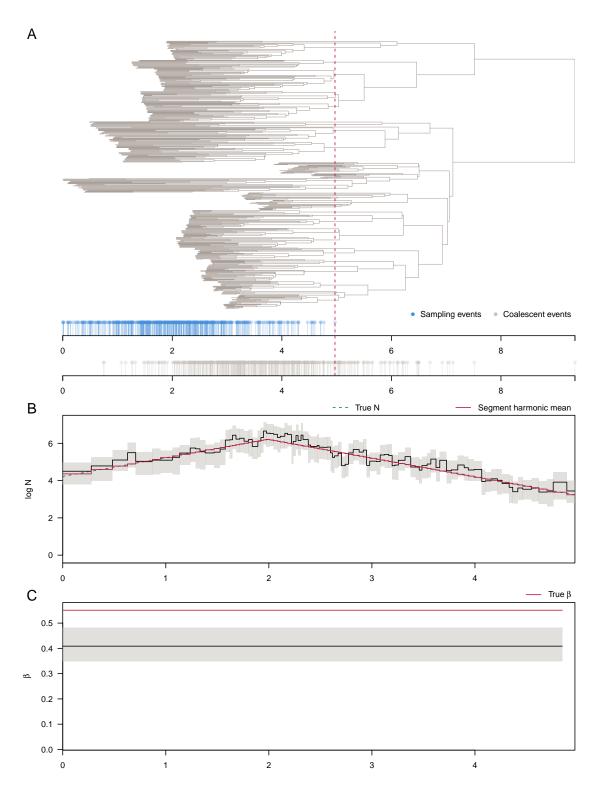


Figure 10: **Boom-bust** (best ranked simulation, replicate 46): (A) Simulated tree with sampling (blue) and coalescent (grey) events. (B) Median (solid black line) and HPD intervals (shaded areas) for the N-estimates between the most recent and most ancient samples. The dashed green line shows the true N-trajectory used to simulate the tree and the red line the harmonic mean of the true N during each segment. (C) Median (solid black line) and HPD intervals (shaded areas) for the sampling intensity (beta) estimates for each epoch. The red line shows the true beta used to simulate the tree.

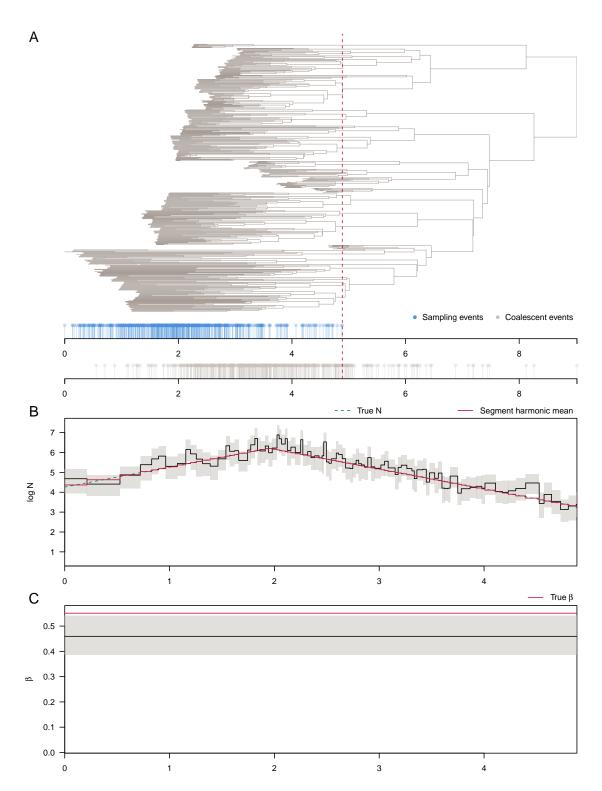


Figure 11: **Boom-bust** (median ranked simulation, replicate 1): (A) Simulated tree with sampling (blue) and coalescent (grey) events. (B) Median (solid black line) and HPD intervals (shaded areas) for the N-estimates between the most recent and most ancient samples. The dashed green line shows the true N-trajectory used to simulate the tree and the red line the harmonic mean of the true N during each segment. (C) Median (solid black line) and HPD intervals (shaded areas) for the sampling intensity (beta) estimates for each epoch. The red line shows the true beta used to simulate the tree.

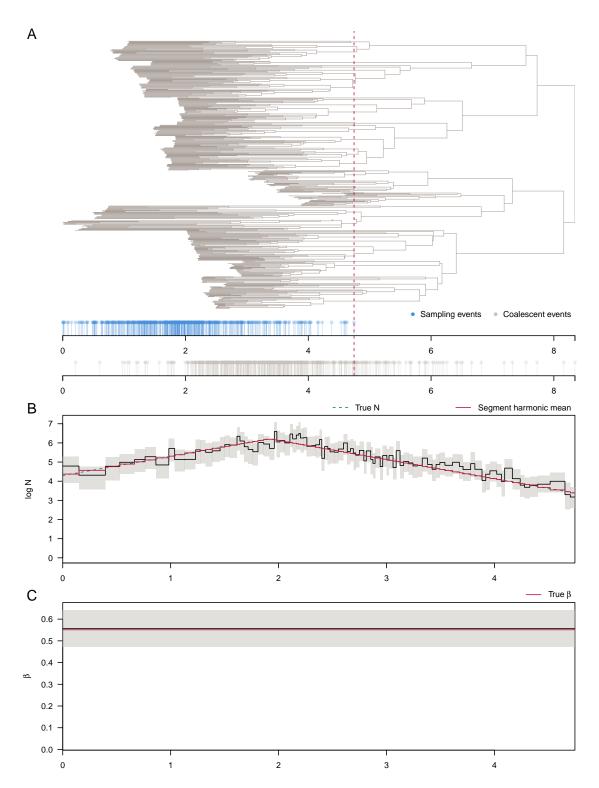


Figure 12: **Boom-bust** (worst ranked simulation, replicate 85): (A) Simulated tree with sampling (blue) and coalescent (grey) events. (B) Median (solid black line) and HPD intervals (shaded areas) for the N-estimates between the most recent and most ancient samples. The dashed green line shows the true N-trajectory used to simulate the tree and the red line the harmonic mean of the true N during each segment. (C) Median (solid black line) and HPD intervals (shaded areas) for the sampling intensity (beta) estimates for each epoch. The red line shows the true beta used to simulate the tree.

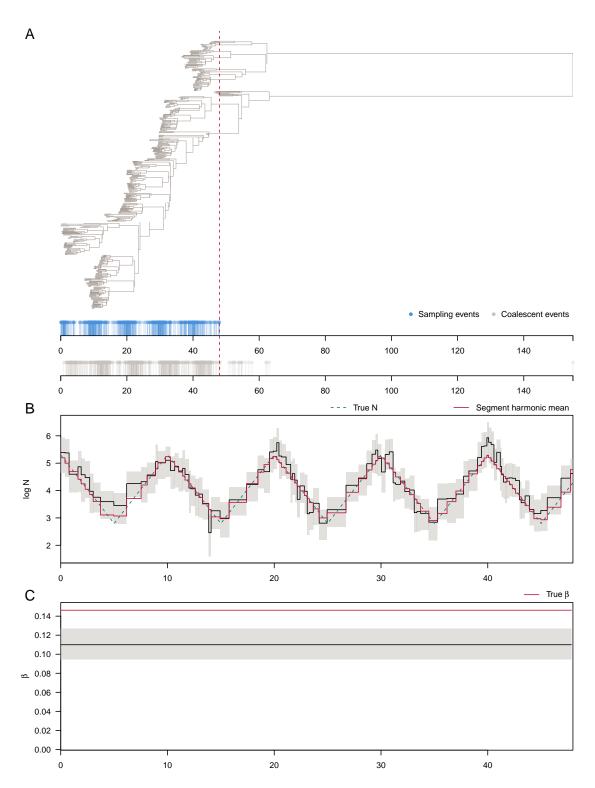


Figure 13: Cyclical (best ranked simulation, replicate 88): (A) Simulated tree with sampling (blue) and coalescent (grey) events. (B) Median (solid black line) and HPD intervals (shaded areas) for the N-estimates between the most recent and most ancient samples. The dashed green line shows the true N-trajectory used to simulate the tree and the red line the harmonic mean of the true N during each segment. (C) Median (solid black line) and HPD intervals (shaded areas) for the sampling intensity (beta) estimates for each epoch. The red line shows the true beta used to simulate the tree.

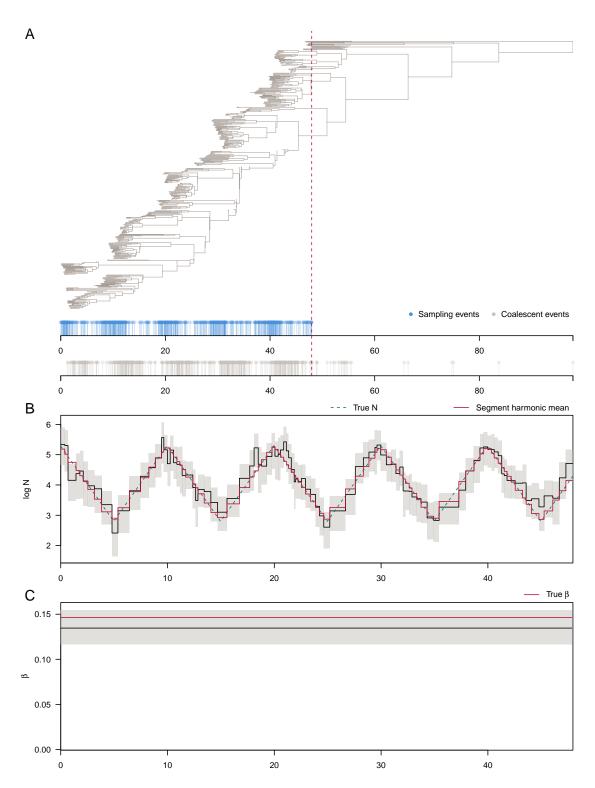


Figure 14: Cyclical (median ranked simulation, replicate 0): (A) Simulated tree with sampling (blue) and coalescent (grey) events. (B) Median (solid black line) and HPD intervals (shaded areas) for the N-estimates between the most recent and most ancient samples. The dashed green line shows the true N-trajectory used to simulate the tree and the red line the harmonic mean of the true N during each segment. (C) Median (solid black line) and HPD intervals (shaded areas) for the sampling intensity (beta) estimates for each epoch. The red line shows the true beta used to simulate the tree.

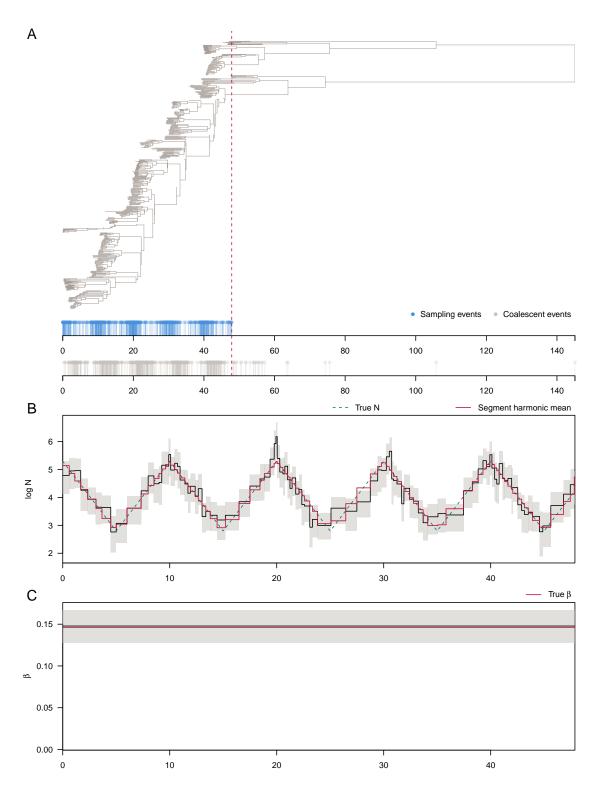


Figure 15: Cyclical (worst ranked simulation, replicate 86): (A) Simulated tree with sampling (blue) and coalescent (grey) events. (B) Median (solid black line) and HPD intervals (shaded areas) for the N-estimates between the most recent and most ancient samples. The dashed green line shows the true N-trajectory used to simulate the tree and the red line the harmonic mean of the true N during each segment. (C) Median (solid black line) and HPD intervals (shaded areas) for the sampling intensity (beta) estimates for each epoch. The red line shows the true beta used to simulate the tree.

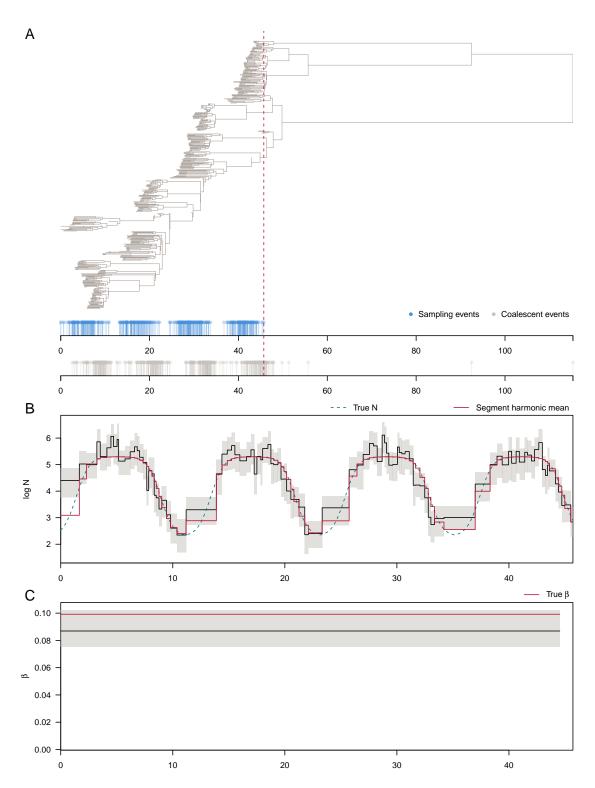


Figure 16: Logistic (best ranked simulation, replicate 30): (A) Simulated tree with sampling (blue) and coalescent (grey) events. (B) Median (solid black line) and HPD intervals (shaded areas) for the N-estimates between the most recent and most ancient samples. The dashed green line shows the true N-trajectory used to simulate the tree and the red line the harmonic mean of the true N during each segment. (C) Median (solid black line) and HPD intervals (shaded areas) for the sampling intensity (beta) estimates for each epoch. The red line shows the true beta used to simulate the tree.

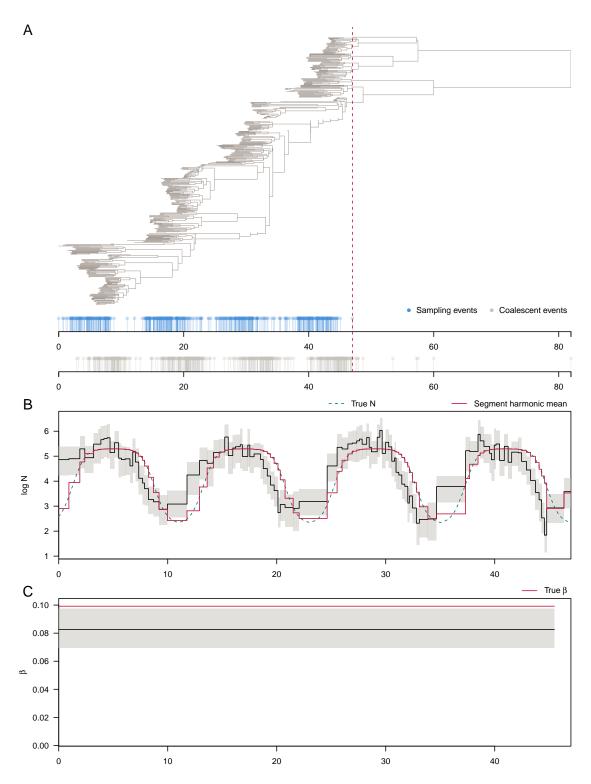


Figure 17: **Logistic** (median ranked simulation, replicate 0): (A) Simulated tree with sampling (blue) and coalescent (grey) events. (B) Median (solid black line) and HPD intervals (shaded areas) for the N-estimates between the most recent and most ancient samples. The dashed green line shows the true N-trajectory used to simulate the tree and the red line the harmonic mean of the true N during each segment. (C) Median (solid black line) and HPD intervals (shaded areas) for the sampling intensity (beta) estimates for each epoch. The red line shows the true beta used to simulate the tree.

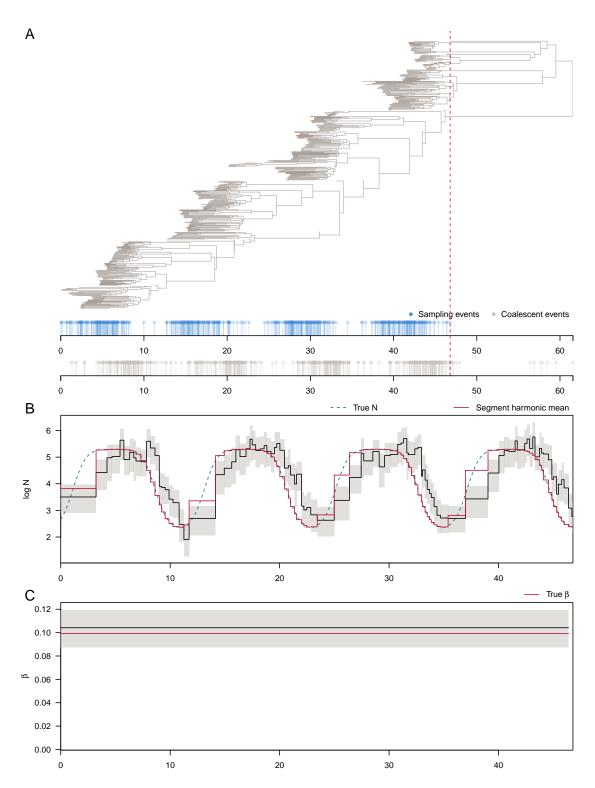


Figure 18: **Logistic** (worst ranked simulation, replicate 85): (A) Simulated tree with sampling (blue) and coalescent (grey) events. (B) Median (solid black line) and HPD intervals (shaded areas) for the N-estimates between the most recent and most ancient samples. The dashed green line shows the true N-trajectory used to simulate the tree and the red line the harmonic mean of the true N during each segment. (C) Median (solid black line) and HPD intervals (shaded areas) for the sampling intensity (beta) estimates for each epoch. The red line shows the true beta used to simulate the tree.

4 Session info

```
## R version 3.5.1 (2018-07-02)
## Platform: x86_64-apple-darwin15.6.0 (64-bit)
## Running under: macOS Sierra 10.12.6
## Matrix products: default
## BLAS: /Library/Frameworks/R.framework/Versions/3.5/Resources/lib/libRblas.0.dylib
## LAPACK: /Library/Frameworks/R.framework/Versions/3.5/Resources/lib/libRlapack.dylib
## locale:
## [1] en_GB.UTF-8/en_GB.UTF-8/en_GB.UTF-8/C/en_GB.UTF-8/en_GB.UTF-8
## attached base packages:
## [1] stats
                graphics grDevices utils
                                               datasets methods
                                                                   base
## other attached packages:
## [1] ape_5.3
                      coda_0.19-3
                                     beastio_0.2.5 phylodyn_0.9.0
##
## loaded via a namespace (and not attached):
## [1] Rcpp_1.0.2
                           codetools_0.2-16
                                              lattice_0.20-38
## [4] digest_0.6.21
                           grid_3.5.1
                                              nlme_3.1-141
## [7] magrittr_1.5
                           evaluate_0.14
                                              highr_0.8
                                              rmarkdown_1.16
## [10] rlang_0.4.0
                           stringi_1.4.3
## [13] RColorBrewer_1.1-2 tools_3.5.1
                                              stringr 1.4.0
## [16] parallel_3.5.1
                           xfun_0.10
                                              yaml 2.2.0
## [19] compiler_3.5.1
                          htmltools_0.4.0
                                              knitr_1.25
```