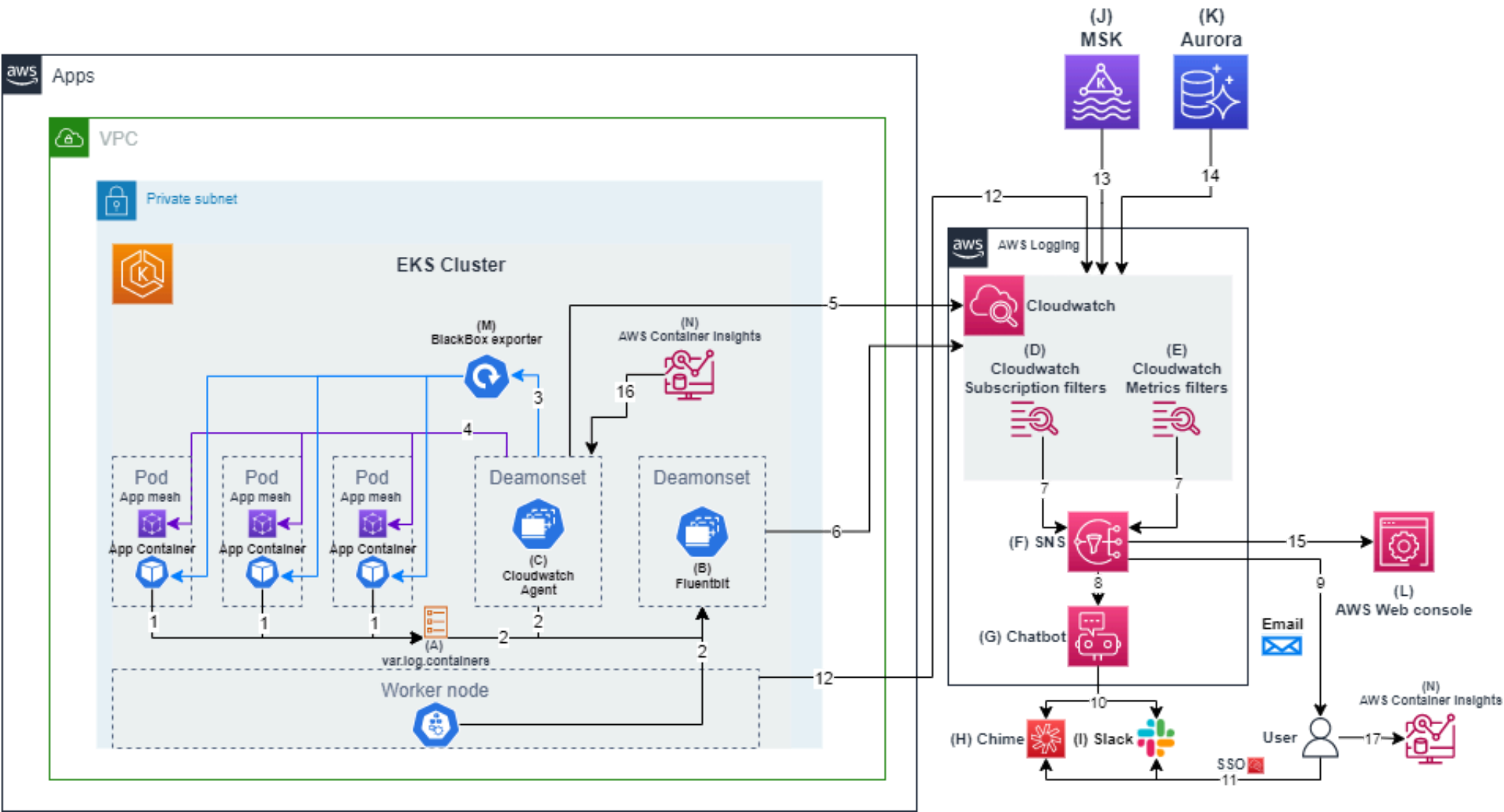


# Architecture\_for\_monitoring\_and\_observability

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## Architecture for monitoring and observability

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- Diagram of Architecture for Monitoring and observality**



### Relevant elements of architecture

- A – var.log.containers - file that contains logs from the app containers pods
  - B – Fluentbit (daemon set) is processing the logs (i.e. concatenate, bitrate filter, parse json)
  - C – Cloudwatch agent (daemon set) is the middleman between EKS Cluster and Cloudwatch
  - D – Cloudwatch Subscription filters scan logs for a specific **phrases, tokens** and forward the matches to a destination of choice (in this case SNS) for alerting, processing or storage. Each log group can have two subscription filters (i.e. it will alert once for each found phrase)
  - E – Cloudwatch Metrics filters scan logs for a specific **patterns** and forward the matches to a destination of choice (in this case SNS) for alerting, processing or storage. (i.e. it will alert once for specific number of repeated logs)
  - F – SNS - Simple notification service
  - G – AWS Chatbot - creates alerts based on SNS notifications
  - H – Chime - Communications service for teams
  - I – Slack - Communications service for teams
  - J – MSK - Fully managed service for Kafka
  - K – Aurora - Fully managed relational database
  - L – AWS Web console
  - M – BlackBox exporter
  - N – AWS Container Insights

### Description of architecture for logging

- 1 – Collecting Logs from pods locally in var.log.containers (A) file
  - 2 – Forwarding the application logs, worker nodes metrics and cloudwatch agent logs to fluentbit (daemon set) (B)

- 6 – Sending the logs and metrics further from Fluentbit (B) to Cloudwatch outside the EKS Cluster. There, filters **(D)** and **(E)** are applied to Cloudwatch log groups.
- 7 – Filtered logs metrics are passed to SNS **\*(F)** **\*\***
- 8 – SNS **(F)** is passing the notifications to AWS Chatbot **\*(G)** **\*\***
- 9 – SNS **(F)** is passing the notifications to users by email
- 10 – AWS Chatbot **(G)** is forwarding alerts to either AWS Chime **(H)** or Slack **(I)**
- 11 – Human users can use SSO to get access to AWS Chime **(H)** or Slack **(I)**

• **Description of architecture for monitoring**

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- 12 – EKS Nodes are triggering Cloudwatch alerts by sending its metrics
- 13 – MSK **(J)** is triggering Cloudwatch alerts by sending its metrics
- 14 – Aurora **(K)** is triggering Cloudwatch alerts by sending its metrics
- 15 – SNS **(F)** forwards alerts to AWS Web Console **(L)**

• **Description of architecture for application performance monitoring**

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- 3 – Cloudwatch Agent **(C)** is querying App coinainers if at least one of them is up and running (it is done through BlackBox exporter **(M)**) (alarm - Service not responding)
- 4 – Cloudwatch Agent **(C)** is querying App meshes about latency statistics (alarm - too many https errors)
- 5 – Cloudwatch Agent **(C)** is sending performance logs to Cloudwatch in AWS Logging (alarm - CPU utilization too high)
- 16 – AWS Container Insights **(N)** is exporting metrics) to Cloudwatch agent **\*(C)** **\*\***(alarm - Pod restarts too many
- 17 – AWS Container Insights **(N)** is available for users in admin's panel

**Attachments:**

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■ [Monitoring\\_Diagram.drawio.png](#) (image/png) ■ [Monitoring\\_Diagram.drawio.png](#) (image/png) ■ [Monitoring\\_Diagram.drawio.png](#) (image/png) ■ [Monitoring\\_Diagram.drawio.png](#) (image/png)