lsg01

Aufgabe 1

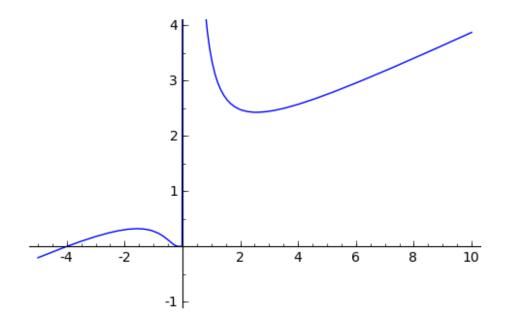
```
f(x) = \exp(1/x) + 1/4 * x * \exp(1/x); f
     x \mid --> 1/4*x*e^{(1/x)} + e^{(1/x)}
f.limit(x=0,dir='minus'),f.limit(x=0,dir='plus')
     (x \mid --> 0, x \mid --> +Infinity)
f.limit(x=oo); f.limit(x=-oo)
     x |--> +Infinity
     x |--> -Infinity
solve(f==0,x)
     [x == -4, e^{(1/x)} == 0]
fprime = f.differentiate(); print fprime
fdprime = fprime.differentiate(); print fdprime
     x \mid --> -1/4*e^{(1/x)}/x - e^{(1/x)}/x^2 + 1/4*e^{(1/x)}
     x \mid --> 9/4*e^{(1/x)}/x^3 + e^{(1/x)}/x^4
ES = solve(fprime = = 0,x); ES
     [x = -1/2*sqrt(17) + 1/2, x == 1/2*sqrt(17) + 1/2, e^{(1/x)} == 0]
ES[1].rhs(); float(ES[1].rhs()); float(fdprime(ES[1].rhs()));
     1/2*sqrt(17) + 1/2
     2.5615528128088303
     0.23211397181875526
ES[0].rhs(); float(ES[0].rhs()); float(fdprime(ES[0].rhs()));
     -1/2*sqrt(17) + 1/2
     -1.5615528128088303
     -0.22280967877805538
WP = solve(fdprime = = 0,x); WP
```

$$[x == (-4/9), e^{(1/x)} == 0]$$

float((fdprime.differentiate())(WP[0].rhs()))

6.0778504015171162

plot(f,xmin=-5,xmax=10,ymin=-1,ymax=4,detect poles='true')



sage0.png.orig

Aufgabe 2

```
var('s') def g(s): return integral(x^(s-1)*exp(-x), x, 0, 00) [g(m) for m in range(1,11) ] [1, 1, 2, 6, 24, 120, 720, 5040, 40320, 362880] (8*g(2)*g(5/2)/g(4))^2 pi
```

Aufgabe 3

```
var('a') \\ limit((1+a/x)^x, x=oo) \\ e^a \\ limit(sin(1/x)*x, x=0) \\ 0 \\ limit(sin(1/x), x=0) \\ ind
```

Aufgabe 4

```
var('a')
a
integral(x/(2*a*x-x^2)^{(3/2)},x).full\_simplify()
sqrt(x)/(sqrt(2*a-x)*a)
integral((x/sqrt((2*a*x-x^2)^3)).full\_simplify(),x)
sqrt(x)/(sqrt(2*a-x)*a)
integral(1/(x*sqrt(1+x^2)),x)
-arcsinh(1/abs(x))
```

Aufgabe 5

```
var('n,x,y')
assume(real(x) > 0, real(y) > 0)
f = x^{(1/n)*y^{(1/n)-(x*y)^{(1/n)}}
f.simplify()
```

Aufgabe 6

```
factor(2*x^2-2*a^2-x^3-2*x^4+x^5+a^2*x+2*a^2*x^2-a^2*x^3)
-(x - 2)*(x - 1)*(x + 1)*(a - x)*(a + x)
```

Aufgabe 7

```
 \begin{aligned} & \text{var}(\text{'l}, \text{k}, \text{m'}) \\ & \text{e}1 = 2 + 1 - 3 + \text{m}; \text{e}2 = 1 - 1 + \text{m}; \text{e}3 = -1 + 1 + 4 + \text{m} \\ & \text{g}1 = 3 + 4 + \text{k}; \text{g}2 = 4 - \text{k}; \text{g}3 = 5 + 2 + \text{k} \\ & \text{p} = \text{parametric\_plot3d}([\text{e}1, \text{e}2, \text{e}3], (\text{l}, -5, 5), (\text{m}, -5, 5), \text{color='green', opacity=0.8}) \\ & \text{p} + \text{parametric\_plot3d}((\text{g}1, \text{g}2, \text{g}3), (\text{k}, -5, 5), \text{thickness='3'}) \\ & \text{p.show}() \\ & \text{sage0-size500.jmol.orig} \\ & \text{klm} = \text{solve}([\text{e}1 - \text{g}1, \text{e}2 - \text{g}2, \text{e}3 - \text{g}3], [\text{k}, \text{l}, \text{m}]); \text{klm} \\ & \text{[[k == (-38/17), l == (-66/17), m == (23/17)]]} \\ & \text{schnittpunkt=vector}([\text{g}1, \text{g}2, \text{g}3]). \text{subs}(\text{k}==\text{klm}[0][0]. \text{right}()); \text{schnittpunkt} \\ & \text{(-101/17, 106/17, 9/17)} \end{aligned}
```

Aufgabe 8

```
menge = [1..1000]

[m for m in menge if (mod(m,3)==0) and (mod(m,2)==0) and (mod(m,7)==0)]

[42, 84, 126, 168, 210, 252, 294, 336, 378, 420, 462, 504, 546, 588, 630, 672, 714, 756, 798, 840, 882, 924, 966]
```