

$$1.46 \quad N_{ph}^2 = T \int d\omega \frac{dF}{d\omega} T \int d\omega' \frac{dF}{d\omega'}$$

$$N_{ph}^2 = T^2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{2\pi} N_e}{\sigma_\omega} \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{2\pi} N_e}{\sigma_{\omega'}} \right)$$

$$N_{ph}^2 = T^2 \left(\frac{2\pi N_e^2}{\sigma_\omega \sigma_{\omega'}} \right)$$

$$\langle N_{ph}^2 \rangle \cdot \frac{1}{\sigma_\omega} = T^2 \frac{2\pi N_e}{\sigma_\omega \sigma_{\omega'}} = \frac{T^2}{\sigma_\omega}$$

$$\langle N_{ph}^2 \rangle \cdot \frac{1}{\sigma_\omega} = \frac{T^2 2\pi N_e}{\sigma_\omega^2} \cdot \frac{1}{\sigma_{\omega'}}$$

$$\langle N_{ph}^2 \rangle \cdot \frac{1}{\sigma_\omega} = \langle N_{ph} \rangle^2 \cdot \frac{N_e}{\sigma_{\omega'}}$$

$$\langle N_{ph}^2 \rangle = \langle N_{ph} \rangle^2 \cdot N_e \frac{\sigma_\omega}{\sigma_{\omega'}}$$

Q. E. D.

$$\langle N_{ph}^2 \rangle \approx \langle N_{ph} \rangle^2 \left\langle 1 + \frac{1}{N_e^2} \sum_{j \neq k} e^{-\sigma_\omega^2 (t_j - t_k)^2} \right\rangle$$

↖ should be j, k?