

2.5 b

$$g(z) = \sin(Ku z)$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \gamma m c \beta_x = -e \frac{dz}{dt} \sin(Ku z)$$

$$\gamma m c \beta_x = \frac{e}{Ku} \cos(Ku z)$$

$$V_x = \frac{e}{\gamma m Ku} \cos(Ku z) \quad z = t \cdot c$$

$$\int_{x_1}^{x_2} dx = \frac{e}{\gamma m Ku} \int_0^{tc} \cos(Ku t c) dt$$

$$\Theta = \text{Arctan} \left( \frac{V_x}{V_z} \right)$$

$$= \text{Arctan} \left( \frac{e \cos(Ku z)}{\gamma m Ku c} \right) \quad \Delta x = \frac{e}{\gamma m Ku} \left( \frac{1}{Ku c} \right) \sin(Ku t c)$$

$$\Delta x = \frac{e}{\gamma m c Ku^2} \sin(Ku z)$$

$$Ku = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda_u}, \quad \lambda_u = \frac{L_u}{N_u}$$

$$Ku = 2\pi N_u / L_u$$

$$\Delta x = \frac{e}{\gamma m c Ku^2} \sin \left( \frac{2\pi N_u z}{L_u} \right) \quad z = ct$$

$$\text{at } z=0, \Delta x=0, \Delta \Theta \neq 0$$

2.5 c  $g(z) = \cos(Ku z)$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \gamma m c \beta_x = -e \frac{dz}{dt} \cos(Ku z)$$

$$\gamma m c \beta_x = -\frac{e}{Ku} \sin(Ku z)$$

$$V_x = -\frac{e \sin(Ku z)}{\gamma m Ku}$$

$$\int_{x_1}^{x_2} dx = \int_0^{ct} \frac{\gamma m Ku}{-e \sin(Ku t c)} dt$$

$$\Delta x = \frac{e \cos(Ku z)}{Ku^2 \gamma m c} - \frac{e}{Ku^2 \gamma m c}$$

$$\Theta = \text{Arctan} \left( \frac{V_x}{V_z} \right)$$

$$\Theta = \text{Arctan} \left( \frac{-e \sin(Ku z)}{\gamma m Ku V_z} \right)$$

$$\text{at } z=0, \Delta x=0, \Delta \Theta = 0$$

By should be a cosine field