

$$k_u = 2\pi/\lambda_u$$

$$3.1 \quad \frac{d\gamma}{dz} = \frac{e^{i\theta}}{4i} \sum_n J_n \left( \frac{k^2}{4+2k^2} \right) \left[ e^{-2inK_u z} + e^{-2i(n+1)K_u z} \right] + c.c.$$

$$= \frac{e^{i\theta}}{4i} \left[ J_0 \left( \frac{k^2}{4+2k^2} \right) \left[ e^{-2i(0)K_u z} + e^{-2i(1)K_u z} \right] + J_{-1} \left( \frac{k^2}{4+2k^2} \right) \left[ e^{-2i(-1)K_u z} + e^{-2i(0)K_u z} \right] \right]$$

$$= \frac{e^{i\theta}}{4i} \int_0^{\lambda_u} \left[ J_0 \left( \frac{k^2}{4+2k^2} \right) \left[ 1 + e^{-4\pi i z / \lambda_u} \right] - J_{-1} \left( \frac{k^2}{4+2k^2} \right) \left[ 1 + e^{4\pi i z / \lambda_u} \right] \right] dz$$

$$= \frac{e^{i\theta}}{4i} \left[ J_0 \left( \frac{k^2}{4+2k^2} \right) \left[ \int_0^{\lambda_u} 1 dz + \int_0^{\lambda_u} e^{-4\pi i z / \lambda_u} dz \right] - J_{-1} \left( \frac{k^2}{4+2k^2} \right) \left[ \int_0^{\lambda_u} 1 dz + \int_0^{\lambda_u} e^{4\pi i z / \lambda_u} dz \right] \right]$$

$$= \frac{e^{i\theta}}{4i} \left[ J_0 \left( \frac{k^2}{4+2k^2} \right) \left[ \lambda_u + [0] \right] - J_{-1} \left( \frac{k^2}{4+2k^2} \right) \left[ \lambda_u + [0] \right] \right]$$

$$= \frac{e^{i\theta}}{4i} \left[ \lambda_u J_0 \left( \frac{k^2}{4+2k^2} \right) - \lambda_u J_{-1} \left( \frac{k^2}{4+2k^2} \right) \right]$$

$$= \lambda_u \frac{e^{i\theta}}{4i} \left[ J_0 \left( \frac{k^2}{4+2k^2} \right) - J_{-1} \left( \frac{k^2}{4+2k^2} \right) \right]$$