14. Banker's Algorithm

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#include<stdio.h>
int main() {
int p, c, count = 0, i, j, alc[5][3], max[5][3], need[5][3], safe[5], available[3], done[5], terminate = 0;
 printf("Enter the number of process and resources");
scanf("%d %d", & p, & c);
 printf("enter allocation of resource of all process %dx%d matrix", p, c);
 for (i = 0; i < p; i++) {
  for (j = 0; j < c; j++) {
   scanf("%d", & alc[i][j]);
  }
}
 printf("enter the max resource process required %dx%d matrix", p, c);
 for (i = 0; i < p; i++) {
  for (j = 0; j < c; j++) {
   scanf("%d", & max[i][j]);
  }
}
 printf("enter the available resource");
 for (i = 0; i < c; i++)
  scanf("%d", & available[i]);
 printf("\n need resources matrix are\n");
 for (i = 0; i < p; i++) {
  for (j = 0; j < c; j++) {
   need[i][j] = max[i][j] - alc[i][j];
   printf("%d\t", need[i][j]);
  }
  printf("\n");
}
```

```
for (i = 0; i < p; i++) {
 done[i] = 0;
}
while (count < p) {
 for (i = 0; i < p; i++) {
  if (done[i] == 0) {
   for (j = 0; j < c; j++) {
    if (need[i][j] > available[j])
      break;
    }
    if (j == c) {
    safe[count] = i;
     done[i] = 1;
    for (j = 0; j < c; j++) {
      available[j] += alc[i][j];
     }
     count++;
     terminate = 0;
    } else {
     terminate++;
   }
  }
 }
 if (terminate == (p - 1)) {
  printf("safe sequence does not exist");
  break;
 }
}
```

```
if (terminate != (p - 1)) {
    printf("\n available resource after completion\n");
    for (i = 0; i < c; i++) {
        printf("%d\t", available[i]);
    }
    printf("\n safe sequence are\n");
    for (i = 0; i < p; i++) {
        printf("p%d\t", safe[i]);
    }
}
return 0;
}</pre>
```